# 74HC4052; 74HCT4052

## Dual 4-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer

Rev. 12 — 10 October 2017 Product data sheet

## 1 General description

The 74HC4052; 74HCT4052 is a dual single-pole quad-throw analog switch (2x SP4T) suitable for use in analog or digital 4:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer applications. Each switch features four independent inputs/outputs (nY0, nY1, nY2 and nY3) and a common input/output (nZ). A digital enable input ($\overline{E}$) and two digital select inputs (S0 and S1) are common to both switches. When $\overline{E}$ is HIGH, the switches are turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of $V_{CC}$.

## 2 Features and benefits

- Wide analog input voltage range from -5 V to +5 V
- Low ON resistance:
  - 80 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ = 4.5 V
  - 70 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ = 6.0 V
  - 60 Ω (typical) at $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ = 9.0 V
- Logic level translation: to enable 5 V logic to communicate with ±5 V analog signals
- Typical ‘break before make’ built-in
- Complies with JEDEC standard no. 7A
- Input levels:
  - For 74HC4052: CMOS level
  - For 74HCT4052: TTL level
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

## 3 Applications

- Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating

nexperia

# 4 Ordering information

**Table 1. Ordering information**

| Type number | Package | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Temperature range | Name | Description | Version |
| 74HC4052D | -40 °C to +125 °C | SO16 | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm | SOT109-1 |
| 74HCT4052D | | | | |
| 74HC4052DB | -40 °C to +125 °C | SSOP16 | plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm | SOT338-1 |
| 74HCT4052DB | | | | |
| 74HC4052PW | -40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP16 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm | SOT403-1 |
| 74HCT4052PW | | | | |
| 74HC4052BQ | -40 °C to +125 °C | DHVQFN16 | plastic dual-in line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm | SOT763-1 |
| 74HCT4052BQ | | | | |

# 5 Functional diagram

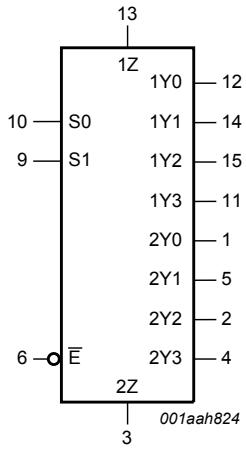



**Figure 1. Logic symbol**

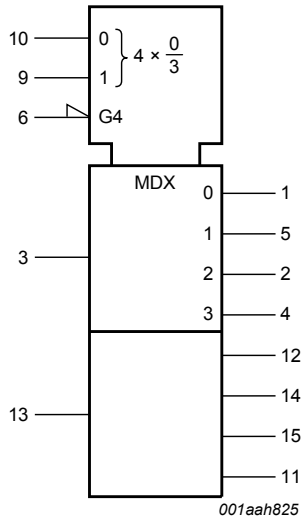



**Figure 2. IEC logic symbol**

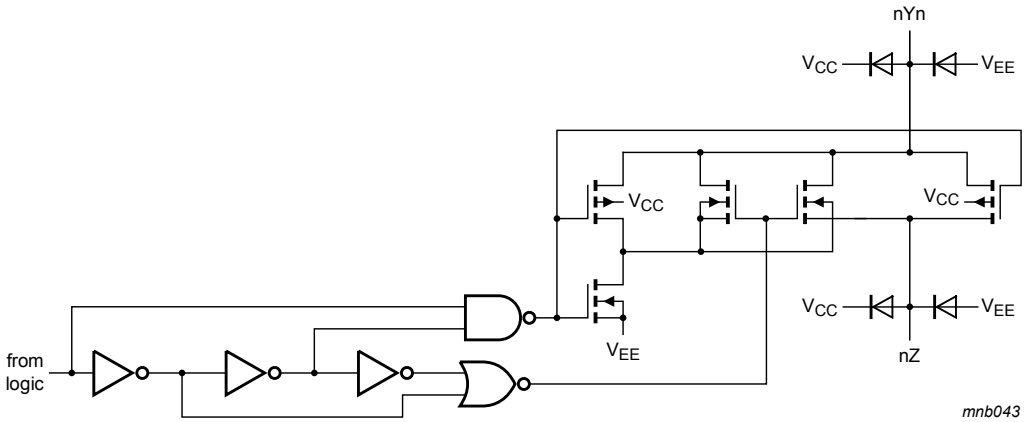



**Figure 3. Schematic diagram (one switch)**

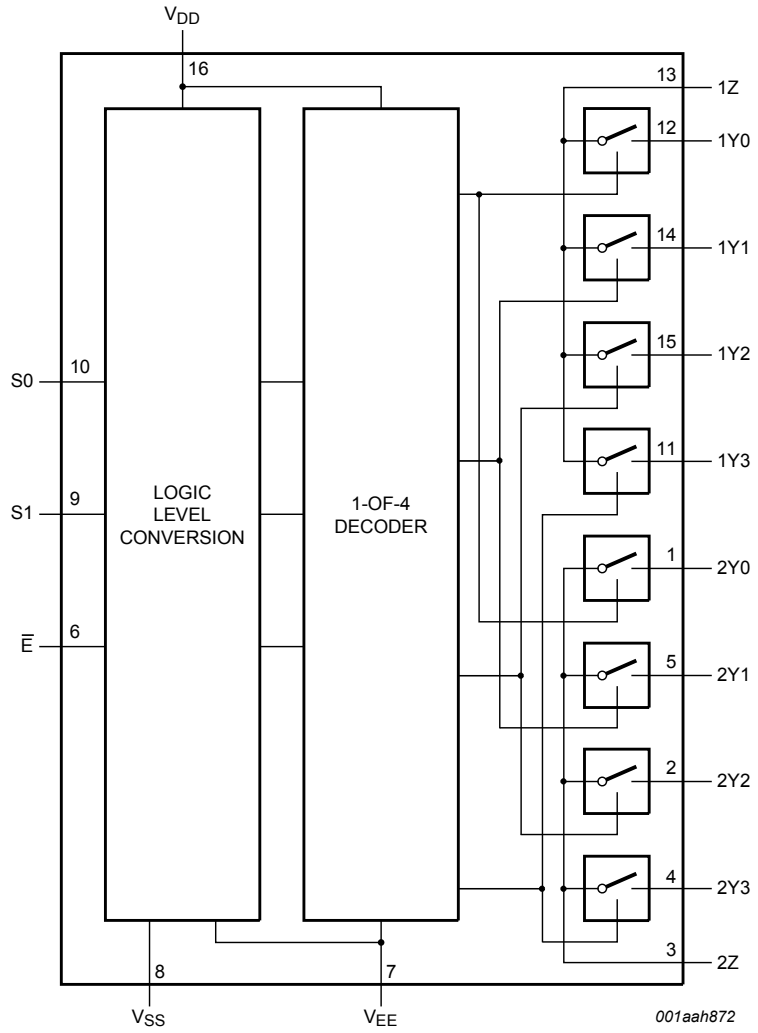



**Figure 4. Functional diagram**

# 6 Pinning information

## 6.1 Pinning

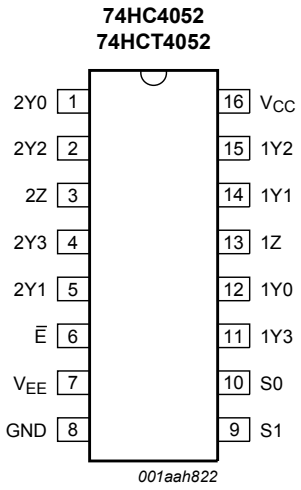
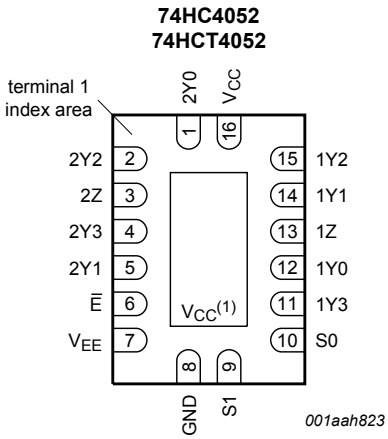



**Figure 5. Pin configuration for SO16 and (T)SSOP16**




Transparent top view

(1) This is not a supply pin. The substrate is attached to this pad using conductive die attach material. There is no electrical or mechanical requirement to solder this pad.However, if it is soldered, the solder land should remain floating or be connected to $V_{CC}$.

**Figure 6. Pin configuration for DHVQFN16**

## 6.2 Pin description

**Table 2. Pin description**

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
|---|---|---|
| 2Y0, 2Y1, 2Y2, 2Y3 | 1, 5, 2, 4 | independent input or output |
| 1Z, 2Z | 13, 3 | common input or output |
| $\overline{E}$ | 6 | enable input (active LOW) |
| $V_{EE}$ | 7 | negative supply voltage |
| GND | 8 | ground (0 V) |
| S0, S1 | 10, 9 | select logic input |
| 1Y0, 1Y1, 1Y2, 1Y3 | 12, 14, 15, 11 | independent input or output |
| $V_{CC}$ | 16 | positive supply voltage |

# 7 Functional description

**Table 3. Function table [1]**

| Input | | | Channel on |
|---|---|---|---|
| $\overline{E}$ | S1 | S0 | |
| L | L | L | nY0 and nZ |
| L | L | H | nY1 and nZ |
| L | H | L | nY2 and nZ |
| L | H | H | nY3 and nZ |
| H | X | X | none |

[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care.

# 8 Limiting values

**Table 4. Limiting values**

*In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).*

*Voltages are referenced to $V_{EE}$ = GND (ground = 0 V).*

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $V_{CC}$ | supply voltage | [1] | -0.5 | +11.0 | V |
| $I_{IK}$ | input clamping current | $V_I < -0.5$ V or $V_I > V_{CC} + 0.5$ V | - | ±20 | mA |
| $I_{SK}$ | switch clamping current | $V_{SW} < -0.5$ V or $V_{SW} > V_{CC} + 0.5$ V | - | ±20 | mA |
| $I_{SW}$ | switch current | $-0.5$ V $< V_{SW} < V_{CC} + 0.5$ V | - | ±25 | mA |
| $I_{EE}$ | supply current | | - | ±20 | mA |
| $I_{CC}$ | supply current | | - | 50 | mA |
| $I_{GND}$ | ground current | | - | -50 | mA |
| $T_{stg}$ | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| $P_{tot}$ | total power dissipation | SO16, SSOP16, TSSOP16 and DHVQFN16 package [2] | - | 500 | mW |
| P | power dissipation | per switch | - | 100 | mW |

[1] To avoid drawing $V_{CC}$ current out of pins nZ, when switch current flows in pins nYn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into pins nZ, no $V_{CC}$ current will flow out of pins nYn. In this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at pins nYn and nZ may not exceed $V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$.

[2] For SO16 packages: above 70 °C the value of $P_{tot}$ derates linearly with 8 mW/K.
For SSOP16 and TSSOP16 packages: above 60 °C the value of $P_{tot}$ derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.
For DHVQFN16 packages: above 60 °C the value of $P_{tot}$ derates linearly with 4.5 mW/K.

# 9 Recommended operating conditions

**Table 5. Recommended operating conditions**

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | 74HC4052 | | | 74HCT4052 | | | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| $V_{CC}$ | supply voltage | see Figure 7 and Figure 8 | | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ - GND | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | V |
| $V_I$ | input voltage | | GND | - | $V_{CC}$ | GND | - | $V_{CC}$ | V |
| $V_{SW}$ | switch voltage | | $V_{EE}$ | - | $V_{CC}$ | $V_{EE}$ | - | $V_{CC}$ | V |
| $T_{amb}$ | ambient temperature | | -40 | +25 | +125 | -40 | +25 | +125 | °C |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | input transition rise and fall rate | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V | - | - | 625 | - | - | - | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V | - | 1.67 | 139 | - | 1.67 | 139 | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | - | - | 83 | - | - | - | ns/V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V | - | - | 31 | - | - | - | ns/V |

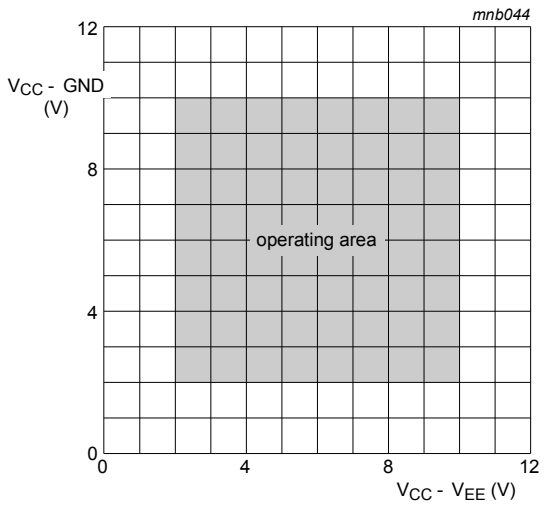



**Figure 7. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HC4052**

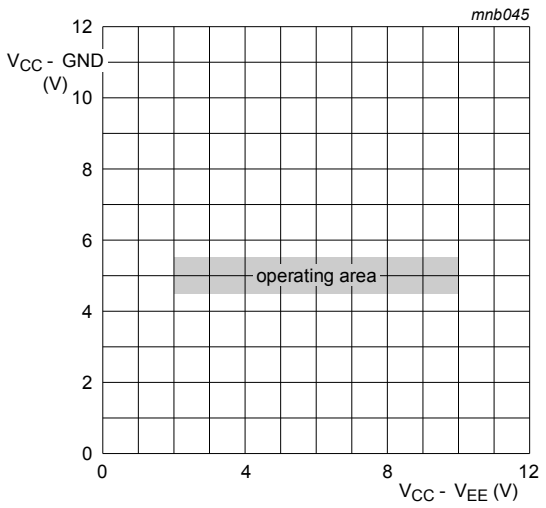



**Figure 8. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HCT4052**

# 10 Static characteristics

**Table 6. $R_{ON}$ resistance per switch for 74HC4052 and 74HCT4052**

*$V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; for test circuit see Figure 9.*

*$V_{is}$ is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.*

*$V_{os}$ is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.*

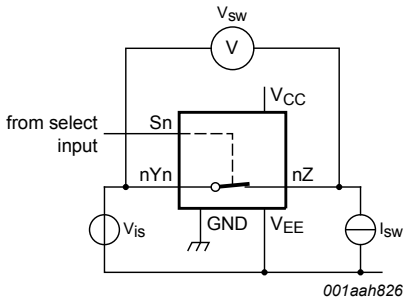
*For 74HC4052: $V_{CC}$ - GND or $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.*

*For 74HCT4052: $V_{CC}$ - GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V, $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.*

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +85 °C** | | | | | | | |
| $R_{ON(peak)}$ | ON resistance (peak) | $V_{is}$ = $V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$ | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 100 µA | [2] | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 100 | 225 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 90 | 200 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 70 | 165 | Ω |
| $R_{ON(rail)}$ | ON resistance (rail) | $V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 100 µA | [2] | - | 150 | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 80 | 175 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 70 | 150 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 60 | 130 | Ω |
| | | $V_{is}$ = $V_{CC}$ | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 100 µA | [2] | - | 150 | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 90 | 200 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 80 | 175 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | 65 | 150 | Ω |
| $\Delta R_{ON}$ | ON resistance mismatch between channels | $V_{is}$ = $V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$ | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | [2] | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | 9 | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | 8 | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | | - | 6 | - | Ω |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +125 °C** | | | | | | | |
| $R_{ON(peak)}$ | ON resistance (peak) | $V_{is}$ = $V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$ | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 100 µA | [2] | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 270 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 240 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 195 | Ω |
| $R_{ON(rail)}$ | ON resistance (rail) | $V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 100 µA | [2] | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 210 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 180 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 160 | Ω |
| | | $V_{is}$ = $V_{CC}$ | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 100 µA | [2] | - | - | - | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 240 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 210 | Ω |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 µA | | - | - | 180 | Ω |

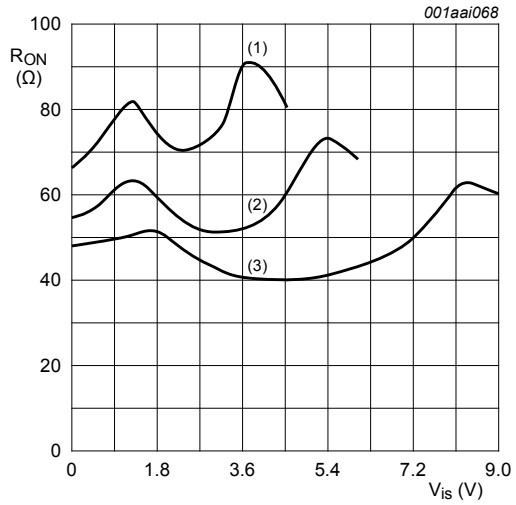
[1] All typical values are measured at $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C.
[2] When supply voltages ($V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$) near 2.0 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 2 V, it is recommended to use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.




$V_{is}$ = 0 V to ($V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$).

$$R_{ON} = \frac{V_{sw}}{I_{sw}}$$

**Figure 9. Test circuit for measuring $R_{ON}$**




$V_{is}$ = 0 V to ($V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$).
(1) $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V
(2) $V_{CC}$ = 6 V
(3) $V_{CC}$ = 9 V

**Figure 10. Typical $R_{ON}$ as a function of input voltage $V_{is}$**

**Table 7. Static characteristics for 74HC4052**

*Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).*

*$V_{is}$ is the input voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an input.*

*$V_{os}$ is the output voltage at pins nZ or nYn, whichever is assigned as an output.*

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +85 °C** | | | | | | |
| $V_{IH}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V | 1.5 | 1.2 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V | 3.15 | 2.4 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | 4.2 | 3.2 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 9.0 V | 6.3 | 4.7 | - | V |
| $V_{IL}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V | - | 0.8 | 0.5 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V | - | 2.1 | 1.35 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | - | 2.8 | 1.8 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 9.0 V | - | 4.3 | 2.7 | V |
| $I_I$ | input leakage current | $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(OFF)}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(ON)}$ | ON-state leakage current | $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{CC}$ | supply current | $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$; $V_{os}$ = $V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$ | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | - | - | 80.0 | µA |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V | - | - | 160.0 | µA |
| $C_I$ | input capacitance | | - | 3.5 | - | pF |
| $C_{sw}$ | switch capacitance | independent pins nYn | - | 5 | - | pF |
| | | common pins nZ | - | 12 | - | pF |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +125 °C** | | | | | | |
| $V_{IH}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V | 1.5 | - | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V | 3.15 | - | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | 4.2 | - | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 9.0 V | 6.3 | - | - | V |
| $V_{IL}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V | - | - | 0.5 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V | - | - | 1.35 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | - | - | 1.8 | V |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 9.0 V | - | - | 2.7 | V |
| $I_I$ | input leakage current | $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(OFF)}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(ON)}$ | ON-state leakage current | $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{CC}$ | supply current | $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$; $V_{os}$ = $V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$ | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V | - | - | 160.0 | µA |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V | - | - | 320.0 | µA |

[1] All typical values are measured at $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C.

**Table 8. Static characteristics for 74HCT4052**

*Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).*

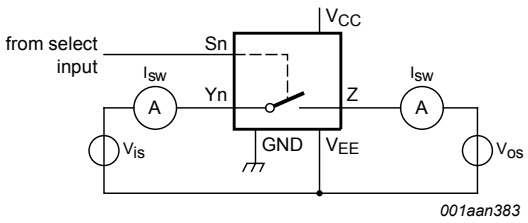
*$V_{is}$ is the input voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an input.*

*$V_{os}$ is the output voltage at pins nZ or nYn, whichever is assigned as an output.*

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +85 °C** | | | | | | |
| $V_{IH}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2.0 | 1.6 | - | V |
| $V_{IL}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | - | 1.2 | 0.8 | V |
| $I_I$ | input leakage current | $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(OFF)}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(ON)}$ | ON-state leakage current | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{CC}$ | supply current | $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$; $V_{os}$ = $V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$ | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 80.0 | µA |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = -5.0 V | - | - | 160.0 | µA |
| $\Delta I_{CC}$ | additional supply current | per input; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ - 2.1 V; other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 45 | 202.5 | µA |
| $C_I$ | input capacitance | | - | 3.5 | - | pF |
| $C_{sw}$ | switch capacitance | independent pins nYn | - | 5 | - | pF |
| | | common pins nZ | - | 12 | - | pF |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +125 °C** | | | | | | |
| $V_{IH}$ | HIGH-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| $V_{IL}$ | LOW-level input voltage | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| $I_I$ | input leakage current | $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(OFF)}$ | OFF-state leakage current | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; see Figure 11 | | | | |
| | | per channel | - | - | ±1.0 | µA |
| | | all channels | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{S(ON)}$ | ON-state leakage current | $V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$; $\|V_{SW}\|$ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$; see Figure 12 | - | - | ±2.0 | µA |
| $I_{CC}$ | supply current | $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$; $V_{os}$ = $V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$ | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 160.0 | µA |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = -5.0 V | - | - | 320.0 | µA |
| $\Delta I_{CC}$ | additional supply current | per input; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ - 2.1 V; other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V to 5.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 220.5 | µA |

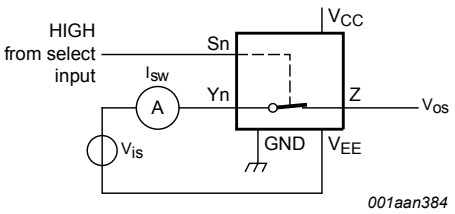
[1] All typical values are measured at $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C.




$V_{is}$ = $V_{CC}$ and $V_{os}$ = $V_{EE}$.

$V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ and $V_{os}$ = $V_{CC}$.

**Figure 11. Test circuit for measuring OFF-state current**




$V_{is}$ = $V_{CC}$ and $V_{os}$ = open-circuit.

$V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ and $V_{os}$ = open-circuit.

**Figure 12. Test circuit for measuring ON-state current**

# 11 Dynamic characteristics

**Table 9. Dynamic characteristics for 74HC4052**

*GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f$ = 6 ns; $C_L$ = 50 pF; for test circuit see Figure 15.*

*$V_{is}$ is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.*

*$V_{os}$ is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.*

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +85 °C** | | | | | | |
| $t_{pd}$ | propagation delay | $V_{is}$ to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = ∞ Ω; see Figure 13 [2] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 14 | 75 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 5 | 15 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 4 | 13 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | 4 | 10 | ns |
| $t_{on}$ | turn-on time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = ∞ Ω; see Figure 14 [3] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 105 | 405 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 38 | 81 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $C_L$ = 15 pF | - | 28 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 30 | 69 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | 26 | 58 | ns |
| $t_{off}$ | turn-off time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = 1 kΩ; see Figure 14 [4] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 74 | 315 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 27 | 63 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $C_L$ = 15 pF | - | 21 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 22 | 54 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | 22 | 48 | ns |
| $C_{PD}$ | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $V_I$ = GND to $V_{CC}$ [5] | - | 57 | - | pF |

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +125 °C** | | | | | | |
| $t_{pd}$ | propagation delay | $V_{is}$ to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = ∞ Ω; see Figure 13 [2] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 90 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 18 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 15 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | - | 12 | ns |
| $t_{on}$ | turn-on time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = ∞ Ω; see Figure 14 [3] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 490 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 98 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 83 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | - | 69 | ns |
| $t_{off}$ | turn-off time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = 1 kΩ; see Figure 14 [4] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 375 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 75 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | - | 64 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | - | 57 | ns |

[1] All typical values are measured at $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C.
[2] $t_{pd}$ is the same as $t_{PHL}$ and $t_{PLH}$.
[3] $t_{on}$ is the same as $t_{PZH}$ and $t_{PZL}$.
[4] $t_{off}$ is the same as $t_{PHZ}$ and $t_{PLZ}$.
[5] $C_{PD}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ($P_D$ in µW).
$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma\{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$ where:
$f_i$ = input frequency in MHz;
$f_o$ = output frequency in MHz;
N = number of inputs switching;
$\Sigma\{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$ = sum of outputs;
$C_L$ = output load capacitance in pF;
$C_{sw}$ = switch capacitance in pF;
$V_{CC}$ = supply voltage in V.

**Table 10. Dynamic characteristics for 74HCT4052**

*GND = 0 V; $t_r = t_f$ = 6 ns; $C_L$ = 50 pF; for test circuit see Figure 15.*

*$V_{is}$ is the input voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.*

*$V_{os}$ is the output voltage at a nYn or nZ terminal, whichever is assigned as an output.*

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Typ[1] | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +85 °C** | | | | | | | |
| $t_{pd}$ | propagation delay | $V_{is}$ to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = ∞ Ω; see Figure 13 | [2] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | 5 | 15 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | | - | 4 | 10 | ns |
| $t_{on}$ | turn-on time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = 1 kΩ; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | 41 | 88 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $C_L$ = 15 pF | | - | 18 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | | - | 28 | 60 | ns |
| $t_{off}$ | turn-off time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = 1 kΩ; see Figure 14 | [4] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | 26 | 63 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 5.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $C_L$ = 15 pF | | - | 13 | - | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | | - | 21 | 48 | ns |
| $C_{PD}$ | power dissipation capacitance | per switch; $V_I$ = GND to $V_{CC}$ - 1.5 V | [5] | - | 57 | - | pF |
| **$T_{amb}$ = -40 °C to +125 °C** | | | | | | | |
| $t_{pd}$ | propagation delay | $V_{is}$ to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = ∞ Ω; see Figure 13 | [2] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | - | 18 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | | - | - | 12 | ns |
| $t_{on}$ | turn-on time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = 1 kΩ; see Figure 14 | [3] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | - | 105 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | | - | - | 72 | ns |
| $t_{off}$ | turn-off time | $\overline{E}$, Sn to $V_{os}$; $R_L$ = 1 kΩ; see Figure 14 | [4] | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | | - | - | 75 | ns |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | | - | - | 57 | ns |

[1] All typical values are measured at $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C.
[2] $t_{pd}$ is the same as $t_{PHL}$ and $t_{PLH}$.
[3] $t_{on}$ is the same as $t_{PZH}$ and $t_{PZL}$.
[4] $t_{off}$ is the same as $t_{PHZ}$ and $t_{PLZ}$.
[5] $C_{PD}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ($P_D$ in µW).
$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma\{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$ where:
$f_i$ = input frequency in MHz;
$f_o$ = output frequency in MHz;
N = number of inputs switching;
$\Sigma\{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$ = sum of outputs;
$C_L$ = output load capacitance in pF;
$C_{sw}$ = switch capacitance in pF;
$V_{CC}$ = supply voltage in V.

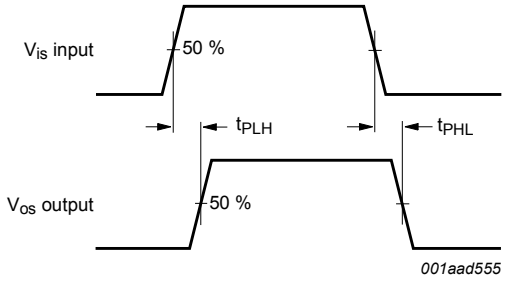
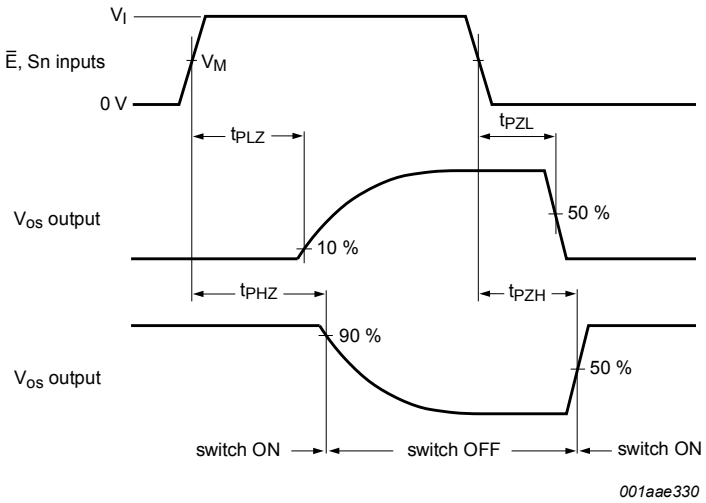


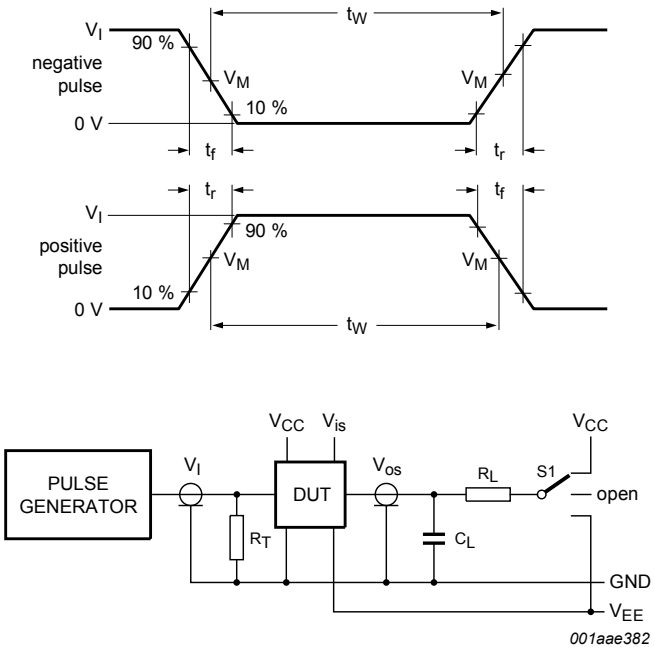

**Figure 13. Input ($V_{is}$) to output ($V_{os}$) propagation delays**




For 74HC4052: $V_M = 0.5 \times V_{CC}$.

For 74HCT4052: $V_M = 1.3$ V.

**Figure 14. Turn-on and turn-off times**




Definitions for test circuit; see Table 11:

$R_T$ = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance $Z_o$ of the pulse generator.

$C_L$ = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

$R_L$ = Load resistance.

S1 = Test selection switch.

**Figure 15. Test circuit for measuring switching times**

**Table 11. Test data**

| Test | Input | | | | Load | | S1 position |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | $V_I$ | $V_{is}$ | $t_r$, $t_f$ | | $C_L$ | $R_L$ | |
| | | | at $f_{max}$ | other [1] | | | |
| $t_{PHL}$, $t_{PLH}$ | [2] | pulse | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | open |
| $t_{PZH}$, $t_{PHZ}$ | [2] | $V_{CC}$ | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | $V_{EE}$ |
| $t_{PZL}$, $t_{PLZ}$ | [2] | $V_{EE}$ | < 2 ns | 6 ns | 50 pF | 1 kΩ | $V_{CC}$ |

[1] $t_r = t_f$ = 6 ns; when measuring $f_{max}$, there is no constraint to $t_r$ and $t_f$ with 50 % duty factor.

[2] $V_I$ values:
For 74HC4052: $V_I = V_{CC}$
For 74HCT4052: $V_I$ = 3 V

## 12 Additional dynamic characteristics

**Table 12. Additional dynamic characteristics**

*Recommended conditions and typical values; GND = 0 V; $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C; $C_L$ = 50 pF.*

*$V_{is}$ is the input voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an input.*

*$V_{os}$ is the output voltage at pins nYn or nZ, whichever is assigned as an output.*

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $d_{sin}$ | sine-wave distortion | $f_i$ = 1 kHz; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; see Figure 16 | | | | |
| | | $V_{is}$ = 4.0 V (p-p); $V_{CC}$ = 2.25 V; $V_{EE}$ = -2.25 V | - | 0.04 | - | % |
| | | $V_{is}$ = 8.0 V (p-p); $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | 0.02 | - | % |
| | | $f_i$ = 10 kHz; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; see Figure 16 | | | | |
| | | $V_{is}$ = 4.0 V (p-p); $V_{CC}$ = 2.25 V; $V_{EE}$ = -2.25 V | - | 0.12 | - | % |
| | | $V_{is}$ = 8.0 V (p-p); $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | 0.06 | - | % |
| $\alpha_{iso}$ | isolation (OFF-state) | $R_L$ = 600 Ω; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; see Figure 17 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.25 V; $V_{EE}$ = -2.25 V [1] | - | -50 | - | dB |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V [1] | - | -50 | - | dB |
| Xtalk | crosstalk | between two switches/multiplexers; $R_L$ = 600 Ω; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; see Figure 18 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.25 V; $V_{EE}$ = -2.25 V [1] | - | -60 | - | dB |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V [1] | - | -60 | - | dB |
| $V_{ct}$ | crosstalk voltage | peak-to-peak value; between control and any switch; $R_L$ = 600 Ω; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; $\overline{E}$ or Sn square wave between $V_{CC}$ and GND; $t_r = t_f$ = 6 ns; see Figure 19 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V | - | 110 | - | mV |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V | - | 220 | - | mV |
| $f_{(-3dB)}$ | -3 dB frequency response | $R_L$ = 50 Ω; see Figure 20 | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 2.25 V; $V_{EE}$ = -2.25 V [2] | - | 170 | - | MHz |
| | | $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V [2] | - | 180 | - | MHz |

[1] Adjust input voltage $V_{is}$ to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600 Ω).
[2] Adjust input voltage $V_{is}$ to 0 dBm level at $V_{os}$ for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50 Ω).

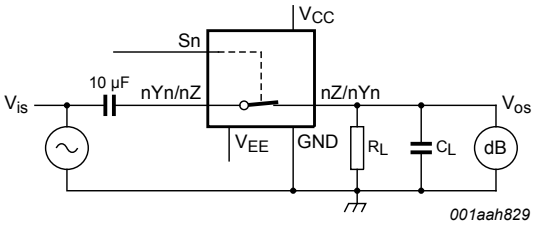
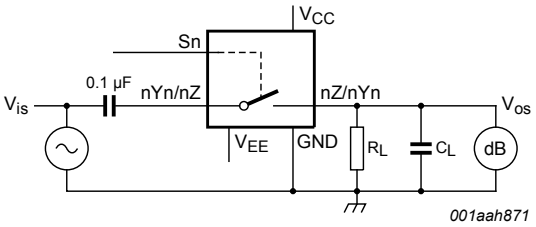
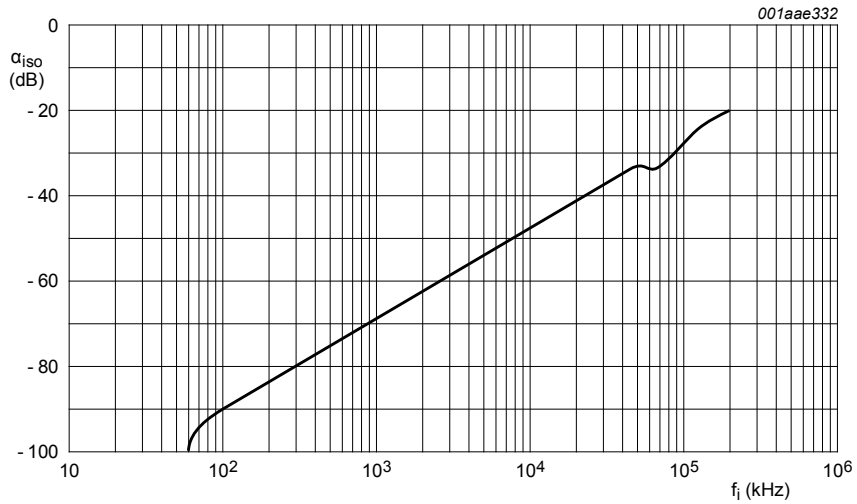



**Figure 16. Test circuit for measuring sine-wave distortion**




$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $R_L$ = 600 Ω; $R_S$ = 1 kΩ.

a. Test circuit




b. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

**Figure 17. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)**

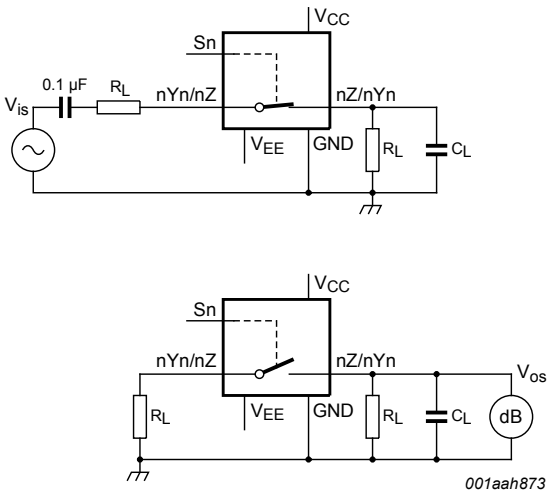



**Figure 18. Test circuits for measuring crosstalk between any two switches/multiplexers**

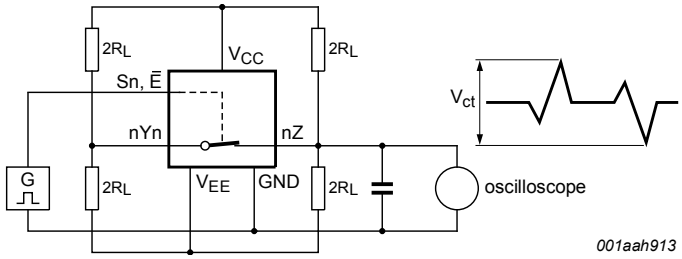
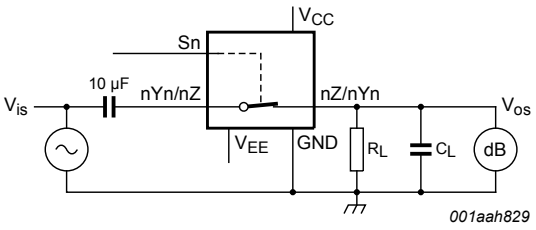
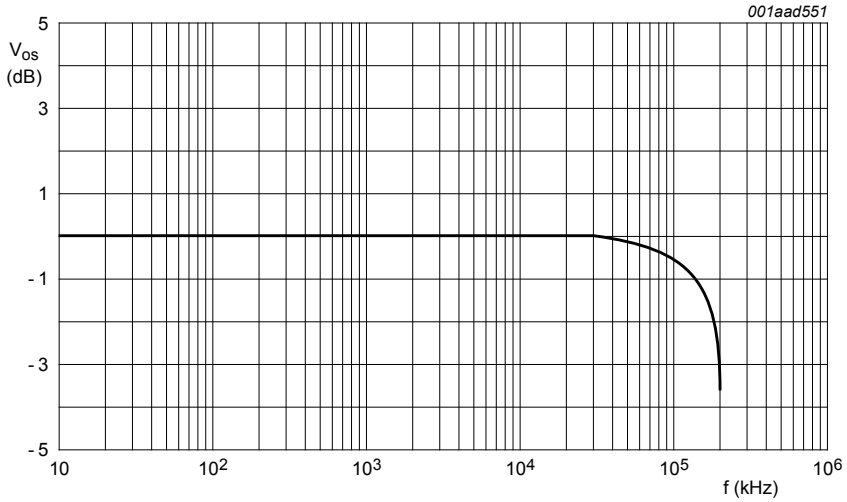



**Figure 19. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control input and any switch**




$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $R_L$ = 50 Ω; $R_S$ = 1 kΩ.

a. Test circuit

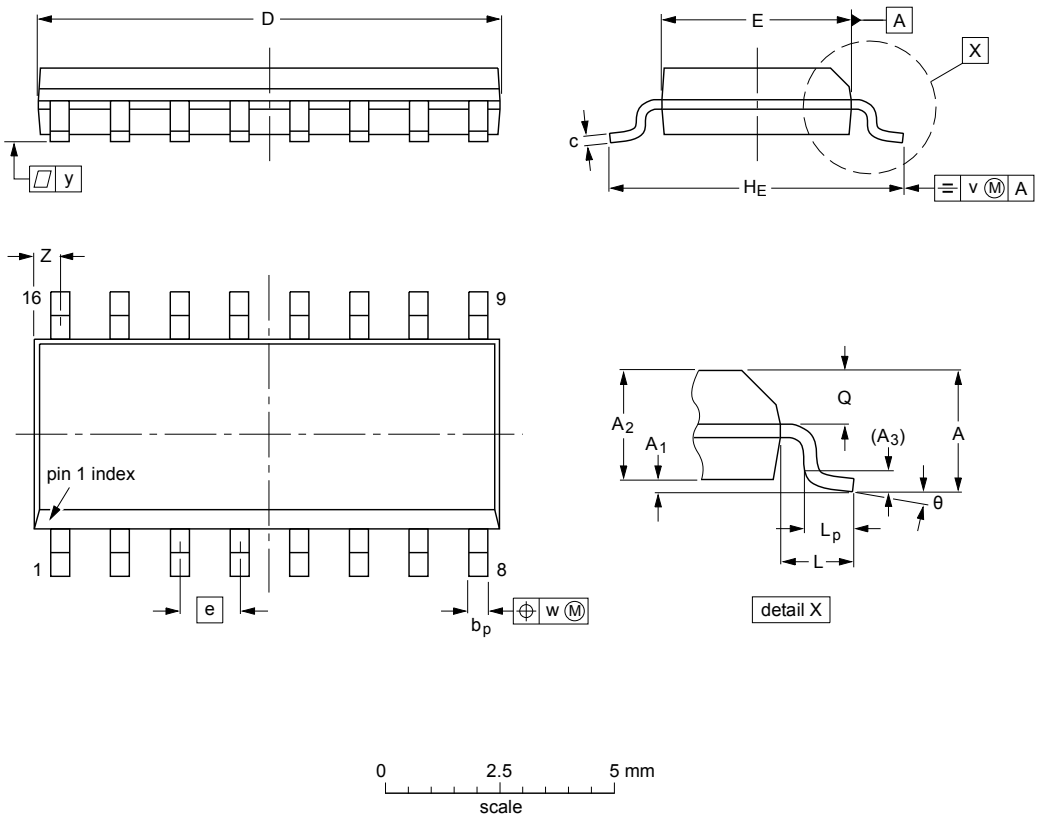



b. Typical frequency response

**Figure 20. Test circuit for frequency response**

## 13 Package outline

**SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm** **SOT109-1**




**DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)**

| UNIT | A max. | $A_1$ | $A_2$ | $A_3$ | $b_p$ | c | $D^{(1)}$ | $E^{(1)}$ | e | $H_E$ | L | $L_p$ | Q | v | w | y | $Z^{(1)}$ | θ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| mm | 1.75 | 0.25<br>0.10 | 1.45<br>1.25 | 0.25 | 0.49<br>0.36 | 0.25<br>0.19 | 10.0<br>9.8 | 4.0<br>3.8 | 1.27 | 6.2<br>5.8 | 1.05 | 1.0<br>0.4 | 0.7<br>0.6 | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.1 | 0.7<br>0.3 | 8°<br>0° |
| inches | 0.069 | 0.010<br>0.004 | 0.057<br>0.049 | 0.01 | 0.019<br>0.014 | 0.0100<br>0.0075 | 0.39<br>0.38 | 0.16<br>0.15 | 0.05 | 0.244<br>0.228 | 0.041 | 0.039<br>0.016 | 0.028<br>0.020 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.004 | 0.028<br>0.012 | |

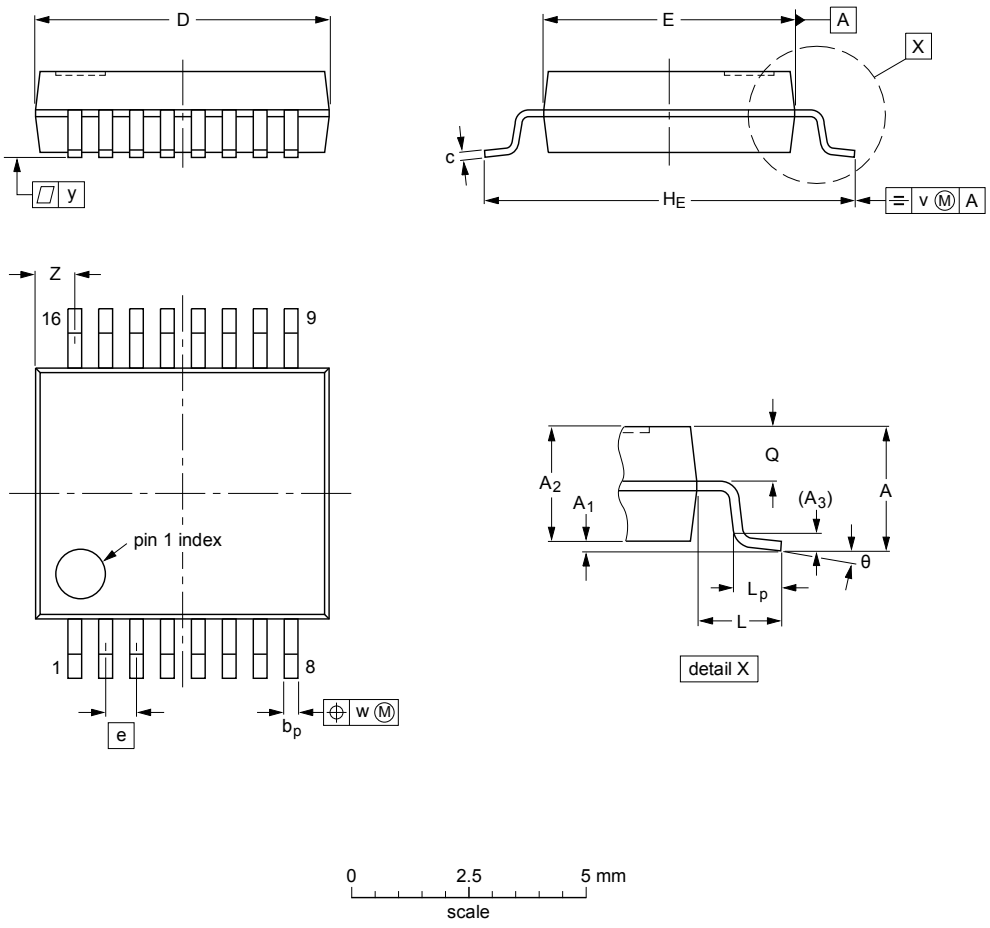
**Note**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | | |
| SOT109-1 | 076E07 | MS-012 | | | | ~~99-12-27~~<br>03-02-19 |

**Figure 21. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)**

**SSOP16: plastic shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 5.3 mm** **SOT338-1**




**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

| UNIT | A max. | $A_1$ | $A_2$ | $A_3$ | $b_p$ | c | $D^{(1)}$ | $E^{(1)}$ | e | $H_E$ | L | $L_p$ | Q | v | w | y | $Z^{(1)}$ | θ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| mm | 2 | 0.21<br>0.05 | 1.80<br>1.65 | 0.25 | 0.38<br>0.25 | 0.20<br>0.09 | 6.4<br>6.0 | 5.4<br>5.2 | 0.65 | 7.9<br>7.6 | 1.25 | 1.03<br>0.63 | 0.9<br>0.7 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 1.00<br>0.55 | $8^o$<br>$0^o$ |

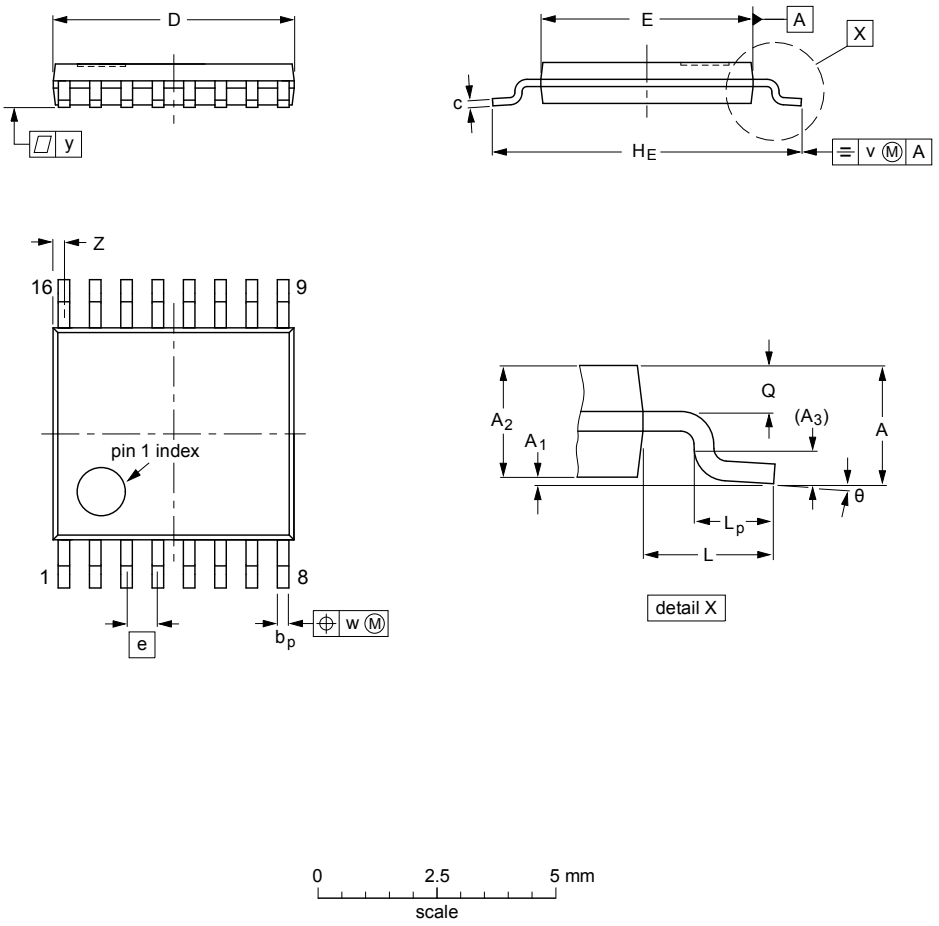
**Note**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | | |
| SOT338-1 | | MO-150 | | | | ~~99-12-27~~<br>03-02-19 |

**Figure 22. Package outline SOT338-1 (SSOP16)**

**TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm** **SOT403-1**




**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

| UNIT | A max. | $A_1$ | $A_2$ | $A_3$ | $b_p$ | c | D (1) | E (2) | e | $H_E$ | L | $L_p$ | Q | v | w | y | Z (1) | θ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| mm | 1.1 | 0.15<br>0.05 | 0.95<br>0.80 | 0.25 | 0.30<br>0.19 | 0.2<br>0.1 | 5.1<br>4.9 | 4.5<br>4.3 | 0.65 | 6.6<br>6.2 | 1 | 0.75<br>0.50 | 0.4<br>0.3 | 0.2 | 0.13 | 0.1 | 0.40<br>0.06 | $8^o$<br>$0^o$ |

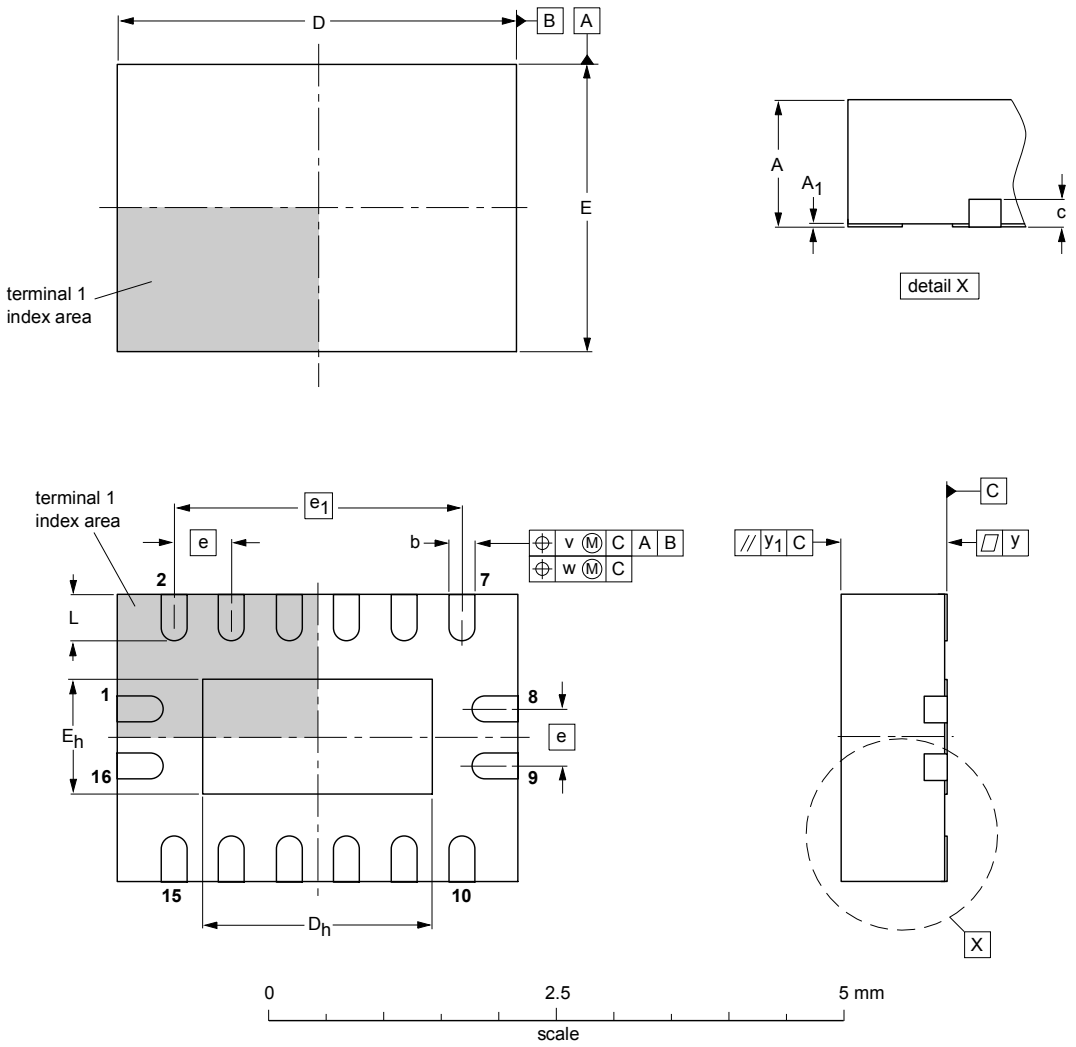
**Notes**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | | |
| SOT403-1 | | MO-153 | | | | ~~99-12-27~~<br>03-02-18 |

**Figure 23. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)**

**DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm** **SOT763-1**




**DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)**

| UNIT | $A^{(1)}$ max. | $A_1$ | b | c | $D^{(1)}$ | $D_h$ | $E^{(1)}$ | $E_h$ | e | $e_1$ | L | v | w | y | $y_1$ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| mm | 1 | 0.05<br>0.00 | 0.30<br>0.18 | 0.2 | 3.6<br>3.4 | 2.15<br>1.85 | 2.6<br>2.4 | 1.15<br>0.85 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 0.5<br>0.3 | 0.1 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.1 |

**Note**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.075 mm maximum per side are not included.

| OUTLINE VERSION | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | IEC | JEDEC | JEITA | | | |
| SOT763-1 | - - - | MO-241 | - - - | | | ~~02-10-17~~<br>03-01-27 |

**Figure 24. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)**

# 14 Abbreviations

**Table 13. Abbreviations**

| Acronym | Description |
|---|---|
| CMOS | Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge |
| HBM | Human Body Model |
| MM | Machine Model |

# 15 Revision history

**Table 14. Revision history**

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.12 | 20171010 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.11 |
| Modifications: | • The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.<br>• Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. | | | |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.11 | 20160210 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.10 |
| Modifications: | • Type numbers 74HC4052N and 74HCT4052N (SOT38-4) removed. | | | |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.10 | 20120719 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.9 |
| Modifications: | • CDM added to features. | | | |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.9 | 20111213 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.8 |
| Modifications: | • Legal pages updated. | | | |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.8 | 20110511 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.7 |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.7 | 20110112 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.6 |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.6 | 20100111 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.5 |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.5 | 20080505 | Product data sheet | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.4 |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.4 | 20041111 | Product specification | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.3 |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.3 | 20030516 | Product specification | - | 74HC_HCT4052 v.2 |
| 74HC_HCT4052 v.2 | 19901201 | - | - | - |

# 16 Legal information

## 16.1 Data sheet status

| Document status[1][2] | Product status[3] | Definition |
|---|---|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nexperia.com.

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