

Theoretical Limits in Constraining Tidal Quality Factors of Binary Stars

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ABSTRACT

1. INTRODUCTION

2. METHODS

2.1. *Observational Constraints*

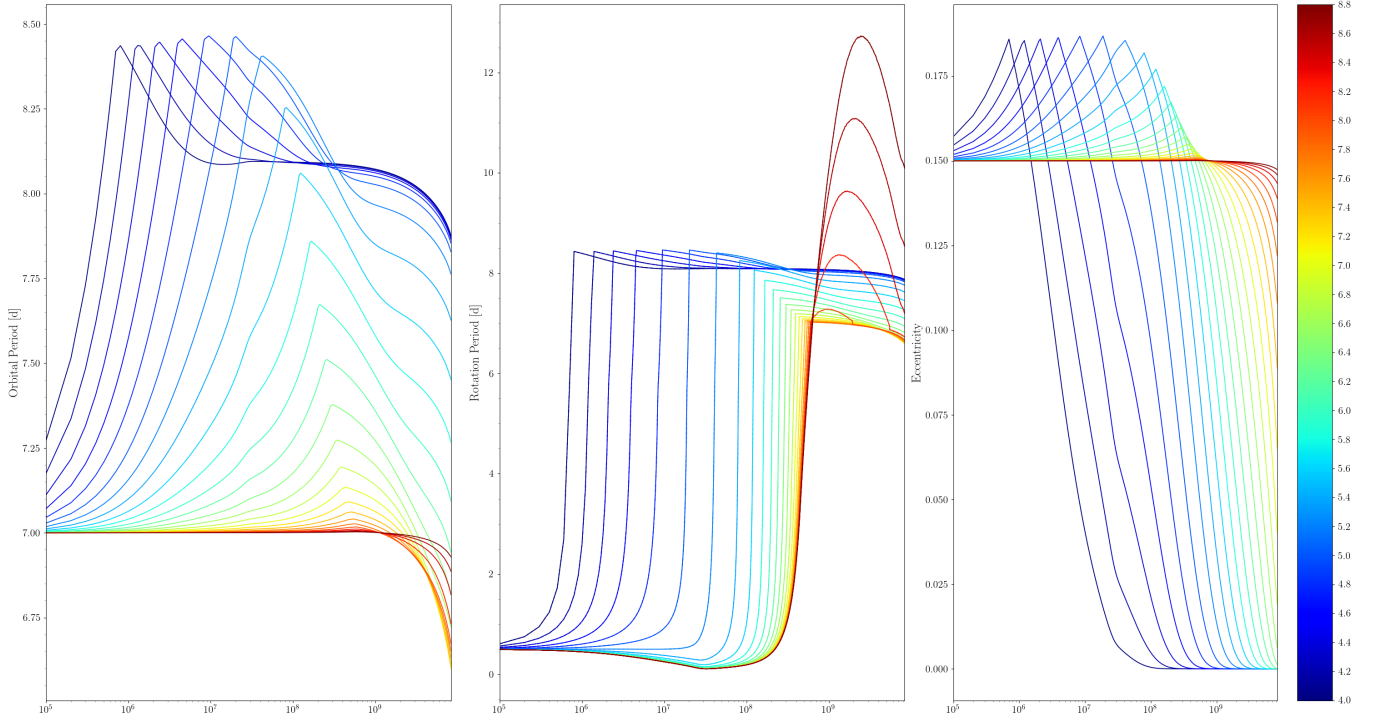
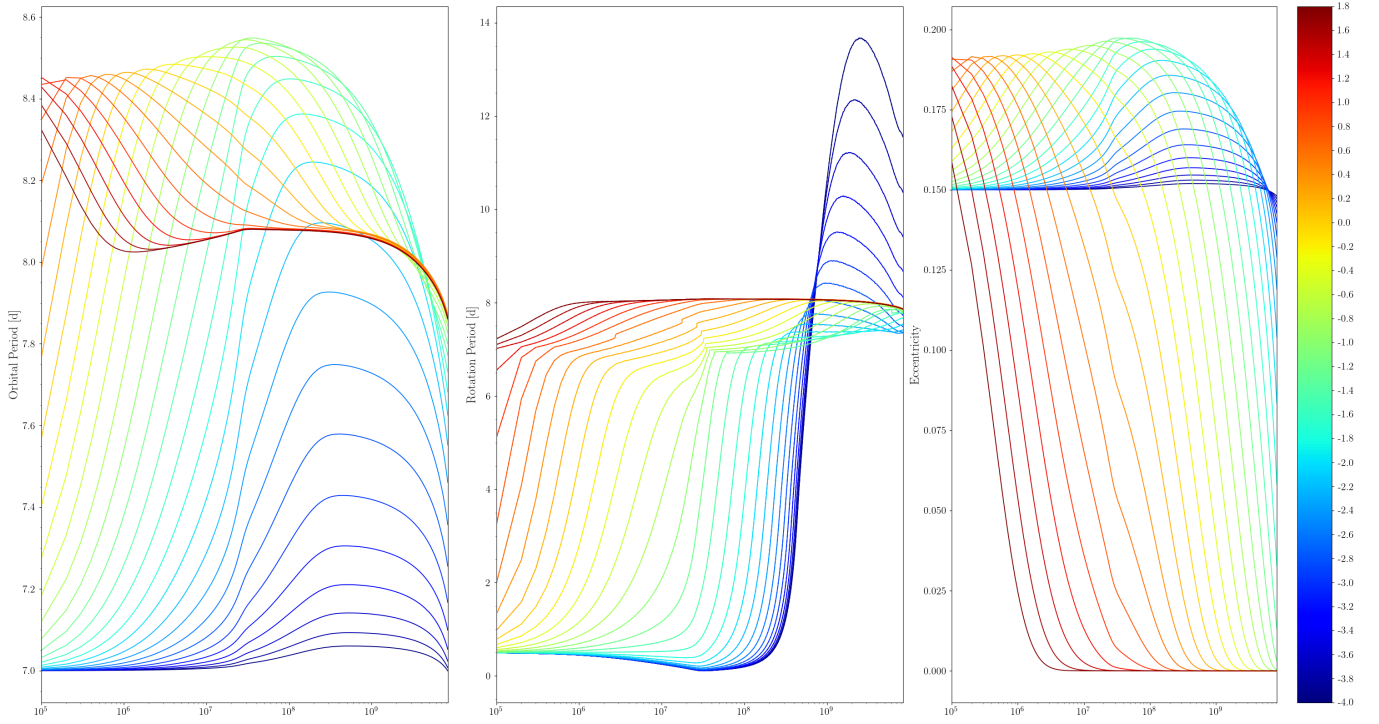
Model input parameters and prior constraints:

| | Model Input | Prior | Observational Constraint | Good Unc |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| M_1 | primary mass [M_\odot] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | kepler solution (lc eclipse + rvs) | 0.001 |
| M_2 | secondary mass [M_\odot] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | kepler solution (lc eclipse + rvs) | 0.001 |
| $P_{\text{rot1},i}$ | pri init rotation period [days] | $\log\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | dist in young open clusters | |
| $P_{\text{rot2},i}$ | sec init rotation period [days] | $\log\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | dist in young open clusters | |
| $P_{\text{orb},i}$ | init orbital period [days] | $\mathcal{U}(4.0, 10.0)$ | uninformed | |
| e_i | init eccentricity | $\mathcal{U}(0, 0.5)$ | uninformed | |
| age | system age [yr] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | open cluster age | 10% |
| $\varepsilon_{1,i}$ | pri init obliquity [deg] | $\mathcal{U}(0, 30)$ | uninformed | |
| $\varepsilon_{2,i}$ | sec init obliquity [deg] | $\mathcal{U}(0, 30)$ | uninformed | |
| \mathcal{Q}_1 | pri tidal phase lag | $\mathcal{U}(4, 9)$ | uninformed | |
| \mathcal{Q}_2 | sec tidal phase lag | $\mathcal{U}(4, 9)$ | uninformed | |
| τ_1 | pri tidal time lag [log(s)] | $\mathcal{U}(-4, 2)$ | uninformed | |
| τ_2 | sec tidal time lag [log(s)] | $\mathcal{U}(-4, 2)$ | uninformed | |

Model output parameters and likelihood constraints:

| | Model Output | Likelihood | Observational Constraint | Good Unc |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| $P_{\text{rot1},f}$ | pri final rotation period [days] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | lc autocorrelation function | 0.1 |
| $P_{\text{rot2},f}$ | sec final rotation period [days] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | spectroscopic $v \sin i$ | 0.1 |
| $P_{\text{orb},f}$ | final orbital period [days] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | lc lomb scargle | 10^{-5} |
| e_f | final eccentricity | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | lc eclipse + rvs | 0.001 |
| $R_{1,f}$ | pri final radius [R_\odot] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | stellar models + photometry | 0.01 |
| $R_{2,f}$ | sec final radius [R_\odot] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | eclipse shape + pri radius | 0.01 |
| $L_{1,f}$ | pri final luminosity [L_\odot] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | stellar models + photometry | 0.1 |
| $L_{2,f}$ | sec final luminosity [L_\odot] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | stellar models + photometry | 0.1 |
| $T_{\text{eff1},f}$ | pri final temperature [K] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | stellar models + spectra | |
| $T_{\text{eff2},f}$ | sec final temperature [K] | $\mathcal{N}(m, s)$ | stellar models + spectra | |

3. RESULTS

Figure 1. EQTIDE + STELLAR: CPL model**Figure 2.** EQTIDE + STELLAR: CTL model

4. DISCUSSION

5. CONCLUSION

APPENDIX

REFERENCES