

Lecture 10 Notes

2024-02-20

Loading the data

```
require(tidyverse)
```

```
## Loading required package: tidyverse
```

```
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages — tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## ✓ dplyr      1.1.2      ✓ readr      2.1.4
## ✓ forcats    1.0.0      ✓ stringr    1.5.0
## ✓ ggplot2     3.4.4      ✓ tibble     3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate  1.9.2      ✓ tidyr      1.3.0
## ✓ purrr      1.0.1
```

```
## — Conflicts — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## ✗ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## ✗ dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## ⓘ Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to
   become errors
```

```
nba <- read_rds('https://github.com/jbisbee1/DS1000_S2024/raw/main/data/nba_players_2018.Rds')
glimpse(nba %>% select(tov,isRookie))
```

```
## Rows: 530
## Columns: 2
## $ tov      <dbl> 144, 4, 135, 14, 121, 8, 33, 6, 28, 2, 72, 268, 58, 23, 103, ...
## $ isRookie <lgl> FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, TR...
```

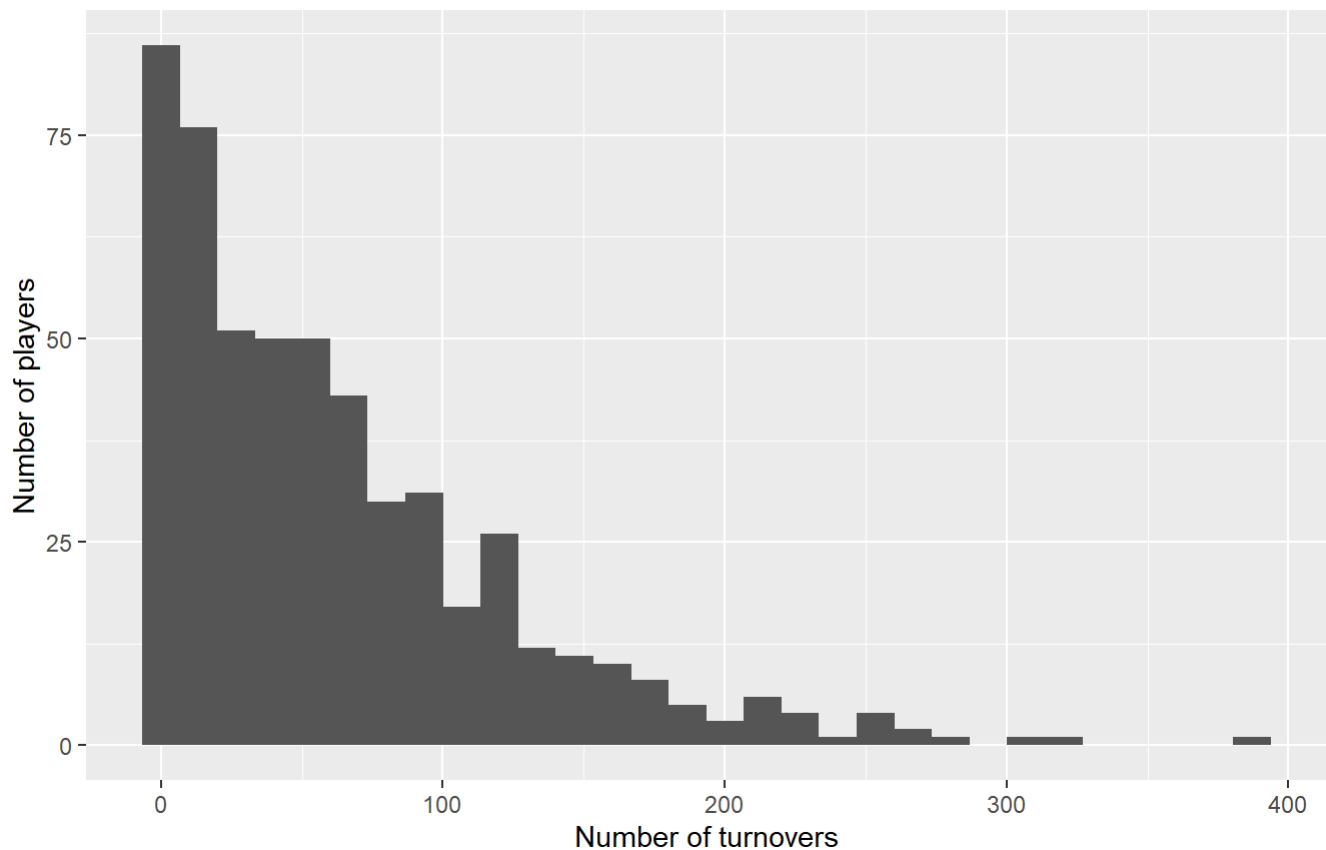
Univariate visualizations of (X) and (Y)

```
# Y
nba %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = tov)) +
  geom_histogram() +
  labs(x = 'Number of turnovers',
       y = 'Number of players',
       title = 'Univariate visualization of turnovers',
       subtitle = '2018-2019 NBA Season')
```

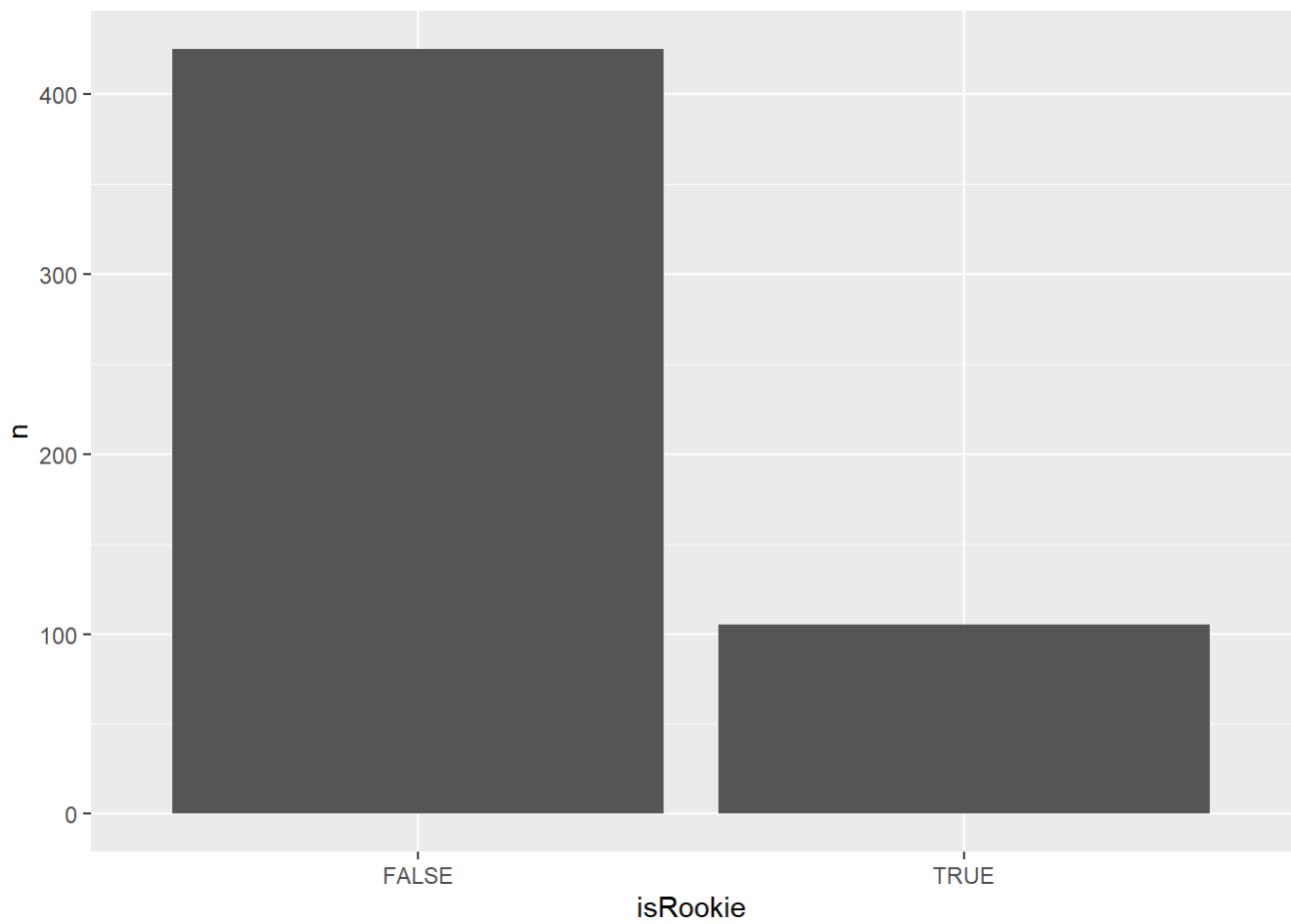
```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

Univariate visualization of turnovers

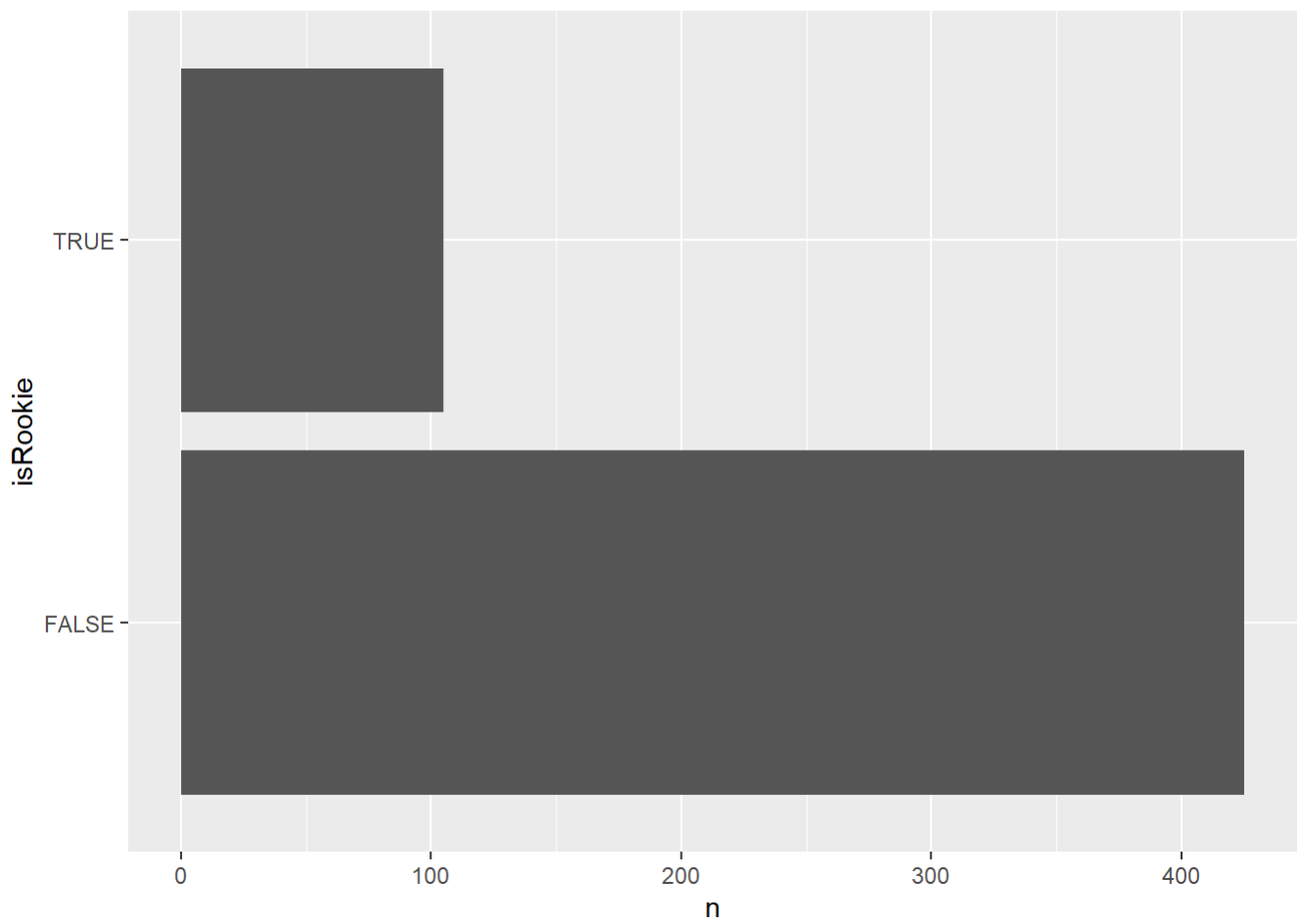
2018-2019 NBA Season



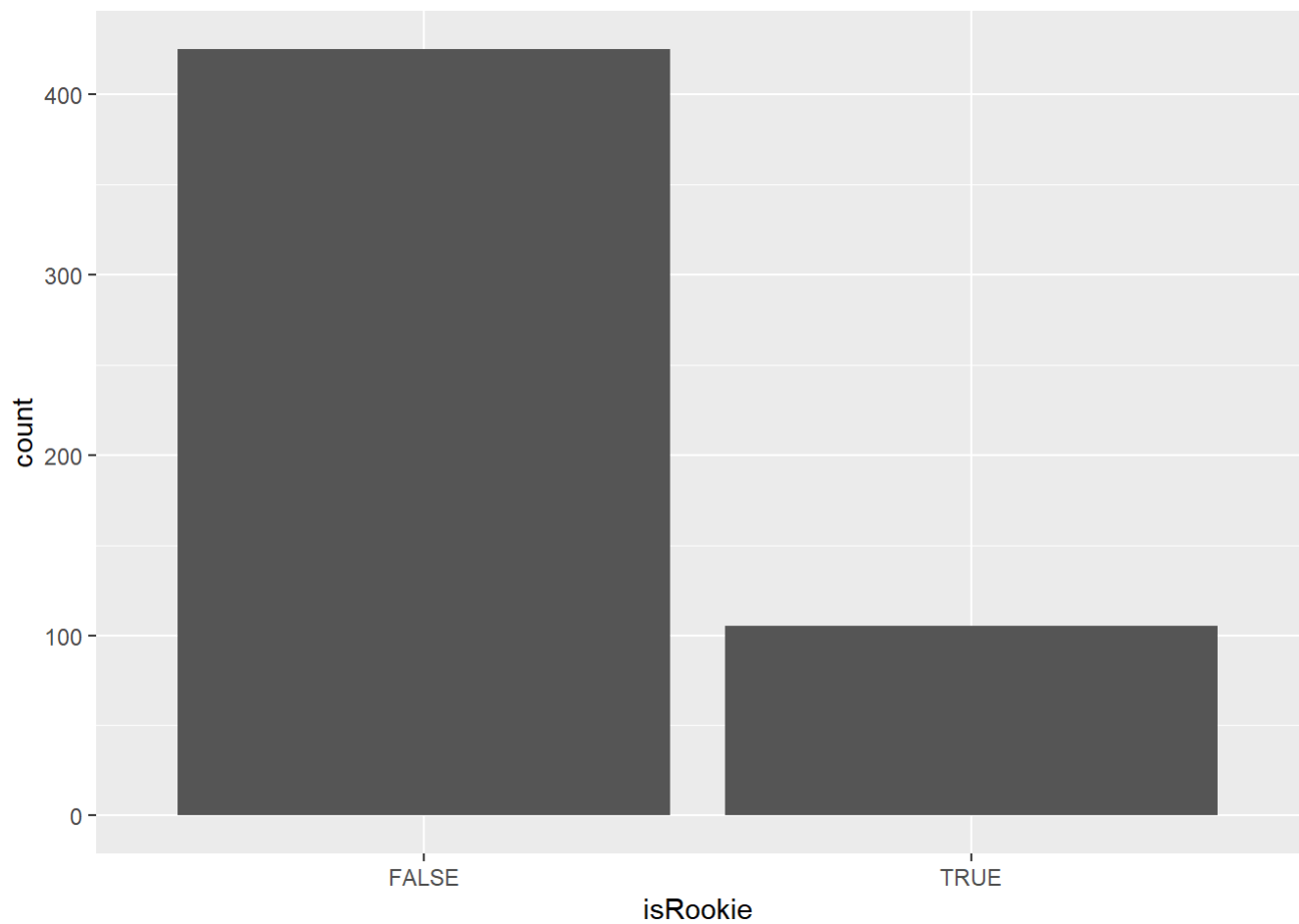
```
# X
nba %>%
  count(isRookie) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = isRookie, y = n)) +
  geom_bar(stat = 'identity')
```



```
nba %>%  
  count(isRookie) %>%  
  ggplot(aes(y = isRookie,x = n)) +  
  geom_bar(stat = 'identity')
```

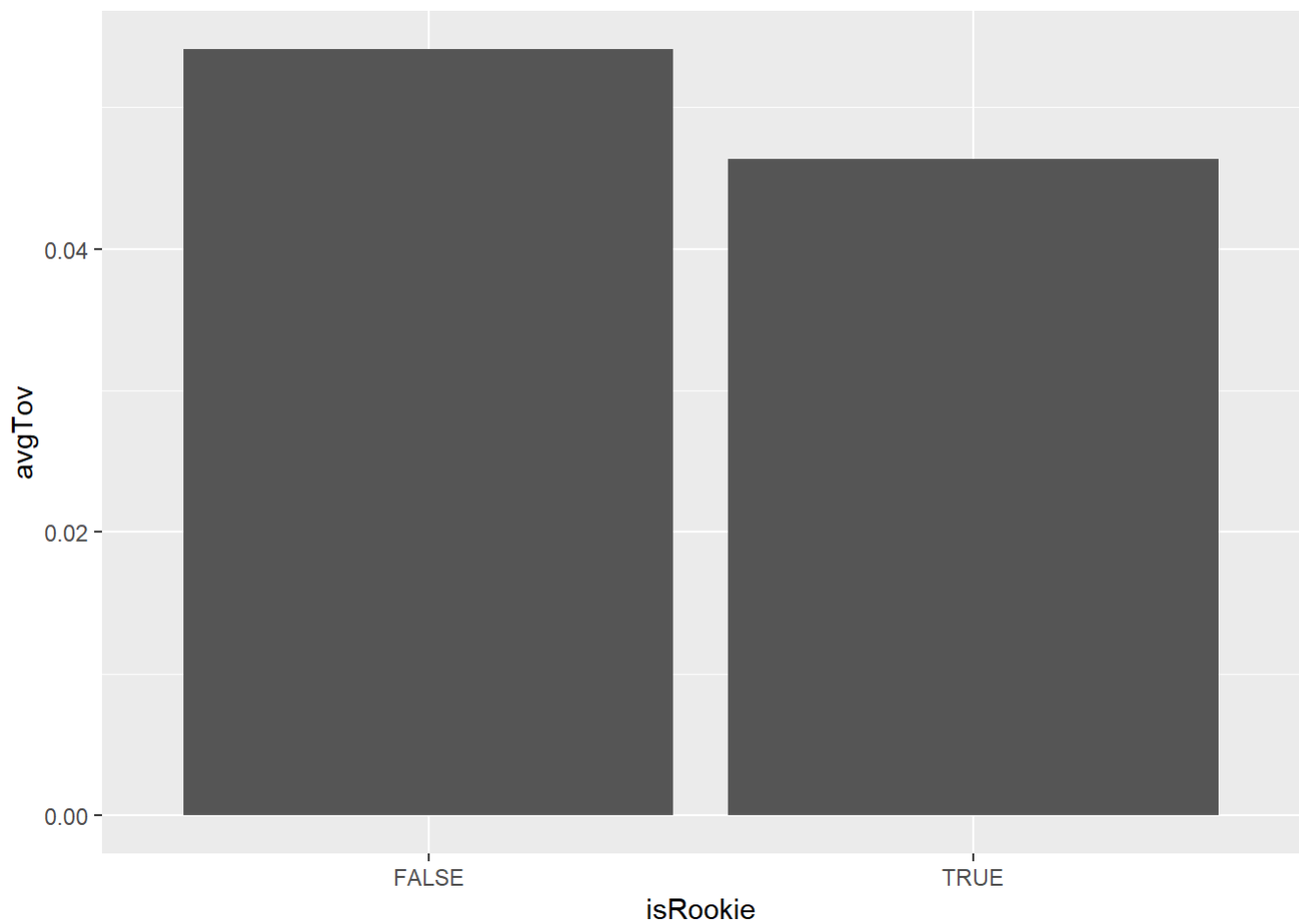


```
nba %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = isRookie)) +  
  geom_bar()
```



Multivariate Visualization

```
nba %>%  
  group_by(isRookie) %>%  
  summarise(avgTov = mean(tov/minutes, na.rm=T)) %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = isRookie,  
             y = avgTov)) +  
  geom_bar(stat = 'identity')
```



sample_n()

```
set.seed(123)

nba %>%
  sample_n(size = 530, replace = T) %>%
  select(namePlayer, isRookie, tov, minutes) %>%
  group_by(isRookie) %>%
  summarise(avgTov = mean(tov/minutes))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 × 2
##   isRookie avgTov
##   <lgl>     <dbl>
## 1 FALSE    0.0526
## 2 TRUE     0.0461
```

for()

```

results <- NULL
for(i in 1:100) {
  results <- results %>%
    bind_rows(nba %>%
      sample_n(size = nrow(nba),replace = T) %>%
      select(namePlayer,isRookie,tov,minutes) %>%
      group_by(isRookie) %>%
      summarise(avgTov = mean(tov/minutes)) %>%
      mutate(simNumber = i))
}

results %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = 'isRookie',
              values_from = 'avgTov')

```

```

## # A tibble: 100 × 3
##   simNumber `FALSE` `TRUE`
##   <int>    <dbl> <dbl>
## 1         1  0.0530 0.0444
## 2         2  0.0509 0.0504
## 3         3  0.0537 0.0441
## 4         4  0.0552 0.0523
## 5         5  0.0548 0.0444
## 6         6  0.0560 0.0438
## 7         7  0.0552 0.0461
## 8         8  0.0537 0.0485
## 9         9  0.0553 0.0521
## 10        10  0.0547 0.0465
## # i 90 more rows

```

```

results %>%
  spread(isRookie,avgTov) %>%
  # summarise(conf = mean(`FALSE` > `TRUE`))
  rename(Veteran = `FALSE`,
         Rookie = `TRUE`) %>%
  mutate(rookieBetter = ifelse(Rookie < Veteran,
                              'Rookie is better',
                              'Veteran is better')) %>%
  summarise(conf = mean(rookieBetter == 'Rookie is better'))

```

```

## # A tibble: 1 × 1
##   conf
##   <dbl>
## 1  0.99

```