CheatSheet IDI ExamenLab (OpenGL i GLSM)

Transformacions Geomètriques (TG)

```
glm::mat4() = glm::scale(glm::mat4(), glm::vec3());
glm::mat4() = glm::translate(glm::mat4(), glm::vec3());
glm::mat4() = glm::rotate(glm::mat4(), (float), glm::vec3());

Aplicació

A la funció Transform:
TG = I;
TG = glm::translate(TG, pos0bjecte);
TG = glm::scale(TG, glm::vec3(escala_x, escala_y, escala_z);
TG = glm::rotate(TG, angle_x, glm::vec3(1,0,0));
TG = glm::rotate(TG, angle_x, glm::vec3(0,1,0));
TG = glm::rotate(TG, angle_x, glm::vec3(0,0,0));
TG = glm::rotate(TG, angle_x, glm::vec3(0,0,0));
TG = glm::rotate(TG, angle_x, glm::vec3(0,0,0));
```

Project i View Transform

Project Transform

```
glm::mat4() = glm::perspective((float) , (float), (float), (float));
glm::mat4() = glm::ortho((float), (float), (float), (float), (float), (float));
```

Aplicaci'o

```
float radiEsc = distance(CapsaEscenaMin, CapsaEscenaMax)/2.f;
float angle_inicial = glm::asin(radiEsc/(2*radiEsc));
```

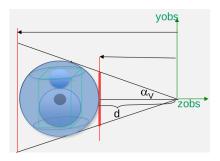


Figure 1: Esfera Escena

```
float FOV = angle_inicial*2;
float ra = amplada/altura;

Proj = glm::perspective(FOV , ra, radiEsc, 3.0f*radiEsc);

Proj = glm::ortho(-radiEsc, radiEsc, -radiEsc, radiEsc, radiEsc, 3.0f*radiEsc);

View Transform (Euler)

float d = glm::distance(OBS, VRP);

View = glm::translate(glm::vec3(1.f), glm::vec3(0.f, 0.f, -1*d));

View = glm::rotate(View, Phi, glm::vec3(0,0,1));

//Phi = φ
```

```
View = glm::rotate(View, Theta, glm::vec3(1,0,0)); 
//Theta = \theta
View = glm::rotate(View, Psi, glm::vec3(0,1,0));
```

View = glm::translate(View, glm::vec3(-1*VRP.x, -1*VRP.y, -1*VRP.z));

View Transform (lookAt)

```
View = glm::lookAt(OBS, VRP, up);

Resize

ra = ample / (float)alt;
if(ra < 1)
{
    FOV = 2.f*glm::atan(glm::tan(angle_inicial )/ra);
}else
{
    FOV = 2*angle_inicial;</pre>
```

Shaders

Càlcul de color al Vertex Shader

```
Uniforms i variables IN / OUT:
in vec3 vertex;
in vec3 normal;
in vec3 matamb;
in vec3 matdiff;
in vec3 matspec;
in float matshin;
uniform mat4 index;
uniform mat4 proj;
uniform mat4 view;
uniform mat4 TG;
// Valors per als components que necessitem dels focus de llum
//vec3 \ colFocus = vec3(0.8, 0.8, 0.8);
vec3 colFocus = vec3(0, 1, 1);
vec3 llumAmbient = vec3(0.2, 0.2, 0.2);
vec3 posFocus = vec3(1, 1, 1);
out vec3 fcolor;
Dintre el main del vertex shader:
```

```
mat4 matNormal = view * TG;
mat3 matNormalInvers = inverse (transpose (mat3 (matNormal)));
vec3 coordSCO = (matNormal * vec4 ( vertex, 1.0)).xyz ;
vec3 posF = (/*view * */ vec4(posFocus , 1.0)).xyz;
vec3 L = posF- coordSCO;
vec3 normalNormal = matNormalInvers * normal;
L = normalize(L);
normalNormal = normalize(normalNormal);
vec3 a;
fcolor = Phong(normalNormal, L, vec4(coordSCO, 1.0));
gl_Position = proj * view * TG * vec4 (vertex, 1.0);
Càlcul de color al Fragment Shader
mat4 matNormal = view * TG;
vec3 coordSCO = (matNormal * vec4 (vert, 1.0)).xyz ;
vec3 L = posF - coordSCO;
vec3 normalNormal = matNormalInvers * norm;
L = normalize(L);
normalNormal = normalize(normalNormal);
vec3 a;
a = Phong(normalNormal, L, vec4(coordSCO, 1.0));
FragColor = vec4(a,1);
Uniforms
void glUniform3fv(GLint location, GLsizei count, const GLfloat *value);
//\text{count} = 1
void glUniformMatrix4fv(GLint location, GLsizei count, GLboolean transpose,
const GLfloat *value);
//\text{count} = 1
```