

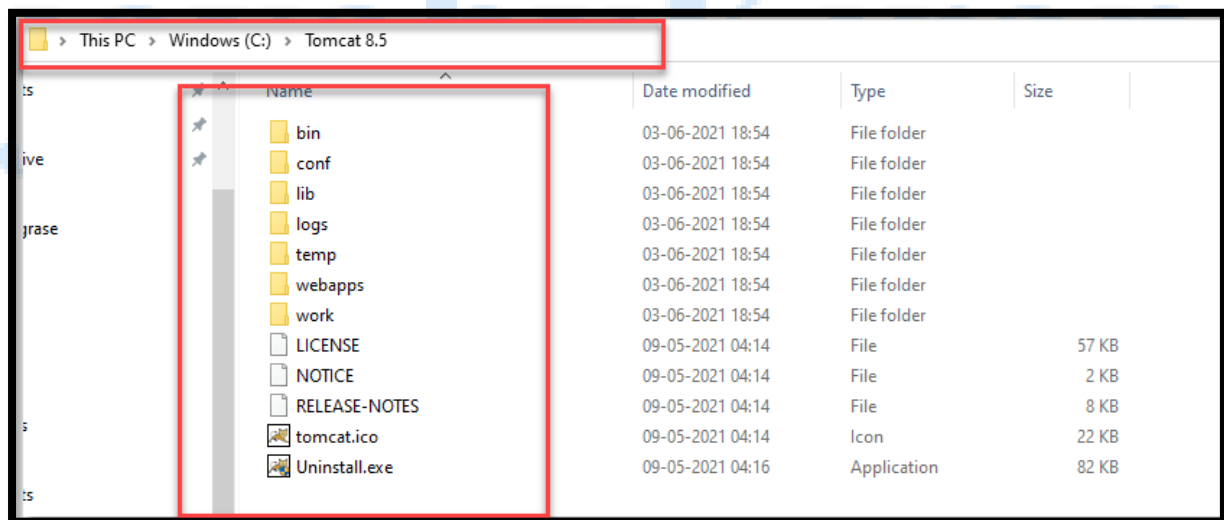
# SERVLETS

- ✓ Servlets is Web Technology which is used to develop the Web Application.
- ✓ Servlets is server-side component which receives the Request from Browser and process the Request and sends the Response to Browser.

## Steps to Develop the first Servlet example: -

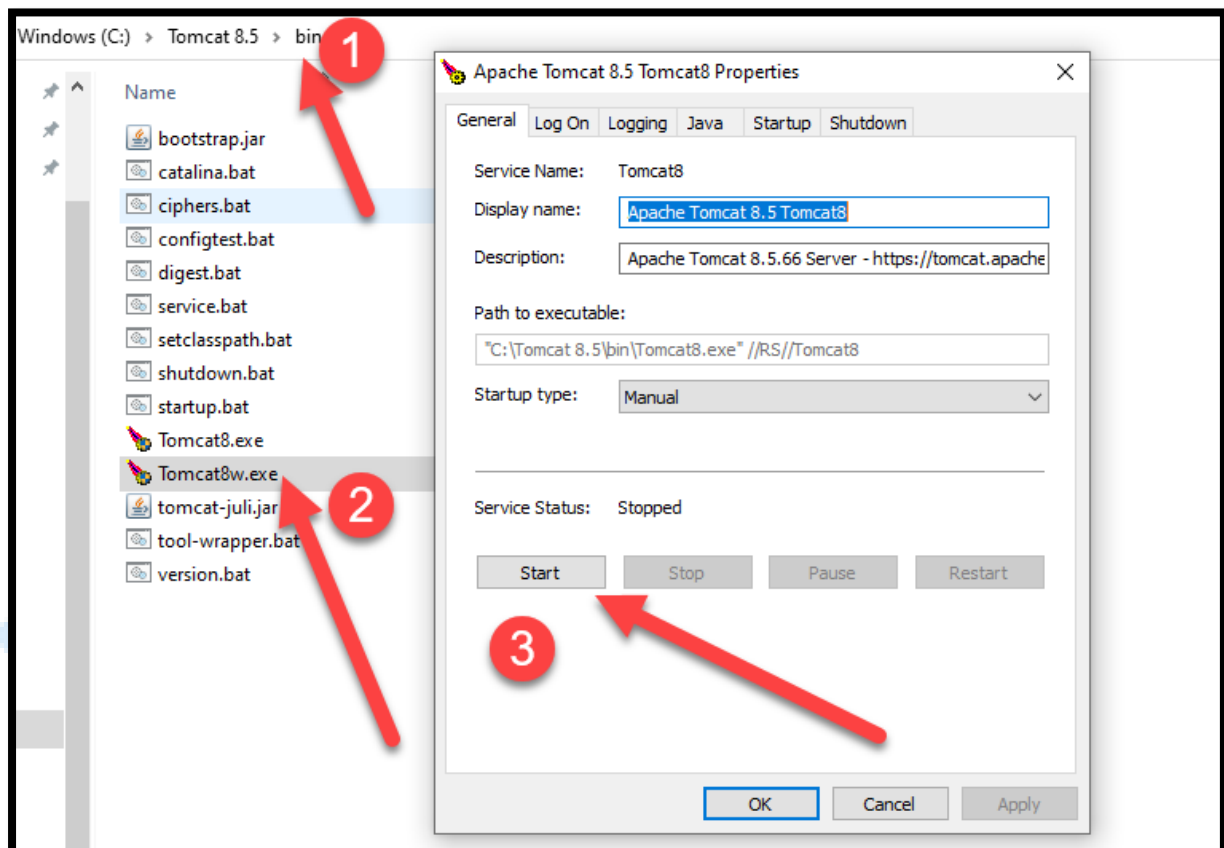
- ✓ Steps to install Apache Tomcat 8.5
- ✓ Click on the installer called tomcat - 8.5.exe. [download from apache site]
- ✓ Click on the next button.
- ✓ Click on I agree Button.
- ✓ Click on the Next Button.
- ✓ Provide **C:\Tomcat 8.5** as destination folder and click on Next Button [ try D drive].
- ✓ Provide **port: 9999, username: jbk password: jbk**  
[8080 is default port number if oracle is there on system, it gives problem]
- ✓ Please click on the Next Button and then finish button.

After installing successfully, you can see the following directory structure.



Starting the tomcat [without eclipse]

Click on **C:\Tomcat 8.5\bin** open the highlighted.

Check if tomcat started properly.

Open the browser and type the following: - [make sure you use only port used while installation]

<http://localhost:8080/>

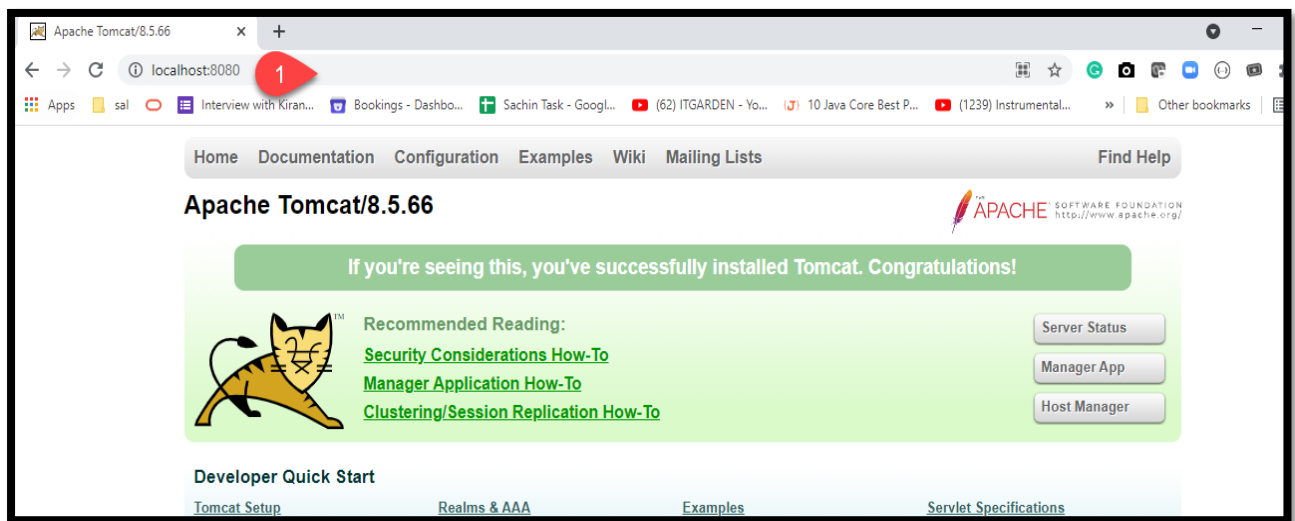
or

<http://localhost:8090/>

or

<http://localhost:9999/>

You should see below page



**Note:** - you can change the port number of the tomcat from the file server.xml which is located in the C:\Tomcat 8.5\conf\server.xml

Inside server.xml

```
<Connector port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
```

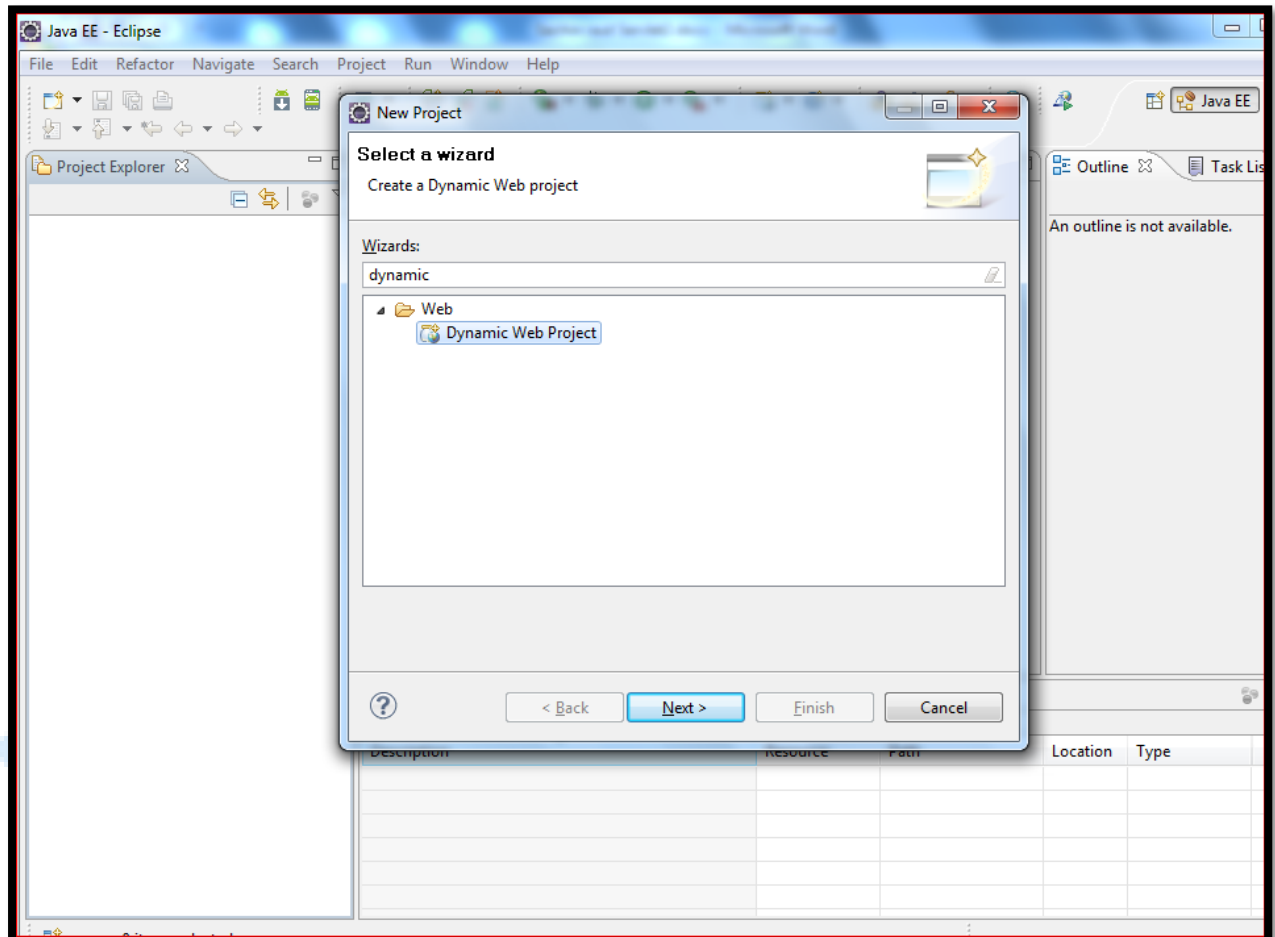
```
connectionTimeout="20000"
```

```
redirectPort="8443" />
```

tag is used to change the port number.

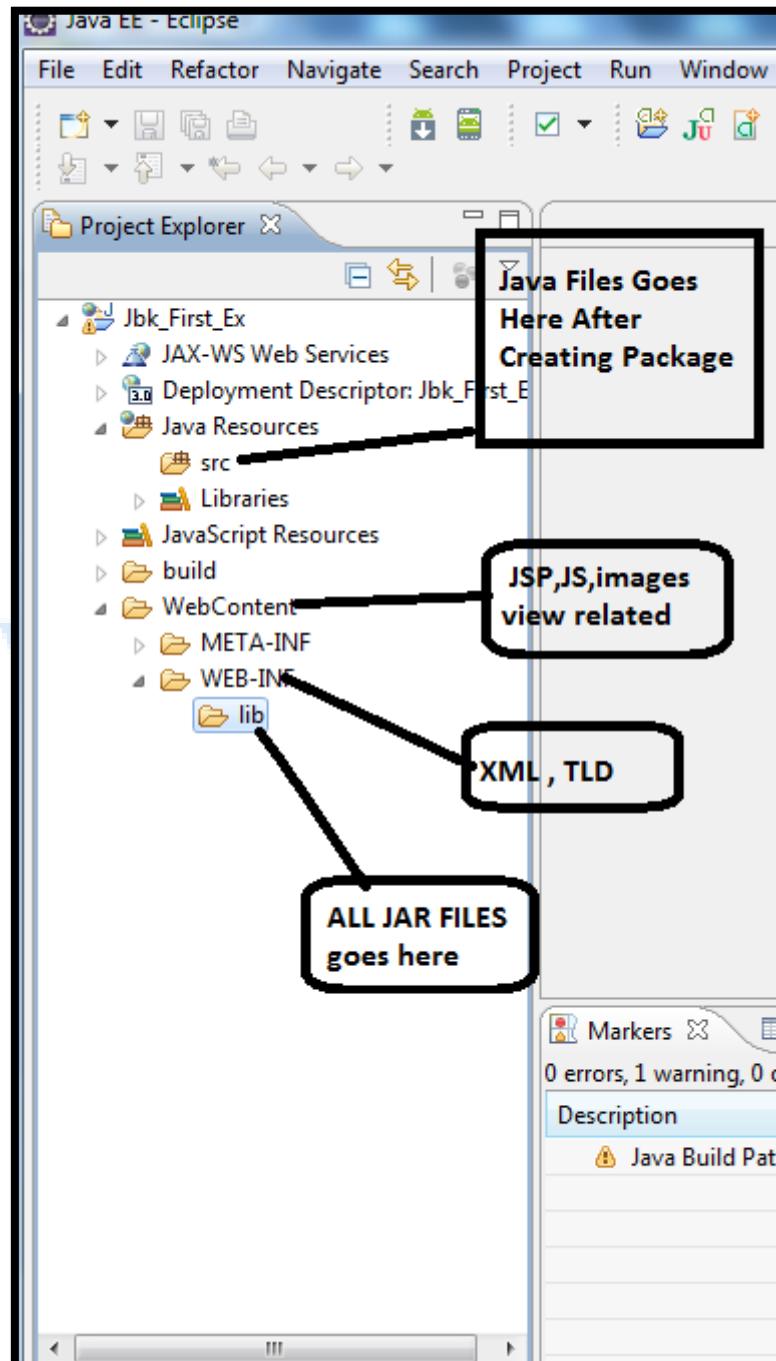
## Basic Login Application in ECLIPSE

In eclipse create new project as below. In explorer right click and select new project.

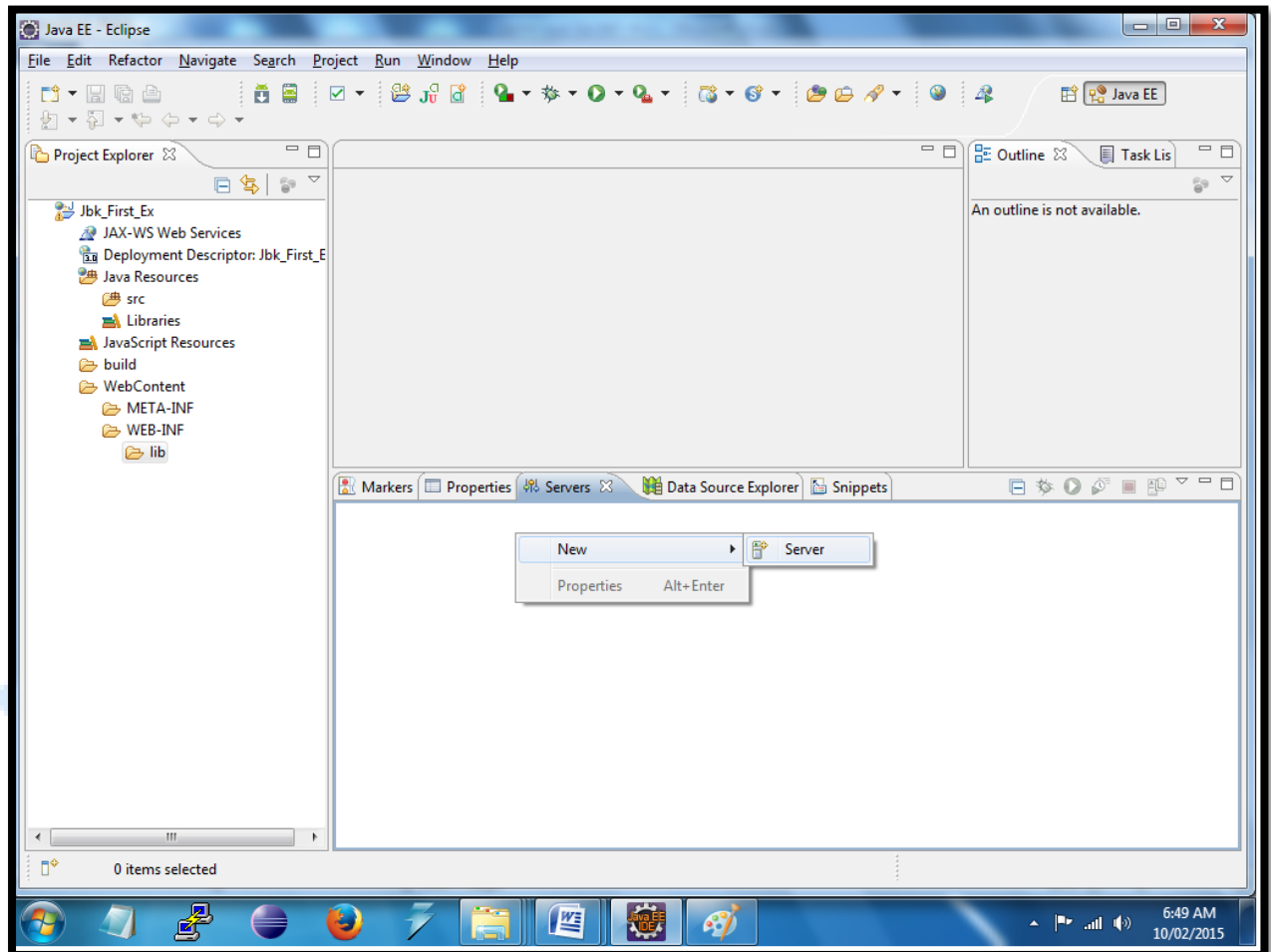


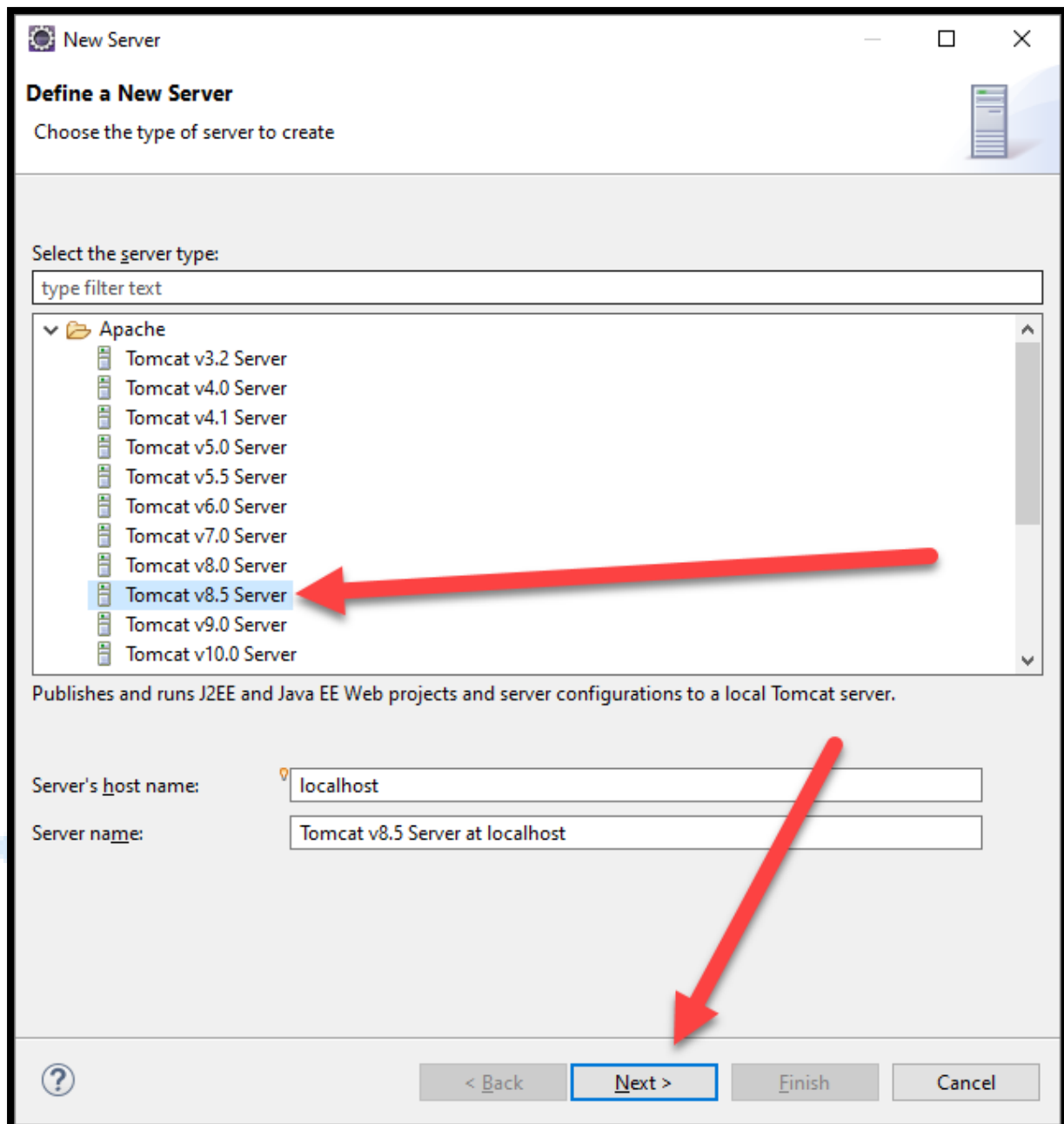
After creation of project in eclipse we can see below in explorer window

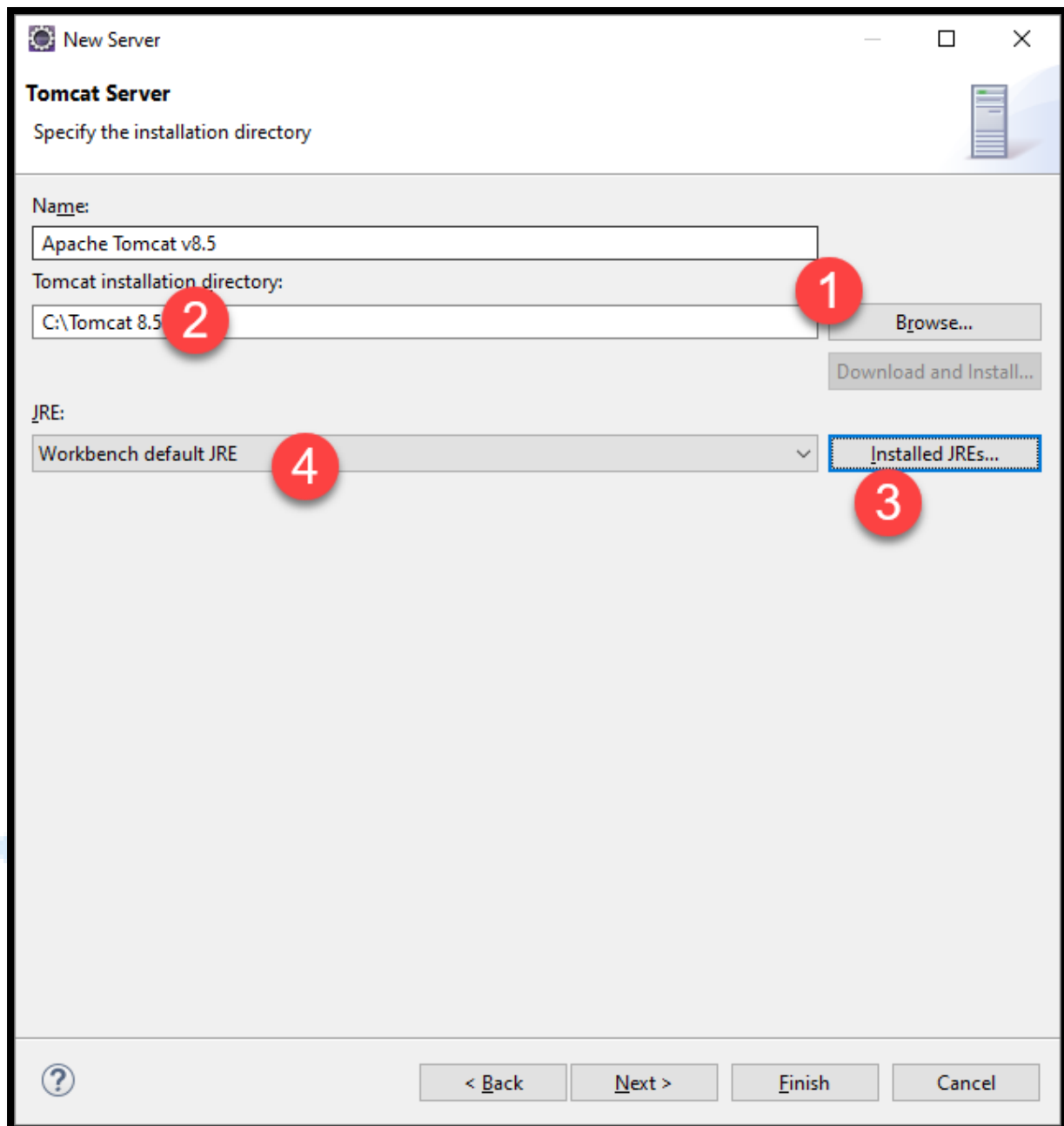
What kind of files needs to created where is been explained in below diagram.



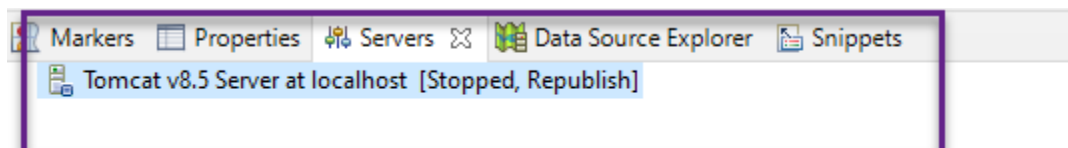
## Configure Tomcat in Eclipse





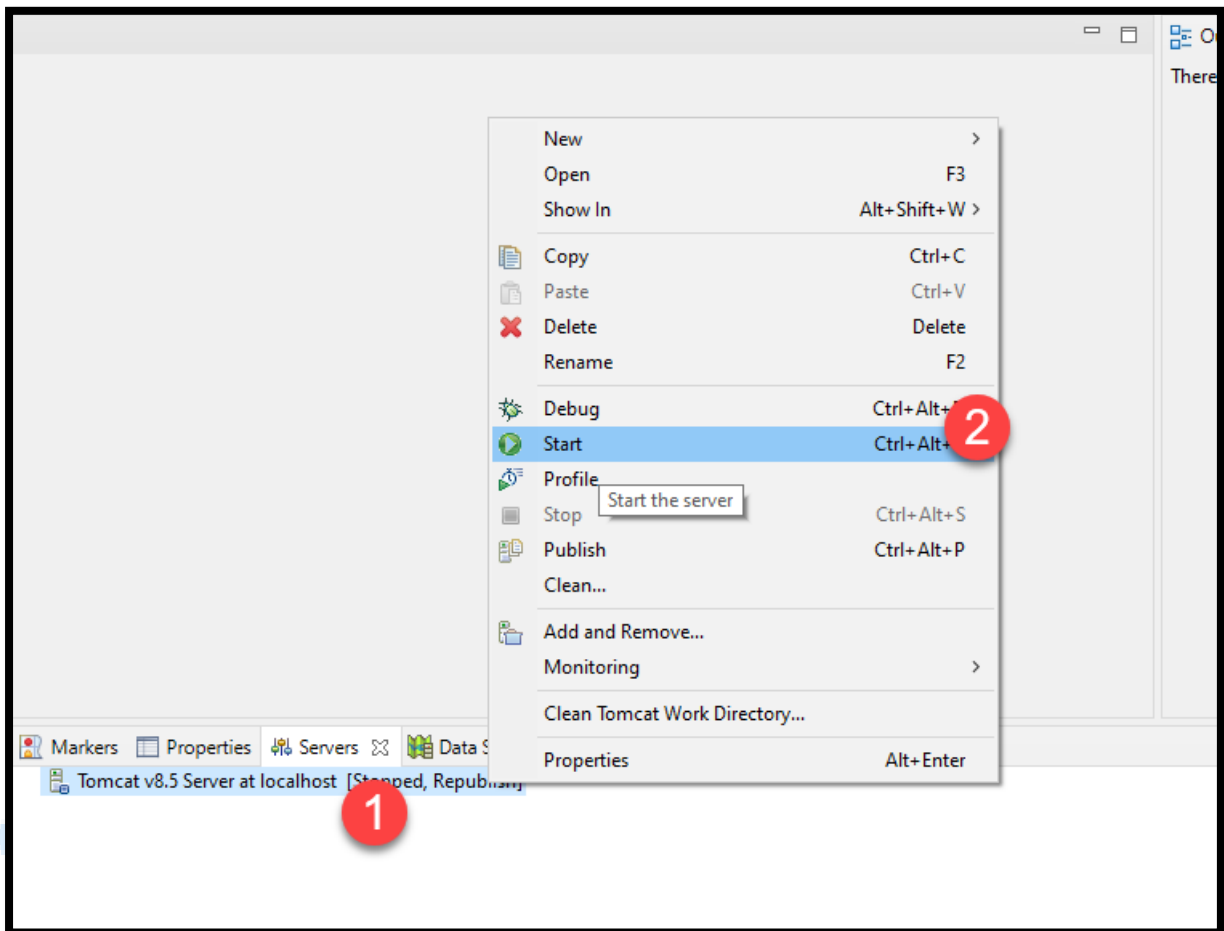


After clicking finish

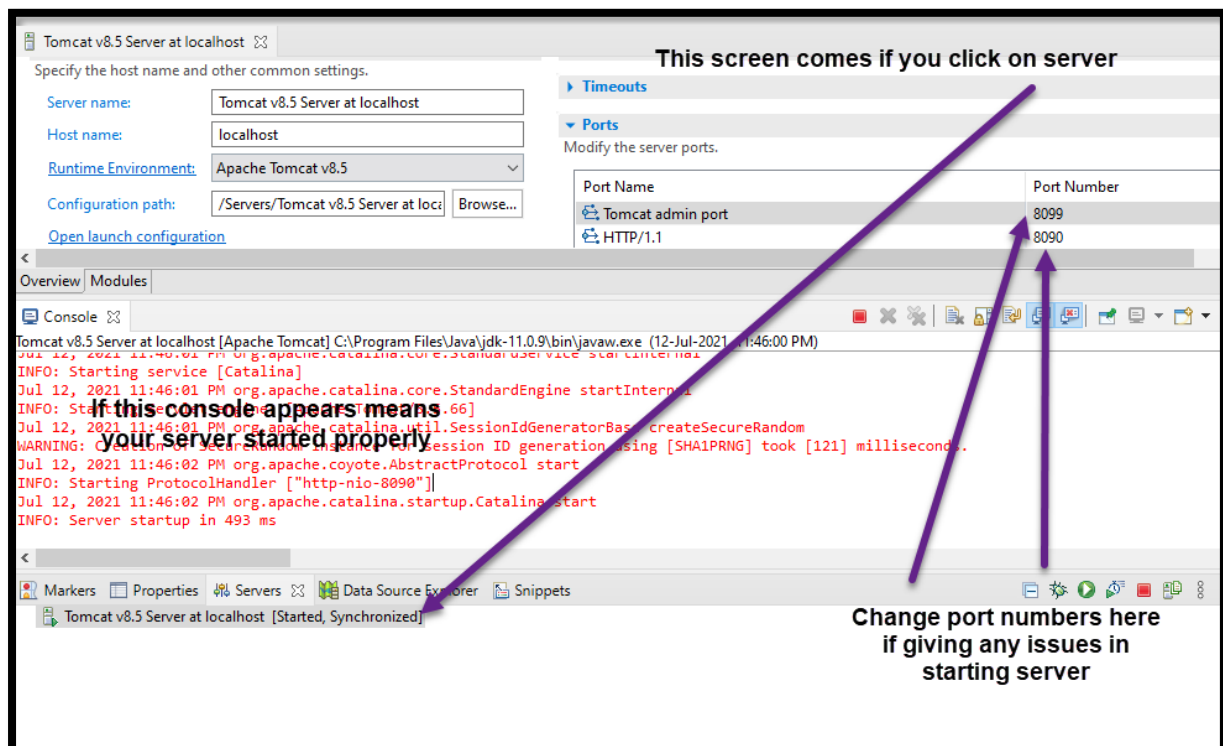




Right click on server



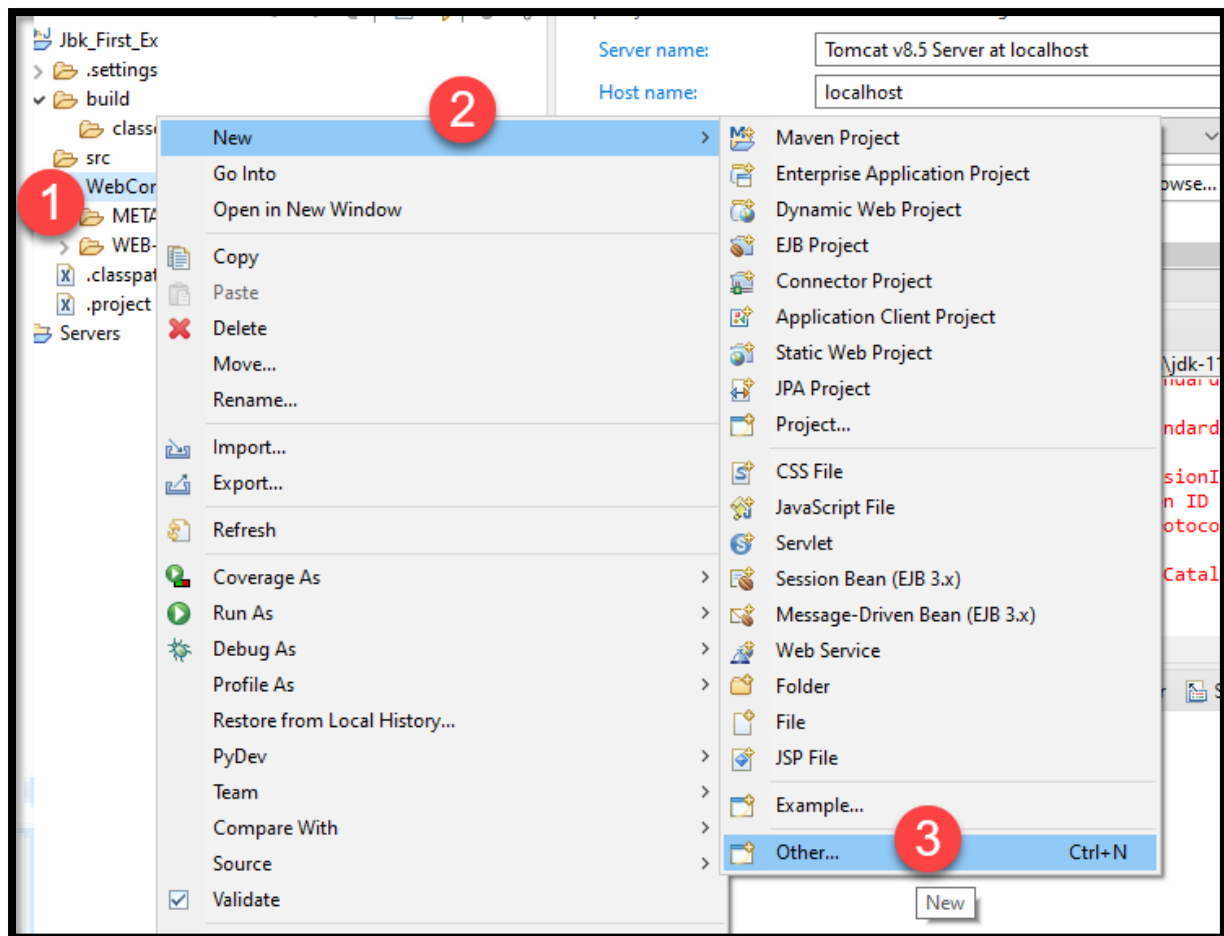
After clicking start observing below – no action needed if no error comes in



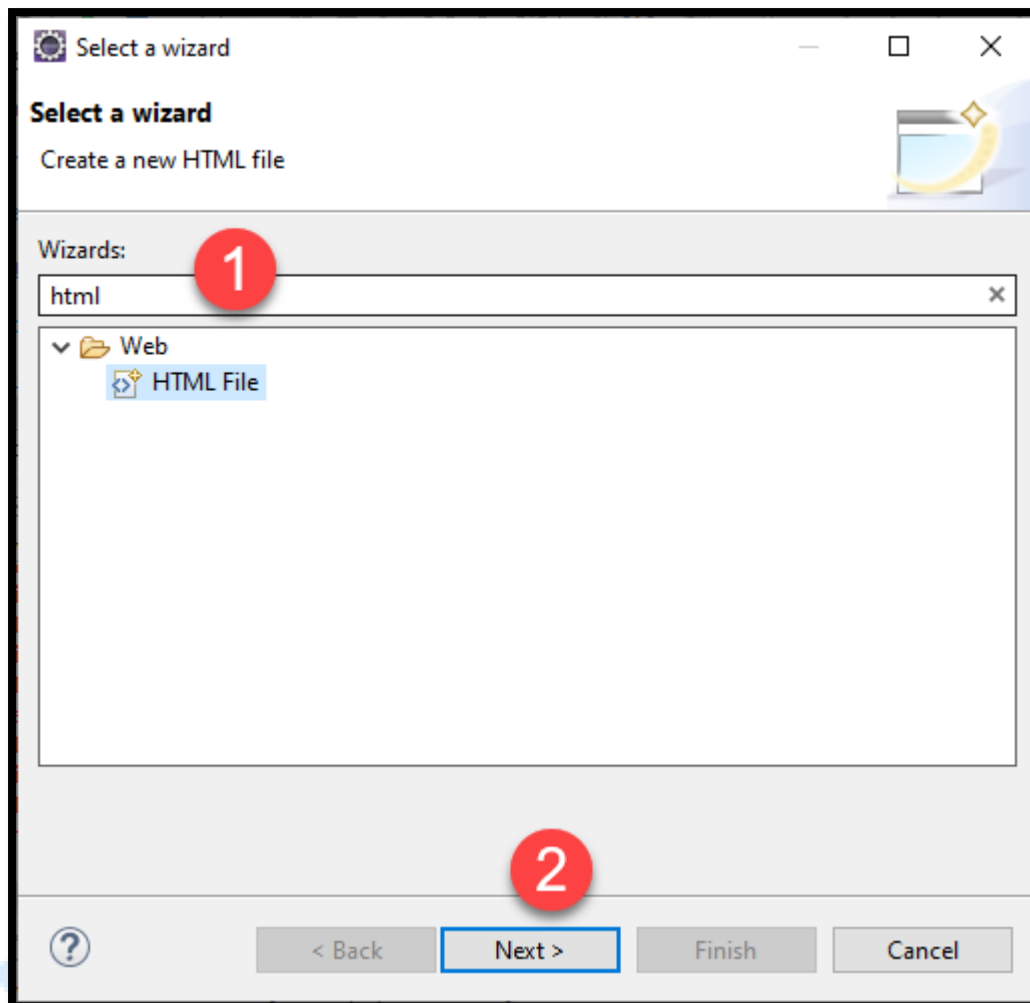
Files required for running the First Application.

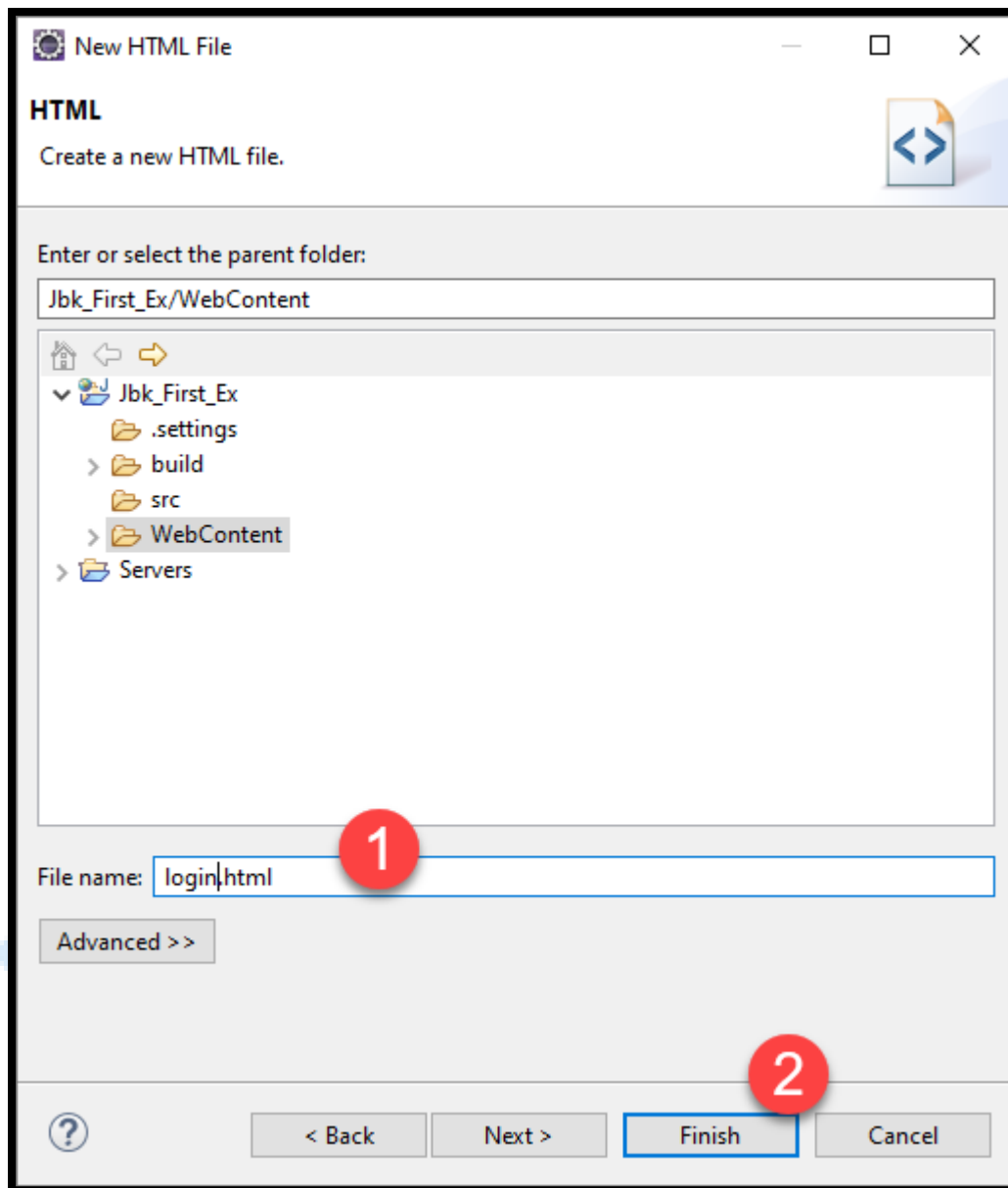
[login.html](#)

[LoginServlet.java](#)



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### 1. login .html:-

```
<h2>JAVA BY KIRAN</h2>
<h2>Account Login </h2>
<form action ="login" method="post"/>
<table>
<tr>
<td>Username:</td><td>
<input type ="text" name="uname"/></td>
```

```
</tr>

<tr>

<td>Password:</td>

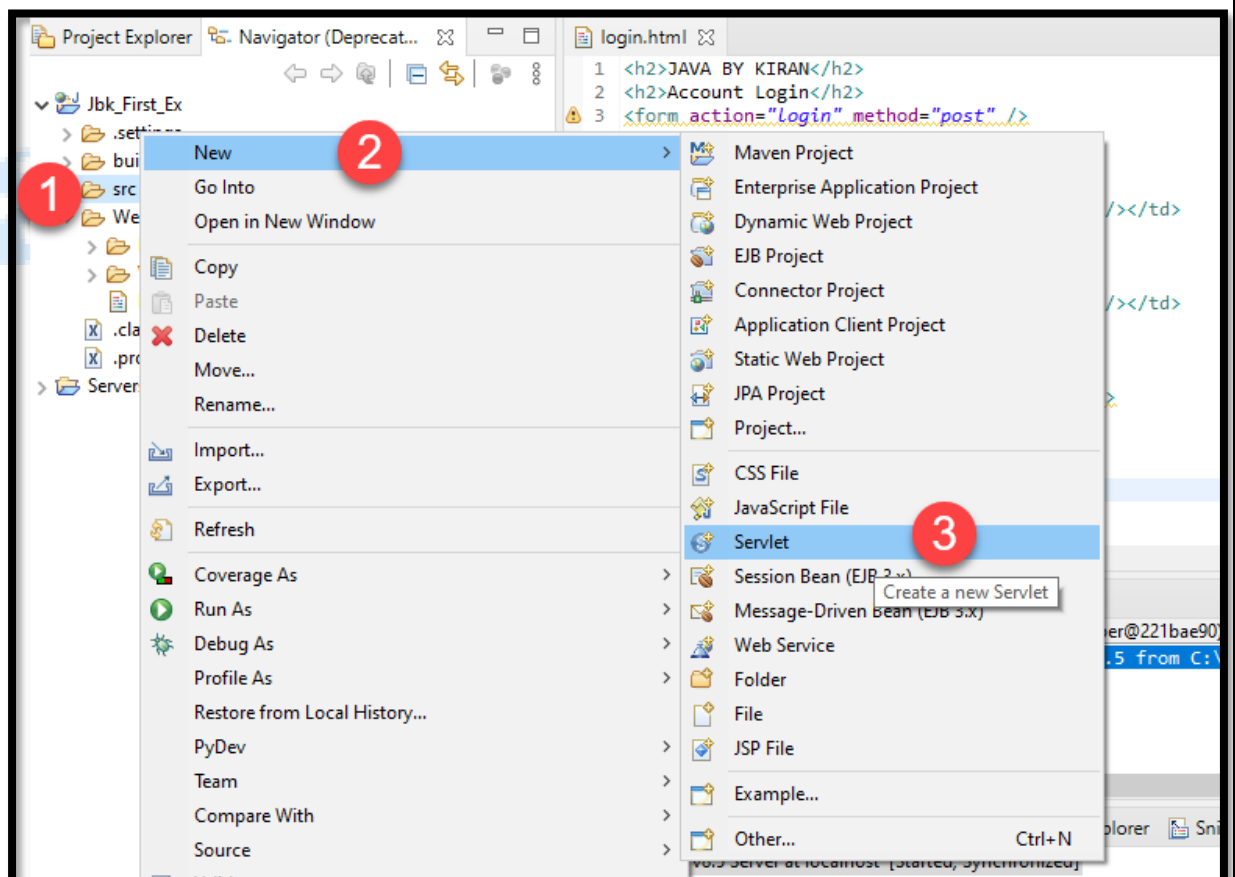
<td><input type ="text" name="pword"/></td>

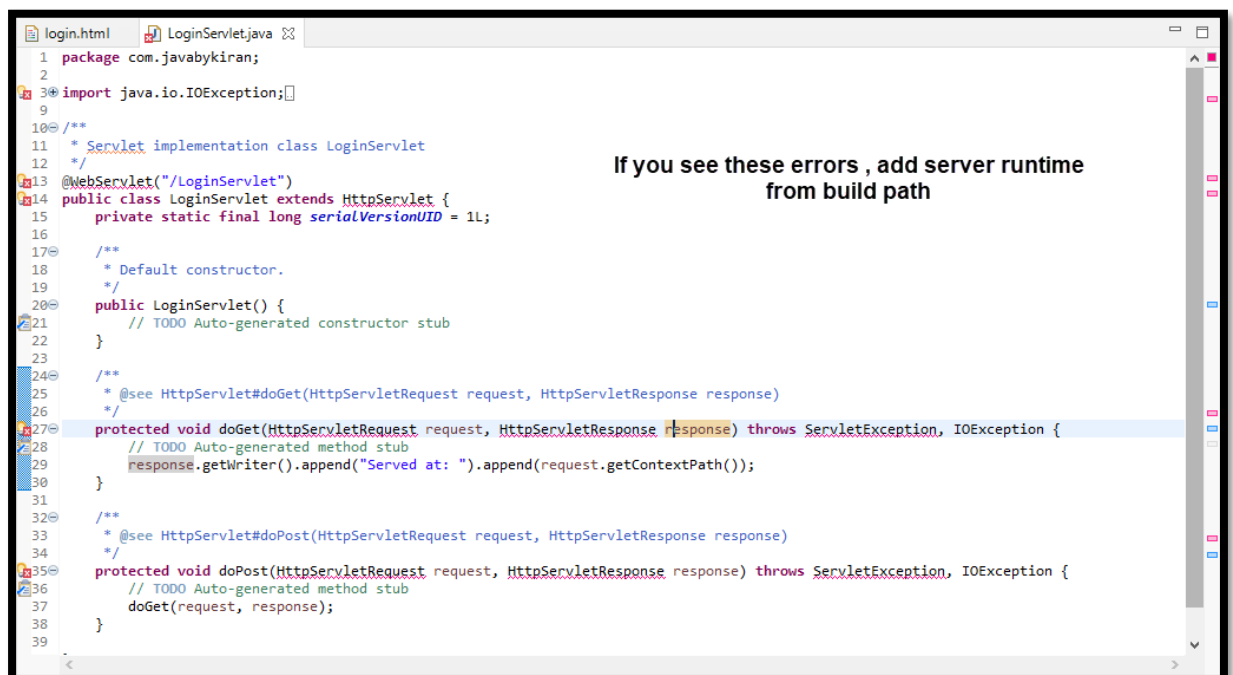
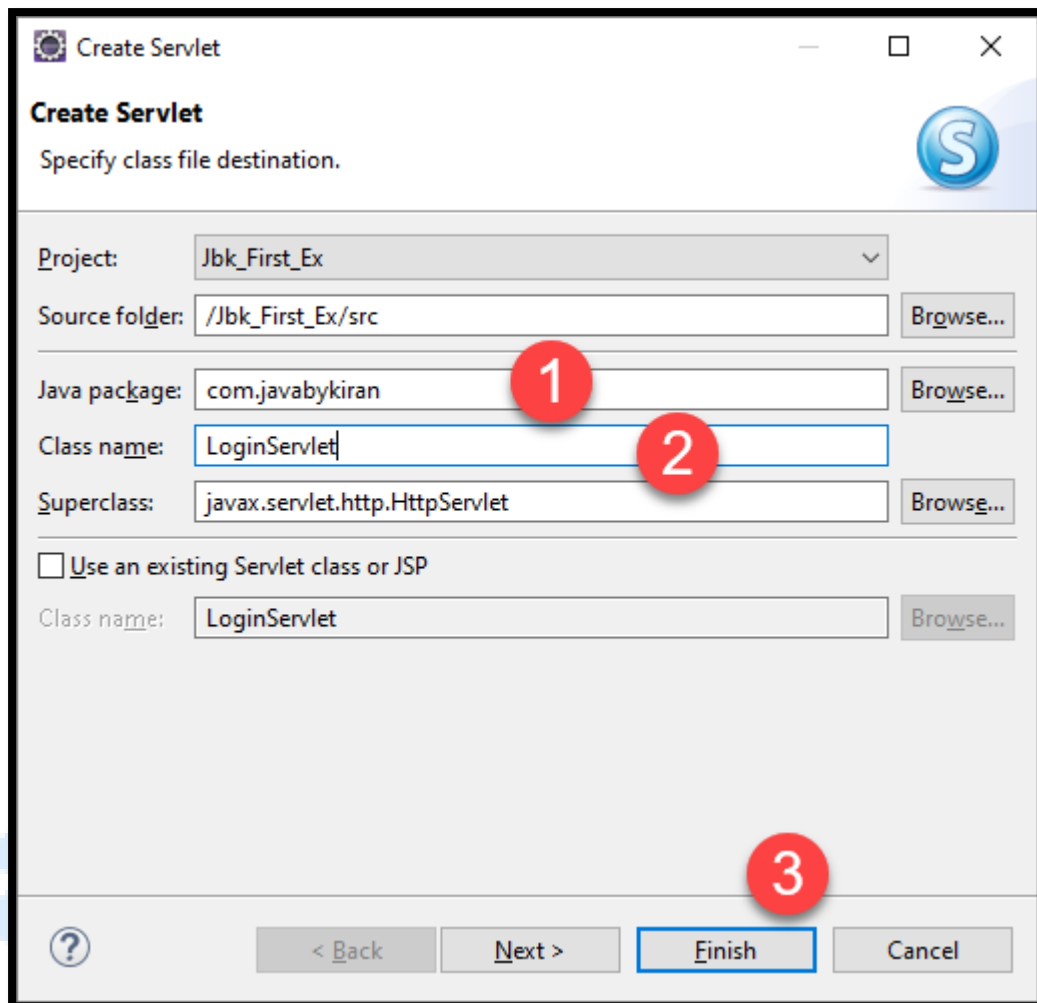
</tr>

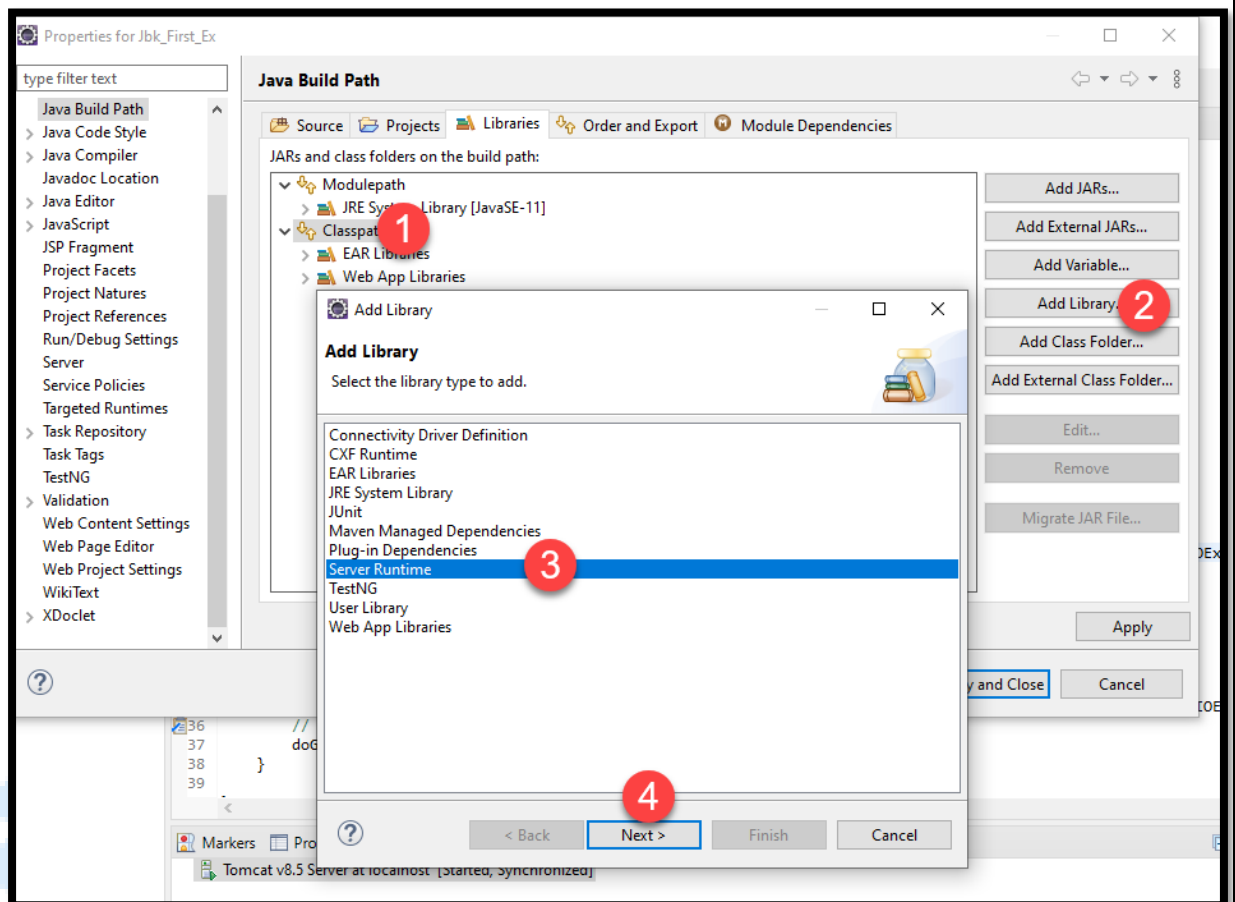
<tr><input type="submit" value="Login"/></tr>

</table>

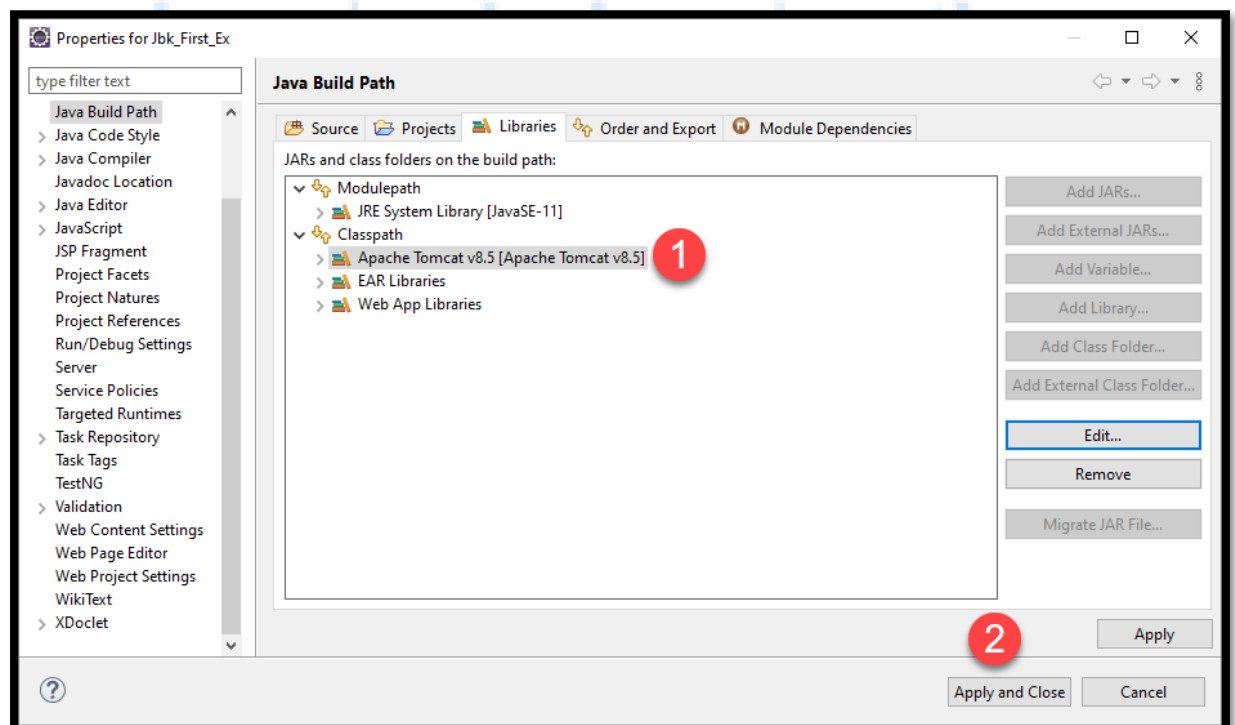
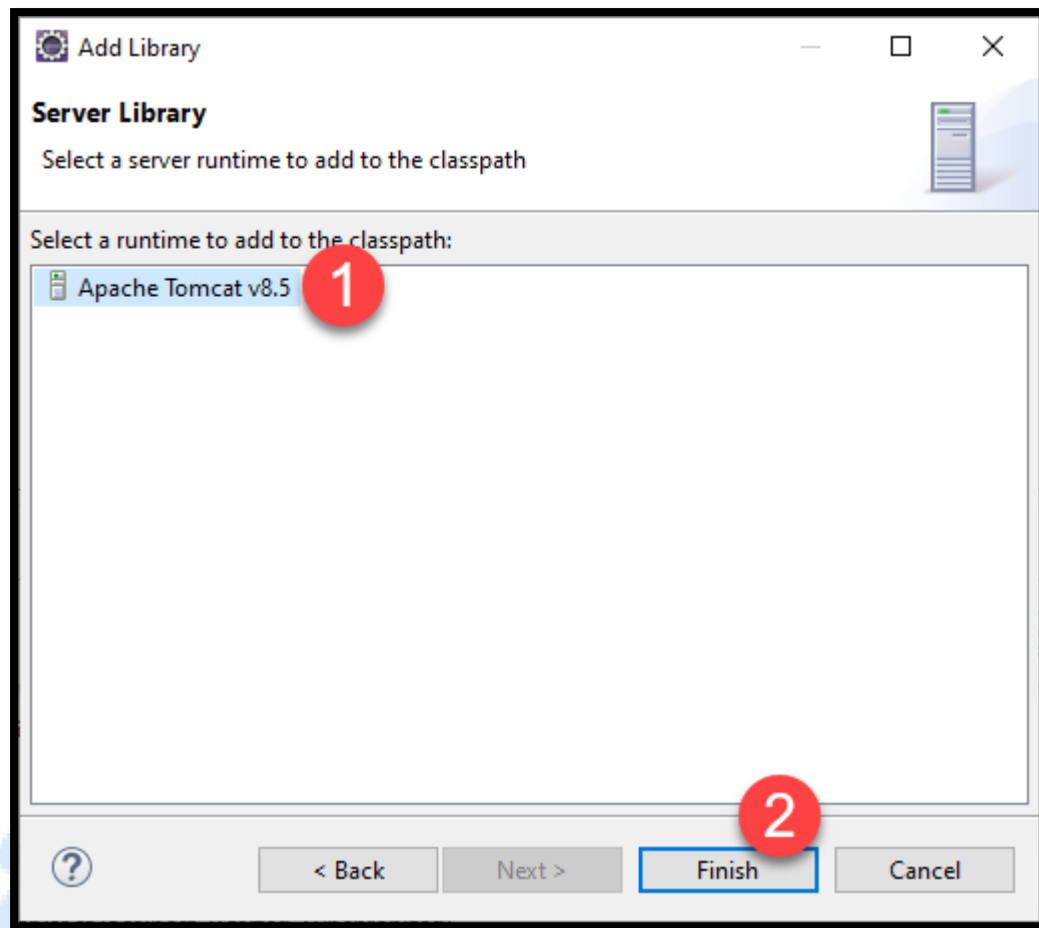
</form>
```

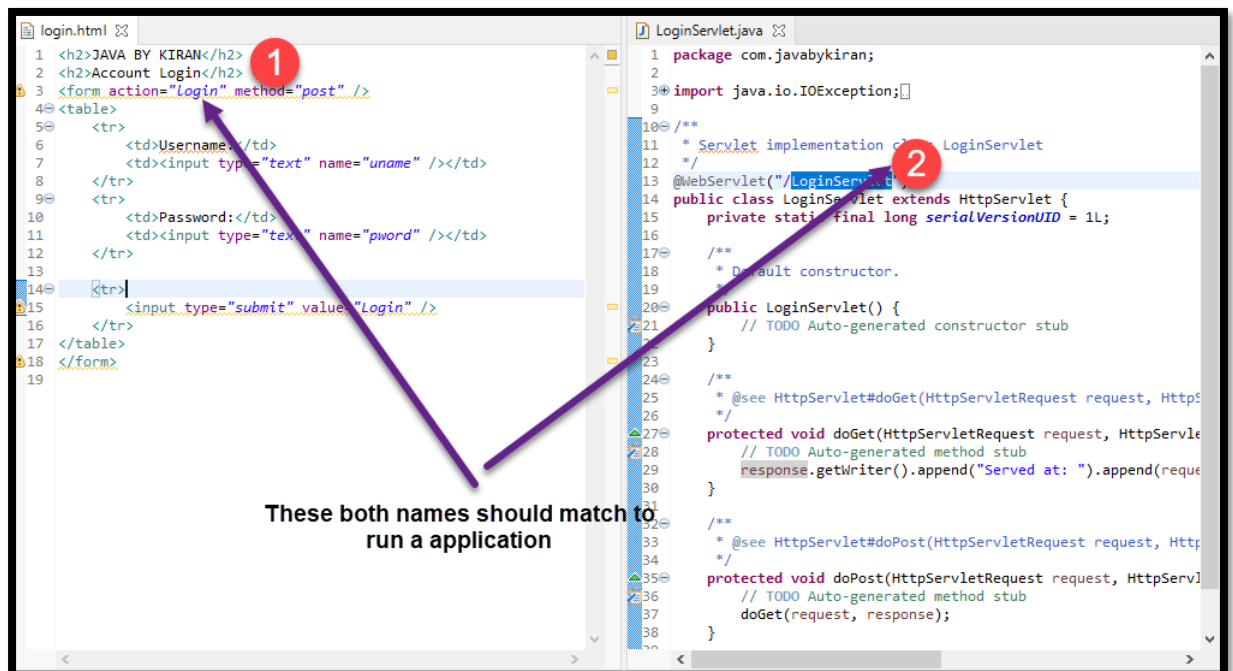












So we will change here servlet @WebServlet annotation value {2} as login as per html page.

## 2. LoginServlet.java

```
package com.javabykiran;

import java.io.IOException;

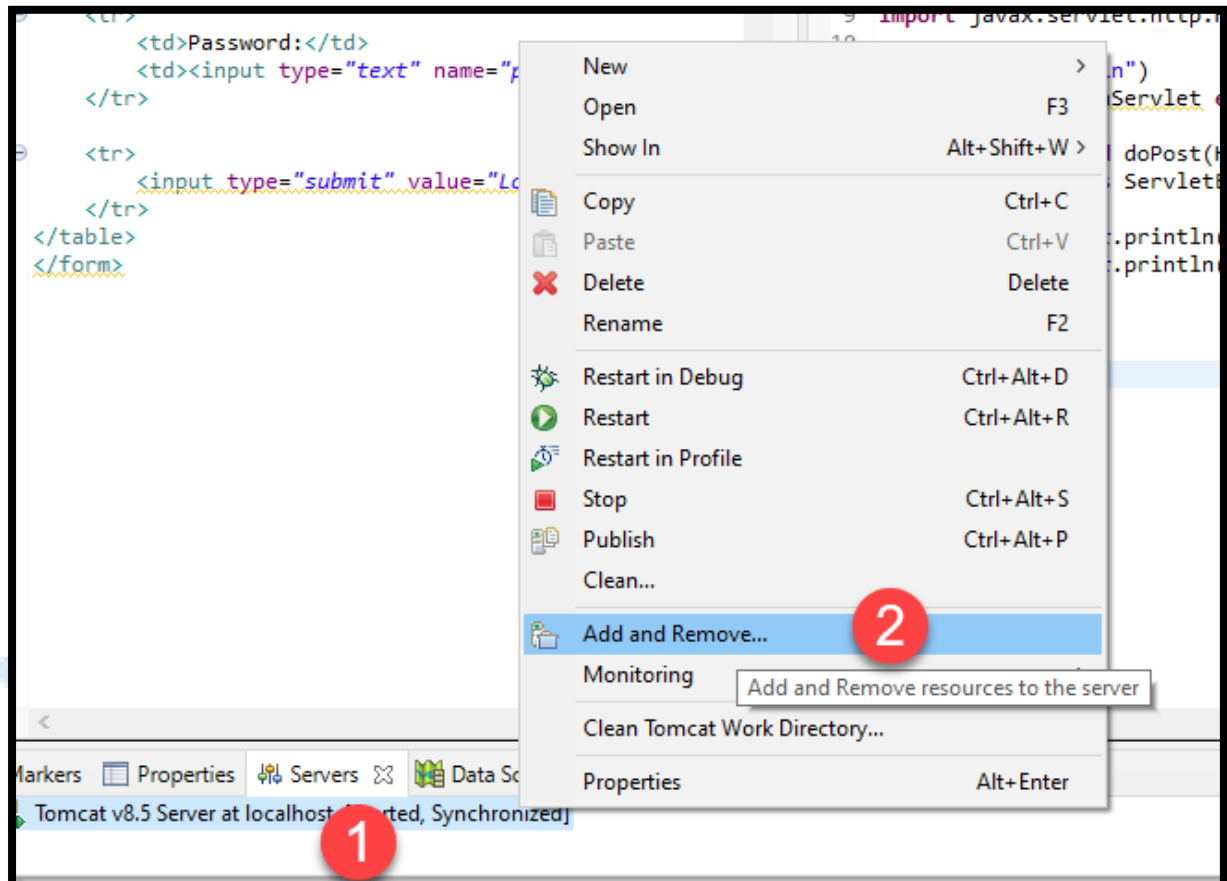
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;

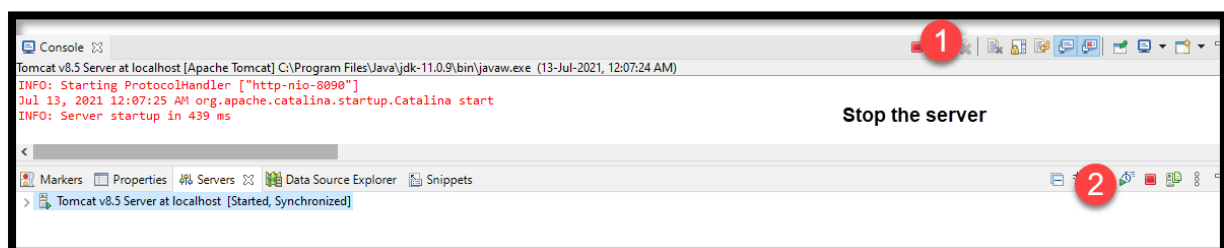
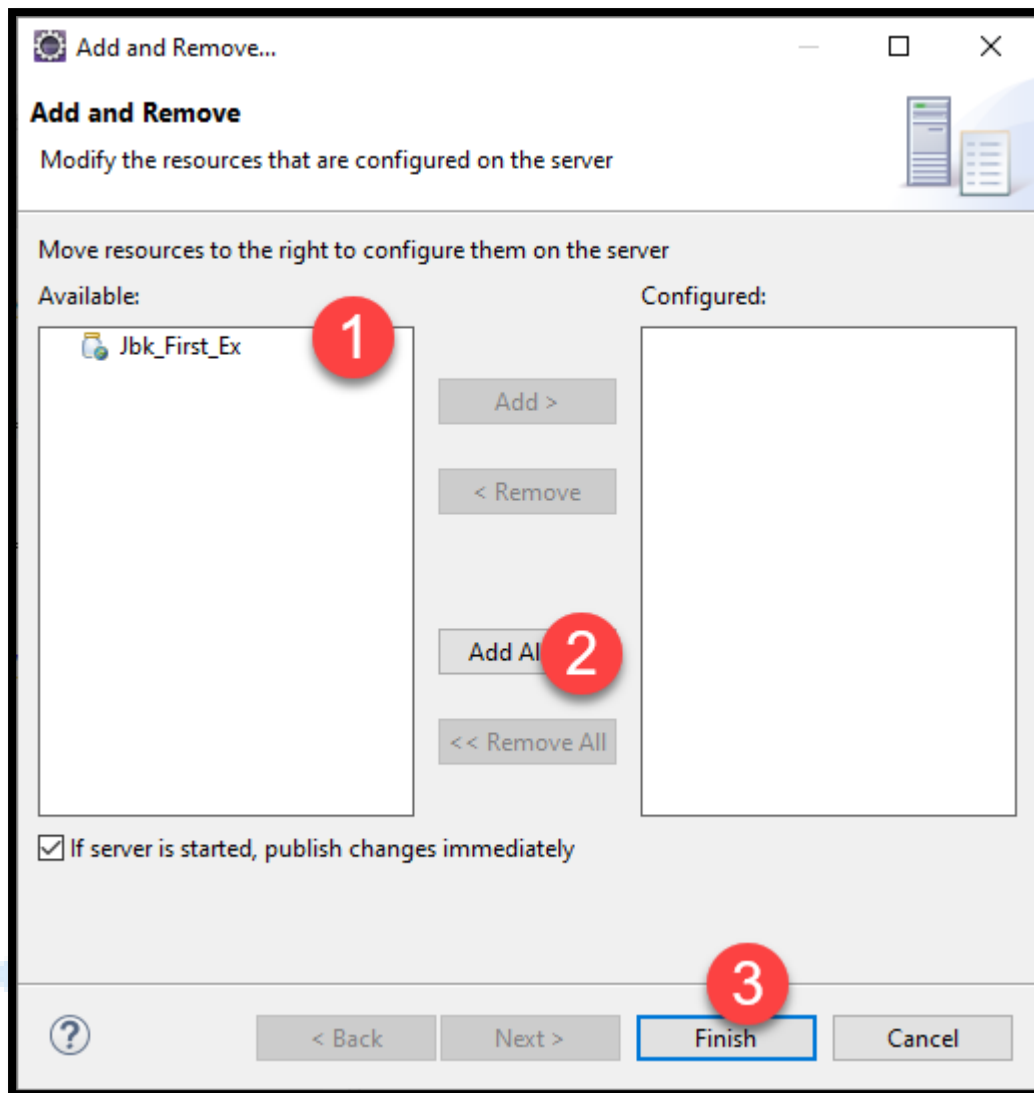
@WebServlet("/login")
public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {

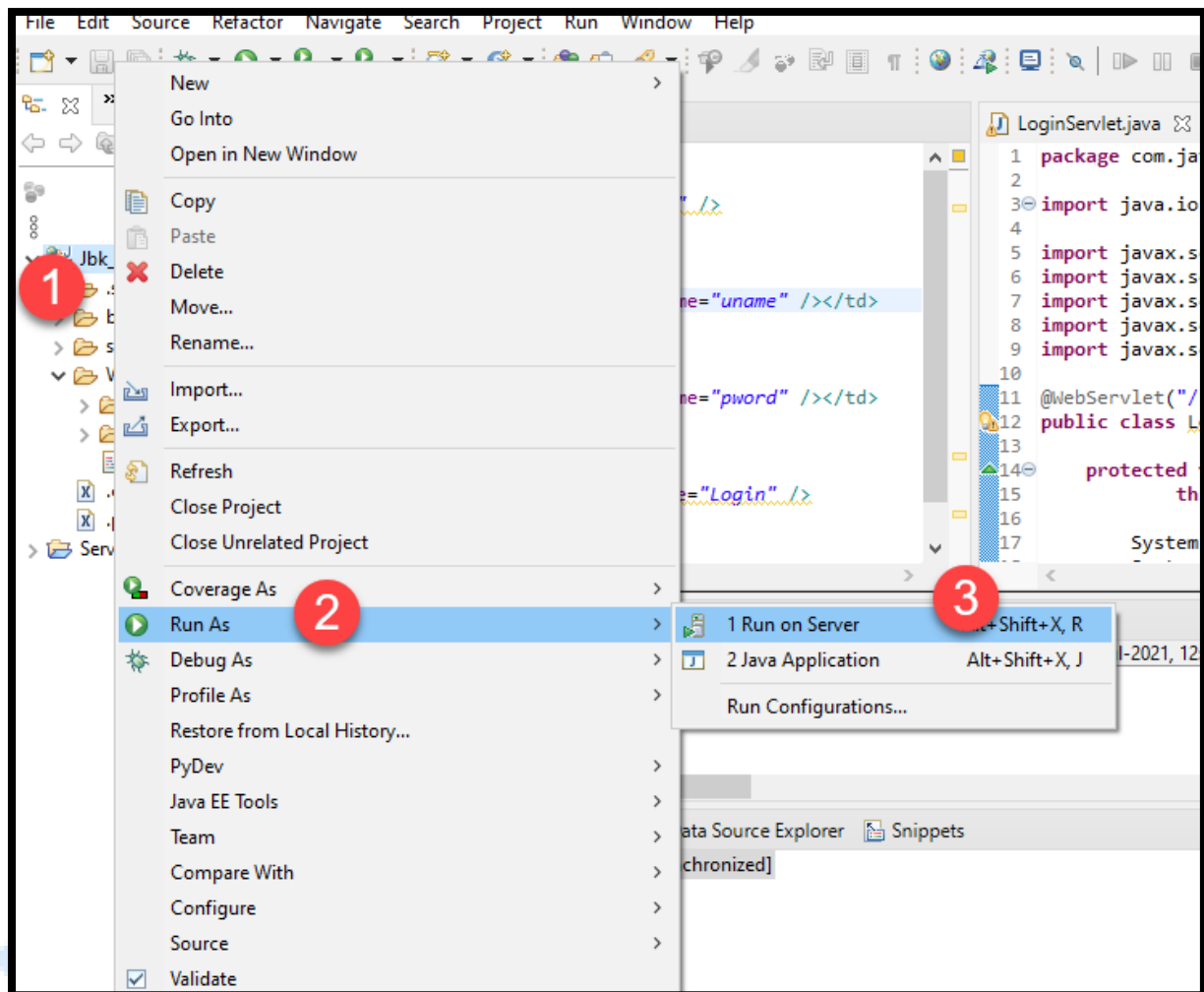
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {

        System.out.println("I am in do post");
        System.out.println("connectivity is made between html and servlet");
    }
}
```

Now run the project



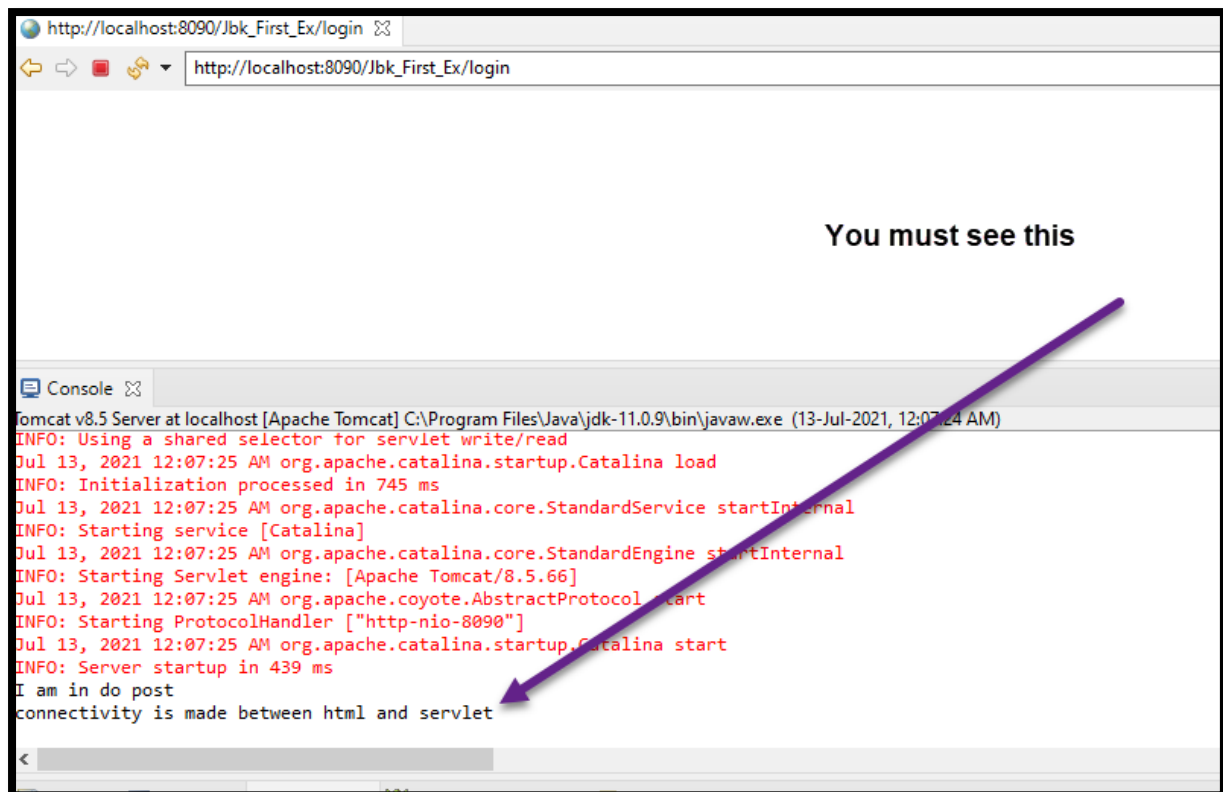




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After adding uname and password click on submit



This is complete deployment of simple first project.

## Types of Applications: -

- ✓ Standalone application
- ✓ Client server application
- ✓ Web application
- ✓ Distributed application
- ✓ Enterprise application

- **Standalone application**:-application that can be used by so many users at a time is called as standalone application.

- Ex :- MS WORD, MUSIC PLAYER, etc.
- Standalone application can be implemented using c,c++,java,etc

- Problems: -

Application has to installed across all the machines .this may give maintenance when you change applications features.

- **Client server application** :- in the case of client server application

- Application is divided into two parts. One part will be installed on server machine and other part will be installed on multiple client machines.  
i.e., multiple clients can be centralized at server machine.  
Ex. yahoo messenger, google-talk etc.
- Client server application can be implemented using c , c++ ,java.
- Data sharing is possible.
- Problems: client S/W has to install across all the machines. This may give maintenance when you change client S/W features.

- **Web application**:- in this case of web application ,application S/W will installed on web server machines only .i.e. multiple clients can access application using any browser.

Ex. javabykiran.com , gmail.com

- Web application can be implemented by using servlets, JSP .
- Data sharing is possible
- No maintenance problem because modification will happen only at web server

## ***Terms generally used.***

- **Web Server**

- Web server is an application which receives request from web client and processes request with the help of web container and send response to web client

Ex. Apache server, PWS, IIS.

- **Web Client**

- Web client is an application which sends the http request to web server and receives the response from web server.

Ex IE, OPERA, MOZILLA etc.

- **Web Container**

- web container is an application responsible for managing the complete lifestyle of Servlet or JSP.

- **HTTP:(Hypertext Transfer Protocol)**

- Http sites on the Top of TCP |IP for transferring web client Info to web server and web server Info to web Client

- **TCP|IP**

- Original Data transfer will happen through TCP/IP.
- IP (Internet Protocol) is responsible for carries data from one place to another.
- TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) placed on the Top TCP|IP and Monitor the Data Transmission.

- **Domain Naming Servers (DNS)**

- DNS is registry where Domain names will be bound with IP address.

- **Web Technology**

- Servlets, JSP

- **Web framework**

- JSP, Spring MVC, etc.