### Apply Family of Functions

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#### **Efficient Code**

For loops vs Vectorized Functions

- apply() family of functions *pretty* fast
- Check help(apply)!
  - We'll look at apply(), sapply(), lapply()

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- Consider our Batting data set

```
library(Lahman)
 my_batting <- Batting[, c("playerID", "teamID", "G", "AB", "R", "H", "X2B", "X3B", "HR")] |>
   as tibble()
 my_batting
## # A tibble: 108,789 x 9
     playerID teamID
                                                 X2B
                                                       X3B
                                                               HR
                                AΒ
                                       R
     <chr>
               <fct> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int> <int>
    abercda01 TRO
## 2 addybo01
                             118
## 3 allisar01 CL1
                             137
                                            40
## 4 allisdo01 WS3
                              133
                                            44
## 5 ansonca01 RC1
                         25 120
                                            39
```

• Use apply() to find summary for the batting data

```
apply(X = my_batting,
      MARGIN = 2,
      FUN = summary,
      na.rm = TRUE)
                  teamID
         playerID
                            "108789" "108789" "108789" "108789"
## Length "108789" "108789"
## Class "character" "character" "character" "character" "character" "character"
         "character" "character" "character" "character" "character"
## Mode
##
         X2B
                    X3B
## Length "108789" "108789" "108789"
## Class "character" "character" "character"
## Mode
         "character" "character" "character"
```

Let's try it with just numeric data!

```
batting_summary <- apply(X = my_batting |>
                             select(where(is.numeric)).
                           MARGIN = 2,
                           FUN = summary,
                           na.rm = TRUE)
 batting_summary
##
                            AΒ
                                                Η
                                                         X2B
                                                                   X3B
                                                                              HR
## Min.
             1.00000
                        0.0000
                                 0.0000
                                          0.00000
                                                    0.000000
                                                              0.000000
                                                                         0.00000
## 1st Qu.
            12.00000
                        4.0000
                                 0.0000
                                          0.00000
                                                    0.000000
                                                              0.000000
                                                                         0.00000
## Median
            34.00000
                      46.0000
                                 4.0000
                                          8.00000
                                                    1.000000
                                                              0.000000
                                                                         0.00000
## Mean
                                         36.38861
                                                    6.202024
            50.74049 139.2413
                                18.4835
                                                              1.247075
                                                                         2.85015
## 3rd Qu.
            79.00000 224.0000
                                27.0000
                                         56.00000
                                                    9.000000
                                                              1.000000
                                                                        2.00000
## Max.
           165.00000 716.0000 198.0000 262.00000 67.000000 36.000000 73.00000
```

# **Anonymous Functions**

- We often use our own custom functions with the apply() family
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#### **Anonymous Functions**

• Anonymous functions can take other arguments

### lapply()

- Use lapply() to apply function to lists
- Obtain a list object

```
set.seed(10)
my_list <- list(rnorm(100), runif(10), rgamma(40, shape = 1, rate = 1))</pre>
```

### lapply()

• Apply mean() function to each list element

```
lapply(X = my_list, FUN = mean)
## [[1]]
## [1] -0.1365489
##
## [[2]]
## [1] 0.5997619
##
## [[3]]
## [1] 1.108209
```

#### lapply()

• To give additional arguments to FUN we add them on afterward

```
lapply(X = my_list, FUN = mean, trim = 0.1, na.rm = TRUE)

## [[1]]
## [1] -0.1359629
##

## [[2]]
## [1] 0.6062252
##

## [[3]]
## [1] 0.9563087
```

### sapply()

• Similar function but it attempts to simplify when possible

```
sapply(X = my_list, FUN = mean, trim = 0.1, na.rm = TRUE)
## [1] -0.1359629  0.6062252  0.9563087
```

#### Recap!

- Vectorized functions fast!
- apply() family is sort of vectorized
- lapply() and sapply() to apply a function to a list
- aggregate(), replicate(), tapply() vapply(), and mapply() also exist!