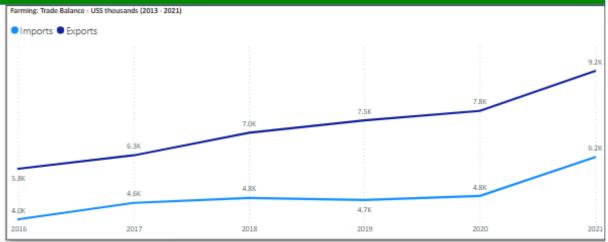
Agriculture remains a crucial part of the Peruvian economy, providing employment to millions of people and contributing significantly to the country's GDP. Nearly 5 million people work in agriculture, making the sector one of the largest employment generators. Over the last decade, agriculture has created 1 million new jobs, helping to reduce poverty and improve the standard of living for many Peruvians.

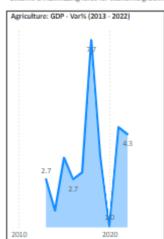
Peru has 7.5 million hectares of land dedicated to farming, of which 3.95 million hectares are dedicated to score.

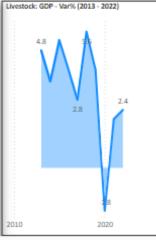
Agriculture had a variation grow from 2021 to 2022 equaled to 4.3% of the global GDP. Farming had a variation grow from 2021 to 2022 of 5.5% of the global GDP.

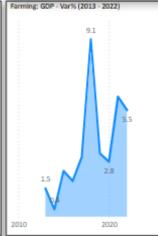
Total agricultural exports have reached US\$ 9.17 billion in 2021 and non-traditional agricultural exports accounted for US\$ 8.32 billion.

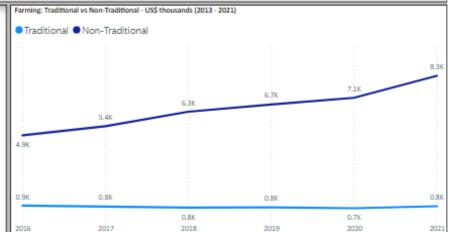
In conclusion, agriculture is a vital sector for Peru's economy, and non traditional farming have become a maximazing force for economic growth.









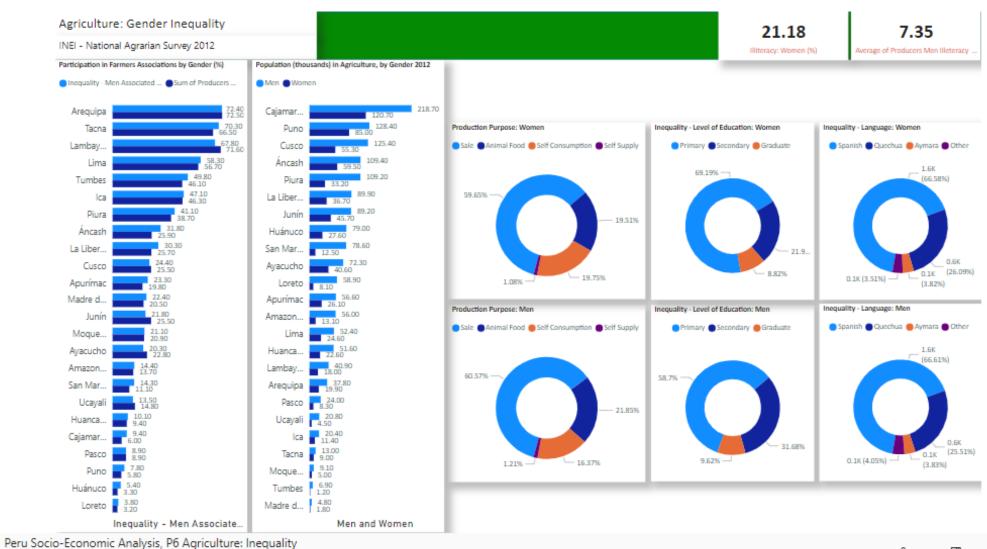


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Peru Socio-Economic Analysis, P5 Sector: Agriculture









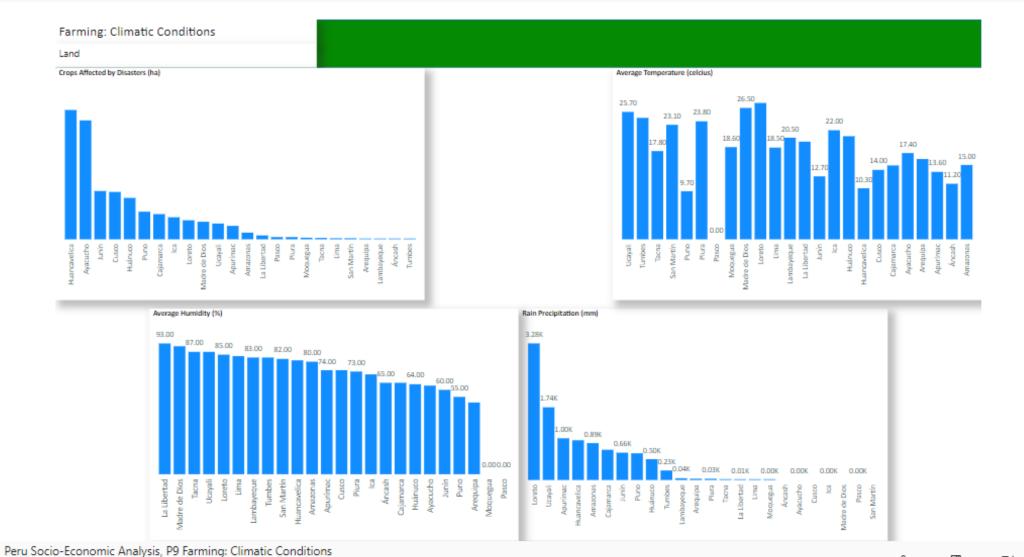


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