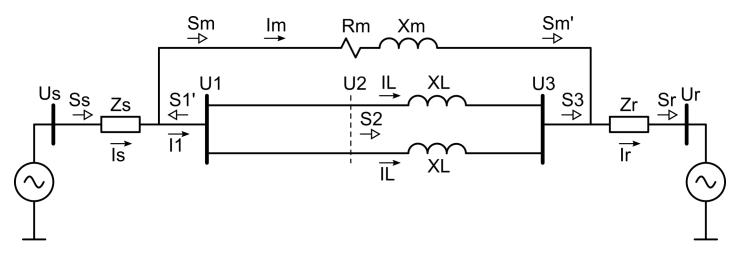
# System Before Compensation



$$U_b = U_{LNrms} = \frac{220kV}{\sqrt{3}} = 127kV$$

$$IL_{max} = 1.3kA$$

Objective: Increase power flow through the double circuit line by 200MW...

#### Voltage values

|Us| = 1.0382 pu, ang(Us) = 18.80 deg |U1| = 1.0189 pu, ang(U1) = 15.92 deg

|U2| = 1.0189 pu, ang(U2) = 15.92 deg

|U3| = 1.0116 pu, ang(U3) = 13.92 deg

|Ur| = 0.9586 pu, ang(Ur) = 0.00 deg

#### **Current values**

|Is| = 1.9301 kA, ang(Is) = 3.55 deg

|11| = 1.8493 kA, ang(11) = 3.22 deg

|IL| = 0.9247 kA, ang(IL) = 3.22 deg

|Im| = 0.0815 kA, ang(Im) = 10.96 deg

|Ir| = 1.9301 kA, ang(Ir) = 3.55 deg

#### Power flows

Ps = 736.70

Qs = 200.90

P1' = -700.45

Q1' = -157.91

#### P2 = 700.45

Q2 = 157.91

P3 = 700.45

Q3 = 132.39

Pm = 31.52

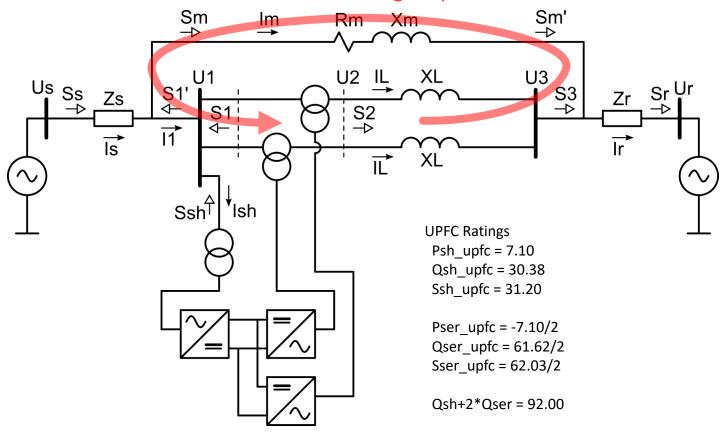
Qm = 2.74

Pr = 703.70

Qr = -43.61

# System Compensated by a UPFC

### U3 leads U1 causing loop flow



#### Voltage values

|Us| = 1.0382 pu, ang(Us) = 18.92 deg |U1| = 1.0204 pu, ang(U1) = 15.43 deg |U2| = 1.0252 pu, ang(U2) = 19.28 deg |U3| = 1.0162 pu, ang(U3) = 16.74 deg |Ur| = 0.9586 pu, ang(Ur) = 0.00 deg

#### Current values

|Is| = 2.2834 kA, ang(Is) = 8.01 deg |I1| = 2.3313 kA, ang(I1) = 8.58 deg |IL| = 1.1800 kA, ang(IL) = 6.75 deg |Im| = 0.0532 kA, ang(Im) = -146.01 deg |Ir| = 2.3128 kA, ang(Ir) = 6.15 deg

## Power flows

Ps = 887.00,  $\triangle$ Ps = 150.3 Qs = 170.92

P1' = -900.00 Q1' = -108.00

P2 = 900.00Q2 = 200.00

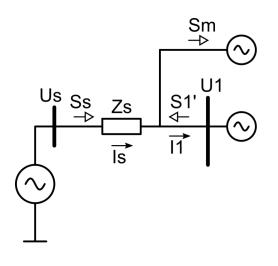
P3 = 900.00 Q3 = 158.44

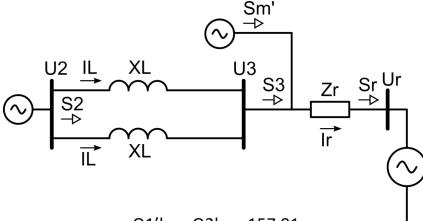
Pm = -19.62,  $\Delta Pm = -51.14$ 

Qm = 6.59

Pr = 839.94,  $\triangle$ Pr = 136.14 Qr = -90.49

# Designing the Compensation System-Centric Approach





Q1'b = -Q2b = -157.91

Q2 = 200, as specified

$$\Delta Q2 = Q2 - Q2b$$

$$Q1' = -158 + (200 - 158) = -116$$

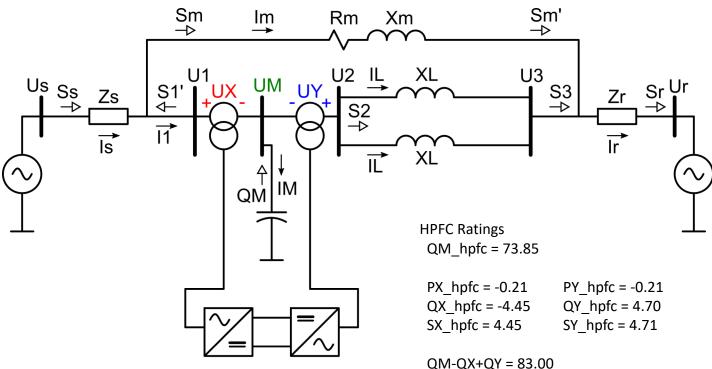
Ps = 934

Adjusted Q1' = -117

## Selecting the operating point

- Decouple the system at the point of compensation and break parallel paths
- 2. Use fictitious units to set target flows:
  - a) Set S2 (P2+jQ2) to desired values
  - b) Set P1' = -P2 Set Q1' = Q1'b +  $\Delta$ Q2 (Q1'b = Q1' before compensation)
  - c) Set Sm and Sm' to their values before compensation
- 3. Solve load flow to get Ps = real(Ss)
- 4. Restore the parallel paths, set Ps
- 5. Adjust Q1' to balance the ratings of HPFC series converters

## System Compensated by an HPFC



 $SX_{hpfc} = 3 U_X conj(I_1)$  $SY_{hpfc} = 3 U_Y conj(2I_L)$  $QM_{hpfc} = imag(3 U_M conj(-I_M))$ 

|IM hpfc| = 0.1900 kA, ang(IM hpfc) = 110.14 deg|UM\_hpfc| = 1.0203 pu, ang(UM hpfc) = 20.14 deg |UX hpfc| = 0.0050 pu, ang(UX hpfc) = -80.26 deg|UY| hpfc = 0.0052 pu, ang(UY| hpfc) = 100.45 deg

Terminal voltages: |Us| = 1.0382 pu, ang(Us) = 23.557 deg|U1| = 1.0194 pu, ang(U1) = 19.859 deg|U2| = 1.0211 pu, ang(U2) = 20.424 deg |U3| = 1.0121 pu, ang(U3) = 17.858 deg|Ur| = 0.9586 pu, ang(Ur) = 0.000 degCurrent values |Is| = 2.4179 kA, ang(Is) = 12.538 deg|I1| = 2.3365 kA, ang(I1) = 12.452 deg |IL| = 1.1847 kA, ang(IL) = 7.895 deg|Im| = 0.0814 kA, ang(Im) = 15.008 deg|Ir| = 2.4502 kA, ang(Ir) = 8.131 degPower flows Ps = 938.94,  $\Delta Ps = 202.24$ Qs = 182.84P1' = -900.00Q1' = -117.00P2 = 900.00Q2 = 200.00

P3 = 900.00Q3 = 158.10

 $Pm = 31.52, \Delta Pm = 0$ Qm = 2.67

Pr = 886.05,  $\Delta Pr = 182.35$ Qr = -126.59