**CUPID** array

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CUPIL

# Optimization of integration time and distance cut in the CUPID array

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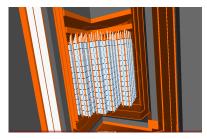
Virginia Tech

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Mini-Symposium: Neutrinos and Nuclei XII: Double Beta Decay Analysis
Techniques

# **CUPID** experiment

- Proposed  $0\nu\beta\beta$  search using bolometric array of 1596 lithium molybdate crystals, deployed in the CUORE<sup>1</sup>cryostat.
- Aims to eliminate dominant background of alpha particles present in CUORE.
- Are new backgrounds introduced with a using a new element for the bolometers?



Rendering of proposed CUPID array of Li<sub>2</sub>MoO<sub>4</sub> crystals

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Clarke and Braginski 2004.

# lithium molybdate

- Li<sub>2</sub>MoO<sub>4</sub> crystals allow for discrimination of  $\alpha$  backgrounds from  $\beta\beta$  events (Q=3034keV) via high-light yield scintillation signals.
- relatively high isotopic abundance of <sup>100</sup>Mo (10%)
- enrichment above 95% already demonstrated in CUPID-Mo

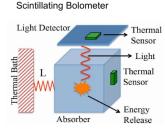


Figure: CUPID bolometer and rejection scheme

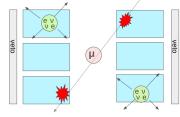
#### CUPID

### $2\nu$ events and muons

- With respect to coincidences, the rate of  $2\nu\beta\beta$  events is not negligible in CUPID array<sup>2</sup>
- Minimizing the distance cut

3mHz

- helps avoid mis-labelling random  $2\nu\beta\beta$  coincidences as multiplicity 2.
- Assuming a simple muon veto geometry, increasing the distance cut rejects more muon events

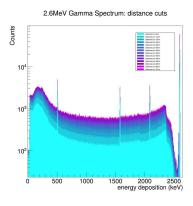


 $T_{1/2} = 7.1 * 10^8 yr \rightarrow A \sim$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>chernyak.

### distance cut in the CUPID array

- monte-carlo simulation of 1 million 2.6MeV gamma rays in the crystal volume.
- With this energy, we expect multiple scattering events in the crystals (cite scattering length)
- multiplicity 2 > events are discarded

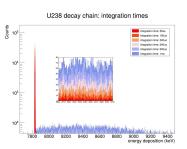


CUPID

# integration time in the CUPID array

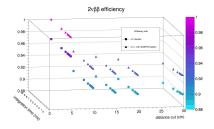
• 100000 uranium 238 events (full chain)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
238 & U \xrightarrow{\alpha} & ^{234} & Th \xrightarrow{\alpha,\beta,\gamma} & \dots \\
214 & Bi \xrightarrow{\beta} & ^{214} & Po \xrightarrow{\alpha} & ^{210} & Pb \dots
\end{array}$$



# $2\nu\beta\beta$ efficiency simulation

- sensitivity studies expect on the order of 90
- large distance cut, random coincidences (more variation with integration time)
- is there a paper i can cite.
   0vbb expect closer to 80
- find operating point relative to muon background, parameter of interest -¿ at which distance cut do random coincidences play role in integration time affecting efficiency bremstrallung, escape, random coincidences -¿ 3 ways we lose efficiency



# muon background

- muon flux LNGS
- planned muon veto , 90
- muon track + showers induced by the muon. muon background suppression vs efficiency

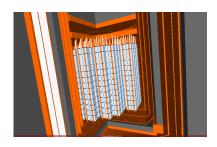


Figure: