

RandAnything

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# Chapter 1

## RandAnything

Because *pseudo-random* should be **easy**.

This is a single-file (`_RandAnything.h`) library that defines an easy-to-use pseudo-random number generator `RandAnything`. `RandAnything` can generate random values within a range for almost any numerical type, and even strings!

### Using the Header File in your Project

All you need to do to use `RandAnything` is to place a copy of the header file `_RandAnything.h` into your project (or a system include folder like `/usr/local/include/`) and then `#include` it in your program.

**Easy.**

### Generating Random Numeric Values

Now, you are two steps away from random value bliss. First, declare an instance of the `RandAnything` generator, using a template argument corresponding to the kind of value you want to generate. For example, if you want to generate integer values to simulate a 6-sided die roll, you do this: “`cpp RandAnything<int> die_roller; // Generator for integer values`” Second, you just call the generator object as if it were a function, passing the lower- and upper- bounds for the value you want to generate: “`cpp int d6 = die_roller(1, 6); // Simulate rolling a 6-sided die.`” That's it! The 1 represents the *low* end of the range of possible values, and the 6 represents the *high* end of the range. A uniform random number in the range `[1,6]` will be returned.

`RandAnything` will allow you to generate any kind of numeric value you want by following those two steps.

**Range Note:** The range of values generated for integer-based values is a *closed range* `[low, high]`, but floating-point-based values are produced in an *open range* `[low, high)` (the high value is never actually produced, but values can get vanishingly close, according to the precision available in the type itself).

### Generating `std::string` Values

`RandAnything` can also generate randomized strings of type `std::string`! The process is nearly the same, but there are a few more options.

For one thing, you can choose the *alphabet* (set of characters) from which the string is chosen. By default it will consist of all *non-whitespace, printable* characters (that is, characters that aren't whitespace and will result in a visible character on the screen). But you can customize the alphabet easily (more on that later).

Also, you can choose to *either* generate strings with a *variable length* (whose length is in a range specified by [low, high] similar to the numeric ranges shown above), or you can generate strings with a fixed length.

```
Example Code: "cpp // Set up the generator for strings: RandAnything<std::string> string_gen; // Generate a string
with a length between 4 and 12 characters: std::string random_str_1 = string_gen(4,12);

// Generate a string whose length is exactly 8 characters: std::string random_str_2 = string_gen(8);

// Generate a string of exactly 8 characters while limiting the // alphabet to "01" (producing something that looks like a //
binary number): std::string random_str_3 = string_gen(8, "01");

// Generate a string with between 3 and 9 characters from the // alphabet "abc123" std::string random_str_4 = string_↵
gen(3, 9, "abc123"); "
```

### Bonus: Easy Alphabets

The `std::string` version of `RandAnything` knows about several special alphabets that will come in handy as well. The following methods are available:

- `alphabet_alphaLowerCase()` - lowercase letters
- `alphabet_alphaUpperCase()` - uppercase letters
- `alphabet_alphaAllCase()` - lowercase and uppercase letters
- `alphabet_numeric()` - numeric digits 0 through 9
- `alphabet_alphaNumeric()` - lowercase and uppercase letters and numeric digits
- `alphabet_punctuation()` - punctuation characters (non-whitespace printable characters that aren't letters or numbers)
- `alphabet_printable()` - all printable non-whitespace characters
- `alphabet_hexadecimal()` - characters that are valid for hexadecimal digits (0 through 9 and a through f)

```
Examples: "cpp // Set up the generator for strings: RandAnything<std::string> string_gen;

// Generate an alphanumeric password: std::string pass = string_gen(32, string_gen.alphabet_alphaNumeric());

// Generate a string of lowercase letters between 4 and 16 characters long: std::string lc = string_gen(4, 16, string_↵
gen.alphabet_alphaLowerCase()); "
```

### Fiddly Details

`RandAnything` is designed to give a good trade-off between quality pseudo-random values and performance when generating lots of values. Although some performance was sacrificed for ease-of-use, but it should still be plenty fast enough for most applications.

#### Seeding

When you declare the instance of the `RandAnything` object, it will perform an initial setup operation involving obtaining a source of randomness using a source of *true random entropy* if such a source is available. (The mechanism used is the `std::random_device`: see [http://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/numeric/random/random\\_device](http://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/numeric/random/random_device)). If a source of nondeterministic entropy is not available, then you end up with a deterministic seeding function.

#### Generation

Random number generation depends on a Mersenne Twister algorithm (specifically `std::mt19937`: see [http://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/numeric/random/mersenne\\_twister\\_engine](http://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/numeric/random/mersenne_twister_engine)). This produces *pseudo-random* values based on a (in most cases) true-random seed. The result is that the part of the process that takes significant time (the true-random seeding) occurs only at instantiation, and on every call a comparatively *fast* pseudo-random generation occurs.

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## Chapter 2

# Class Index

### 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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|--|----|
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| <a href="#">RandAnything&lt; std::string &gt;</a>                                |    |
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# Chapter 3

## File Index

### 3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

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## Chapter 4

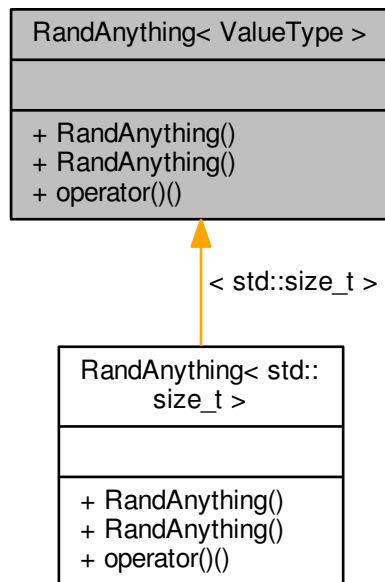
# Class Documentation

### 4.1 RandAnything< ValueType > Class Template Reference

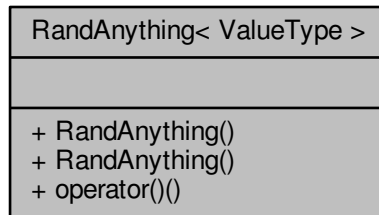
Generate a random value of any numeric type or std::string.

```
#include <RandAnything.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for RandAnything< ValueType >:



Collaboration diagram for `RandAnything< ValueType >`:



## Public Member Functions

- [RandAnything](#) ()
- [RandAnything](#) (unsigned int seed)
- `ValueType` [operator](#)() (const `ValueType` &low, const `ValueType` &high)

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename ValueType>class RandAnything< ValueType >
```

Generate a random value of any numeric type or `std::string`.

Generate (almost) any type of uniform random value in a range [low,high] (for integral values) or [low, high) (for floating-point values). Just instantiate the class with whatever type you want as the template argument, then use it as a function where the arguments are the lower and upper bounds of the range for the resulting random value. To generate `std::string` values, [RandAnything<std::string>](#) specialization.

#### Template Parameters

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| <i>ValueType</i> | Type of value that should be generated. Supports integral types, Real-number types, and <code>std::string</code> . |
|------------------|--|

Definition at line 122 of file `RandAnything.h`.

### 4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.1.2.1 `template<typename ValueType > RandAnything< ValueType >::RandAnything ( )`

constructs the random number generator and prepares it for use; seeding is automatic and uses a non-deterministic seed (if available on the system)

#### Template Parameters

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| <i>ValueType</i> | Type of value that should be generated. Supports integral types, Real-number types, and <code>std::string</code> . |
|------------------|--|

Definition at line 139 of file RandAnything.h.

#### 4.1.2.2 `template<typename ValueType > RandAnything< ValueType >::RandAnything ( unsigned int seed )`

constructs the random number generator and prepares it for use given an explicit seed

##### Parameters

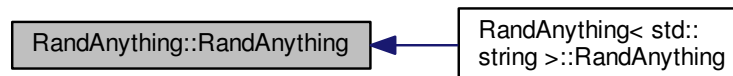
|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| <i>seed</i> | A seeding value. An entire state sequence is generated from this value using a linear random generator. |
|-------------|---|

##### Template Parameters

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| <i>ValueType</i> | Type of value that should be generated. Supports integral types, Real-number types, and <code>std::string</code> . |
|------------------|--|

Definition at line 149 of file RandAnything.h.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

##### 4.1.3.1 `template<typename ValueType> ValueType RandAnything< ValueType >::operator() ( const ValueType & low, const ValueType & high )`

Generate random value in range [*low*,*high*].

##### Parameters

|             |                                      |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| <i>low</i>  | smallest value that can be generated |
| <i>high</i> | largest value that can be generated  |

##### Template Parameters

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| <i>ValueType</i> | Type of value that should be generated. Supports integral types, Real-number types, and <code>std::string</code> . |
|------------------|--|

##### Returns

a (uniform) random number in the range [*low*, *high*]

Definition at line 161 of file RandAnything.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

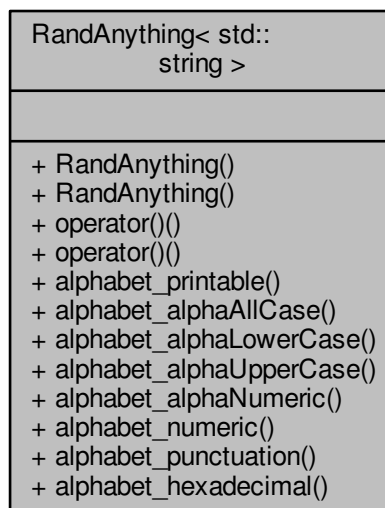
- [RandAnything.h](#)

## 4.2 RandAnything< std::string > Class Template Reference

[RandAnything](#) specialization for std::string generation.

```
#include <RandAnything.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for RandAnything< std::string >:



### Public Member Functions

- [RandAnything](#) ()
- [RandAnything](#) (unsigned int seed)
- std::string [operator\(\)](#) (std::size\_t length, std::string alphabet="")  
*generate a random std::string of a specific length from a chosen alphabet*
- std::string [operator\(\)](#) (std::size\_t min\_length, std::size\_t max\_length, std::string alphabet="")  
*generate a random std::string in a range of lengths from a chosen alphabet*
- std::string [alphabet\\_printable](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all printable (non-whitespace) characters*
- std::string [alphabet\\_alphaAllCase](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all alphabetical characters (upper- and lower-case)*
- std::string [alphabet\\_alphaLowerCase](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all lowercase alphabetical characters*



- std::string [alphabet\\_alphaUpperCase](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all uppercase alphabetical characters*
- std::string [alphabet\\_alphaNumeric](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all alphabetical (upper- and lower-case) and numeric digits*
- std::string [alphabet\\_numeric](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all numeric characters*
- std::string [alphabet\\_punctuation](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all punctuation and symbol characters (all non-whitespace printable characters that are not alphabetical or numeric)*
- std::string [alphabet\\_hexadecimal](#) () const  
*generates the alphabet of all hexadecimal digits [0,f]*

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

template<>class RandAnything< std::string >

[RandAnything](#) specialization for std::string generation.

Generates std::strings with either a fixed length or with a range of lengths given an alphabet of characters to choose from (or using all printable characters). This class also exposes methods to generate several useful alphabets.

#### Template Parameters

|                      |
|----------------------|
| <i>[description]</i> |
|----------------------|

Definition at line 208 of file RandAnything.h.

### 4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 4.2.2.1 RandAnything< std::string >::RandAnything ( ) [inline], [default]

Constructs an instance of [RandAnything](#) for generating std::string values, using a non-deterministic seed (if available)

#### 4.2.2.2 RandAnything< std::string >::RandAnything ( unsigned int *seed* ) [inline]

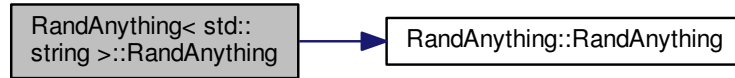
Constructs an instance of [RandAnything](#) for generating std::string values, using an explicit seed given by the *seed* parameter.

#### Parameters

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| <i>seed</i> | seed value that determines the sequence of values produced by the generator |
|-------------|---|

Definition at line 238 of file RandAnything.h.

Here is the call graph for this function:



### 4.2.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 4.2.3.1 `std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet_alphaAllCase ( ) const`

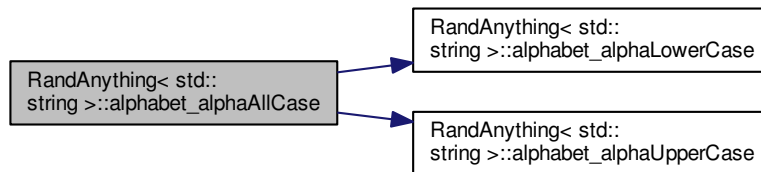
generates the alphabet of all alphabetical characters (upper- and lower-case)

##### Returns

a `std::string` consisting of all alphabetical characters

Definition at line 307 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.3.2 `std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet_alphaLowerCase ( ) const`

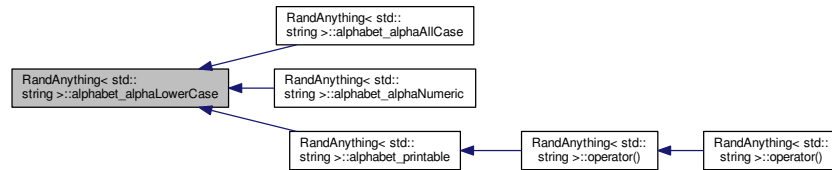
generates the alphabet of all lowercase alphabetical characters

**Returns**

a `std::string` consisting of all lowercase alphabetical characters

Definition at line 277 of file RandAnything.h.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.2.3.3 std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet\_alphaNumeric ( ) const**

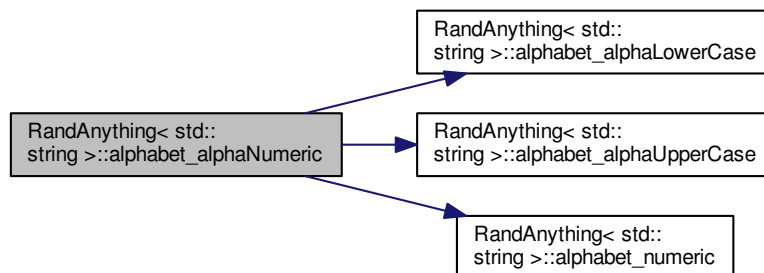
generates the alphabet of all alphabetical (upper- and lower-case) and numeric digits

**Returns**

a `std::string` consisting of all alphabetical characters and digits

Definition at line 314 of file RandAnything.h.

Here is the call graph for this function:

**4.2.3.4 std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet\_alphaUpperCase ( ) const**

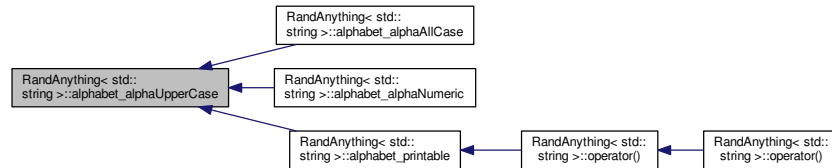
generates the alphabet of all uppercase alphabetical characters

**Returns**

a `std::string` consisting of all uppercase alphabetical characters

Definition at line 287 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.2.3.5 `std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet_hexadecimal ( ) const`

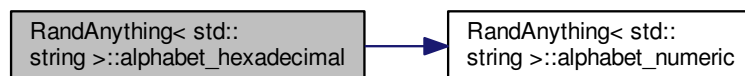
generates the alphabet of all hexadecimal digits [0,f]

**Returns**

a `std::string` consisting of all hexadecimal digits [0,f]

Definition at line 345 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.3.6 `std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet_numeric ( ) const`

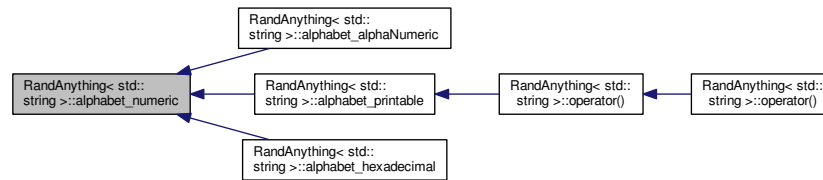
generates the alphabet of all numeric characters

**Returns**

a `std::string` consisting of all numeric characters

Definition at line 297 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.2.3.7 `std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet_printable ( ) const`

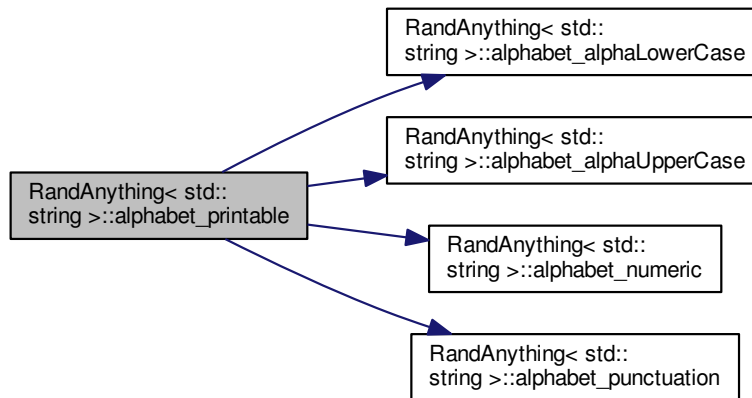
generates the alphabet of all printable (non-whitespace) characters

##### Returns

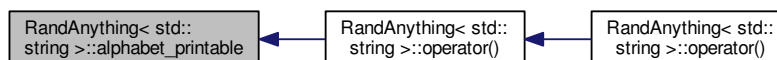
a `std::string` consisting of all printable (non-whitespace) characters

Definition at line 338 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.2.3.8 `std::string RandAnything< std::string >::alphabet_punctuation ( ) const`

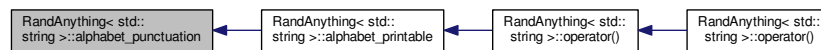
generates the alphabet of all punctuation and symbol characters (all non-whitespace printable characters that are not alphabetical or numeric)

##### Returns

a `std::string` consisting of all punctuation and symbol printable characters

Definition at line 322 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 4.2.3.9 `std::string RandAnything< std::string >::operator() ( std::size_t length, std::string alphabet = " " ) [inline]`

generate a random `std::string` of a specific length from a chosen alphabet

Generates a `std::string` of characters containing characters chosen at random from `alphabet` (uniform choice, with replacement). The length of the generated string is given by `length`.

##### Parameters

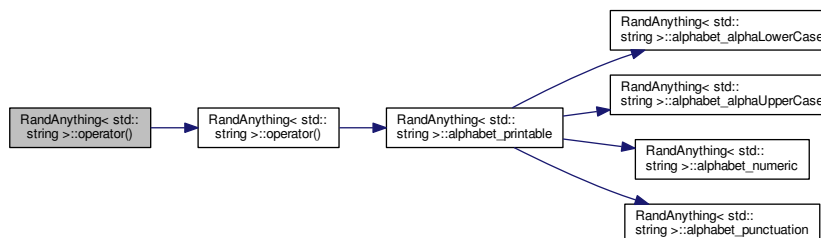
|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| <i>length</i>   | length of generated string                                |
| <i>alphabet</i> | set of characters that may appear in the generated string |

##### Returns

a random string of characters from `alphabet` whose length is given by `length`

Definition at line 251 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the call graph for this function:



#### 4.2.3.10 std::string RandAnything< std::string >::operator() ( std::size\_t min\_length, std::size\_t max\_length, std::string alphabet = " " )

generate a random `std::string` in a range of lengths from a chosen alphabet

Generates a `std::string` of characters containing characters chosen at random from `alphabet` (uniform choice, with replacement). The minimum and maximum possible lengths for the generated string are given by `min_length` and `max_length`, respectively.

##### Parameters

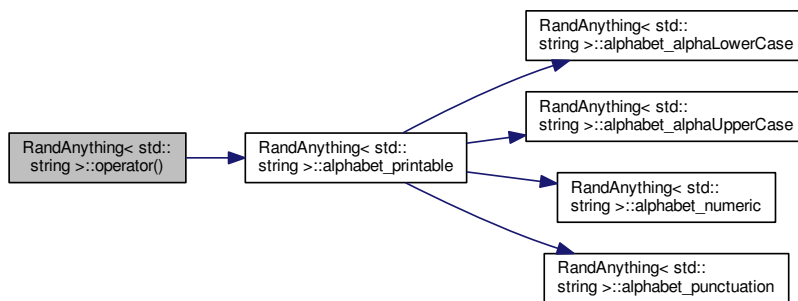
|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <i>min_length</i> | shortest possible string to generate                      |
| <i>max_length</i> | longest possible string to generate                       |
| <i>alphabet</i>   | set of characters that may appear in the generated string |

##### Returns

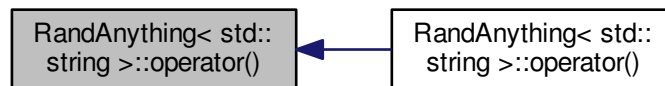
a random string of characters from `alphabet` whose length is in the range `[min_length, max_length]`

Definition at line 268 of file `RandAnything.h`.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [RandAnything.h](#)





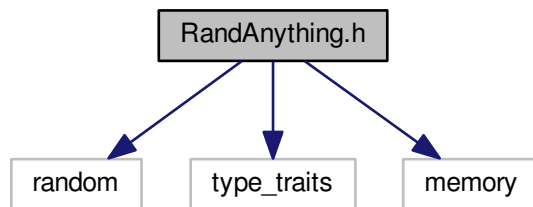
## Chapter 5

# File Documentation

### 5.1 RandAnything.h File Reference

```
#include <random>
#include <type_traits>
#include <memory>
```

Include dependency graph for RandAnything.h:



#### Classes

- class `RandAnything< ValueType >`  
*Generate a random value of any numeric type or `std::string`.*
- class `RandAnything< std::string >`  
*`RandAnything` specialization for `std::string` generation.*

#### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

Defines a class `RandAnything` that will allow you to quickly generate a quality pseudo-random value of (almost) any standard type without worrying about STL type names or doing a lot of setup.

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