Sample tutorial test: Predicate logic

Time limit: 45 minutes. Total points: 100.

1. We know that:

- (i) Aristotle is Greek, Caesar is Roman, and Dido is Carthaginian.
- (ii) No Greek is a Roman.
- (iii) No Carthaginian is Greek.
- (iv) Only Carthaginians were born in Carthage.

We want to prove using resolution that:

(v) There exists someone who was not born in Carthage and is not a Roman.

Specifically:

- (a) Express the statements as sentences $\varphi_1, \ldots, \varphi_5$ in the language $L = \langle G, R, C, B, a, c, d \rangle$ without equality, where G, R, C, B are unary relation symbols, G(x), R(x), C(x) and B(x) mean (in order) "x is Greek / Roman / Carthaginian" and "x was born in Carthage", and a, c, d are constant symbols denoting Aristotle, Caesar, and Dido. (15 points)
- (b) Using Skolemization, find an open theory T (possibly in a larger language) which is unsatisfiable if and only if $\{\varphi_1, \varphi_2, \varphi_3, \varphi_4\} \models \varphi_5$. Convert T into CNF and write it in set notation. (10 points)
- (c) Prove by resolution that T is unsatisfiable. Represent the resolution refutation with a resolution tree. For each step, indicate the unification used. (20 points)
- 2. Let $T = \{(\exists x)(P(x) \to Q(x)), (\exists x)(\neg R(x) \to \neg Q(x))\}$ be a theory in the language $L = \langle P, Q, R \rangle$ without equality, where P, Q, R are unary relation symbols, and let φ be the sentence $(\exists x)(P(x) \to R(x))$.
 - (a) Construct a finished tableau from the theory T with $F\varphi$ at the root. (25 points)
 - (b) Is φ valid in T? Is it inconsistent with T? Is it independent in T? Justify all answers. (10 points)
 - (c) Does the theory T have a complete conservative extension? Provide an example or justify why not. (10 points)
- 3. Let $\mathcal{A} = \langle \mathbb{Z}, \mathrm{abs}^A \rangle$ be a structure in the language $L = \langle \mathrm{abs} \rangle$ with equality, where abs is a unary function symbol and abs^A is the absolute value function on \mathbb{Z} . Give an example of a nontrivial (i.e., other than \emptyset and \mathbb{Z}) set definable in \mathcal{A} without parameters. Provide the defining formula. (10 points)