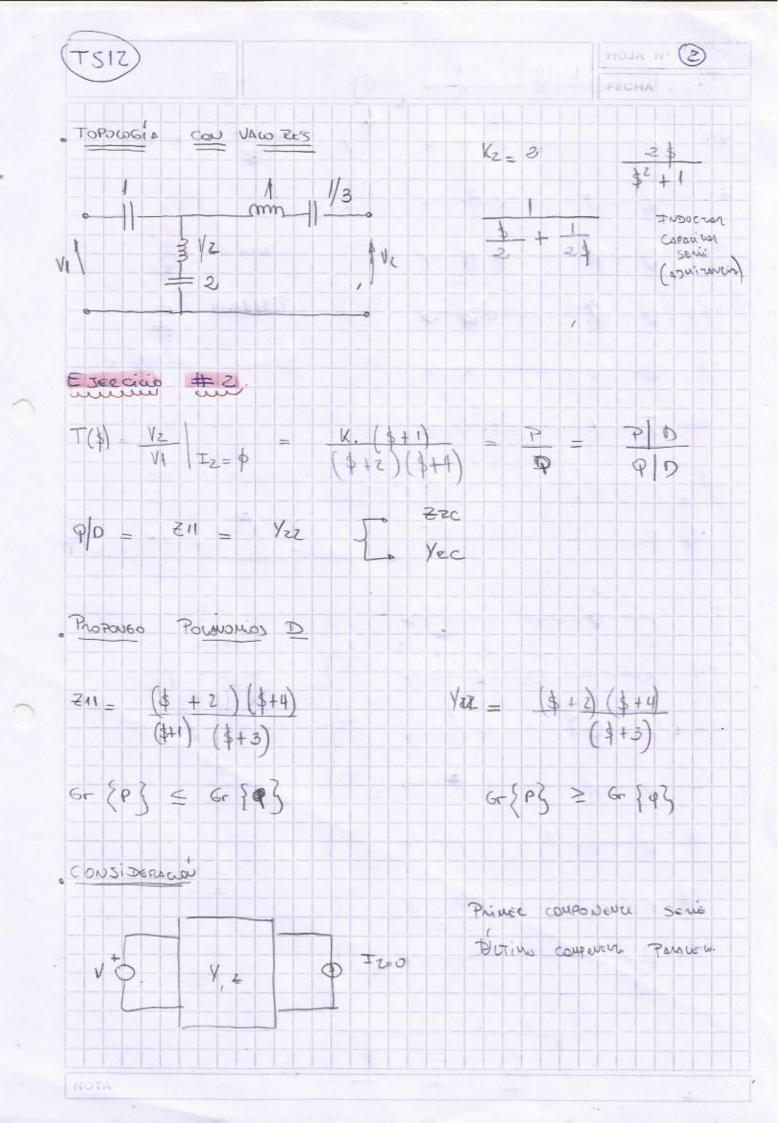


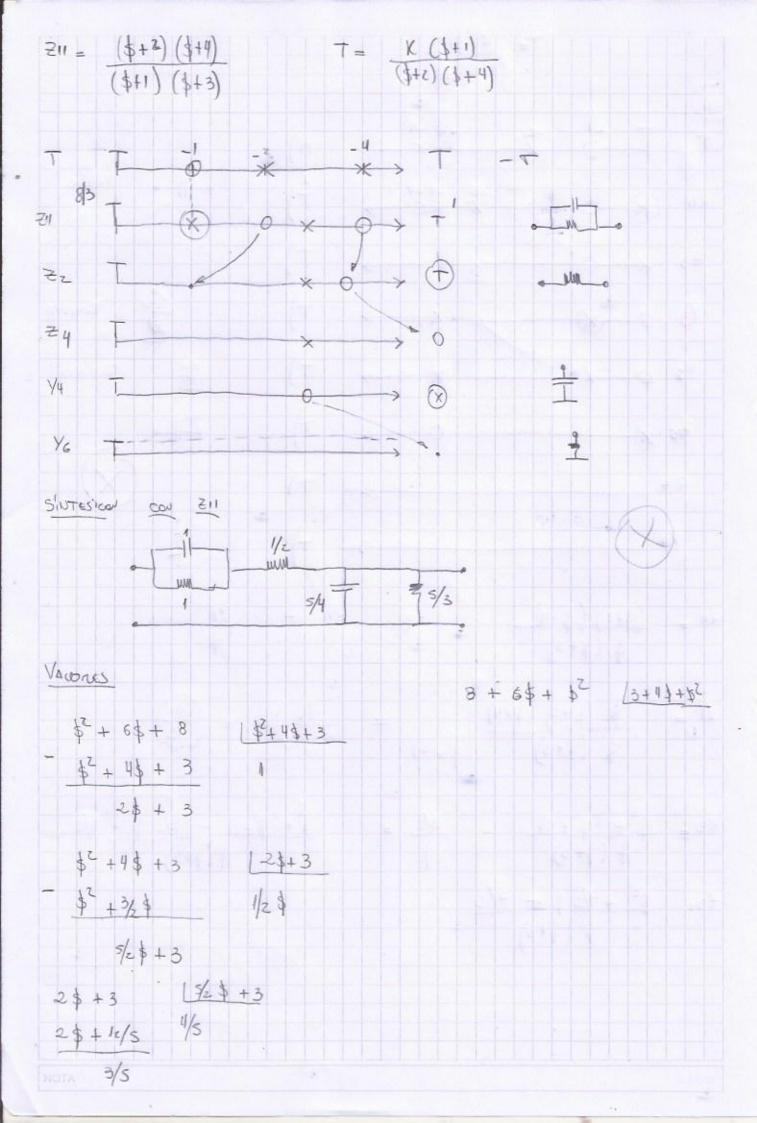
b) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

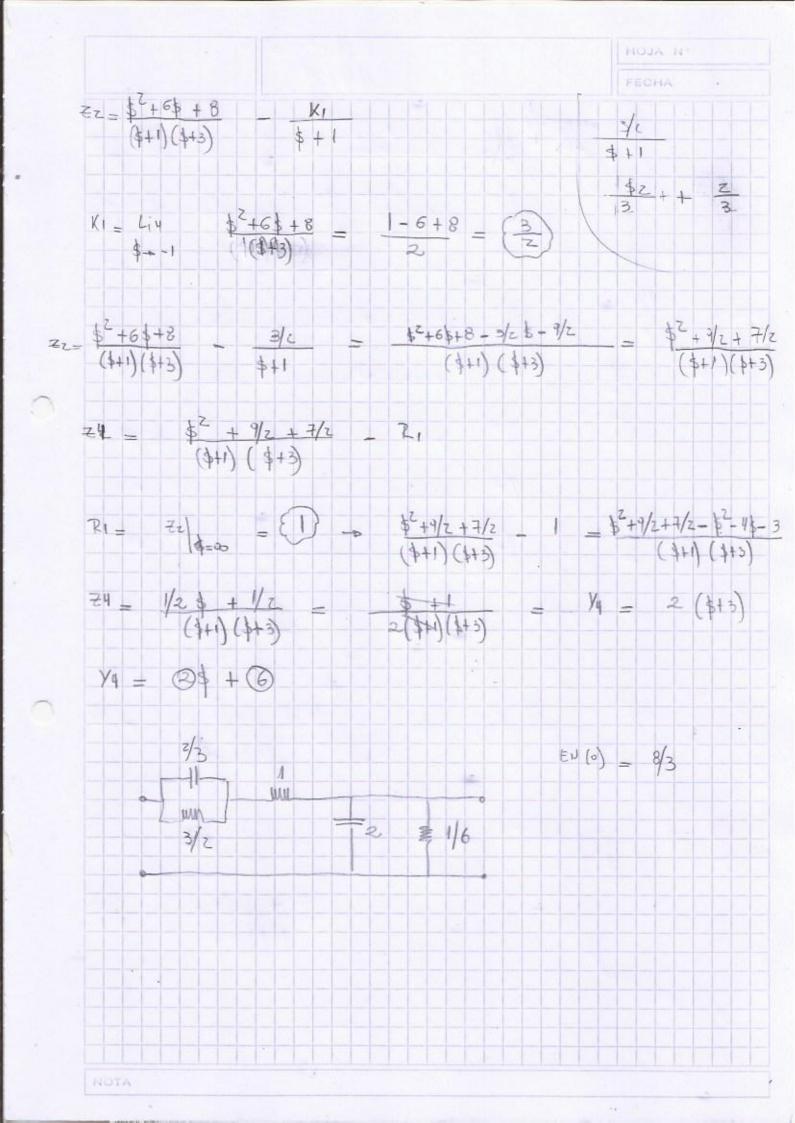
$$\begin{cases} 1 & 4 & = 1 \\ 3 & \frac{1}{3} & = 1 \end{cases}$$

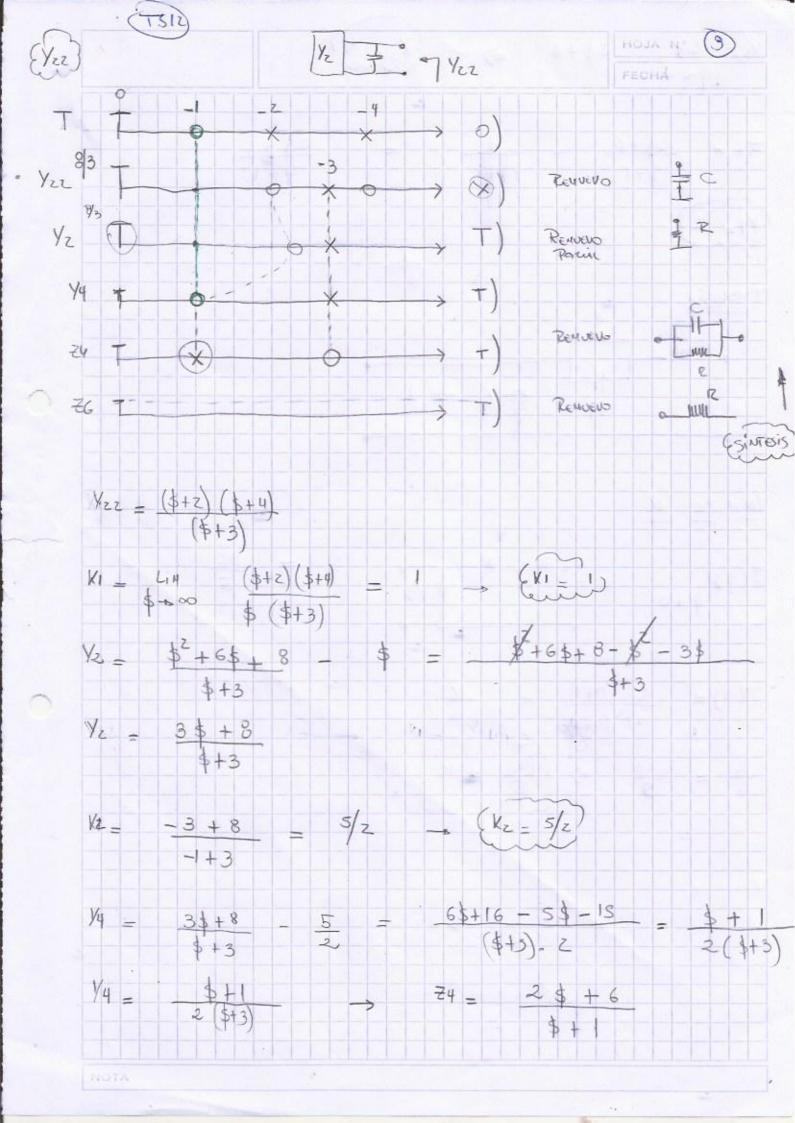
$$\begin{cases} 2 = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow (\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$









$$K_{3} = \lim_{k \to -1} 2 + 6 \implies (K_{3} = 4)$$

$$Z_{6} = 2 + 6 \implies 4 + 1$$

$$K_{4} = Z$$

$$Topologia$$

$$II_{4} = Z/5 = 1$$

$$Value De K$$

$$Z = \frac{3z}{5}$$

$$T(0) = \frac{K(0+1)}{(0+7)(0+1)} = \frac{K}{6}$$

$$K_{6} = \frac{3z}{5} \Rightarrow \frac{19z}{5} = K$$