

2019 Developer Survey A Linear (Regression) Story

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Do different backgrounds of developers make an impact on their salary?

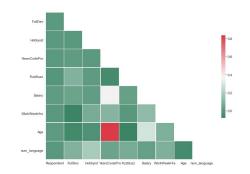
```
def fizzbuzz(Num):
    count = 0

while (count < Num):
    if (count % 5) == 0 and (count % 3) == 0:
        print ("fizzBuzz")
        count = count +1
    elif (count % 3) == 0:
        print ("Fizz")
        count = count +1
    elif (count % 5) == 0:
        print ("Buzz")
        count = count +1
    else:
        print (count)
        count = count +1
    else:</pre>
```

Using linear regression, we can finally find out if that fizzbuzz code was worth spending all night memorizing before an interview.

















Clean & Filter

Filter data by Country (US) and Employment (full-time)

Choose Features

Include features that would likely impact income like years coding and education level

Feature Engineer

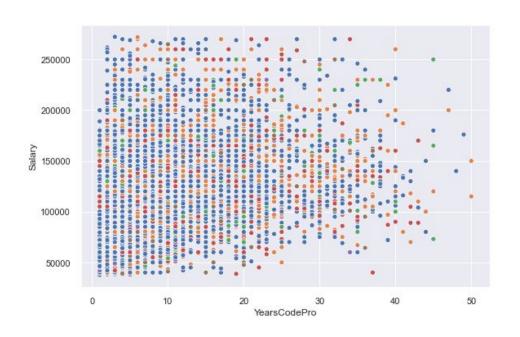
Applying log transformations and creating dummy variables when necessary

Fit Model

Test multiple linear regression models to best explain the relationship between the dependent and independent variables



Education Level - Does it matter?



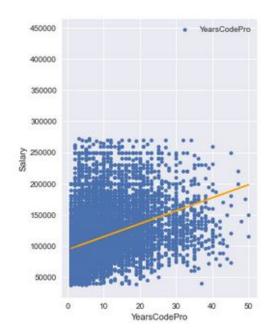
EdLevel

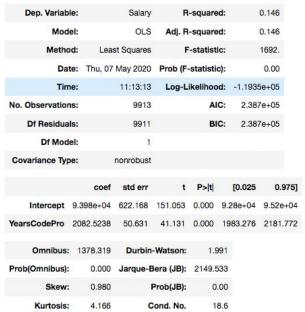
- Bachelor's degree (BA, BS, B.Eng., etc.)
- Master's degree (MA, MS, M.Eng., MBA, etc.)
- Other doctoral degree (Ph.D, Ed.D., etc.)
- Some college/university study without earning a degree
- Professional degree (JD, MD, etc.)
- Associate degree

The salary means for each level is different but with a p-value of 1.46 using ANOVA, it isn't statistically significant.



Baseline Model - Simple Linear Regression





This baseline model consists of only YearsCodePro as the feature.

Adjusted R^2 : .146 Standard Frror: 40k



Multivariable Linear Regression Models

19.1%

Adj R² All features (26)

Using all features picked from the dataset & dummy variables

- An adjusted r-square of 19.1 isn't much of an improvement from the 14.6 of the single linear regression model.
- Standard Error: 39k

23.7%

Adj R² All features + interactions (29)

Performing log transformations and adding the top 3 interactions based on improvement of adjusted r-squared

- An adjusted r-square of 23.7 is a major improvement from previous model.
- Standard Error: 39K

23.1%

Adj R² Features using stepwise selection (13)

Including only features that have the lowest p-value and contributing to the adjusted r-squared using a stepwise selection function

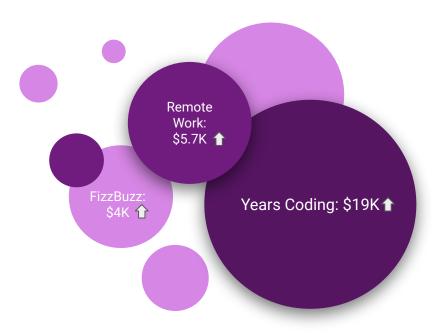
- Similar percentage to second model but with less features
- Standard Error: 38k



Coefficients

Features used in final model:

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975
const	-3.875e+04	1.02e+04	-3.804	0.000	-5.87e+04	-1.88e+04
YearsCodePro	1.947e+04	428.078	45.477	0.000	1.86e+04	2.03e+04
ed_mast	2.382e+04	2045.169	11.646	0.000	1.98e+04	2.78e+04
WorkWeekHrs	2.493e+04	2649.706	9.408	0.000	1.97e+04	3.01e+0
maj_web	-1.562e+04	2568.243	-6.082	0.000	-2.07e+04	-1.06e+0
maj_it	-7387.2237	1699.958	-4.346	0.000	-1.07e+04	-4054.96
ed_phd	2.965e+04	2985.358	9.932	0.000	2.38e+04	3.55e+0
ed_bach	1.416e+04	1877.585	7.539	0.000	1.05e+04	1.78e+0
FullDev	5697.9989	1441.849	3.952	0.000	2871.681	8524.31
remote	5677.8323	1173.070	4.840	0.000	3378.376	7977.28
FizzBuzz	4003.8865	935.080	4.282	0.000	2170.939	5836.83
ed_other	8482.2311	2136.166	3.971	0.000	4294.911	1.27e+0
maj_cs	3755.9882	916.674	4.097	0.000	1959.121	5552.85
maj_math	6808.7485	2032.455	3.350	0.001	2824.724	1.08e+0



Seniority, working remotely and whether an interviewer asks you about fizzbuzz MIGHT earn you more money on average.



Conclusion



We're still in the dark...