

**Università degli Studi di Roma “Tor Vergata”**

Dipartimento di Matematica

**Analysis 1 (Engineering Sciences) 2025-2026**

**Instructor: Prof. Jonathan Ben-Artzi**

Final Examination — Call 1 of 6

27 January 2026

**First Name (CAPITALS):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Last Name (CAPITALS):** \_\_\_\_\_

**Matriculation:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Grading Summary**

Quest.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Points	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<b>10</b>
Score											

Quest.	11	12	13	14	15	Total
Points	3	3	3	3	3	<b>15</b>
Score						

**FINAL GRADE** / **25**

**Examination Rules:**

- **Duration:** 2 hours and 30 minutes.
- **NO** cellphones, **NO** calculators, **NO** books, **NO** notes, and **NO** headphones.
- Write full solutions clearly within the provided spaces.
- Part B will only be graded if the student achieves a score of at least 9/10 in Part A.
- Any student caught copying or engaging in academic misconduct will face disciplinary action.
- Use only blue or black ink. Additional paper will be provided upon request.

**Do not turn this sheet over until instructed to do so.**

## Part A

### Exercise 1

Let  $f(x) = 5 + 2x \sin \frac{1}{x}$ . Does the limit  $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$  exist? Explain your answer.

\_\_\_\_\_ /  
1 p.

### Exercise 2

Determine the domain and the behavior at the end-points of the domain of the function  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 3}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ /  
1 p.

**Exercise 3**

For  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ ,  $A = [1, +\infty)$ , determine  $\sup_A f$ ,  $\inf_A f$ , and whether the maximum and minimum are attained on  $A$ . \_\_\_\_\_ / 1 p.

**Exercise 4**

Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \ln(x^2 - 1)$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ / 1 p.

**Exercise 5**

Calculate the second derivative of  $f(x) = e^{-x^2}$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ /  
1 p.

**Exercise 6**

Find the maximum and minimum of  $f(x) = x^2 - |x + 1| - 2$  on  $[-2, 1]$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ /  
1 p.

**Exercise 7**

Is the sequence  $a_n = n \cos\left(\frac{n+1}{n} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  convergent, divergent or indeterminate? Explain your answer. \_\_\_\_\_/ 1 p.

**Exercise 8**

Calculate the sum of the geometric series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$ . Explain your answer. \_\_\_\_\_/ 1 p.

**Exercise 9**

Evaluate  $\int \frac{5x-3}{(x-1)(x-3)} dx.$

\_\_\_\_\_ /  
1 p.

**Exercise 10**

Evaluate the improper integral  $\int_0^\infty xe^{-2x} dx.$

\_\_\_\_\_ /  
1 p.

## Part B

### Exercise 11

Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , let  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$  and suppose that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = \ell$  for some  $\ell < 0$ . Prove that  $f < 0$  3 p. \_\_\_\_\_ /

**Exercise 12**

Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  and  $g : Y \rightarrow Z$  both be one-to-one functions. Show that

$$(g \circ f)^{-1} = f^{-1} \circ g^{-1}.$$

\_\_\_\_\_ /  
3 p.

**Exercise 13**

Compute the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x^2)^2} dx.$

\_\_\_\_\_/  
3 p.

**Exercise 14**

Write the Maclaurin expansion of  $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt[6]{1+x^2}} - \sin x$  up to order  $n = 5$ .

\_\_\_\_\_/  
3 p.

**Exercise 15**

For the function  $f(x) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1})$ , determine: (i) The domain. (ii) The critical points. (iii) The local maximum and minimum values. (iv) The inflection points. (v) The points where the function is not differentiable. (vi) All asymptotes, and (vii) Sketch the function.

3 p.