

SERVLET JSP with DATABASE

1. Installing Mysql
2. Mysql connectivity in Servlet
3. Checking userid through database
4. Bringing all users names through database

1. Installing MySQL

Downloading of MySQL software can be done from below link.

<https://drive.google.com/drive/u/3/folders/1hIxiUc0HuBJ0YAnAqBZCe3cupSmUcfRs>

Refer below document for MySQL installation.

<https://javabykiran.in/core-java/MySQL%20and%20Query%20Browser%20installtion.pdf>

MySQL Connector will be needed for connecting java with database.

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1qV3vR9WWrmkRb8Ush6RYuLEjr3hB5l-q?usp=sharing>

2. MySQL connectivity in Servlet

Before using database in our project, we must have something running without database which we already done in JBKADV1002-servlet assignment .pdf

Please refer to the document here

<https://javabykiran.in/advance-java/JBKADV1002-servlet%20assignment%20.pdf>

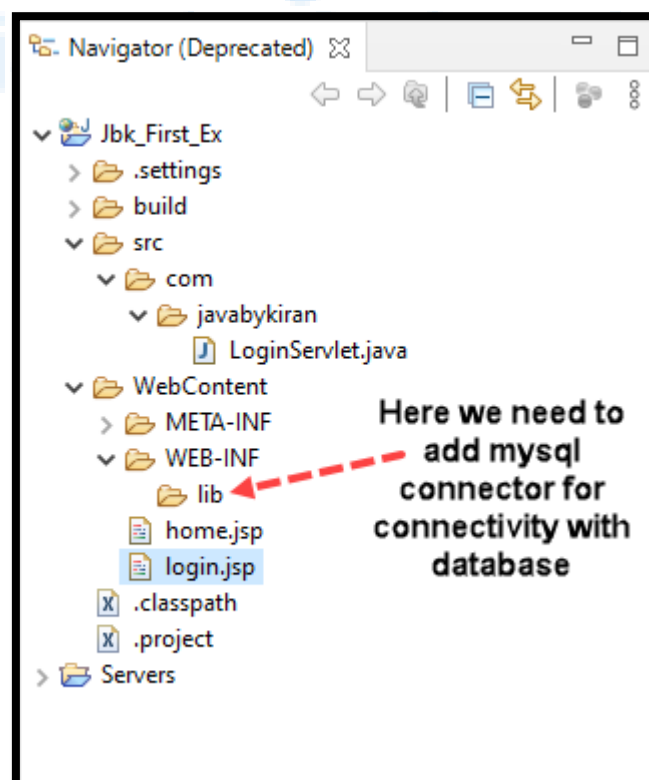
Create table in database “user” [you can have any name]

```
mysql> select * from users;
+-----+-----+
| userid | username |
+-----+-----+
| 1      | jbk      |
| 2      | kiran    |
| 3      | javabykiran |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

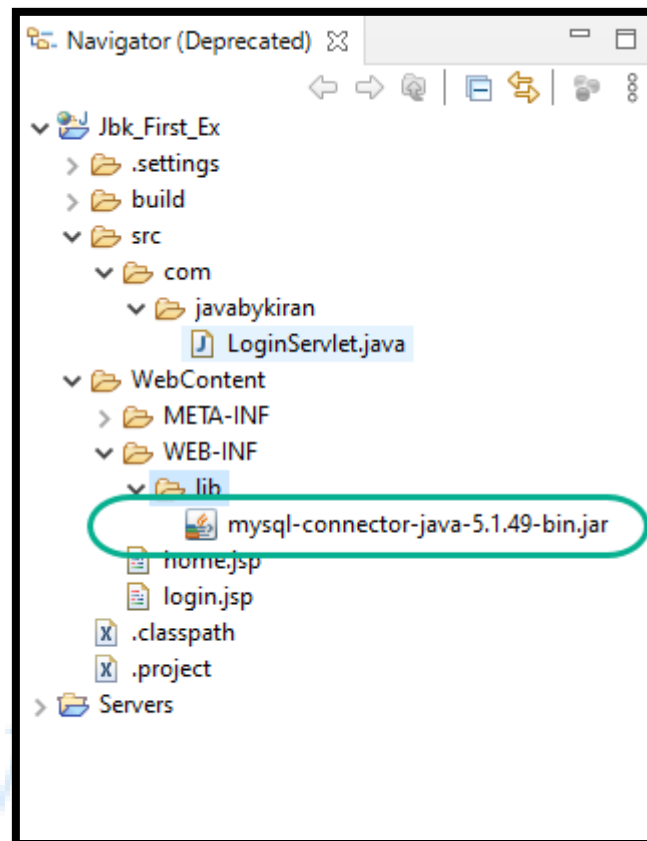
Recap:

1. Project should have login page and we should be receiving username and password in a servlet.
2. Navigation code should be present in servlet.

We need to have project structure like below.



Add jar in this folder just by copy and paste.

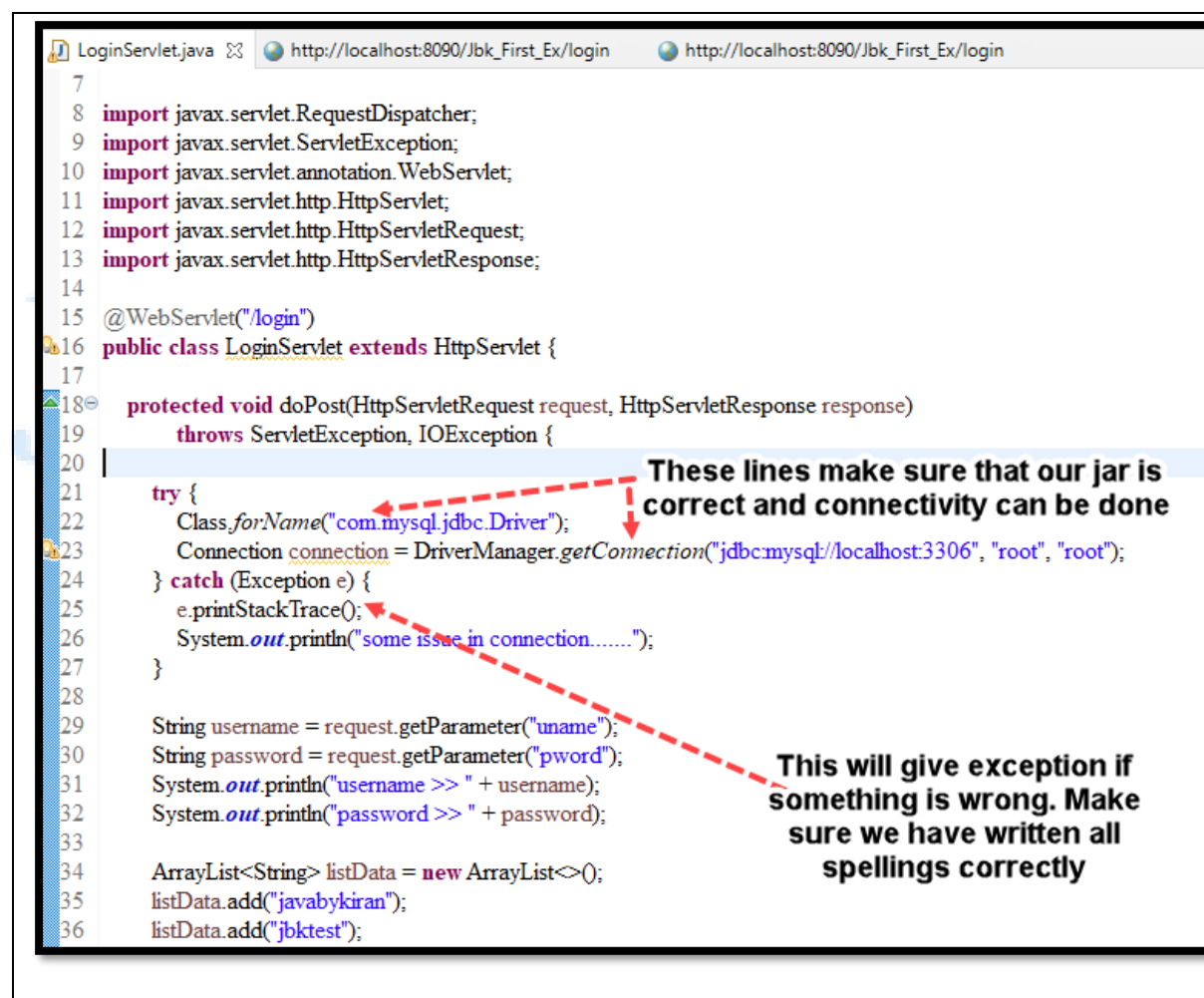


3. Checking userid through database

4. Bringing all users names through database

Now in servlet just write few lines to check if we have connected database properly.

LoginServlet.java



The screenshot shows the LoginServlet.java file in an IDE. The code includes imports for javax.servlet.* and javax.servlet.http.*, followed by the @WebServlet("/login") annotation and the LoginServlet class extending HttpServlet. The doPost method is annotated with throws ServletException, IOException. Inside doPost, there is a try block for database connection. Red dashed arrows point from annotations to specific lines of code. One arrow points from the text 'These lines make sure that our jar is correct and connectivity can be done' to lines 21-23. Another arrow points from the text 'This will give exception if something is wrong. Make sure we have written all spellings correctly' to line 25.

```
7
8 import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
9 import javax.servlet.ServletException;
10 import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
11 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
12 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
13 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
14
15 @WebServlet("/login")
16 public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {
17
18     protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
19         throws ServletException, IOException {
20
21         try {
22             Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
23             Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306", "root", "root");
24         } catch (Exception e) {
25             e.printStackTrace();
26             System.out.println("some issue in connection.....");
27         }
28
29         String username = request.getParameter("uname");
30         String password = request.getParameter("pword");
31         System.out.println("username >> " + username);
32         System.out.println("password >> " + password);
33
34         ArrayList<String> listData = new ArrayList<>();
35         listData.add("javabykiran");
36         listData.add("jbktest");
```

These lines make sure that our jar is correct and connectivity can be done

This will give exception if something is wrong. Make sure we have written all spellings correctly

Code snippet as below

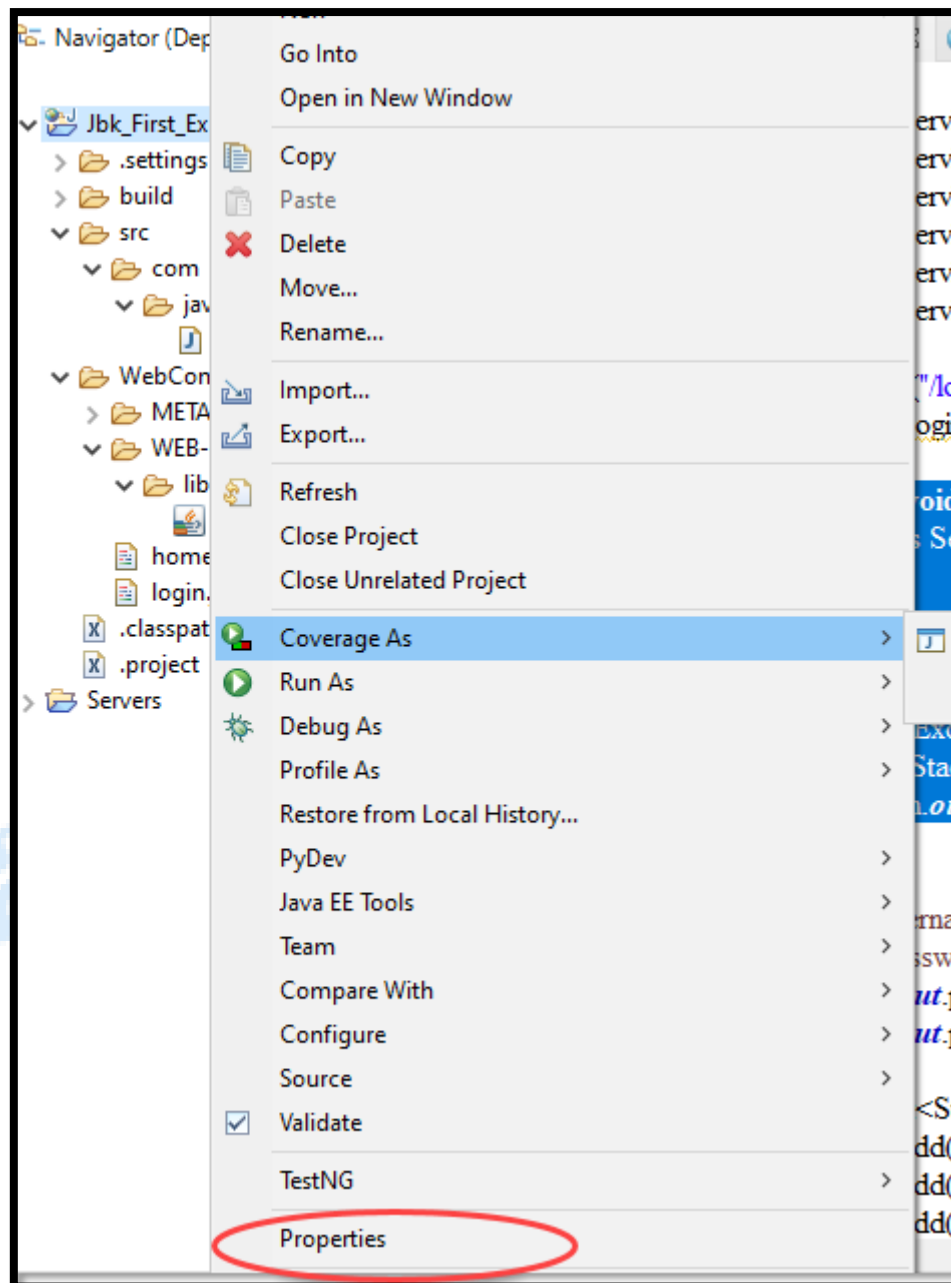
```
protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
    throws ServletException, IOException {

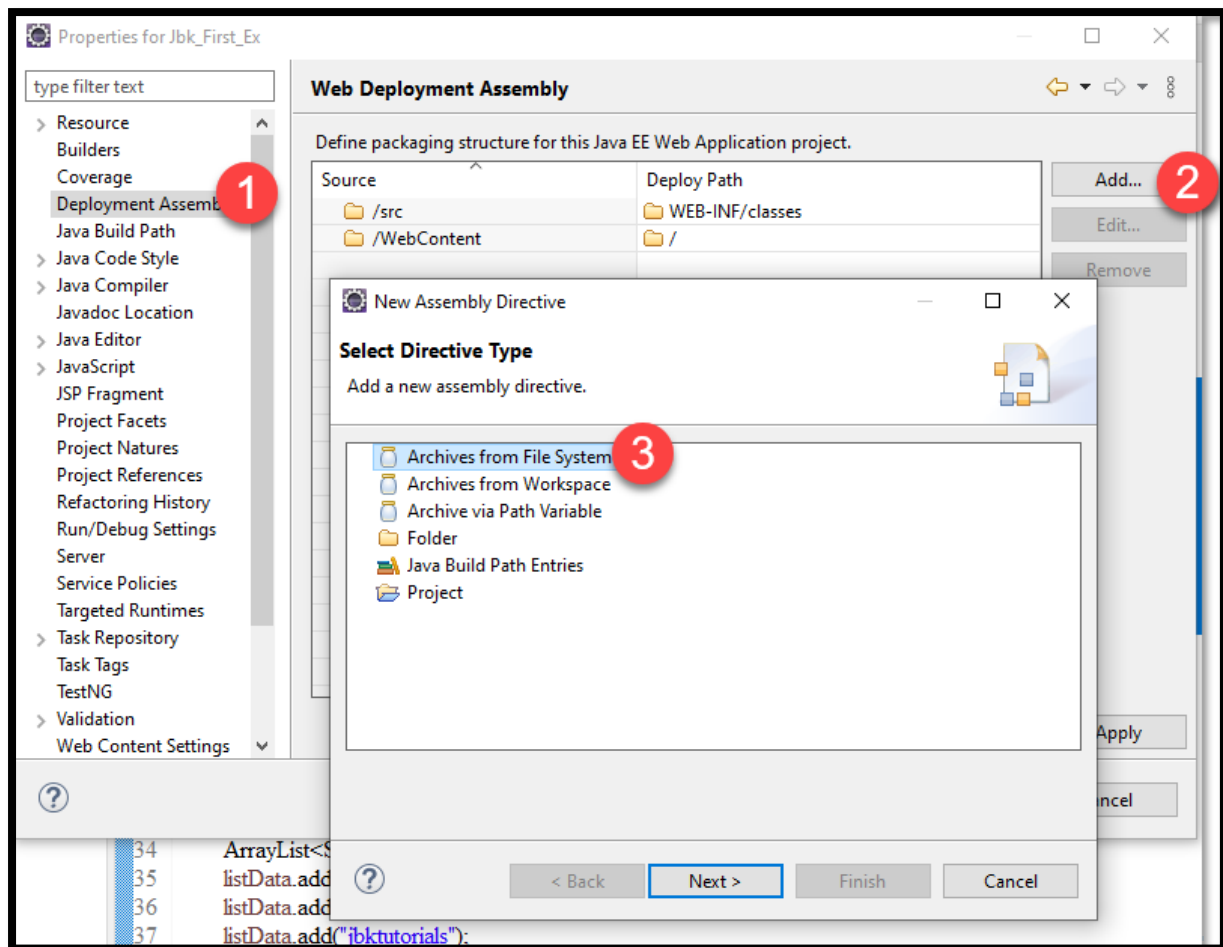
    try {
        Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
        Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306",
            "root", "root");
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        System.out.println("some issue in connection.....");
    }
}
```

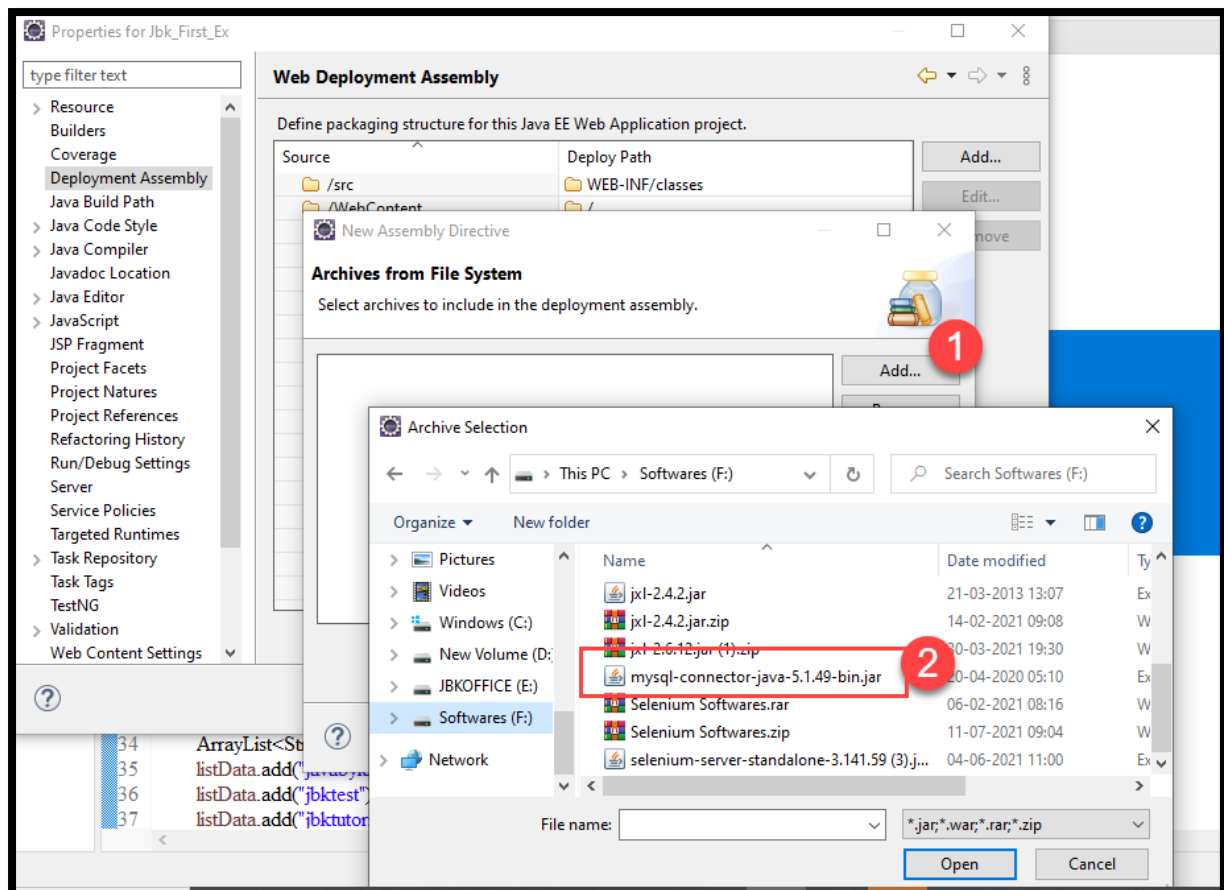
Until now we only have checked DB in our project.

java | selenium | python

One more thing we can do if jar or MySQL driver class is not located by our server - optional.







This will make sure our jar is properly added in our project.

Let's begin with logic building for username and password checking and fetching all employees from database.

Servlet code look like this, we only need to change Servlet code replacing hard coding with database.


```

package com.javabykiran;

import java.io.IOException;

@WebServlet("/login")
public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {

    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
        Connection connection = null;
        Statement statement = null;
        boolean userExist = false;
        String username = request.getParameter("uname");
        String password = request.getParameter("pword");
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
            connection = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/test", "root", "root");
            statement = connection.createStatement();
            String sql = "select * from users where username='" + username + "'";
            System.out.println(sql);
            ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery(sql);
            if (resultSet.next()) {
                userExist = true;
            }
            if (userExist) {
                String sql1 = "select username from users";
                ResultSet resultSet1 = statement.executeQuery(sql1);
                ArrayList<String> alUnameList = new ArrayList<>();
                while (resultSet1.next()) {
                    alUnameList.add(resultSet1.getString(1));
                }
                request.setAttribute("data", alUnameList);
                RequestDispatcher rd = request.getRequestDispatcher("home.jsp");
                rd.forward(request, response);
            } else {
                request.setAttribute("msg", "Your userId and Password are Wrong");
                RequestDispatcher rd = request.getRequestDispatcher("login.jsp");
                rd.forward(request, response);
            }
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
            System.out.println("some issue in connection.....");
        }
    }
}

```

All db related variables are declared

Only user name is checked . Homework : check here password as well

Checking if user name is correct

Only if user is valid we are fetching user names otherwise it will go to else block

Adding every value in Arraylist

LoginServlet.java code will look like this.

```
package com.javabykiran;

import java.io.IOException;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.util.ArrayList;

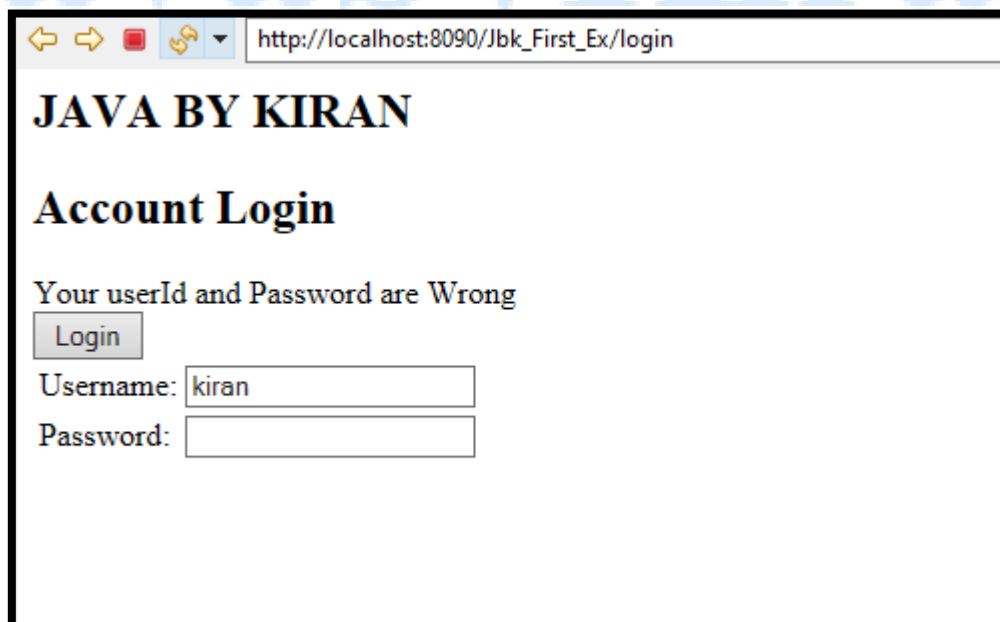
import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;

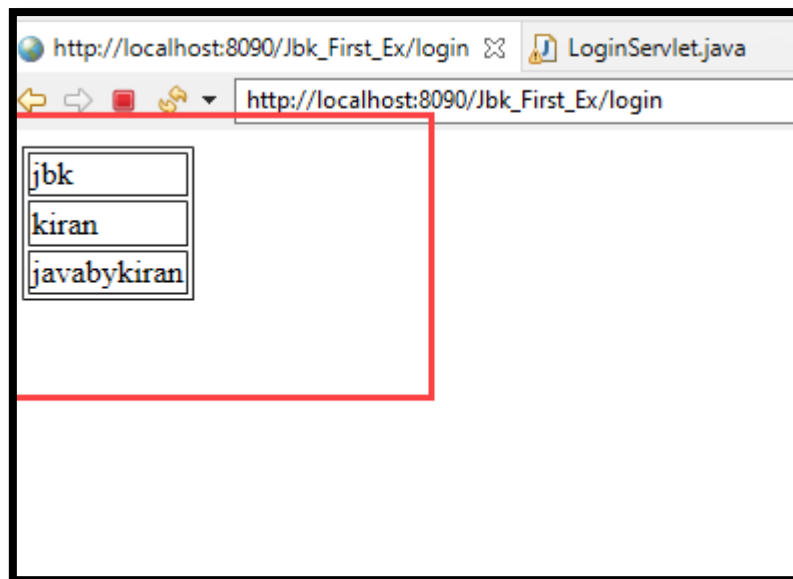
@WebServlet("/login")
public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {

    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        Connection connection = null;
        Statement statement = null;
        boolean userExist = false;
        String username = request.getParameter("uname");
        String password = request.getParameter("pword");
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
            connection =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/test", "root", "root");
            statement = connection.createStatement();
            String sql = "select * from users where username='" + username + "'";
            System.out.println(sql);
            ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery(sql);
            if (resultSet.next()) {
                userExist = true;
            }
            if (userExist) {
                String sql1 = "select username from users";
                ResultSet resultSet1 = statement.executeQuery(sql1);
                ArrayList<String> alUnameList = new ArrayList<>();
                while (resultSet1.next()) {
                    alUnameList.add(resultSet1.getString(1));
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        request.setAttribute("data", alUnameList);
        RequestDispatcher rd = request.getRequestDispatcher("home.jsp");
        rd.forward(request, response);
    } else {
        request.setAttribute("msg", "Your userId and Password are Wrong");
        RequestDispatcher rd = request.getRequestDispatcher("login.jsp");
        rd.forward(request, response);
    }
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
    System.out.println("some issue in connection.....");
}
}
```

Now run a project





http://localhost:8090/Jbk_First_Ex/login LoginServlet.java

http://localhost:8090/Jbk_First_Ex/login

jbk

kiran

javabykiran



http://localhost:8090/Jbk_First_Ex/login LoginServlet.java

http://localhost:8090/Jbk_First_Ex/login

JAVA BY KIRAN

Account Login

Your userId and Password are Wrong

Login

Username: kiran123 x

Password:

Homework:

1. Modify table with password column.
2. Verify username and password from DB in this document only username validation is covered.
3. Display usernames and passwords on home.jsp in this document we only displayed usernames.
 - a. Hint: use HashMap instead of arrayList

Download:

<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1T491ZkQve-v-Z5vu9mfB83Dx2iVmZPln?usp=sharing>

javabyKiran
java | selenium | python