Skynet alpha?

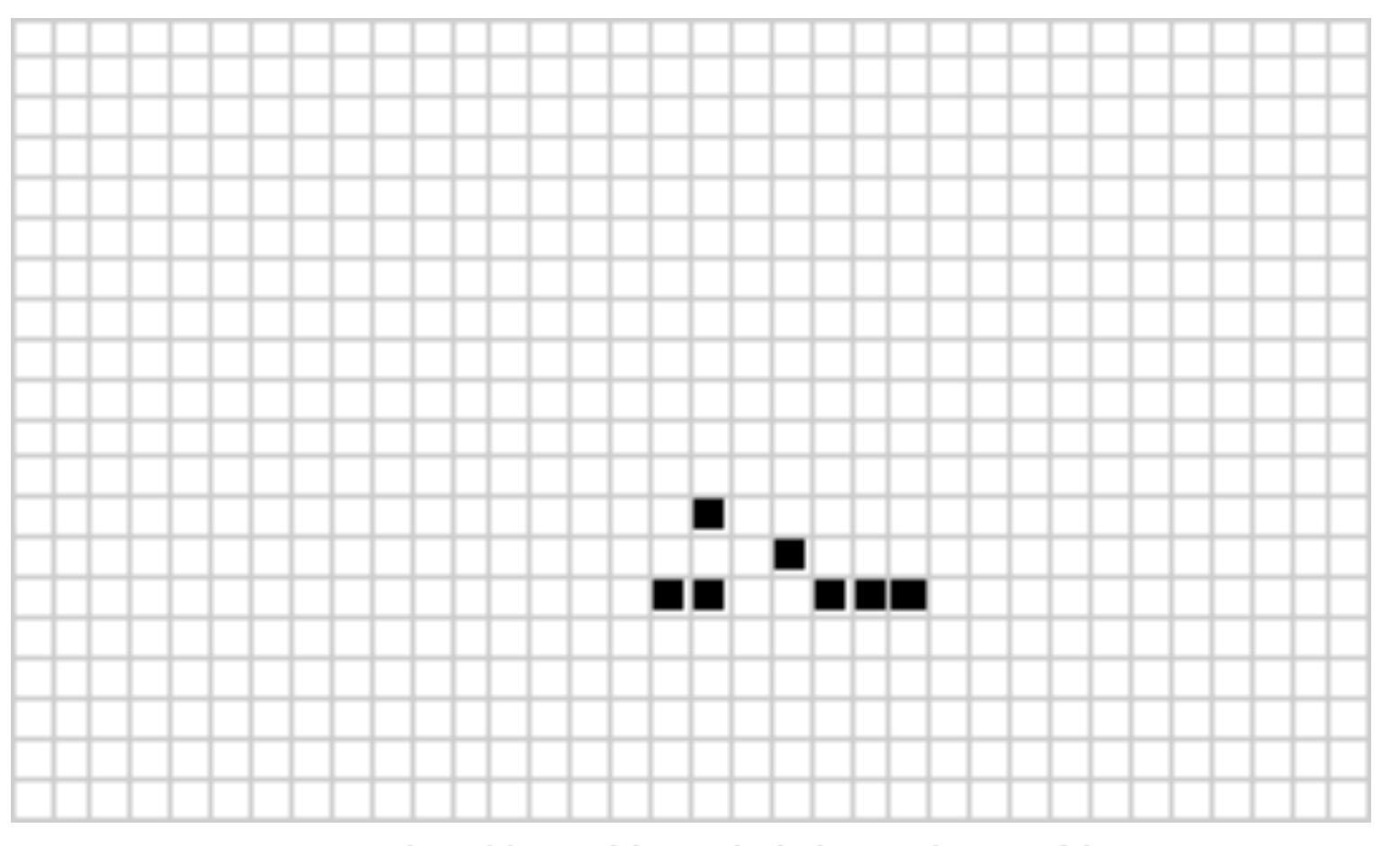


ERICKOH

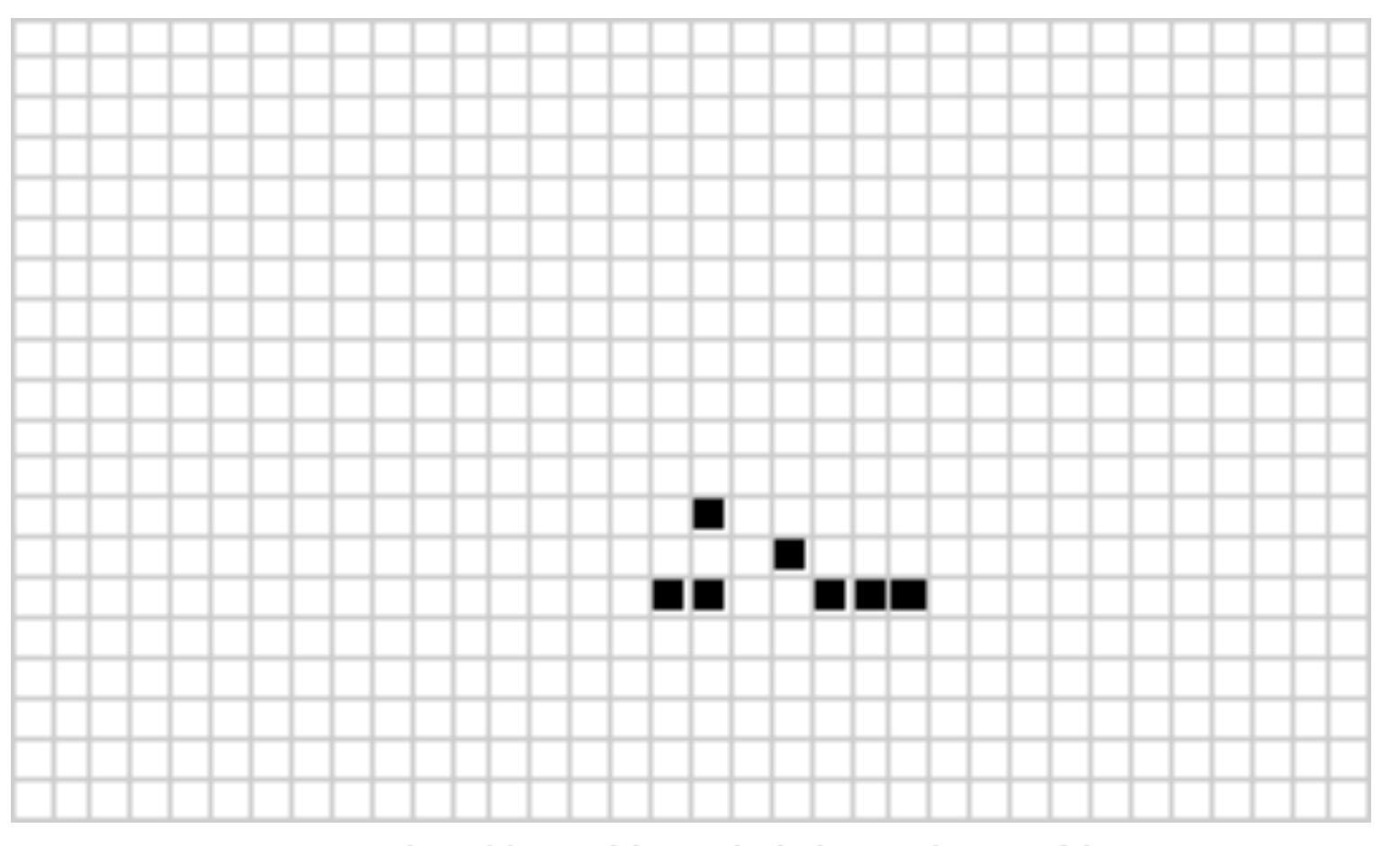
Skynet alpha?



ERICKOH



HTTP://WWW.ERICWEISSTEIN.COM/ENCYCLOPEDIAS/LIFE/ACORN.HTML



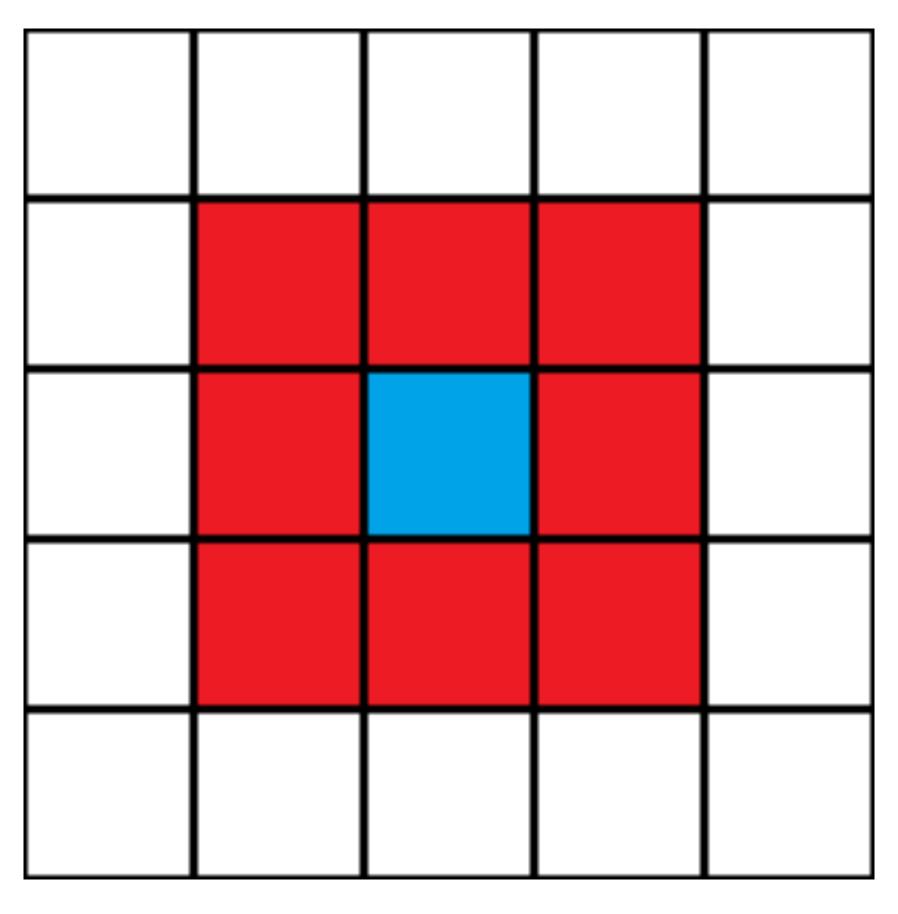
HTTP://WWW.ERICWEISSTEIN.COM/ENCYCLOPEDIAS/LIFE/ACORN.HTML

- "Zero-player" game (see animation)
- Rooted in Von Neumann's quest for artificial/simulated life
- Created by Jon Conway in 1970
- Sparked niche field: cellular automaton
- Simple rules can produce complex behavior

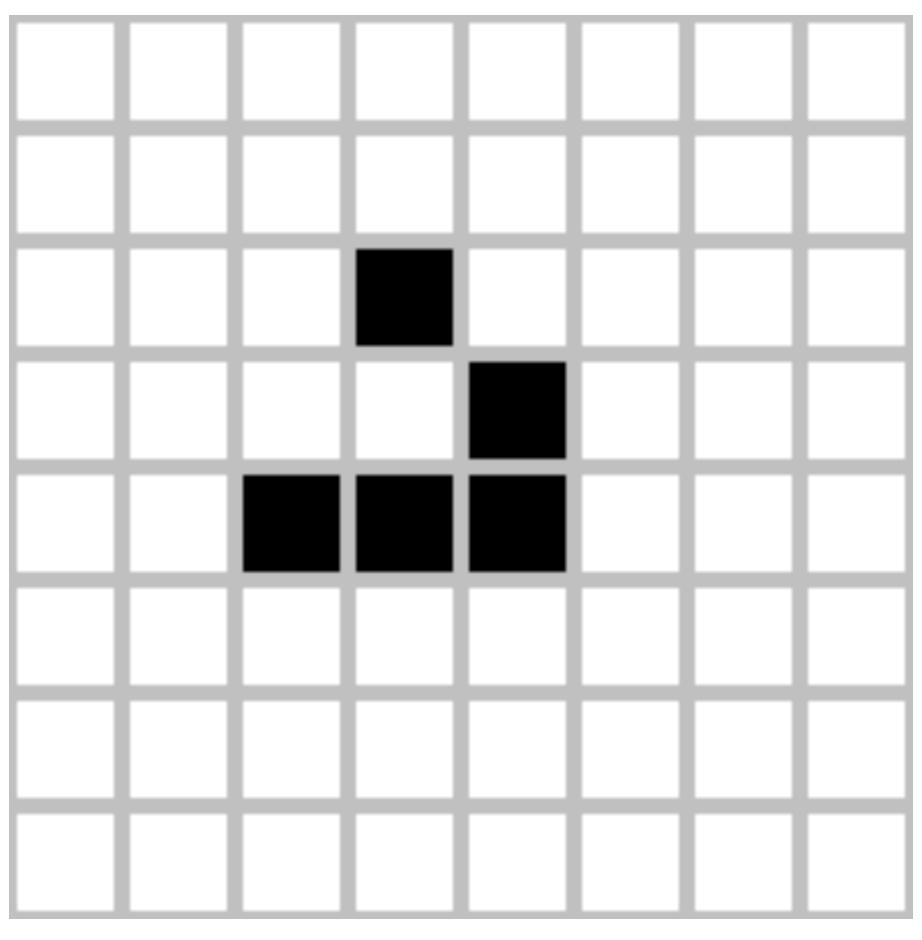
RULES

- 2D grid of cells that are currently on or off (dead or alive)
- Each step, grid updates all-at-once
- Currently alive cell
 - "Underpopulation": dies given fewer than 2 live neighbors
 - "Overcrowding": dies given greater than 3 live neighbors
 - Otherwise, lives on
- Currently dead cell
 - "Birth": comes to life given exactly 3 live neighbors
 - Otherwise, remains dead

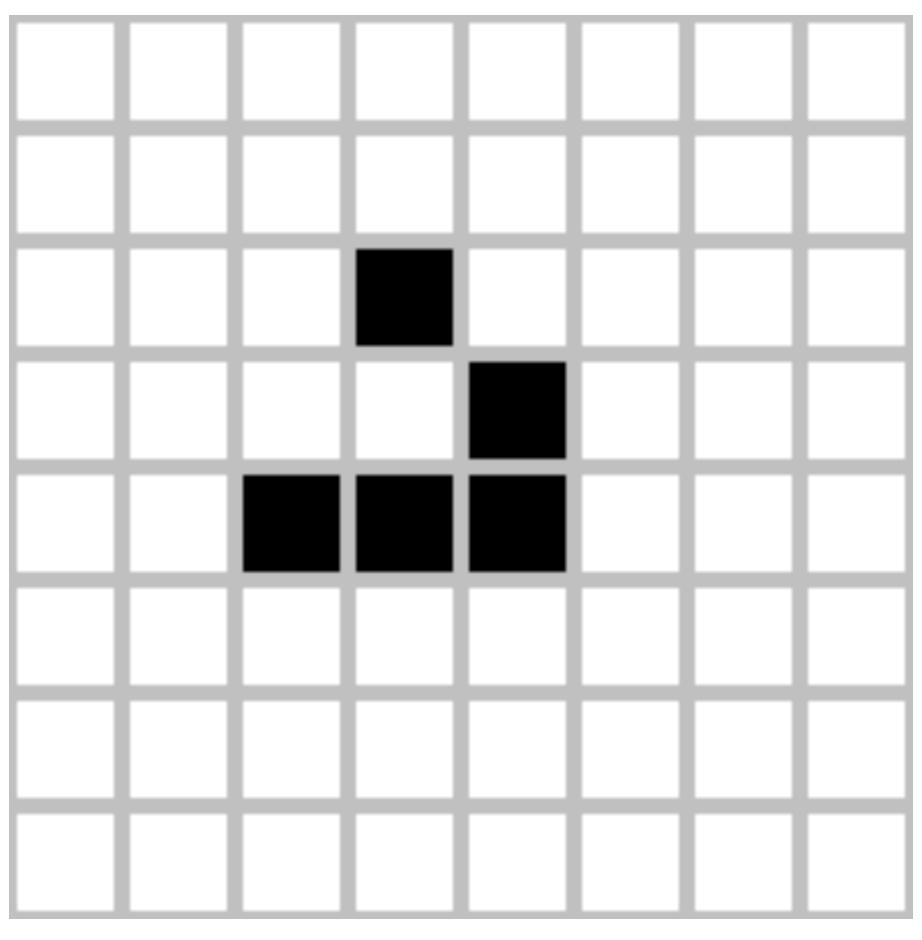
NEIGHBORS



HTTPS://EN.WIKIPEDIA.ORG/WIKI/CELLULAR_AUTOMATON



HTTP://WWW.HOMESCHOOLSON.COM/CONWAYS-GAME-OF-LIFE/



HTTP://WWW.HOMESCHOOLSON.COM/CONWAYS-GAME-OF-LIFE/

PAIRPROJECT

A SLIGHTLY LESS DIRECTIVE, LONGER AND MORE DIFFICULT WORKSHOP.

MANIPULATING THE DOM

- Changing Attributes for Style
- Making Elements
- Putting them into the DOM
- Remove Elements

CHANGING STYLE ATTRIBUTES

element.style.backgroundColor = "blue";

CSS		JavaScript
background-color	-	backgroundColor
border-radius	-	borderRadius
font-size	-	fontSize
list-style-type	→	listStyleType
word-spacing —	→	wordSpacing
z-index	→	zIndex

CHANGING CSS CLASSES

classList is HTML5 way to modify which classes are on an

```
document.getElementById("MyElement").classList.add('class');
document.getElementById("MyElement").classList.remove('class');
if ( document.getElementById("MyElement").classList.contains('class') )
document.getElementById("MyElement").classList.toggle('class');
```

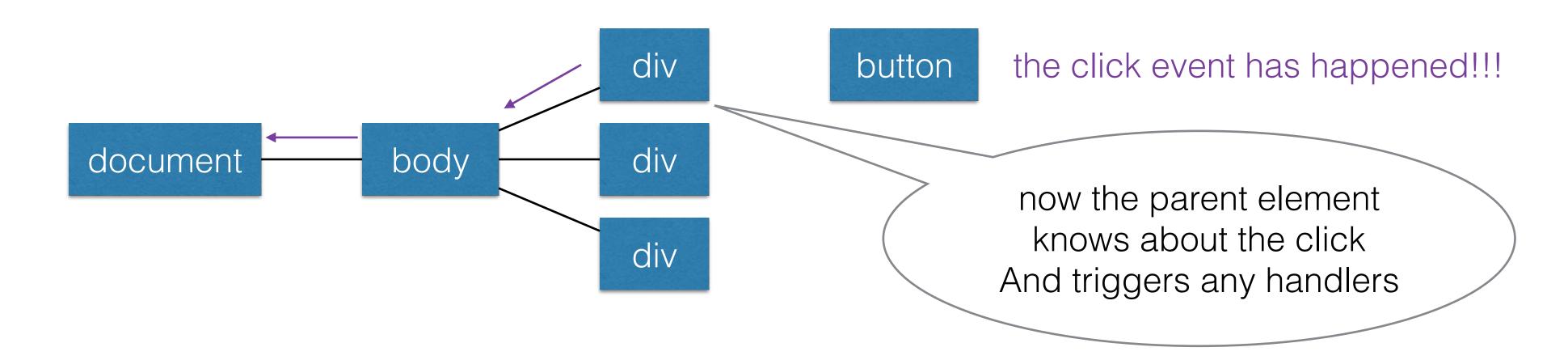
EVENT HANDLERS

```
element.addEventListener('click', function(event) {
    // Run this code on click
});
```

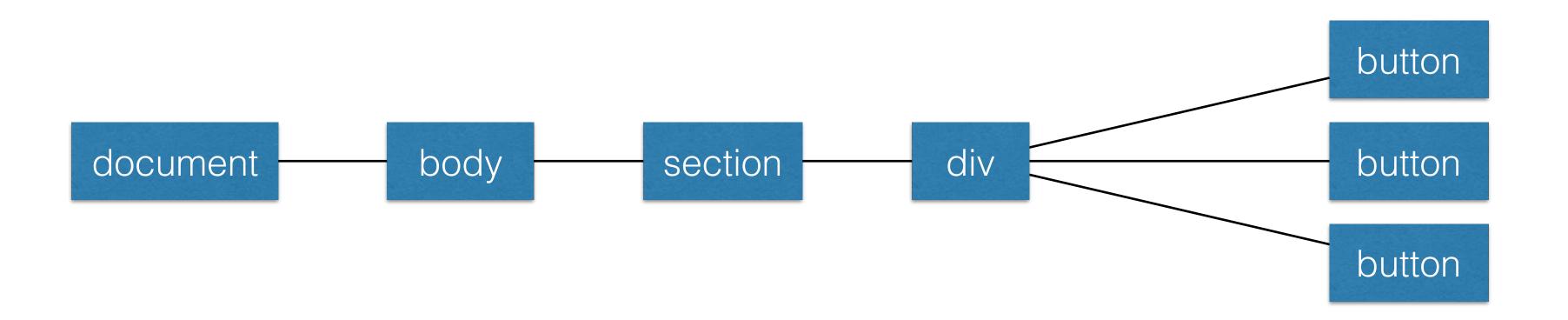
- JS that handles things that happen in the DOM
- Event examples:
 - click
 - (form) submit
 - hover
 - mouseover

EVENT PROPAGATION/BUBBLING

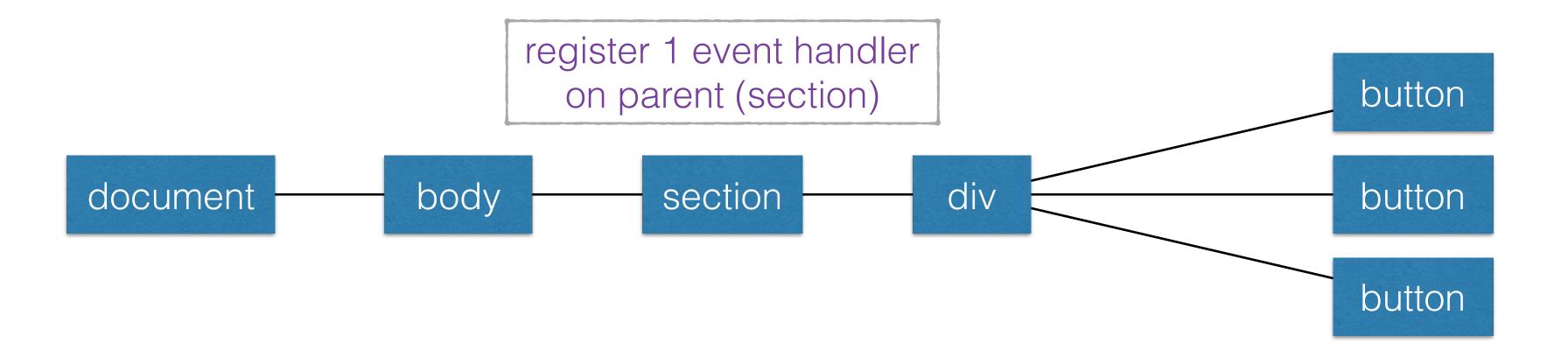
- An event is directed to its intended target
- If there is an event handler it is triggered
- From here, the event bubbles up to the containing elements
- This continues to the document element itself



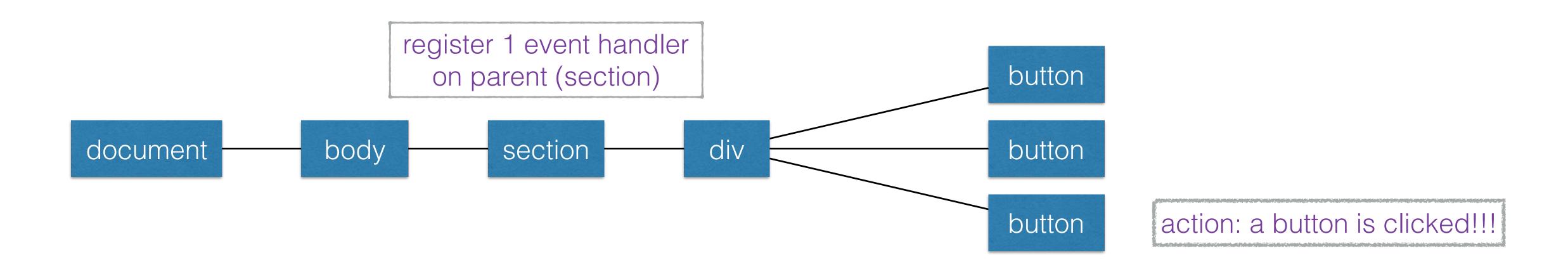
- The process of using event propagation to handle events at a higher level in the DOM
- Allows for a single event listener



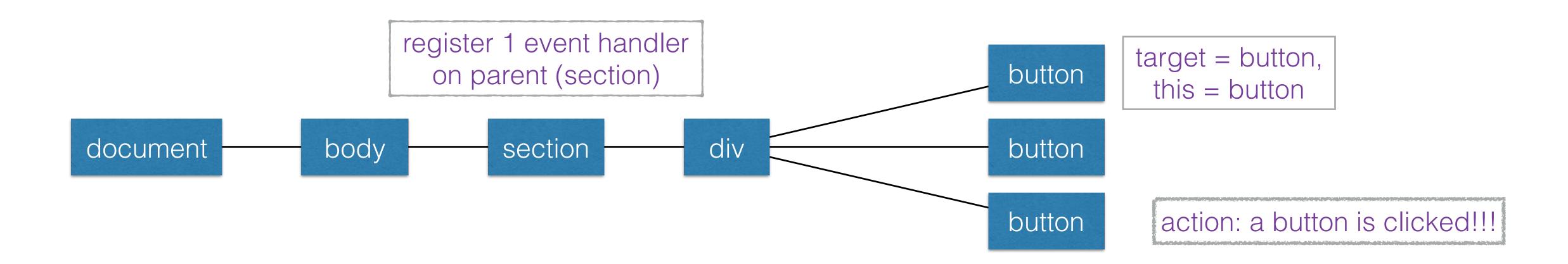
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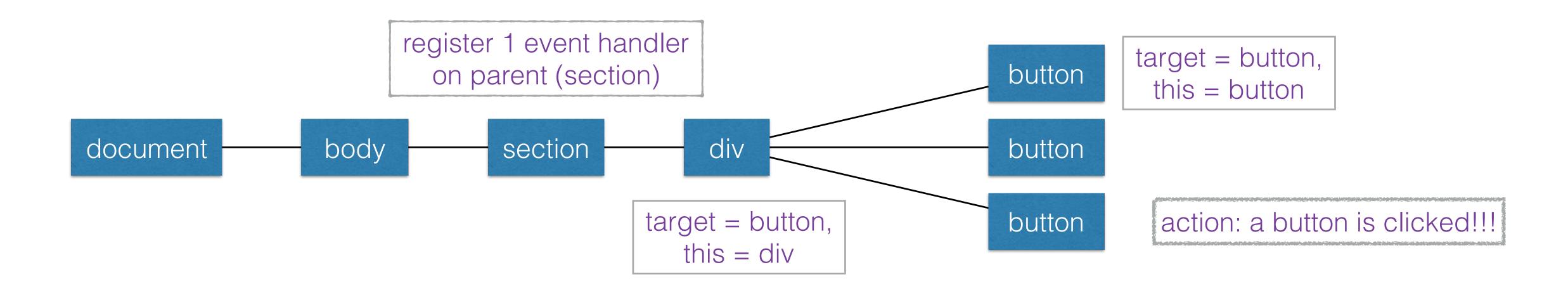
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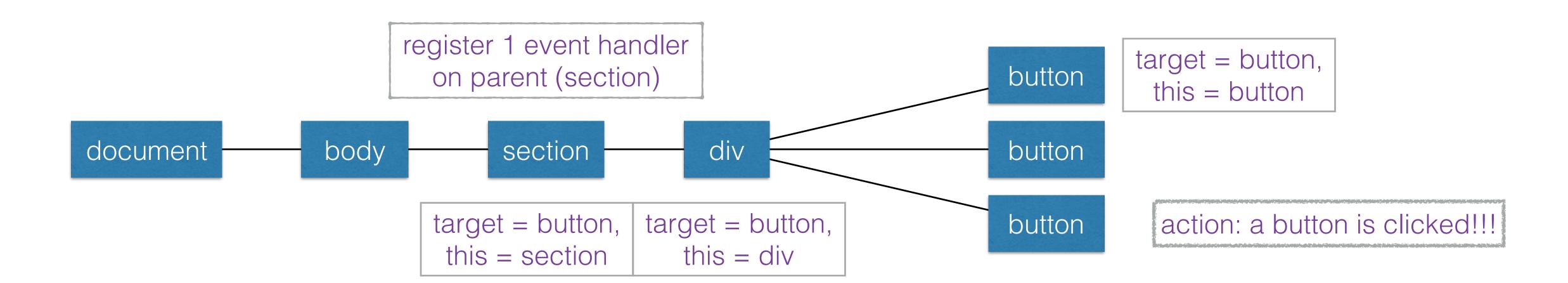
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- The process of using event propagation to handle events at a higher level in the DOM
- Allows for a single event listener



- The process of using event propagation to handle events at a higher level in the DOM
- Allows for a single event listener



WORKSHOP TIME