Introduction

My wordsearch function begins by pre-processing the test data. The get\_characters function I’ve written takes in a square array and outputs an array that can be inputted into the classify function. For test1 or test2, it takes a 450 by 450 array and turns it into a 225 array of 30 by 30 square arrays, ordered row by row. Each 30 by 30 subarray can then be turned into a 900 element feature vector. This is always the first step.

If the reduced argument is set to True, then training\_dat variable to be inputted into the classifier as the training data will be the train\_dat argument reduced to 10 features.

The classify function is called with training\_dat as the training data and the testing data as preprocessed or preprocessed reduced to 10 features.

I initially did dimensionality reduction to 10 features through Principle Component Analysis PCA. Originally, the following code would be executed if the as\_vectors parameter were true in the reduced function.

return np.dot((test\_dat - np.mean(train\_dat)), v)

The current code calculates the same 10 features selected by PCA but also calculates 10 features selected through Discrete Cosine Transform (DCT). Together, they form 10 new features that are fed in to the classier. First, the lists are zipped and then, for each tuple in the zipped list, the first part (a feature selected by PCA) is added to the second part (a feature selected by DCT) so a 699 by 10 array is still retuned. The comparison below shows wordsearch performing better with the new code. (Printing out “Searching for” and

“Line from index” etc. were commented out in the wordsearch function)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **PCA** | **PCA and DCT** |
| Solving test1 With Reduction  217 letters were correctly labelled which is about 96% of the letters.  23 out of 24 found correctly. | Solving test1 With Reduction  224 letters were correctly labelled which is about 99% of the letters.  24 out of 24 found correctly. |
| Solving test2 With Reduction  81 letters were correctly labelled which is about 36% of the letters.  8 out of 24 found correctly. | Solving test2 With Reduction  117 letters were correctly labelled which is about 52% of the letters.  13 out of 24 found correctly. |

Testing

# Trial 1

Without dimensionality reduction, the classifier only classified 1 letter incorrectly. The wordsearch function, being able to find the best matches for words that aren’t exact matches, manages to draw every line on the image correctly.

**Input:**

wordsearch(test1, words, train\_data, train\_labels)

**Output:**

Solving test1

224 letters were correctly labelled which is about 99% of the letters.

Searching for barry

Line from index 192 to index 132

Searching for beardshaw

Line from index 180 to index 68

Searching for bridgeman

Line from index 154 to index 42

Searching for brown

Line from index 92 to index 32

Searching for cane

Line from index 30 to index 75

Searching for crowe

Line from index 55 to index 51

Searching for don

Line from index 186 to index 184

Searching for fish

Line from index 63 to index 111

Searching for flowerdew

Line from index 44 to index 156

Searching for hoare

Line from index 131 to index 191

Searching for jekyll

Line from index 165 to index 90

Searching for jellicoe

Line from index 74 to index 172

Searching for kent

Line from index 217 to index 214

Searching for langley

Line from index 8 to index 2

Searching for nesfield

Line from index 219 to index 107

Searching for paine

Line from index 29 to index 85

Searching for paxton

Line from index 89 to index 164

Searching for peto

Line from index 151 to index 106

Searching for repton

Line from index 91 to index 16

Searching for robinson

Line from index 1 to index 113

Searching for roper

Line from index 22 to index 26

Searching for shenstone

Line from index 223 to index 103

Searching for vanbrugh

Line from index 59 to index 157

Searching for wright

Line from index 39 to index 34

Solved

24 out of 24 found correctly.

# Trial 2

Without dimensionality reduction, the classifier only classified 1 letter incorrectly. Like in Trial 1, the wordsearch function manages to draw every line on the image correctly.

**Input**:

wordsearch(test1, words, train\_data, train\_labels, True)

**Output:**

24 out of 24 found correctly.

Solving test1 With Reduction

224 letters were correctly labelled which is about 99% of the letters.

Searching for barry

Line from index 192 to index 132

Searching for beardshaw

Line from index 180 to index 68

Searching for bridgeman

Line from index 154 to index 42

Searching for brown

Line from index 92 to index 32

Searching for cane

Line from index 30 to index 75

Searching for crowe

Line from index 55 to index 51

Searching for don

Line from index 186 to index 184

Searching for fish

Line from index 63 to index 111

Searching for flowerdew

Line from index 44 to index 156

Searching for hoare

Line from index 131 to index 191

Searching for jekyll

Line from index 165 to index 90

Searching for jellicoe

Line from index 74 to index 172

Searching for kent

Line from index 217 to index 214

Searching for langley

Line from index 8 to index 2

Searching for nesfield

Line from index 219 to index 107

Searching for paine

Line from index 29 to index 85

Searching for paxton

Line from index 89 to index 164

Searching for peto

Line from index 151 to index 106

Searching for repton

Line from index 91 to index 16

Searching for robinson

Line from index 1 to index 113

Searching for roper

Line from index 22 to index 26

Searching for shenstone

Line from index 223 to index 103

Searching for vanbrugh

Line from index 59 to index 157

Searching for wright

Line from index 39 to index 34

Solved

24 out of 24 found correctly.

# Trial 3

With dimensionality reduction, the classifier classifies at least half of the letters correctly and the wordsearch function likewise draws at least half of the lines on the image correctly.

**Input:**

wordsearch(test2, words, train\_data, train\_labels)

**Output:**

Solving test2 With Reduction

117 letters were correctly labelled which is about 52% of the letters.

Searching for barry

Line from index 192 to index 132

Searching for beardshaw

Line from index 180 to index 68

Searching for bridgeman

Line from index 154 to index 42

Searching for brown

Line from index 64 to index 0

Searching for cane

Line from index 42 to index 84

Searching for crowe

Line from index 128 to index 72

Searching for don

Line from index 192 to index 164

Searching for fish

Line from index 63 to index 111

Searching for flowerdew

Line from index 44 to index 156

Searching for hoare

Line from index 111 to index 167

Searching for jekyll

Line from index 165 to index 90

Searching for jellicoe

Line from index 74 to index 172

Searching for kent

Line from index 166 to index 169

Searching for langley

Line from index 8 to index 2

Searching for nesfield

Line from index 186 to index 88

Searching for paine

Line from index 89 to index 25

Searching for paxton

Line from index 76 to index 6

Searching for peto

Line from index 151 to index 106

Searching for repton

Line from index 80 to index 150

Searching for robinson

Line from index 112 to index 210

Searching for roper

Line from index 22 to index 26

Searching for shenstone

Line from index 223 to index 103

Searching for vanbrugh

Line from index 59 to index 157

Searching for wright

Line from index 39 to index 34

Solved

13 out of 24 found correctly.