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A PROPOSAL FOR AN
OPEN WIRELESS
SENSOR NETWORK
ON-LINE COURSE

UNIVERSITAT POMPEU FABRA

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Introduction

It is a commonplace that the Internet is changing our lives. It is changing the way we learn and also the way we contribute to our communities and organize ourselves. It is our goal to use the network to teach about the construction of new networks. In this course we will explore the bottom-up creation of a wireless sensor network that can be used to gather and share data. This gathering and sharing of data empowers the citizenship to monitor - and interact with - the environment.

We are interested in bottom-up models. We use the terms peer-to-peer, do-it-ourselves and bottom-up interchangeably. The idea that we want to transmit with bottom-up is that the participant takes an active role and contributes to the community rather than being a mere consumer. For this reason, we teach the first simple steps to build, configure and program a sensor that uploads the gathered data to the Internet to make it publicly available to those that are interested in.

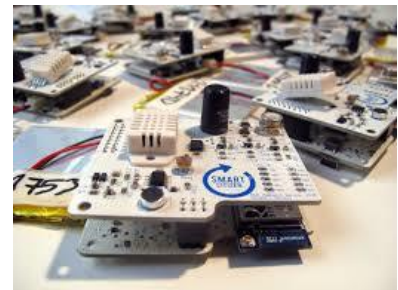


Figure 1: Smart Citizen Kit units. These are wireless nodes with multiple sensors.

Methodology

The course is organized in different units. Each of the units is a basic ingredient in the construction of a bottom-up wireless sensor networks. For each of the units, we will follow the same class dynamics.

Class dynamics

The course is divided into video lectures and written material, both published as the course goes on. Video content includes: teaching lessons, interviews and additional instructions for the assignments (when necessary). While the written material is composed by assignments and quizzes. Further details are provided below.

Each unit starts with motivational video introduction delivered by an invited expert introducing fundamental concepts. Then, a lecturer presents the different concepts, tools and examples that are going to be useful for both the assignments and quizzes. Starting from the necessary theory underlying each unit, the lecturer then guides the students through hands-on examples providing further insight on the subject.

After each unit's video lessons, assignments and quizzes are "unlocked" to the student. Assignments are composed of written (and photographic) material detailing instructions on how to build examples, which work as hints to complete the assignment itself.

After completing the assignments, students are provided with all that is required to successfully complete the end-of-unit quizzes. These in turn are composed of both theory and assignment-related multiple-choice questions.

Teachers will propose challenges on each assignment, often composed of alternative or advanced services that can be added at various stages with little (or none) additional work. Challenges the ground for a final course project which students may submit and present in a final event.

Challenges may be completed by forming groups of one or more students, in fact, collaboration among groups is encouraged. It is strongly believed that discussion and feedback provide more

valuable results and are considered as ways of effective learning in this platform.

Each group of students will own a blog in which the completed assignments will be posted. The blog should contain links to the code, schematics, demonstration videos and any other material that helps to better understand the work. For the final project, the groups will also prepare a presentation that will also be included in the blog.

Badges as a merit recognition system

This course has the following learning goals:

- Combine electronics and code in Arduino for sensory and actuation projects.
- Configure XBee and effectively use them in a communications project.
- Combining sensors (and probably actuators) with wireless communications and networking to turn creative ideas into working prototypes.

By completing assignments, the participants will show their mastery of each of these aspects and will earn a badge as a reward. Deciding which badges will be offered in the course, the exact criteria to award a badge and designing such badges is one of the tasks of the preparation of the course.

The P2P University offers all the necessary tools to create and award badges. An example of a badge is shown in Figure 2.

In-class courses

Besides the online offering, the course will also be offered in-class for students registered at Universitat Pompeu Fabra. Furthermore it will be possible to use the material for Summer Schools to promote the University and Bottom-up Initiatives.

On-line platform

As the goal is to reach everyone that has an interest on the construction of wireless sensor networks, the course will also be offered in the P2P University course platform. This platform will be used to host the videos, written material and tools for discussion and feedback.

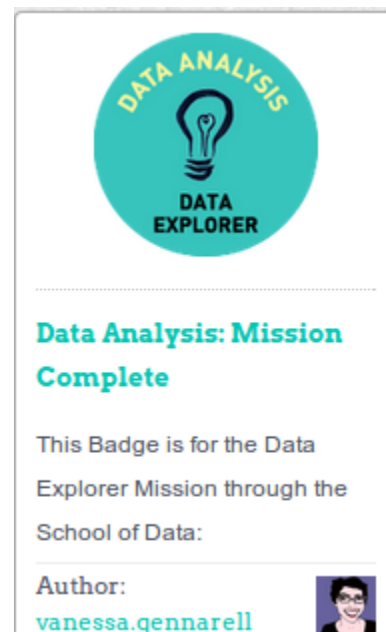


Figure 2: Example of a badge offered at the P2P University



Figure 3: The motto of the P2P University is “Learn Anything with Your Peers”

Additional Material

- Robert Faludi “Building Wireless Sensor Networks”
- Alejandro Andreu “Open Sensor Network”

Working Plan

1. Identifying and specifying the course goals, the assignments and projects to learn and achieve such goals as well as the evaluation criteria.
2. Scripting of the course: preparation of the course structure including units segmentation, number/length of videos per unit, assignments and quiz dynamics and evaluation, feedback and collaboration management; and final project evaluation.
3. Preparation of the written guide: there is already a guide for the in-class course, therefore this new adapted guide should take advantage of on-line resources (video, comments, etc.).
4. Preparation of the quizzes. Embedded googleforms will be used for the quizzes.
5. Preparation of the badges using the P2P University tools.
6. Setting up the P2P University on-line platform: based on the course script, this task will configure the platform accordingly.
7. Shooting and producing the videos: this final task aims at shooting the videos according to what was designed in the course script and configured in the P2P University platform.

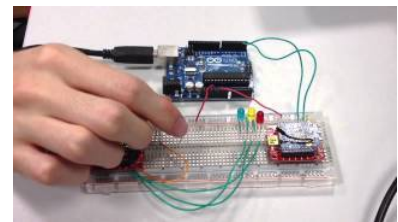


Figure 4: It is necessary to shoot videos with step-by-step instructions to build the pilots or complete the assignments.

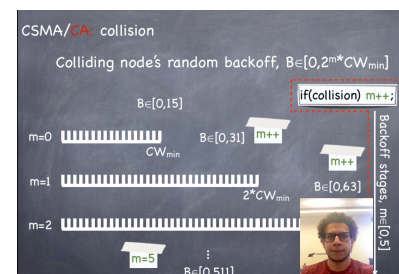


Figure 5: Most video lessons will show the teacher's face over supporting slides.

Results and Impact

This course builds upon successful experiences. There is already an existing in-class course that received very good feedback from the students. Also, the idea of bottom-up smart cities implemented by Smart Citizen was applauded in Kickstarter and received over \$60,000 in crowdfunding.

The hardware used in the course includes the Digi XBee and the Arduino board. This tandem was also used in the best-selling book by Rober Faludi “Building Wireless Sensor Networks”. Arduino is a first choice platform for those interested in an introduction to electronics and micro-controllers. More than one million Arduino have been sold, confirming the success of their open business model.

The main goal of this course is to strengthen the community by teaching very basic skills to a large audience. After completing the course, the participants will be able to continue on their own with more advanced projects.

It is a basic digital education for everyone. People with no or little background in technology will make their first steps into programming, electronics, and sensing projects.

Students successfully completing this course will possess the basic tools to contribute to the creation of bottom-up smart cities.

Teaching Plan

Concepts and competences acquired in the course:

- Bottom-up, peer-to-peer and community-oriented collaboration models
- Sensors, actuators, sensor networks, open data, smart cities
- Very basic electronics
- Very basic microprocessor programming
- Configuration of Digi XBee
- ZigBee communication

Weekly organization:

1. Presentation of the participants, presentation of the course, motivation to take the course, dream about a personal project.
2. Introduction to Arduino. Arduino IDE. Input/output.
Lab assignment: Blinking LED project.
3. Introduction to XBee. Basic configuration of AT mode.
Lab assignment: ZigBee chat project.
4. Basic interaction. Make a measurement and react.
Lab assignment: Wireless Sunset Sensor project.
5. Open data. The importance of sharing the data. Open data platforms.
Lab assignment: Taking measures with a sensor and uploading them to the Internet.

Motivating videos:

- Do-it-ourselves, Bottom-up, Sensors, Smart Cities, Smart Cities Kit: Laia Albo -To Be Confirmed, Someone from P2PF -TBC, Tiberius Brastaviceanu, Guillem Camprodon and Tomas Diez (FABLAB), Alex Posada (MID)

- Arduino (Blinking LED): Someone from Arduino -TBC, (Jaume)
- XBee (Chat): Someone from Digi -TBC (Luis)
- Interaction design (Sunset Sensor): Alex Posada -TBC (Luis)
- Open Data, Open Data platforms (Internet thermometer): Albert Domingo, Manuel Palacin -TBC, (Alejandro Andreu)

Team

- Lead teacher: Luis Sanabria-Russo (Universitat Pompeu Fabra)
- Other members of the team:
 - Laia Albo -TBC (Universitat Pompeu Fabra)
 - Alejandro Andreu (Universitat Pompeu Fabra)
 - Someone from Arduino -TBC (Arduino)
 - Jaume Barcelo (Universitat Pompeu Fabra): He is a lecturer at Universitat Pompeu Fabra where he takes part in the Wireless Sensor Network course. He has also taught at Universidad Carlos III de Madrid where he took part in the opencourseware experience that published the class materials online. Together with Luis Sanabria, he has prepared the basic laboratory guide for the WSN course that has been shared with the Internet community. Jaume has taught more than 20 courses at the graduate and undergraduate level at two universities.
 - Someone from P2PF -TBC (P2P Foundation)
 - Tiberius Brastaviceanu (Sensorica)
 - Guillem Camprodon (FabLab Barcelona): He is a researcher at the Institut d'Arquitectura Avancada de Catalunya (IAAC). He participates in the Smart Citizen Kit project as the main responsible for integration and project development (hardware and software).
 - Tomas Diez (FabLab Barcelona): He is the director of FabLab Barcelona at the Institut d'Arquitectura Avancada de Catalunya (IAAC) and co-founder of the Smart Citizen Kit initiative. Tomas is also part of the master programs taught at IAAC.
 - Albert Domingo (Universitat Pompeu Fabra): He is currently a Ph.D. candidate at the Networking and Strategies (NeTS) group at UPF. He has also been a visitor with the Advanced Network Architecture group at MIT.
He is a teaching assistant in a course about networking protocols. His research interests include Super-Wifi communications,



Figure 6: Luis Sanabria-Russo



Figure 7: Jaume Barcelo



Figure 8: Tomas Diez

Open Data, Big Data, public administration data and regulation. He participates in the 'Commons for Europe' and 'Open Cities' European projects.

- Someone from Digi -TBC (Digi International)
- Vanessa Gennarelli: She is Learning Lead at Peer 2 Peer University.
- Manuel Palacin -TBC (Universitat Pompeu Fabra)
- Alex Posada (Media Interaction Design Lab): He is the founder and CEO at Media Interactive Design (MID) and also coordinates the Interaction Lab at hangar.org . Alex teaches in the Master of Advanced Architecture and the Master of Advanced Interaction at the Institut d'Arquitectura Avancada de Catalunya (IAAC). Alex is a co-founder of the Smart Citizen Kit initiative.



Figure 9: Albert Domingo

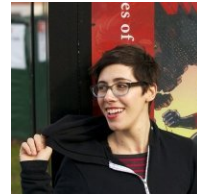


Figure 10: Vanessa Gennarelli



Figure 11: Alex Posada