

Linear Programming Example

0.1 The problem

$$\begin{aligned} \max_{W,C} \quad & 200W + 300C \\ \text{subject to} \quad & \\ & W + C \leq 500 \quad (\text{land}) \\ & 3W + 4C \leq 1800 \quad (\text{labor}) \\ & 4W + 3C \leq 2000 \quad (\text{fertilizer}) \\ & W, C \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

0.1.1 Install + load package

```
# install.packages("lpSolve") # uncomment if not yet installed
library(lpSolve)
```

0.1.2 Set up and solve LP

```
# Objective: max 200*xW + 300*xC
c <- c(200, 300) # (xW, xC)

# Constraint matrix A (rows = constraints; cols = variables in same order as c)
A <- rbind(
  c(1, 1), # land
  c(3, 4), # labor
  c(4, 3) # fertilizer
)

# Direction of each constraint and RHS vector b
dir <- c("<=", "<=", "<=")
b <- c(500, 1800, 2000)

# Solve LP
sol <- lp(direction = "max",
  objective.in = c,
  const.mat = A,
  const.dir = dir,
  const.rhs = b,
  compute.sens = TRUE) # also compute duals/sensitivity

stopifnot(sol$status == 0) # 0 = optimal
```

0.2 Ranging Analysis Tables from lpSolve Output

```
# ---- Names for readability ----
var_names <- c("Wheat (x_W)", "Corn (x_C)")
con_names <- c("Land", "Labor", "Fertilizer")

# ---- Pull pieces from `sol` ----
obj_coef <- sol$objective          # c(200, 300)
x_opt <- sol$solution              # e.g., c(0, 450)
red_cost <- tail(sol$duals, length(obj_coef)) # reduced costs for variables
coef_from <- sol$sens.coef.from    # lower bounds for obj coeffs
coef_to <- sol$sens.coef.to        # upper bounds for obj coeffs

# Helper to show Inf/large bounds nicely
fmt_inf <- function(x) ifelse(is.infinite(x) | abs(x) > 1e20, Inf, x)

# ---- Variable-ranging table (objective coefficient ranges) ----
var_tbl <- data.frame(
  variable      = var_names,
  objective_coef = obj_coef,
  final_value    = x_opt,
  reduced_cost   = red_cost,
  allowable_increase = fmt_inf(coef_to - obj_coef),
  allowable_decrease = fmt_inf(obj_coef - coef_from)
)

# ---- Constraint info ----
# For RHS ranges and shadow prices, `lpSolve` gives:
# - first `m` entries of `sol$duals` = shadow prices for constraints
# - `sol$duals.from` / `sol$duals.to` = absolute RHS bounds where that dual remains valid (binding rows)
m <- length(con_names)
shadow <- sol$duals[seq_len(m)]
rhs_from <- sol$duals.from[seq_len(m)]
rhs_to <- sol$duals.to[seq_len(m)]

# Reconstruct A and b to compute LHS and slack (clear & explicit for teaching)

lhs <- as.vector(A %*% x_opt)
slack <- b - lhs

# Allowable ranges logic:
# - If constraint is binding (shadow>0 & slack=0), lpSolve provides absolute RHS bounds:
#   allowable_increase = rhs_to - RHS
#   allowable_decrease = RHS - rhs_from
# - If nonbinding (shadow=0), typical classroom interpretation:
#   allowable_decrease = slack (you can shrink RHS until it hits current use)
#   allowable_increase = Inf (shadow=0 persists while others bind)
allow_inc <- numeric(m)
allow_dec <- numeric(m)
for (i in seq_len(m)) {
  if (shadow[i] > 0 && abs(slack[i]) < 1e-9) {
    allow_inc[i] <- fmt_inf(rhs_to[i] - b[i])
    allow_dec[i] <- fmt_inf(b[i] - rhs_from[i])
  }
}
```

```

    } else {
      allow_inc[i] <- Inf
      allow_dec[i] <- slack[i]
    }
  }

con_tbl <- data.frame(
  constraint      = con_names,
  rhs             = b,
  lhs_at_opt      = lhs,
  slack           = slack,
  shadow_price     = shadow,
  allowable_increase = allow_inc,
  allowable_decrease = allow_dec
)

# ---- Show tables ----
var_tbl

      variable objective_coef final_value reduced_cost allowable_increase
1 Wheat (x_W)           200           0         -25             25
2 Corn (x_C)            300          450           0             Inf
  allowable_decrease
1              Inf
2          33.33333

con_tbl

constraint  rhs lhs_at_opt slack shadow_price allowable_increase
1      Land  500       450    50           0             Inf
2     Labor 1800      1800     0          75             200
3 Fertilizer 2000      1350   650           0             Inf
  allowable_decrease
1              50
2             1800
3              650

```