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Chapter 1: 1.12, 1.13, 1.14

Chapter 2: 2.1. 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6

**Chapter 1:**

**1.12** UNIX uses User IDs for files and processes. When a file is created, the User ID is used

to determine the owner of the file. Like files, when a user runs a command/program, a

process is created and it is associated with the User ID that executed the program.

**1.13** BSD and AT&T. Several major versions of UNIX existed, so IEEE and The Open Group

joined together and developed the Single UNIX Specification. This was very important for

compatibility between various UNIX systems.

**1.14** The command *cd* without any arguments changes the current logged user to his/her

home directory.

**Chapter 2:**

**2.1** Nothing happens, the command is not executed. The only thing I can think of is using it

as a comment in shell scripts.

**2.2** **1.** In UNIX, files don't need an extension like Windows. To know what type a file is, run

the command '*file <file-name>*'.

**2.** UNIX is case sensitive. If you run *pwd*, the command will execute, but if you try to

run *Pwd*, it will fail. Windows is not case sensitive, so both commands would run.

**3.** GUI vs CUI. While both can run GUI programs, UNIX is famous for its character user

interface. You have more power and control over the OS running programs in console.

Ex: UNIX commands can have many arguments and sometimes it is very hard or nearly

impossible to do the same thing with a GUI. The *find* command is a good example of that.

**2.3** The program foo is not in the PATH variable. You can add foo's path in the PATH

variable or execute it by typying *./foo* in the current directory.

**2.4** You can execute by typing its full path or execute it by typying *./foo* in the same

directory as foo.

**2.5** /sbin and /usr/sbin (/bin and /usr/bin are for utilities other than system programs).

**2.6** The *cd* command is a built-in command. This means that it's part of the shell, so when

you type *cd* the shell executes the command.