

Lecture Notes 2/6/2023

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```
require(tidyverse)
```

```
## Loading required package: tidyverse
```

```
## — Attaching packages — tidyverse 1.3.2 —
## ✓ ggplot2 3.3.6      ✓ purrr 0.3.4
## ✓ tibble 3.1.7       ✓ dplyr 1.0.9
## ✓ tidyr 1.2.0        ✓ stringr 1.4.0
## ✓ readr 2.1.2        ✓ forcats 0.5.1
## — Conflicts — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## ✗ dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## ✗ dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
```

```
mi_ep <- read_rds('https://github.com/jbisbee1/DS1000_S2023/blob/main/Lectures/4_Uni_Mul
tivariate/data/MI2020_ExitPoll_small.rds?raw=true')
```

Preparing data “Wrangling”

```
MI_final_small <- mi_ep %>%
  filter(preschoice == 'Donald Trump, the Republican' | preschoice == 'Joe Biden, the De
mocrat') %>%
  mutate(BidenVoter = ifelse(preschoice == 'Joe Biden, the Democrat',1,0),
         TrumpVoter = ifelse(BidenVoter == 1,0,1),
         AGE10 = ifelse(AGE10 == 99,NA,AGE10))
```

```
MI_final_small %>%
  select(BidenVoter, TrumpVoter, preschoice)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,182 × 3
##   BidenVoter TrumpVoter preschoice
##   <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>
## 1         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 2         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 3         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 4         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 5         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 6         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 7         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 8         1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## 9         0         1 Donald Trump, the Republican
## 10        1         0 Joe Biden, the Democrat
## # ... with 1,172 more rows
```

Analysis

```
MI_final_small %>%
  count(SEX,preschoice) %>% # count total respondents by gender + choice
  mutate(prop_overall = n / sum(n)) %>% # calculate proportion of all
  group_by(SEX) %>% # 40+41: calculate total by gender
  mutate(tot_resp = sum(n)) %>%
  mutate(prop_gender = n / tot_resp) %>% # Calculate proportion gender
  select(SEX,preschoice,n,tot_resp,prop_gender) # Just make it visible in class
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 × 5
## # Groups:   SEX [2]
##   SEX preschoice          n tot_resp prop_gender
##   <dbl> <chr>          <int>    <int>    <dbl>
## 1     1 Donald Trump, the Republican    247     551     0.448
## 2     1 Joe Biden, the Democrat        304     551     0.552
## 3     2 Donald Trump, the Republican    212     631     0.336
## 4     2 Joe Biden, the Democrat        419     631     0.664
```

Multivariate: Age X Sex

```
toplot <- MI_final_small %>%
  group_by(SEX,AGE10) %>%
  summarise(prop_trump = mean(TrumpVoter,na.rm=T)) %>%
  # ungroup() %>%
  mutate(prop_trump = round(prop_trump,digits = 2)) %>%
  spread(key = SEX,value = prop_trump) %>%
  rename(Male = `1`,Female = `2`) %>%
  mutate(genderGap = Female - Male)
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'SEX'. You can override using the `.groups`  
## argument.
```

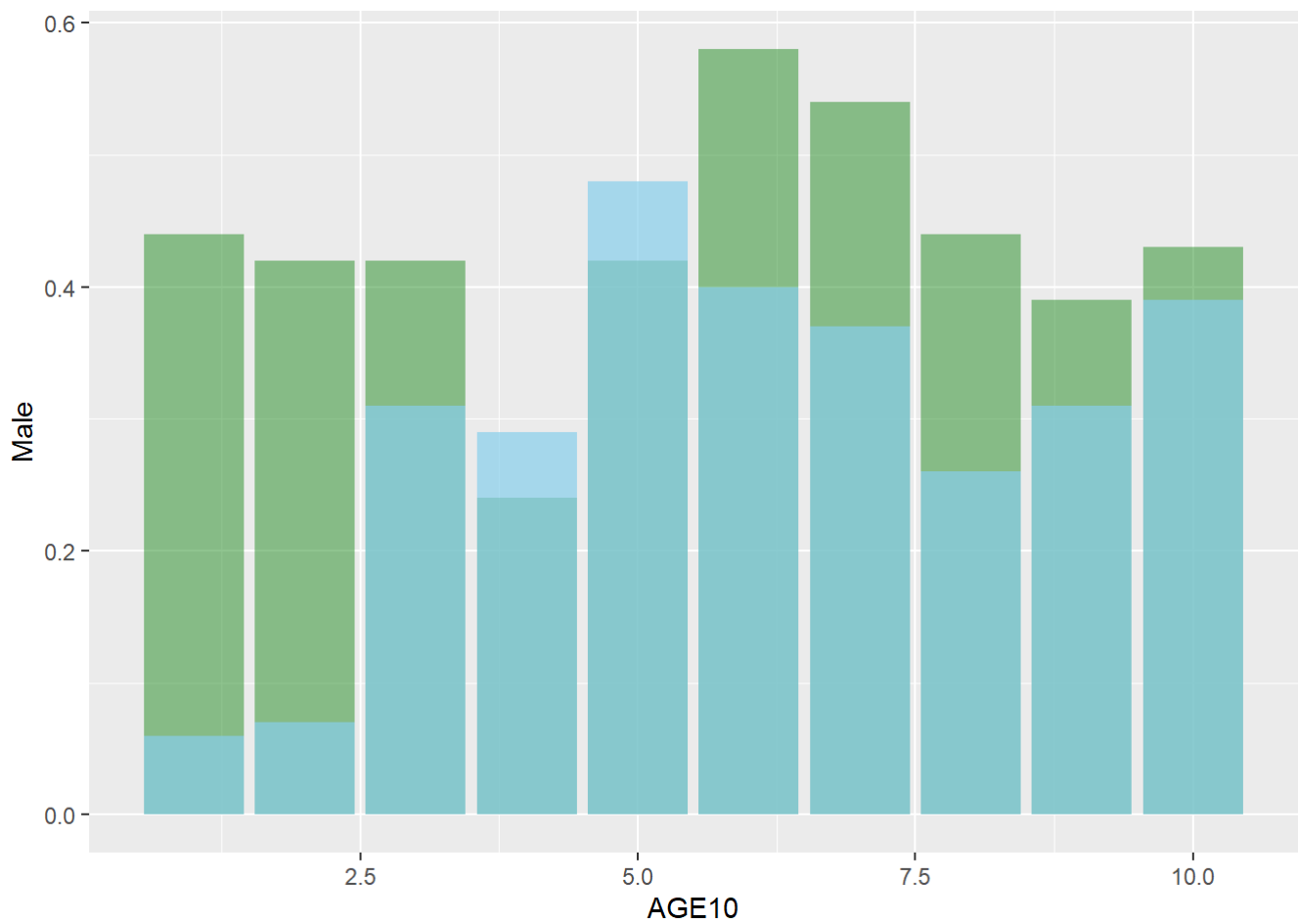
```
toplot
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 × 4  
##   AGE10  Male Female genderGap  
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>  
## 1     1    0.44  0.06   -0.38  
## 2     2    0.42  0.07   -0.35  
## 3     3    0.42  0.31   -0.11  
## 4     4    0.24  0.29    0.05  
## 5     5    0.42  0.48    0.06  
## 6     6    0.58  0.4   -0.18  
## 7     7    0.54  0.37   -0.17  
## 8     8    0.44  0.26   -0.18  
## 9     9    0.39  0.31   -0.08  
## 10    10    0.43  0.39  -0.0400  
## 11    NA    0.67  0.57  -0.100
```

Visualize it!

```
toplot %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = AGE10)) +  
  geom_bar(aes(y = Male), fill = 'forestgreen', stat = 'identity', alpha = .5) +  
  geom_bar(aes(y = Female), fill = 'skyblue', stat = 'identity', alpha = .7)
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (position_stack).  
## Removed 1 rows containing missing values (position_stack).
```



```
toplot %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = AGE10,y = genderGap)) +  
  geom_bar(stat = 'identity')
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (position_stack).
```

