MATH 131 Homework 2 Jesse Cai 304634445

1. Prove that addition is associative.

We need to show  $\forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{N} : (a+b)+c=a+(b+c)$ . To do this, we fix a, b and do induction on c. when c=0 we get

$$(a + b) + 0 = a + (b + 0) = a + b = a + (b) = a$$

Assume that it is true for 0, then

$$(a+b) + c = a + (b+c)$$
$$(a+b) + S(c) = S((a+b) + c) = S(a+(b+c)) = a + S(b+c) = a + (b+S(c))$$

so it holds by induction

- 2. Prove that multiplication is commutative.
- 3. Show  $\sqrt[3]{5-\sqrt{3}}$  is not rational.

Assume that  $\sqrt[3]{5-\sqrt{3}} \in \mathbb{Q}$ . Then,  $\left(\sqrt[3]{5-\sqrt{3}}\right)^3 \in \mathbb{Q}$ , since the rationals are closed under multiplication. This means that  $5-\sqrt{3} \in \mathbb{Q}$ . But since  $\mathbb{Q}$  is closed under addition and multiplication  $-1(-5+5-\sqrt{3}) \in \mathbb{Q} \implies \sqrt{3} \in \mathbb{Q}$  which is a contradiction. Therefore  $\sqrt[3]{5-\sqrt{3}} \notin \mathbb{Q}$ .

- 4. Prove (v) 0 < 1 and (vii)  $\forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{R} \ 0 < a < b \implies 0 < b^{-1} < a^{-1}$ To prove 0 < 1 we will use (iv). Let a = 1, then by (iv)  $0 < 1^2 \implies 0 < 1$ To prove (vii), notice by (vi) we get  $0 < b^{-1} \land 0 < a^{-1}$ , so we just need to show that  $b^{-1} < a^{-1}$ .

  By (iii) we get  $0 < a^{-1}b^{-1}$  and we can use (i) to get  $-a^{-1}b^{-1} < -0$  We can apply (ii) with  $c = -a^{-1}b^{-1}$  to ge  $b(c) \le ac$  so  $-a^{-1} \le -b 1$ . But then we can apply (i) again to get  $b^{-1} \le a^{-1}$
- 5. Prove  $|a+b+c| \le |a|+|b|+|c| \forall a,b,c \in \mathbb{R}$  We showed that  $a+b+c=(a+b)+c \implies |a+b+c|=|(a+b)+c|$ By triangle inequality we get  $|(a+b)+c| \le |a+b|+|c|$  so

$$|a+b+c| \le |a+b| + |c|$$

Again by triangle inequality,  $|a + b| \le |a| + |b|$  so

$$|a+b+c| < |a+b| + |c| < |a| + |b| + |c|$$

TODO: part b

- 6. Prove  $\inf S \leq \sup S$  b) S is just one element
- 7. Let  $S = \{1\}$  and  $T = \{1, 2\}$  then  $S \cap T = \{1\} \neq \emptyset$ Let  $S = \{r \in \mathbb{Q} : r^2 < 7\}$  and  $T = \{r \in \mathbb{Q} : r^2 > 7\}$  then  $S \cap T = \emptyset$  and  $\sup S = \inf T = \sqrt{7}$ .
- 8. First we show  $\{r+\sqrt{2}:r\in\mathbb{Q}\}\subset I$  Suppose there exists