

MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS 1
HOMEWORK 10

- (1) Prove the following proposition: (it is Proposition 9.4 in the lecture notes)

Proposition. Any Maclaurin polynomial of an even function contains only even powers. Any Maclaurin polynomial of an odd function contains only odd powers.

- (2) Let $p_n(x) = a_0 + a_1x + \cdots + a_nx^n$ and $q_m(x) = b_0 + b_1x + \cdots + b_mx^m$ be two polynomials of orders n and m respectively. Write the formula for $p_n(x) \cdot q_m(x)$ (pay attention: n and m might be different). Explain your answer.

- (3) Suppose that two functions f, g can be written as

$$f(x) = p_n(x) + o(x^n) \quad g(x) = q_m(x) + o(x^m)$$

as $x \rightarrow 0$, where p_n, q_m are as in the previous question. Express the product $f(x) \cdot g(x)$. What is the order of the error? Explain your answer.

- (4) Write $(Tf)_{n,x_0}(x)$ for the following f, n, x_0 :

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| (a) $f(x) = e^x, n = 4, x_0 = 2$
(b) $f(x) = \ln x, n = 3, x_0 = 3$
(c) $f(x) = 7 + x - 3x^2 + 5x^3, n = 2, x_0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$ | (d) $f(x) = \sin x, n = 6, x_0 = 2$
(e) $f(x) = \sqrt{2x+1}, n = 3, x_0 = 4$ |
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- (5) Write the Maclaurin expansions up to the indicated order with Peano's remainder:

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| (a) $f(x) = x \cos 3x - 3 \sin x, n = 2$
(b) $f(x) = e^{x^2} \sin 2x, n = 5$ | (c) $f(x) = \ln \frac{1+x}{1+3x}, n = 4$
(d) $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{1+x^2}} - \sin x, n = 5$ |
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- (6) Prove that there exists a neighborhood of 0 on which the following inequality holds:

$$2 \cos(x + x^2) \leq 2 - x^2 - 2x^3.$$

- (7) (a) Write the Maclaurin polynomial of e^x of order n with Lagrange's remainder.
 (b) What is the minimal n we should take if we want to approximate the number e to within $\frac{1}{1000000}$ (one millionth)? Justify your answer.