Phase 1 Template:

Please use this template as a guide for what to submit for phase 1 report. Include team number, class, and current term in the header for all pages (show above). Also include a **table of contents** (TOC) as the first page of your 'team001_p1_report.pdf' with working links to navigate the task document quickly. Use consistent indentation, font sizes, and bullets to model control flow. Lastly, include consistent markup to convey meaning (bold, italic, underline, etc.) with an example shown below:

Table of Contents:

Datatypes, Constraints, Task Decomposition (TD), and Abstract Code (AC) for each task working navigation links.

Data Types:

Include data types for all attributes in your EER diagram. These should be simple datatypes such as integer, string, Boolean, and float for single-value attributes, and for multi-value attributes, you should use list, collection, or single-dimension array with the individual element data type properly reflecting the data being stored. You should also indicate if NULLs are allowed for the attribute. Make sure to recognize when to appropriately store certain kinds of data (such as phone numbers, quantities, whole numbers, floating point, set/enums.) In this phase, do <u>not</u> create database tables or any kind of database schema, so do not include any surrogate keys, foreign keys, or any data types that represent them. In phase 3, you may optionally implement 'best-practice' security safeguards (password hashing, SQL injection prevention, etc.), but you should not include them for phase 1 or phase 2 submissions.

Business Logic Constraints:

Include applicable business logic constraints which cannot be represented sufficiently in the EER diagram.

Task Decomposition:

Include the rules of thumb outlined in the lectures for each task and determine if a mother task is needed (lock types, enabling conditions, frequency, schemas, indices, consistency, and subtasks). Please **follow the task names provided in the requirements document** (on right). Example: "View Profile", "Sell-Tool", "Generate Clerk Report", so TAs can easily follow your logic.

You will need to add additional single/mother tasks, please make the names consistent throughout your report and follow the Verb/Action-Noun format. All names of tasks present on your IFD should match those found on the TD.

Per **Leo Mark**: "The rules of thumb for task decomposition give you an indication of whether to subdivide or not. You stop the decomposition when no more decomposition is called for by the rules. You need a mother task if the sub-tasks need to be sequenced, all executed together as an atomic unit." Per **Jay Summet**: "If your task has no sub-tasks you would only have the single oval in the IFD and the abstract code in the report. If your tasks do have subtasks, then you show how it breaks down and show the abstract code for each subtask in the report."

■ Customers:

Registration: (Customer role only)
View Profile: (Customer role)
Check Tool Availability: (Customer rol
Make Reservation: (Customer role)
Purchase Tool (complete Sale Order i

■ Clerks:

Pick-Up Reservation: (Clerk role)
Drop-Off Reservation: (Clerk role)
Sell Tool (mark tool 'for-sale' and crei
Repair Tool (create new Service Order
View Service Status Page: (Clerk role)
Add Tool: (Clerk role)
View Sale Status Page: (Clerk role)
Generate Reports: (Clerk role)

Abstract Code:

Your abstract code should handle basic **data validation** (example: user cannot enter string for an int field) and basic **error handling** (example: user types in wrong password what happens?). Consider the IFD 'forms/documents' to be like web-page user interfaces where the user clicks on buttons or types input fields. Walk us through how you get to each task and how you leave each task to get to the next one. Include consistent markup to convey meaning (**bold**, *italic*, underline, etc.). Include the words '*task*', '*form*', and '*button*' (or similar) after every use in your abstract code so there is no confusion on your team's intent.

Note: application variables like '\$UserID' are *optional* depending on your language- PHP, Python, Java, Ruby, etc. Make sure your abstract code clearly describes any application variables!

Markup something similar to:

Bold Underline: FormExample: Main MenuformBold Italics: ButtonsExample: SavebuttonBold: TaskExample: Login task

Italics: Form Input Fields: Example: *username, model, cost*, etc. Please do not put TD and AC side-by-side, TD before AC sections in order are allowed.

For your p1_report.pdf submission, please follow this order:

- Table of Contents (working links to other parts of document)
- Data Types
- Business Logic Constraints (rules which cannot be easily represented in the EER)
- TD/AC for each Task including oval diagrams for each task on remaining pages of report

Lastly, use this as a guide so the grading process will be faster. Feel free to post a private question: (Team0## + Instructors) if you need further clarification for your project.

Thank you in advance,

CS6400 Instructional Team

Table of Contents:

GTOnline Data Types

Data Types

GTOnline Constraints

Business Logic Constraints

Task Decomposition with Abstract Code:

Login Main Menu View Profile

...etc.

Data Types:

User

Attribute	Data type	Nullable
username	String	Not Null
email	String	Not Null
password	String	Not Null
first_name	String	Not Null
middle_name	String	Not Null
last_name	String	Not Null
interests	List <string></string>	NULL

Friendship

Attribute	Data type	Nullable
email	String	Not Null
friend_email	String	Not Null
relationship	String	Not Null
date_connected	Date	NULL

Please do **NOT** include surrogate keys or foreign keys in **phase 1** (e.g. 'user_id', 'friend_id', etc.)

Business Logic Constraints:

GTOnline User

- Users who are new to GTOnline must register first.
- Users who have an existing GTOnline account will not be able to register.
- Both users must send friend requests to each other and both requests must be accepted.

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<u>Login</u>

Task Decomp

Lock Types: Read-only on RegularUser table

Number of Locks: Single Enabling Conditions: None

Frequency: Around 200 logins per day

Consistency (ACID): not critical, order is not critical.

Subtasks: Mother Task is not needed. No decomposition needed.

Abstract Code

- User enters email ('\$Email'), password ('\$Password') input fields.
- If data validation is successful for both *username* and *password* input fields, then:
 - When *Enter* button is clicked:
 - If User record is found but User.password != '\$Password':
 - o Go back to **Login** form, with error message.
 - Else:
 - Store login information as session variable '\$UserID'.
 - o Go to View Profile form.
- Else *email* and *password* input fields are invalid, display **Login** form, with error message.

Main Menu / Navigation Bar

Task Decomp

Lock Types: Lookup User Name and City, all are Read-only.

Number of Locks: Single

Enabling Conditions: Trigger by successful login.

Frequency: User Detail and Menu Options have the same frequency.

Consistency (ACID): not critical, order is not critical.

Subtasks: Mother Task is not needed. No decomposition needed.

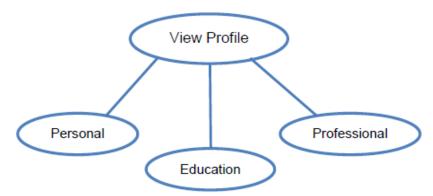
Main Menu / NavBar

Login

Abstract Code

- Show "View Profile", "Edit Profile", "View Friends" ", "Search for Friends" ", "View Requests" ", "View Status Updates", and "Log out" tabs.
- Upon:
 - Click *View Profile* button- Jump to the View Profile task.
 - Click Edit Profile button- Jump to the Edit Profile task.
 - Click View Friends button- Jump to the View Friends task.
 - Click Search for Friends button- Jump to the Search for Friends task.
 - Click View Requests button- Jump to the View Requests task.
 - Click View Status Updates button- Jump to the View Status Updates task.
 - Click *Log Out* button- Invalidate login session and go back to the **Login** form.

View Profile Task Decomp



Lock Types: 3 read-only lookups of Personal, Education, and Professional information for a RegularUser

Number of Locks: Several different schema constructs are needed

Enabling Conditions: All 3 are enabled by a user's login or a friend's lookup

Frequency: Low- All 3 have the same frequency

Consistency (ACID): is not critical, even if the profile is being edited by the user while a friend is looking at it. **Subtasks:** All tasks must be done, but can be done in parallel. Mother task is required to coordinate subtasks. Order is not necessary.

Abstract Code

- User clicked on View Profile button from Main Menu:
- Run the **View Profile** task: query for information about the user and their profile where \$UserID is the ID of the current user using the system from the HTTP Session/Cookie.
 - Find the current User using the User.email; Display users first and last name;
 - Find the current RegularUser using the User Email; Display RegularUser Gender, Birthdate, Current City, HomeTown.
 - Find and display the current user interests;
 - Find each School for the RegularUser:

Display School Name and Years Graduated;

Find School Type:

Display SchoolType Name;

• For each Employer for the RegularUser:

Display Employer Name and Job Title;

When ready, user selects next action from choices in Main Menu

...etc.

Phase 1 Report | CS 6400 - Fall 2017 | **Team 001**

Test Cases: (Recommended but not required to include with report.pdf submission)

TC#	Area	Test Case Description
L000	Login	
L001		Login page entry (username, password) credentials
L002		Valid credentials (username, password) accepted
L003		reject invalid (username, password) when user does not exist
L004		reject invalid (username, password) when user exists, password invalid
V000	View Profile	
V001		User information (username, password, full name, email) stored correctly
V002		User information (username, full name, email) displayed correctly
V003		User password not displayed

It is recommended teams work through appropriate test cases throughout the project.