## TQFT problems Math 502

- 1. **Semi-simple TQFTs** A TQFT/Frobenius algebra Z(-)/A is called *semi-simple* if A is semi-simple: i.e. there exists a basis  $e_1, \ldots, e_n$  of A such that  $e_i \cdot e_j = \delta_{ij}e_i$ . Let  $\mu_i = \mu(e_i)$  where  $\mu$  is the co-unit.
  - (a) Show that  $\mu_i \neq 0$ .
  - (b) Define  $\lambda_i = \mu_i^{-1}$ . Show that the value of the TQFT on the closed, genus g surface is given by

$$Z(g) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_i^{g-1}.$$

Hint: compute the "genus adding operator"  $G:A\to A$  given by evaluating Z on the genus 1 cobordism from the circle to the circle by observing it is the composition of the coproduct with the product.

- 2. Genus adding operator in various cases. Given a TQFT/Frobenius algebra Z(-)/A, let  $G: A \to A$  be the genus adding operator defined in the hint above. Let Z(g) be the value of the TQFT on the closed genus g surface.
  - (a) Let  $A = \mathbb{C}[x]/(x^2+1)$ , having comultiplication  $\mu(a+bx) = a$ . Compute  $G: A \to A$  (as a matrix with respect to the basis  $\{1, x\}$ ) and Z(g).
  - (b) Let  $A = \mathbb{C}[x]/(x^2-1)$ , having comultiplication  $\mu(a+bx) = a$ . Compute  $G: A \to A$  (as a matrix with respect to the basis  $\{1, x\}$ ) and Z(g).
  - (c) Let  $A = \mathbb{C}[x]/(x^2)$ , having comultiplication  $\mu(a + bx) = b$ . Compute  $G : A \to A$  (as a matrix with respect to the basis  $\{1, x\}$ ) and Z(g).
  - (d) (Some knowledge of topology required). Let  $A = H^{ev}(M, \mathbb{C})$  be the even degreed part of the cohomology of a compact oriented even dimensional manifold M. A is a commutative algebra via cup product and has co-unit given by  $\mu: A \to \mathbb{C}$  where  $\mu(\omega) = \int_M \omega$  (in particular  $\mu(\omega) = 0$  unless  $\deg(\omega) = \dim(M)$ ). Note that Poincaré duality implies that the associated bilinear form is non-degenerate. Compute  $G: A \to A$  and Z(g) in this case.
  - (e) Which of the above cases are semi-simple?
- 3. The Fibonacci TQFT. Let  $A = \mathbb{C}[x]/(x^2 x 1)$  with  $\mu(1) = -1$  and  $\mu(x) = 2$ . Compute the G, the genus adding operator, as a matrix with respect to the basis  $\{1, x\}$ . Let  $W^1(g)$  be the genus g cobordism from the empty set to the circle. Show that  $Z(W^1(g))$  viewed as an element of A is given by

$$f_{g-1} + f_g x$$

where  $f_n$  is the *n*th Fibonacci number.