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	SPb	SU L	OUD	Enough	(Bochkov,	Gaevov.	Makarov)	)
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## 1 Setup & Scripts

#### 1.1 CMake

### 1.2 wipe.sh

```
1 touch {a..l}.cpp
2
3 for file in ?.cpp; do
4    cat template.cpp > $file;
5 done
```

### 1.3 Stack size & Profiling

```
9
10 # Profile time, memory, etc.
11 # Make sure to use the full path
12 /usr/bin/time -v ./olymp
```

## 2 Language specific

#### 2.1 C++

#### **2.1.1** G++ builtins

- \_\_builtin\_popcount(x) количество единичных бит в двоичном представлении 32-битного (знакового или беззнакового) целого числа.
- \_\_builtin\_popcountll(x) то же самое для 64-битных типов.
- \_\_builtin\_ctz(x) количество нулей на конце двоичного представления 32-битного целого числа. Например, для 5 вернётся 0, для 272 = 256 + 16 4 и т. д. Может не работать для нуля (вообще не стоит вызывать для x = 0, по-моему это и упасть может).
- \_\_builtin\_ctzll(x) то же самое для 64-битных типов.
- \_\_builtin\_clz(x) количество нулей в начале двоичного представления 32-битного целого числа. Например, для  $2^{31}$  или  $-2^{31}$  вернётся 0, для 1 31 и т. д. Тоже не надо вызвывать с x=0.
- \_builtin\_clzll(x) то же самое для 64-битных типов.
- bitset<N>.\_Find\_first() номер первой позиции с единицей в битсете или его размер (то есть N), если на всех позициях нули.

ullet bitset<N>.\_Find\_next(x) — номер первой позиции с единицей среди позиций с номерами строго больше x; если такой нет, то N.

#### 2.1.2 hash

### 2.2 Python

```
1  # stack size
2  import sys
3
4  sys.setrecursionlimit(10**6)
5
6  # memoize
7  import functools
8
9  @functools.lru_cache(maxsize=None)
```

### 3 Geometry

#### 3.1 Пересечение прямых

$$AB \coloneqq A - B; CD \coloneqq C - D$$
 
$$(A \times B \cdot CD.x - C \times D \cdot AB.x : A \times B \cdot CD.y - C \times D \cdot AB.y : AB \times CD)$$

#### 3.2 Касательные

Точки пересечения общих касательных окружностей с центрами в (0,0) и (x,0) равны  $\frac{xr_1}{r1\pm r2}$ . x координата точек касания из (x,0) равна  $\frac{r^2}{x}$ .

### 3.3 Пересечение полуплоскостей

Точно так же, как в выпуклой оболочке, но надо добавить bounding box (квадратичного размера относительно координат на входе) и завернуть два раза. Ответ можно найти как подотрезок от первой полуплоскости типа true до нее же самой на втором круге. Проверку на вырожденность лучше делать простой проверкой пары-тройки точек из предполагаемого ответа. Стоит быть аккуратнее с точностью.

### 4 Numbers

• A lot of divisors

$$- \le 20 : d(12) = 6$$

$$- \le 50 : d(48) = 10$$

$$- \le 100 : d(60) = 12$$

$$- \le 10^3 : d(840) = 32$$

$$- \le 10^4 : d(9240) = 64$$

```
- < 10^5 : d(83160) = 128
                                                                      9 // new and old costs
                                                                     10 // oracle(set, red) and oracle(set, blue) check whether
           - < 10^6 : d(720720) = 240
                                                                     11 // or not the set lies in red or blue matroid respectively
           - < 10^7 : d(8648640) = 448
                                                                         auto expand = [\&](T in) \rightarrow T
           - < 10^8 : d(91891800) = 768
                                                                     13 {
                                                                              vector<int> ids;
           - < 10^9 : d(931170240) = 1344
                                                                     14
                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < int(es.size()); i++)</pre>
                                                                     15
           - < 10^{11} : d(97772875200) = 4032
                                                                                   if (in[i])
                                                                     16
           - < 10^{12} : d(963761198400) = 6720
                                                                                       ids.push back(i);
                                                                     17
           - < 10^{15} : d(866421317361600) = 26880
                                                                     18
                                                                     19
                                                                              vector<int> from, to;
           - \le 10^{18} : d(897612484786617600) = 103680
                                                                              /// Given a set that is independent in both matroids,
                                                                     20
      • Numeric integration

→ answers

                                                                              /// queries "If we add i-th element to the set, will it
                                                                     21
           - simple: F(0)

    still be

                                                                              /// independent in red/blue matroid?". Usually can be
           - simpson: \frac{F(-1)+4\cdot F(0)+F(1)}{6}
                                                                     22

→ done quickly.

           - runge2: \frac{F(-\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}})+F(\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}})}{2}
                                                                              can extend full can(ids, n, es);
                                                                     23
                                                                     24
           - runge3: \frac{F(-\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})\cdot 5+F(0)\cdot 8+F(\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}})\cdot 5}{19}
                                                                              for (int i = 0; i < int(es.size()); i++)</pre>
                                                                     25
                                                                                   if (!in[i])
                                                                     26
                                                                     27
        Graphs
                                                                                       auto new ids = ids;
                                                                     28
                                                                                       new ids.push back(i);
                                                                     29
          Weighted matroid intersection
                                                                     30
                                                                                       auto is red = full can.extend red(i, es);
                                                                     31
1 // here we use T = __int128 to store the independent set
                                                                                       auto is_blue = full_can.extend_blue(i, es);
                                                                     32
2 // calling expand k times to an empty set finds the maximum 33
3 // cost of the set with size exactly k,
                                                                                       if (is blue)
                                                                     34
  // that is independent in blue and red matroids
                                                                                           from.push_back(i);
                                                                     35
   // ver is the number of the elements in the matroid,
                                                                     36
                                                                                       if (is red)
   // e[i].w is the cost of the i-th element
                                                                     37
                                                                                            to.push back(i);
7 // first return value is new independent set
                                                                     38
8 // second return value is difference between
```

```
if (is_red & is_blue)
                                                                           };
39
                                                                   72
40
                                                                   73
                     T swp mask = in;
                                                                   74
                                                                           const int inf = int(1e9);
41
                                                                           vector<int> dist(ver, -inf), prev(ver, -1);
42
                     swp_mask.flip(i);
                                                                   75
                                                                           for (int x : from)
                     return swp_mask;
43
                                                                   76
                                                                               dist[x] = get cost(x);
                                                                   77
44
        }
45
                                                                   78
                                                                           queue<int> q;
46
                                                                   79
        vector<vector<int>>> g(es.size());
47
                                                                   80
        for (int j = 0; j < int(es.size()); j++)</pre>
                                                                           vector<int> used(ver);
48
                                                                   81
49
            if (in[j])
                                                                   82
                                                                           for (int x : from)
50
            {
                                                                   83
                                                                           {
                 auto new ids = ids;
                                                                               q.push(x);
                                                                   84
51
                 auto p = find(new_ids.begin(), new_ids.end(), j85
                                                                               used[x] = 1;
52
                 assert(p \neq new_ids.end());
                                                                           }
53
                                                                   86
                 new_ids.erase(p);
                                                                   87
54
                                                                           while (!q.empty())
55
                                                                   88
                 can extend cur(new ids, n, es);
56
                                                                   89
                                                                               int cur = q.front(); used[cur] = 0; q.pop();
57
                                                                   90
                 for (int i = 0; i < int(es.size()); i++)</pre>
58
                                                                   91
                     if (!in[i])
                                                                               for (int to : g[cur])
59
                                                                   92
                                                                   93
60
                         if (cur.extend_red(i, es))
                                                                                    int cost = get_cost(to);
                                                                   94
61
                                                                                   if (dist[to] < dist[cur] + cost)</pre>
62
                             g[i].push_back(j);
                                                                  95
                         if (cur.extend blue(i, es))
63
                                                                   96
                             g[j].push_back(i);
                                                                                        dist[to] = dist[cur] + cost;
64
                                                                   97
                                                                                        prev[to] = cur;
65
                                                                   98
            }
                                                                                        if (!used[to])
66
                                                                   99
67
                                                                 100
        auto get_cost = [&] (int x)
                                                                                            used[to] = 1;
68
                                                                 101
69
                                                                 102
                                                                                            q.push(to);
            const int cost = (!in[x] ? e[x].w : -e[x].w);
70
                                                                 103
            return (ver + 1) * cost - 1;
71
                                                                 104
```

```
Data structures
105
106
107
                                                                     6.1 Push-free segment tree
108
         int best = -\inf, where = -1;
         for (int \times : to)
109
                                                                 1 template<class Val, class Change, Change one = Change{}>
110
                                                                    class pushfreesegtree
             if (dist[x] > best)
111
                                                                    {
                                                                 3
112
                                                                         vector<pair<Val, Change>> arr;
                                                                 4
                 best = dist[x];
113
                                                                  5
114
                 where = x;
                                                                 6
                                                                         void upd(size_t v)
115
                                                                 7
116
         }
                                                                             arr[v].first = (arr[2 * v].first + arr[2 * v +
                                                                 8
117
                                                                             → 1].first) * arr[v].second;
         if (best = -inf)
118
                                                                         }
                                                                 9
             return pair<T, int>(cur_set, best);
119
                                                                 10
120
                                                                    public:
                                                                 11
         while (where \neq -1)
121
                                                                         explicit pushfreesegtree(size_t n = 0) : arr(2 * n + 2,
                                                                 12
122
                                                                         123
             cur_set ^= (T(1) \ll where);
                                                                         {}
                                                                 13
             where = prev[where];
124
                                                                 14
125
                                                                         template<class It>
                                                                 15
126
                                                                         explicit pushfreesegtree(It be, It en) : arr(2 *
                                                                 16
         while (best % (ver + 1))
127

    distance(be, en) + 2, {Val{}, one})

128
             best++:
                                                                 17
         best \neq (ver + 1);
129
                                                                             transform(be, en, arr.begin() + ssize(arr) / 2,
                                                                 18
130
                                                                             \rightarrow [](auto x)
         assert(oracle(cur_set, red) & oracle(cur_set, blue));
131
                                                                 19
         return pair<T, int>(cur_set, best);
132
                                                                                 return pair{Val{x}, one};
                                                                 20
133 };
                                                                            });
                                                                 21
                                                                 22
                                                                             for (int i = ssize(arr) / 2 - 1; i > 0; i--)
                                                                 23
                                                                                 upd(i);
                                                                 24
                                                                 25
                                                                         }
```

```
26
                                                                            [[nodiscard]] Val segsum(size_t l, size_t r) const
                                                                   59
27
        auto segmult(const Change &x, size_t l, size_t r)
                                                                   60
28
                                                                                l += arr.size() / 2;
                                                                   61
                                                                                r += arr.size() / 2;
29
            l += arr.size() / 2;
                                                                   62
            r += arr.size() / 2;
30
                                                                   63
                                                                                Val ansl{}, ansr{};
                                                                   64
31
            while (true)
32
                                                                   65
33
                                                                                while (true)
                                                                   66
                 if (l < r)
34
                                                                   67
                                                                                    if (l < r)
35
                                                                   68
                     if (l & 1u)
36
                                                                   69
                                                                                        if (l & 1u)
37
                                                                   70
                         arr[l].first *= x;
                                                                                             ansl = ansl + arr[l].first;
38
                                                                   71
                         arr[l].second *= x;
                                                                                        if (r & 1u)
39
                                                                   72
                                                                                             ansr = arr[r - 1].first + ansr;
                                                                   73
40
                     if (r & 1u)
                                                                                    }
                                                                   74
41
                                                                   75
42
                         arr[r - 1].first *= x;
                                                                                    l = (l + 1) / 2;
43
                                                                   76
                         arr[r - 1].second *= x;
                                                                                    r \neq 2;
44
                                                                   77
                     }
45
                                                                   78
                 }
                                                                                    if (r = \emptyset)
46
                                                                   79
                                                                                        break;
47
                                                                   80
                l = (l + 1) / 2;
                                                                   81
48
                                                                                    ansl *= arr[l - 1].second;
49
                 r \neq 2;
                                                                   82
                                                                                    ansr *= arr[r].second;
50
                                                                   83
                 if (r = \emptyset)
                                                                   84
                                                                                }
51
52
                     break;
                                                                   85
                                                                                return ansl + ansr;
53
                                                                   86
                 upd(l - 1);
                                                                   87
54
55
                 upd(r);
                                                                   88 };
56
            }
57
```

58

```
6.2 Template DSU
                                                                                   swap(a, b);
                                                                  31
                                                                               siz[a] += siz[b];
                                                                  32
                                                                  33
                                                                               par[b] = a;
    template<class | ... | Types>
                                                                  34
    class dsu
                                                                               merge(a, b, make_index_sequence<sizeof...(Types)>{});
                                                                  35
 3
                                                                  36
        vector<int> par, siz;
 4
                                                                               return true;
                                                                  37
        tuple<Types ... > items;
 5
                                                                  38
 6
                                                                  39 };
        template<size_t ... t>
 7
 8
        void merge(int a, int b, std::index sequence<t...>)
9
                                                                           Link-Cut Tree
            ((get<t>(items)(a, b)), ...);
10
11
                                                                   1 class lct
                                                                   2 {
12
13
    public:
                                                                           struct node
        explicit dsu(int n, Types ... args) : par(n, -1), siz(n,4
14
        \rightarrow 1), items(args...)
                                                                               using nodeptr = node *;
15
        {}
                                                                   6
                                                                   7
                                                                               array<nodeptr. 2> ch{};
16
        int get_class(int v)
                                                                               nodeptr par = nullptr;
                                                                   8
17
                                                                               size_t siz = 1;
18
            return par[v] = -1 ? v : par[v] = get_class(par[v]) 
                                                                               bool rev = false;
19
        }
                                                                          };
20
                                                                  11
21
                                                                  12
        bool unite(int a, int b)
22
                                                                  13
                                                                           using nodeptr = node::nodeptr;
23
                                                                  14
            a = get class(a);
                                                                           static void reverse(const nodeptr &h)
24
                                                                  15
            b = get class(b);
25
                                                                  16
                                                                           {
                                                                               if (h \neq nullptr)
26
                                                                  17
            if (a = b)
27
                                                                  18
                                                                                   h \rightarrow rev = !h \rightarrow rev;
                return false;
                                                                           }
28
                                                                  19
29
                                                                  20
            if (siz[a] < siz[b])
                                                                  21
                                                                           static void push(node &h)
30
```

```
{
                                                                                   }
22
                                                                         54
             if (h.rev)
23
                                                                         55
                                                                                   static bool is_right(const node &h)
24
                                                                         56
25
                  swap(h.ch.front(), h.ch.back());
                                                                         57
                                                                                       assert(!is_root(h));
                  h.rev = false;
                                                                         58
26
                                                                                       push(*h.par);
                                                                         59
27
                  for (auto it: h.ch)
                                                                                       return get<1>(h.par\rightarrowch) = \deltah;
28
                                                                         60
                       reverse(it);
29
                                                                                   }
                                                                         61
              }
30
                                                                         62
         }
                                                                                   static void zig(node &h)
31
                                                                         63
32
                                                                         64
                                                                                   {
                                                                                       assert(!is_root(h));
         static auto size(const nodeptr &h)
                                                                         65
33
34
                                                                         66
             return h = nullptr ? 0 : h \rightarrow siz;
35
                                                                         67
                                                                                       auto &p = *h.par;
         }
                                                                                       push(p);
36
                                                                         68
                                                                                       push(h);
37
                                                                         69
         static void upd(node &h)
                                                                                       auto pp = p.par;
38
                                                                         70
39
                                                                         71
                                                                                       bool ind = is right(h);
             h.siz = 1;
                                                                                       auto &x = p.ch[ind];
40
                                                                         72
                                                                                       auto &b = h.ch[!ind];
41
                                                                         73
             for (auto it: h.ch)
42
                                                                         74
                                                                         75
43
                                                                                       x = b;
                  h.siz += size(it);
                                                                         76
                                                                                       b = \delta p;
44
45
                                                                         77
                                                                                       h.par = pp;
                  if (it \neq nullptr)
46
                                                                         78
                       it \rightarrow par = \delta h;
                                                                                       upd(p);
47
                                                                         79
                                                                                       upd(h);
48
                                                                         80
         }
49
                                                                         81
                                                                                       if (pp \neq nullptr)
                                                                         82
50
         static bool is_root(const node &h)
                                                                                            for (auto \delta it: pp \rightarrow ch)
51
                                                                         83
                                                                                                 if (it = \delta p)
52
                                                                         84
              return h.par = nullptr || find(h.par→ch.begin(),
53
                                                                         85
                                                                                                     it = \delta h;
              \rightarrow h.par\rightarrowch.end(), \deltah) = h.par\rightarrowch.end();
                                                                         86
```

```
87
         static void splay(node 8h)
 88
 89
             push(h);
 90
             while (!is_root(h))
 91
 92
                  auto &p = *h.par;
 93
 94
 95
                  if (is_root(p))
 96
                      zig(h);
 97
 98
                  else if (is_right(h) = is_right(p))
 99
100
                      zig(p);
101
                      zig(h);
102
103
                 else
104
105
                      zig(h);
106
                      zig(h);
107
108
109
110
         }
111
         static void expose(node &h)
112
113
             splay(h);
114
115
             while (h.par ≠ nullptr)
116
117
                  auto &p = *h.par;
118
                  splay(p);
119
```

```
120 get<1>(p.ch) = &h;

121 upd(p);

122 splay(h);

123 }

124 }

125 };
```

## 7 Strings

#### 7.1 Suffix Automaton

```
1 class tomato
 2
 3
        struct node
        {
 4
 5
            array<int, 26> nxt{};
            int link = -1, len = 0;
 6
 7
            explicit node(int len = 0) : len(len)
 8
 9
                ranges::fill(nxt, -1);
10
            }
11
12
            explicit node(int len, node p) : nxt(p.nxt),
13
            → len(len), link(p.link)
            {}
14
        };
15
16
        vector<node> mem = {node(0)};
17
        int last = 0;
18
19
20 public:
```

```
explicit tomato(string_view sv = "")
                                                                  54
21
                                                                                       while (p \ge 0 \& mem[p].nxt[ind] = q)
22
                                                                  55
            for (auto it: sv)
23
                                                                  56
                (*this) += it;
24
                                                                  57
                                                                                           mem[p].nxt[ind] = clone;
                                                                                           p = mem[p].link;
25
                                                                  58
26
                                                                  59
                                                                                   }
27
                                                                  60
        tomato & operator += (char ch)
                                                                              }
28
                                                                  61
29
        {
                                                                              else
                                                                  62
            const int ind = ch - 'a';
                                                                                  mem[new last].link = 0;
30
                                                                  63
            auto new last = int(mem.size());
31
                                                                  64
            mem.emplace_back(mem[last].len + 1);
32
                                                                  65
                                                                              last = new_last;
33
                                                                  66
34
            auto p = last;
                                                                  67
                                                                              return *this;
            while (p \ge 0 \& mem[p].nxt[ind] = -1)
35
                                                                  68
                                                                  69
                                                                     };
36
                mem[p].nxt[ind] = new_last;
37
                p = mem[p].link;
38
                                                                           Palindromic Tree
            }
39
40
                                                                      class treert
            if (p \neq -1)
41
                                                                   2
42
                                                                   3
                                                                          struct node
                const int q = mem[p].nxt[ind];
43
                if (mem[p].len + 1 = mem[p].len)
44
                                                                   5
                                                                              array<int, 26> nxt;
45
                                                                   6
                                                                              int par, link, siz;
                    mem[new_last].link = q;
46
                                                                   7
47
                                                                   8
                                                                              node(int siz, int par, int link) : par(par),
48
                else
                                                                               \rightarrow link(link = -1 ? 1 : link), siz(siz) // note -1
49
                                                                                   case
                     auto clone = int(mem.size());
50
                                                                   9
51
                    mem.emplace_back(mem[p].len + 1, mem[q]);
                                                                  10
                                                                                  fill(nxt.begin(), nxt.end(), -1);
                    mem[q].link = clone;
52
                                                                  11
                    mem[new last].link = clone;
53
                                                                          };
                                                                  12
```

```
13
                                                               43
                                                                               last = mem[last].nxt[ind];
14
        vector<node> mem;
                                                               44
       vector<int> suff; // longest palindromic suffix
15
                                                               45
16
                                                                                suff[i] = last:
                                                               46
    public:
17
                                                               47
        treert(const string &str) : suff(str.size())
18
                                                               48
                                                               49 };
19
           mem.emplace_back(-1, -1, 0);
20
           mem.emplace_back(0, 0, 0);
21
           mem[0].link = mem[1].link = 0;
22
                                                                        Number theory
23
            auto link_walk = [8](int st, int pos)
24
                                                                        Chinese
                                                                    8.1
                                                                                        remainder
                                                                                                         theorem
                                                                                                                        without
25
                                                                          overflows
                while (pos - 1 - mem[st].siz < 0 || str[pos] \neq
26

    str[pos - 1 - mem[st].siz])

                                                                1 // Replace T with an appropriate type!
                    st = mem[st].link;
27
                                                                2 using T = long long;
28
29
                return st;
                                                                   // Finds x, y such that ax + by = gcd(a, b).
           };
30
                                                                  T gcdext (T a, T b, T &x, T &y)
31
            for (int i = 0, last = 1; i < str.size(); i++)</pre>
32
                                                                        if (b = 0)
33
                last = link_walk(last, i);
34
                                                                            x = 1, y = 0;
35
                auto ind = str[i] - 'a';
                                                                10
                                                                            return a;
36
                                                               11
                if (mem[last].nxt[ind] = -1)
37
                                                               12
38
                                                                       T res = gcdext (b, a \% b, y, x);
                                                               13
                    // order is important
39
                                                                        y = x * (a / b);
                                                               14
                    mem.emplace_back(mem[last].siz + 2, last,
40
                                                               15
                                                                        return res;

→ mem[link_walk(mem[last].link,
                                                               16 }
                    → i)].nxt[ind]);
                                                               17
                    mem[last].nxt[ind] = (int)mem.size() - 1;
41
                                                                   // Returns true if system x = r1 \pmod{m1}, x = r2 \pmod{m2}
42
                                                                    → has solutions
```

```
19 // false otherwise. In first case we know exactly that x = r 8.2 Integer points under a rational line
    \rightarrow (mod m)
                                                                   1 // integer (x,y): 0 \le x < n, 0 < y \le (kx+b)/d
20
                                                                   2 // (real division)
    bool crt (T r1, T m1, T r2, T m2, T &r, T &m)
21
                                                                   3 // In other words, \sum_{x=0}^{n-1} |(kx+b)/d|
22
                                                                     ll trapezoid (ll n, ll k, ll b, ll d)
        if (m2 > m1)
23
                                                                   5 {
24
                                                                          if (k = 0)
            swap(r1, r2);
25
                                                                   7
                                                                               return (b / d) * n;
            swap(m1, m2);
26
                                                                          if (k \ge d \mid |b \ge d)
27
                                                                               return (k / d) * n * (n - 1) / 2 + (b / d) * n +
28

    trapezoid(n, k % d, b % d, d);

        T g = \underline{gcd(m1, m2)};
29
                                                                           return trapezoid((k * n + b) / d, d, (k * n + b) % d, k);
                                                                  10
        if ((r2 - r1) \% g \neq \emptyset)
30
                                                                  11 }
            return false;
31
32
33
        T c1, c2;
                                                                           Nimbers
        auto nrem = gcdext(m1 / g, m2 / g, c1, c2);
34
        assert(nrem = 1);
35
                                                                   1 template<class T, int lvl>
        assert(c1 * (m1 / g) + c2 * (m2 / g) = 1);
36
                                                                   2 pair<T, T> split(T x)
37
        Ta = c1;
                                                                   3 {
        a *= (r2 - r1) / g;
38
                                                                           return \{x >> lvl, x \delta ((T\{1\} << lvl) - 1)\};
        a \% = (m2 / g);
39
                                                                   5
        m = m1 / g * m2;
40
        r = a * m1 + r1;
41
                                                                   7 template<class T, int lvl>
42
        r = r \% m;
                                                                   8 T combine(T a, T b)
43
        if (r < \emptyset)
                                                                   9 {
44
            r += m;
                                                                          return (a << lvl) | b;
                                                                  10
45
                                                                  11 }
        assert(r \% m1 = r1 \& r \% m2 = r2);
46
                                                                  12
47
        return true:
                                                                      template<class T, int lvl = 8 * sizeof(T)>
48 }
                                                                  14 T nim hmul(T x)
                                                                  15 {
                                                                          constexpr int half = lvl / 2;
                                                                  16
```

```
if constexpr (lvl = 1)
                                                                49 T nim_sqrt(T x)
17
                                                                50 {
18
            return x;
                                                                        constexpr int half = lvl / 2;
19
                                                                51
        auto [a, b] = split<T, half>(x);
                                                                        if constexpr (lvl = 1)
20
                                                                52
21
                                                                53
                                                                            return x;
        return combine<T, half>(nim hmul<T, half>(a ^ b),
22
                                                                54

→ nim hmul<T, half>(nim hmul<T, half>(a)));
                                                                        auto [a, b] = split<T, half>(x);
                                                                55
23 }
                                                                56
24
                                                                57
                                                                        return combine<T, half>(nim_sqrt<T, half>(a), nim_sqrt<T,</pre>
   template < class T, int lvl = 8 * sizeof(T)>
                                                                         → half>(nim hmul<T. half>(a) ^ b));
   T \text{ nim mul}(T x, T y)
                                                                58 }
27 {
                                                                59
        constexpr int half = lvl / 2;
                                                                    template<class T, int lvl = 8 * sizeof(T)>
28
        if constexpr (lvl = 1)
                                                                61 T nim recip(T x)
29
            return x & y;
                                                                62 {
30
31
                                                                63
                                                                        constexpr int half = lvl / 2;
        auto [a, b] = split<T, half>(x);
                                                                        if constexpr (lvl = 1)
32
                                                                64
        auto [c, d] = split<T, half>(y);
33
                                                                65
                                                                            return x;
34
                                                                66
        auto ac = nim_mul<T, half>(a, c);
                                                                        auto [a, b] = split<T, half>(x);
35
                                                                67
        auto bd = nim mul<T, half>(b, d);
36
                                                                68
        auto hp = nim mul<T, half>(a ^ b, c ^ d) ^ bd;
                                                                        auto ad = nim_mul<T, half>(a ^ b, b);
37
                                                                69
                                                                70
                                                                        auto bc = nim_hmul<T, half>(nim_sqr<T, half>(a));
38
39
        return combine<T, half>(hp, bd ^ nim hmul<T, half>(ac))71
                                                                        auto det recip = nim recip<T, half>(ad ^ bc);
40 }
                                                                72
                                                                        return combine<T, half>(nim mul(a, det recip), nim mul(a
41
                                                                73
                                                                         → ^ b, det_recip));
   template<class T, int lvl = 8 * sizeof(T)>
   T nim sqr(T x)
                                                                74 }
43
44 {
        return nim_mul<T, lvl>(x, x);
45
46
47
   template < class T, int lvl = 8 * sizeof(T)>
```

```
Flows, etc.
                                                                                        j = k;
                                                                28
                                                                29
                                                                                auto [x, i] = w[j];
                                                                30
           Hungarian Algorithm
    10.1
                                                                31
                                                                                for (int k = 0; k < ssize(lused); k++)</pre>
                                                                32
   ld Hungarian(const vector<vector<ld>>> &matr)
                                                                                    if (!lused[k])
                                                                33
2
       vector<int> lb(matr.size(), -1), rb(matr[0].size(), -1); 34
                                                                                        rows[k] += x;
 3
                                                                                for (int k = 0; k < ssize(rused); k++)</pre>
        vector<ld> rows(matr.size()), cols(rb.size());
 4
                                                                                    if (!rused[k])
                                                                36
 5
                                                                37
 6
       for (int v = 0; v < ssize(matr); v++)</pre>
                                                                                        cols[k] -= x;
                                                                38
 7
                                                                39
                                                                                        w[k].first -= x;
            vector<bool> lused(lb.size()), rused(rb.size());
 8
                                                                                    }
                                                                40
            vector<int> par(rb.size(), -1);
 9
                                                                41
            vector<pair<ld, int>> w(rb.size(),
10
                                                                                par[j] = i;
                                                                42
            rused[j] = true;
                                                                43
11
                                                                44
            auto add row = [8](int i)
12
                                                                                if (rb[j] = -1)
                                                                45
            {
13
                                                                46
14
                lused[i] = true;
                                                                                    while (j \neq -1)
                                                                47
15
                                                                48
                for (int j = 0; j < ssize(w); j++)</pre>
16
                                                                49
                                                                                        rb[j] = par[j];
                    remin(w[j], {matr[i][j] + rows[i] + cols[j]50
17
                                                                                        auto nxt = lb[par[j]];
                     → i});
                                                                51
                                                                                        lb[par[j]] = j;
           };
18
                                                                52
                                                                                         j = nxt;
19
                                                                53
            add_row(v);
20
                                                                54
21
                                                                55
                                                                                     break;
            while (true)
22
                                                                56
23
                                                                57
                int j = -1;
24
                                                                58
                                                                                add_row(rb[j]);
25
                                                                59
                for (int k = 0; k < ssize(rb); k++)</pre>
26
                                                                        }
                    if (!rused[k] & (j = -1 || w[k] < w[j]))
27
```

```
void dfs_tree (int v, int p) {
61
                                                                  20
                                                                          tin[v] = T \leftrightarrow ;
62
        ld ans = 0;
                                                                  21
                                                                          for (int dest : tree[v]) {
63
                                                                  22
        for (int i = 0; i < ssize(lb); i++)
                                                                  23
                                                                            if (dest \neq p) {
64
            if (auto j = lb[i]; j \neq -1)
                                                                              dfs_tree(dest, v);
65
                                                                  24
                ans += matr[i][j];
                                                                  25
66
                                                                          }
67
                                                                  26
                                                                          tout[v] = T;
68
                                                                  27
        return ans;
69
                                                                  28
                                                                  29
                                                                        dom tree (const vvi &g , int root ) {
          Something added at the last moment
                                                                          g = g_{-};
                                                                          n = sz(g);
                                                                  32
    11.1 Dominator Tree
                                                                          assert(0 \leq root \& root < n);
                                                                  33
                                                                          in.assign(n, -1);
                                                                  34
1 struct dom_tree {
                                                                          rg.resize(n);
                                                                  35
      vvi g, rg, tree, bucket;
                                                                          order = sdom = par = dom = dsu = label = vi(n);
                                                                  36
      vi sdom, par, dom, dsu, label, in, order, tin, tout;
                                                                  37
                                                                          root = root ;
      int T = \emptyset, root = \emptyset, n = \emptyset;
                                                                          bucket.resize(n);
                                                                  38
 5
                                                                          tree.resize(n);
                                                                  39
      void dfs tm (int x) {
 6
                                                                  40
        in[x] = T;
 7
                                                                          dfs tm(root);
                                                                  41
 8
        order[T] = x;
                                                                  42
        label[T] = T, sdom[T] = T, dsu[T] = T, dom[T] = T;
 9
                                                                  43
                                                                          for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
10
        T++;
                                                                            for (int j : rg[i])
                                                                  44
        for (int to : g[x]) {
11
                                                                  45
                                                                              sdom[i] = min(sdom[i], sdom[find(j)]);
          if (in[to] = -1) {
12
                                                                  46
                                                                            if (i > 0)
            dfs tm(to);
13
                                                                              bucket[sdom[i]].pb(i);
                                                                  47
            par[in[to]] = in[x];
14
                                                                  48
15
                                                                            for (int w : bucket[i]) {
                                                                  49
          rg[in[to]].pb(in[x]);
16
                                                                  50
                                                                              int v = find(w);
        }
17
                                                                              dom[w] = (sdom[v] = sdom[w] ? sdom[w] : v);
                                                                  51
18
      }
```

19

```
}
52
53
          if (i > 0)
54
55
            unite(par[i], i);
56
57
        for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
58
          if (dom[i] \neq sdom[i])
59
            dom[i] = dom[dom[i]];
60
          tree[order[i]].pb(order[dom[i]]);
61
          tree[order[dom[i]]].pb(order[i]);
62
        }
63
64
65
        T = 0:
        tin = tout = vi(n);
66
        dfs_tree(root, -1);
67
68
69
      void unite (int u, int v) {
70
        dsu[v] = u;
71
      }
72
73
      int find (int u, int x = 0) {
74
75
        if (u = dsu[u])
          return (x ? -1 : u);
76
        int v = find(dsu[u], x + 1);
77
78
        if (v = -1)
79
          return u;
        if (sdom[label[dsu[u]]] < sdom[label[u]])</pre>
80
          label[u] = label[dsu[u]];
81
        dsu[u] = v;
82
        return (x ? v : label[u]);
83
84
```

#### 11.2 Fast LCS

```
1 // assumes that strings consist of lowercase latin letters
2 const int M = ((int)1e5 + 64) / 32 * 32;
3 // maximum value of m
   using bs = bitset<M>;
  using uint = unsigned int;
   const ll bnd = (1LL << 32);</pre>
   // WARNING: invokes undefined behaviour of modifying ans

    through pointer to another data type (uint)

9 // seems to work, but be wary
   bs sum (const bs &bl, const bs &br)
11 {
        const int steps = M / 32;
12
        const uint* l = (uint*)&bl;
13
        const uint* r = (uint*)&br;
14
15
16
        bs ans:
        uint* res = (uint*)&ans;
17
18
        int carry = 0;
19
        forn (i, steps)
20
        {
21
22
            ll cur = ll(*l++) + ll(*r++) + carry;
            carry = (cur ≥ bnd);
23
```

```
cur = (cur ≥ bnd ? cur - bnd : cur);
24
            *res++ = uint(cur);
25
        }
26
27
28
        return ans;
29 }
30
    int fast_lcs (const string &s, const string &t)
32
33
        const int m = sz(t);
        const int let = 26;
34
35
        vector<bs> has(let);
36
37
        vector<bs> rev = has;
38
        forn (i, m)
39
40
            const int pos = t[i] - 'a';
41
            has[pos].set(i);
42
            forn (j, let) if (j \neq pos)
43
                rev[j].set(i);
44
        }
45
46
47
        bs row;
48
        forn (i, m)
            row.set(i);
49
50
51
        int cnt = 0;
        for (char ch : s)
52
53
54
            const int pos = ch - 'a';
55
```

#### 11.3 Fast Subset Convolution

```
1 // algorithm itself starts here
2 void mobius (int* a, int n, int sign)
3 {
        forn (i, n)
5
           int free = ((1 << n) - 1) ^ (1 << i);
 6
            for (int mask = free; mask > 0; mask = ((mask - 1) &
7

  free))

                (sign = +1 ? add : sub)(a[mask ^ (1 << i)],
8
                → a[mask]);
9
            add(a[1 << i], a[0]);
10
11 }
12
    // maximum number of bits allowed
13
   const int B = 20;
14
15
   vi fast_conv (vi a, vi b)
17 {
        assert(!a.empty());
18
```

```
const int bits = __builtin_ctz(sz(a));
19
                                                                  49
        assert(sz(a) = (1 \ll bits) \& sz(a) = sz(b));
                                                                          forn (cnt, bits + 1)
20
                                                                  50
                                                                              mobius(trans res[cnt], bits, -1);
21
                                                                  51
22
        static int trans a[B + 1][1 \ll B];
                                                                  52
        static int trans_b[B + 1][1 << B];</pre>
                                                                          forn (mask, 1 \ll bits)
23
                                                                  53
        static int trans res[B + 1][1 \lt\lt B];
24
                                                                  54
                                                                              const int cnt = builtin popcount(mask);
25
                                                                  55
        forn (cnt, bits + 1)
                                                                              a[mask] = trans_res[cnt][mask];
26
                                                                  56
27
        {
                                                                  57
                                                                          }
            for (auto cur : {trans a, trans b, trans res})
28
                                                                  58
                fill(cur[cnt], cur[cnt] + (1 << bits), 0);
29
                                                                  59
                                                                          return a;
30
        }
                                                                  60 }
31
32
        forn (mask, 1 << bits)
33
                                                                            Karatsuba
            const int cnt = __builtin_popcount(mask);
34
            trans a[cnt][mask] = a[mask];
35
                                                                  1 // functon Karatsuba (and stupid as well) computes c += a *
            trans b[cnt][mask] = b[mask];
36
                                                                       \rightarrow b, not c = a * b
        }
37
                                                                   2
38
                                                                     using hvect = vector<modulo<>> ::iterator;
        forn (cnt, bits + 1)
39
                                                                      using hcvect = vector<modulo<>> :: const iterator;
40
                                                                   5
            mobius(trans_a[cnt], bits, +1);
41
            mobius(trans_b[cnt], bits, +1);
42
                                                                     void add(hcvect abegin, hcvect aend, hvect ans)
        }
43
                                                                   8
44
                                                                          for (auto it = abegin; it \neq aend; +it, +ans)
                                                                   9
        // Not really a valid ranked mobius transform! But
45
                                                                              *ans += *it;
                                                                  10
        → algorithm works anyway
                                                                  11 }
46
                                                                 .12
        forn (i, bits + 1) forn (j, bits - i + 1) forn (mask, 1
47
         \rightarrow << bits)
                                                                     void sub(hcvect abegin, hcvect aend, hvect ans)
            add(trans res[i + j][mask], mult(trans a[i][mask],
48
                                                                  15

    trans b[j][mask]));
                                                                          for (auto it = abegin; it \neq aend; ++it, ++ans)
                                                                  16
```

```
*ans -= *it;
17
                                                                47
                                                                         Karatsuba(siz / 2, amid, bmid, big, small + siz, big +
18 }
                                                                         \rightarrow siz, sum);
19
                                                                48
20
                                                                49
                                                                         copv(abegin, amid, sum);
                                                                         add(amid, aend, sum);
21
    void stupid(int siz, herect abegin, herect bbegin, hvect an5)
                                                                        copy(bbegin, bmid, sum + siz / 2);
22
                                                                51
        for (int i = 0; i < siz; i++)
                                                                         add(bmid, bend, sum + siz / 2);
23
                                                                52
            for (int j = 0; j < siz; j \leftrightarrow )
24
                                                                53
                *(ans + i + j) += *(abegin + i) * *(bbegin + j)54
                                                                         Karatsuba(siz / 2, sum, smid, ans + siz / 2, small + siz,
25
                                                                         \rightarrow big + siz. send):
26
27
                                                                55
                                                                56
                                                                         add(small, small + siz, ans);
28
   void Karatsuba(size_t siz, hcvect abegin, hcvect bbegin,
                                                                         sub(small, small + siz, ans + siz / 2);
                                                                57
                                                                         add(big, big + siz, ans + siz);
    → hvect ans, hvect small, hvect big, hvect sum)
                                                                58
                                                                         sub(big, big + siz, ans + siz / 2);
    {
                                                                59
30
        assert((siz & (siz - 1)) = \emptyset);
31
                                                                60 }
32
                                                                61
33
        if (siz \leq 32)
                                                                62
                                                                    void mult(vector<modulo<>>> a, vector<modulo<>>> b,
34

  vector<modulo<>>> &c)

35
            stupid(siz, abegin, bbegin, ans);
36
                                                                64
                                                                    {
                                                                         a.resize(up(max(a.size(), b.size())), 0);
37
                                                                65
            return;
        }
                                                                         b.resize(a.size(), 0);
38
                                                                66
39
                                                                67
                                                                         c.resize(max(c.size(), a.size() * 2), 0);
40
        auto amid = abegin + siz / 2, aend = abegin + siz;
                                                                68
        auto bmid = bbegin + siz / 2, bend = bbegin + siz;
41
                                                                69
                                                                         vector<modulo<>>> small(2 * a.size());
42
        auto smid = sum + siz / 2, send = sum + siz;
                                                                70
                                                                         auto big = small;
43
                                                                71
        fill(small, small + siz, 0);
                                                                72
44
                                                                         auto sum = small;
        Karatsuba(siz / 2, abegin, bbegin, small, small + siz, 73
45

→ big + siz, sum);
                                                                74
                                                                         Karatsuba(a.size(), a.begin(), b.begin(), c.begin(),
                                                                         46
        fill(big, big + siz, 0);
                                                                75 }
```

## 13 Hard Algorithms

### 13.1 Two Strong Chinese

```
1 template<class T, class Add>
    class skew_heap
    {
 3
 4
         struct node
 5
 6
             using nodeptr = unique ptr<node>;
 7
             nodeptr l = nullptr, r = nullptr;
 8
 9
             T x;
10
             explicit node(T x = \{\}) : x(x)
11
             {}
12
         };
13
14
         using nodeptr = typename node::nodeptr;
15
16
         static nodeptr merge(nodeptr & a, nodeptr & b)
17
18
             if (a = nullptr)
19
                  return std::move(b);
20
             if (b = nullptr)
21
                  return std::move(a);
22
             if (b \rightarrow x < a \rightarrow x)
23
                  return merge(std::move(b), std::move(a));
24
25
             auto tmp = merge(std::move(a\rightarrowr), std::move(b));
26
             a \rightarrow r = std :: move(a \rightarrow l);
27
             a \rightarrow l = std::move(tmp);
28
29
```

```
return std::move(a);
30
         }
31
32
33
         void add_to_all(nodeptr &a, Add x)
34
             if (a = nullptr)
35
36
                  return;
37
38
             a \rightarrow x += x;
             add to all(a \rightarrow l, x);
39
             add to all(a \rightarrow r, x);
40
         }
41
42
         nodeptr root = nullptr;
43
         size_t siz = 0;
44
45
         Add to_add{};
46
    public:
47
         void add(Add x)
48
         {
49
             to_add += x;
50
51
         }
52
         [[nodiscard]] T top() const
53
         {
54
55
             return root→x + to_add;
         }
56
57
         [[nodiscard]] auto size() const
58
59
60
             return siz;
         }
61
```

62

```
[[nodiscard]] auto empty() const
                                                                  95 };
63
64
                                                                  96
65
            return size() = 0;
                                                                  97 struct edge
66
        }
                                                                  98
67
                                                                  99
                                                                           ll w;
        void pop()
                                                                          int to;
68
                                                                 100
                                                                          int id;
69
                                                                 101
            auto q = merge(std::move(root→l),
70
                                                                 102
                                                                          strong_ordering operator⇔(const edge &rhs) const
             \rightarrow std::move(root\rightarrowr));
                                                                 103
            siz--:
                                                                 104
                                                                           {
71
            root = std::move(q);
72
                                                                 105
                                                                               return w ⇔ rhs.w;
        }
                                                                           }
73
                                                                 106
74
                                                                 107
        void merge(skew_heap &&rhs)
                                                                           edge &operator+=(ll rhs)
75
                                                                 108
76
                                                                 109
77
            if (size() < rhs.size())</pre>
                                                                 110
                                                                               w += rhs;
78
                swap(*this, rhs);
                                                                 111
                                                                               return *this;
79
                                                                 112
                                                                           }
            siz += rhs.siz;
80
                                                                 113
            rhs.siz = 0;
81
                                                                 114
            rhs.add to all(rhs.root, rhs.to add - to add);
                                                                          edge operator+(ll rhs) const
82
                                                                 115
            auto q = merge(std::move(root), std::move(rhs.root))6
83
            root = std::move(q);
                                                                               return edge{w + rhs, to, id};
84
                                                                 117
85
        }
                                                                 118
                                                                 119 };
86
                                                                 120
        void push(T x)
87
                                                                 121 enum color_t
88
            skew heap sh;
                                                                 122 {
89
            sh.root = make unique<node>(x);
                                                                          White = 0, Grey, Black, Cycle
                                                                 123
90
            sh.siz = 1;
                                                                 124 };
91
92
                                                                 125
            merge(std::move(sh));
                                                                      vector<int> solve(size_t n, const vector<tuple<int, int,</pre>
93
                                                                 126

   int>> Sedges, int root = ∅)
94
```

```
127 {
                                                                  160
         vector<skew heap<edge, ll>> rev(n);
128
                                                                  161
                                                                                    return true;
129
                                                                  162
         for (int i = 0; i < (int) edges.size(); i++)</pre>
130
                                                                  163
                                                                                color[v] = Grev;
131
                                                                  164
             auto [a, b, w] = edges[i];
                                                                                while (true)
                                                                  165
132
133
                                                                  166
             if (b \neq root)
                                                                                    while (!rev[v].emptv() &&
134
                                                                  167
                  rev[b].push(edge{w, a, i});

    cc.get_class(rev[v].top().to) = v)

135
         }
                                                                                         rev[v].pop();
136
                                                                  168
137
                                                                  169
         auto mrg = [\delta](int a, int b)
                                                                                    assert(!rev[v].empty()); // assume that the
138
                                                                  170
139

→ answer exists

             rev[a].merge(std::move(rev[b]));
                                                                                    auto [w, to, id] = rev[v].top();
140
                                                                  171
         };
                                                                  172
141
                                                                                    ids.emplace_back(id); // ans += w; if the
142
                                                                  173
         dsu cc(n, mrg);

→ certificate is not needed
143
144
                                                                  174
         vector<color_t> color(rev.size());
                                                                                    rev[v].add(-w);
145
                                                                  175
         color[root] = Black;
146
                                                                  176
                                                                                    if (dfs(to))
147
                                                                  177
         vector<int> ids;
148
                                                                  178
                                                                                        if (color[v] ≠ Cycle)
149
                                                                  179
         function < bool (int) > dfs = [\delta](int \ v) \rightarrow bool
150
                                                                  180
                                                                                             cc.unite(v, to);
151
                                                                  181
                                                                                             color[cc.get_class(v)] = Cycle;
             v = cc.get_class(v);
152
                                                                  182
153
                                                                  183
              if (color[v] = Black)
154
                                                                  184
                                                                                             return true;
                  return false;
155
                                                                  185
156
                                                                  186
                                                                                         else
             if (color[v] = Grey)
157
                                                                  187
                                                                                             v = cc.get class(v);
158
                                                                  188
                  color[v] = Cycle;
159
                                                                  189
```

```
color[v] = Grey;
                                                                               auto i = pq.top();
190
                                                                 223
                     }
                                                                               pq.pop();
                                                                 224
191
                  }
192
                                                                 225
                                                                               auto v = get<1>(edges[ids[i]]);
193
                  else
                                                                 226
                                                                               if (used[v])
194
                                                                 227
                      color[v] = Black;
                                                                                   continue;
195
                                                                 228
                                                                               used[v] = true;
196
                                                                 229
197
                     return false;
                                                                 230
                                                                               ans.push_back(ids[i]);
198
                                                                 231
199
                                                                 232
                                                                               for (auto it: gr[v])
200
         };
                                                                 233
                                                                 234
                                                                                   pq.push(it);
201
         for (int i = 0; i < (int) rev.size(); i++)</pre>
                                                                           }
202
                                                                 235
             dfs(i);
203
                                                                 236
204
                                                                 237
                                                                           return ans;
         // finding answer, similar to Prim
                                                                 238 }
205
         vector<vector<int>>> gr(n);
                                                                 239
206
207
                                                                 240
         for (int i = 0; i < int(ids.size()); i++)</pre>
                                                                 241 void dfs(const vector<vector<pair<int, int>>> &gr,
208
         {

    vector<bool> &used, int v)

209
             auto [a, b, _] = edges[ids[i]];
                                                                 242 {
210
                                                                           if (used[v])
211
                                                                 243
212
             gr[a].push_back(i);
                                                                 244
                                                                               return;
213
         }
                                                                 245
                                                                           used[v] = true;
214
                                                                 246
         minheap<int> pq(gr[root].begin(), gr[root].end());
                                                                           for (auto [u, w]: gr[v])
215
                                                                 247
         vector<bool> used(n);
                                                                               dfs(gr, used, u);
216
                                                                 248
         used[root] = true;
                                                                 249 }
217
218
                                                                 250
219
                                                                 251
         vector<int> ans;
220
                                                                 252 void solve(istream &cin = std::cin, ostream &cout =
         while (!pq.empty())

    std::cout)

221
222
                                                                 253 {
```

```
254
         int n, m;
255
256
         cin >> n >> m;
257
         vector<tuple<int, int, int>> edges(m);
258
         vector<vector<pair<int, int>>> gr(n);
259
260
         for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
261
262
263
             auto \delta[a, b, w] = edges[i];
264
265
             cin >> a >> b >> w;
266
             a -- ;
267
             b --;
268
269
              gr[a].emplace_back(b, w);
         }
270
271
         vector<bool> used(gr.size());
272
273
         dfs(gr, used, 0);
274
275
276
         if (ranges::count(used, false))
277
278
             cout << "NO" << endl;</pre>
279
280
              return;
         }
281
282
283
         cout << "YES" << endl;</pre>
284
         auto ids = solve(gr.size(), edges);
285
286
```

```
ll ans = 0;
287
288
289
         for (auto it: ids)
             ans += get<2>(edges[it]);
290
291
         for (auto &row: gr)
292
             row.clear();
293
294
295
         for (auto it: ids)
296
             auto [a, b, w] = edges[it];
297
298
             gr[a].emplace back(b, w);
299
         }
300
301
         used.assign(used.size(), false);
302
303
         dfs(gr, used, 0);
304
305
         assert(ranges::count(used, false) = 0);
306
307
308
         cout << ans << endl;</pre>
309 }
```

### 13.2 Simplex

```
1 mt19937 mt(736);
2
3 using ld = double;
4 constexpr ld eps = 1e-9;
5
6 bool eps_nonneg(ld x)
7 {
```

```
void basis_change(vector<ld> &row, const vector<ld> &nd, int
 8
        return x \geqslant -eps;
9 }
                                                                       \rightarrow b)
                                                                      {
                                                                  40
10
    bool eps_zero(ld x)
                                                                  41
                                                                           auto mult = row[b];
11
12 {
                                                                  42
        return abs(x) \leq eps;
                                                                           add prod(row, nd, mult);
13
                                                                  43
14 }
                                                                  44
15
                                                                           row[b] = 0;
                                                                  45
    bool cmp_abs(ld a, ld b)
                                                                  46 }
17 {
                                                                  47
        return abs(a) < abs(b);</pre>
                                                                      void pivot(vector<vector<ld>>> &a, vector<int> &b, vector<ld>>
18
19 }
                                                                          &func, int wh, int x)
                                                                  49 {
20
21 vector<ld> &add prod(vector<ld> &lhs, const vector<ld> &rhs50
                                                                           a[wh][b[wh]] = -1;
                                                                           b[wh] = x;
     \rightarrow ld x)
                                                                   51
22 {
                                                                  52
                                                                           auto den = -a[wh][x];
        assert(ssize(lhs) = ssize(rhs));
                                                                           a[wh][x] = 0;
23
                                                                  53
                                                                           a[wh] \neq den;
24
                                                                   54
        for (auto i: ranges::iota_view(0, ssize(lhs)))
                                                                  55
25
            lhs[i] += rhs[i] * x;
                                                                           for (auto i: ranges::iota_view(0, ssize(a)))
26
                                                                   56
                                                                               if (i \neq wh)
27
                                                                  57
                                                                                   basis change(a[i], a[wh], b[wh]);
28
        return lhs;
                                                                   58
29 }
                                                                  59
                                                                           basis_change(func, a[wh], b[wh]);
30
                                                                  60 }
    vector<ld> Soperator ≠ (vector<ld> Slhs, ld x)
                                                                  61
32
                                                                      bool simplex(vector<vector<ld>>> &a, vector<int>> &b,
    {
        for (auto &it: lhs)

    vector<ld> δfunc)

33
            it \neq x;
34
                                                                  63
                                                                           while (true)
35
                                                                  64
                                                                           {
36
                                                                  65
        return lhs;
37 }
                                                                  66
                                                                               vector<int> cand;
38
                                                                  67
                                                                               for (auto i: ranges::iota view(0, ssize(func) - 1))
                                                                  68
```

```
if (func[i] > eps)
                                                                    * $x \ge 0$
69
                                                              100
                    cand.push back(i);
                                                                    * costs * x \rightarrow max$
70
                                                              101
                                                                    * assumes at least one inequality and at least one variable
71
                                                              102
72
            if (cand.empty())
                                                              103
                                                                    * */
                                                                   results global_solve(vector<vector<ld>> a, const vector<ld>>
73
                return true;
                                                              104
                                                                      &rhs, const vector<ld> &costs, vector<ld> &ans)
74
            auto x = cand[uniform int distribution<int>{0, (int05)}
75
            \rightarrow cand.size() - 1}(mt)];
                                                                       assert(!a.emptv() & a.size() = rhs.size() &
                                                              106
                                                                       76
            vector<ld> len(a.size(), numeric limits<ld>::max()107
                                                                       const auto m = costs.size() + a.size() + 2;
77
78
                                                              108
            for (auto i: ranges::iota_view(0, ssize(len)))
                                                                       for (auto i: ranges::iota_view(0, ssize(a)))
79
                                                              109
                if (a[i][x] < -eps)
80
                                                              110
                   len[i] = a[i].back() / -a[i][x];
81
                                                              111
                                                                           auto &row = a[i];
82
                                                              112
            auto wh = int(ranges::min element(len) -
                                                                           row \not= -1; // just finding inverse
83
                                                              113
            → len.begin());
                                                                           row.resize(m):
                                                              114
                                                                           row.back() = rhs[i];
84
                                                              115
            if (len[wh] = numeric_limits<ld>::max())
                                                                           row.rbegin()[1] = 1;
85
                                                              116
                return false;
                                                                       }
86
                                                              117
87
                                                              118
            pivot(a, b, func, wh, x);
                                                                       vector<ld> func(m), lambda(m);
88
                                                              119
       }
                                                                       vector<int> b(a.size());
89
                                                              120
90 }
                                                              121
                                                                       iota(b.begin(), b.end(), (int) costs.size());
91
                                                              122
92
   enum results
                                                              123
                                                                       lambda.rbegin()[1] = -1;
93
   {
                                                              124
                                                                       for (auto j: ranges::iota view(0, ssize(costs)))
94
        NO SOLUTION, UNBOUNDED, BOUNDED
                                                              125
   };
                                                                           func[j] = costs[j];
95
                                                              126
                                                              127
96
97
                                                              128
                                                                       auto wh = int(ranges::min element(rhs) - rhs.begin());
    * Solving system of linear inequalities in the form
98
                                                              129
     * a * x \leq rhs
                                                                       if (rhs[wh] < 0)
                                                              130
```

```
131
                                                                  161
             pivot(a, b, lambda, wh, (int) lambda.size() - 2); 162
                                                                           }
132
133
                                                                  163
134
             auto q = simplex(a, b, lambda);
                                                                  164
                                                                           for (auto &row: a)
                                                                               row.rbegin()[1] = \emptyset;
135
                                                                  165
             assert(q);
136
                                                                  166
         }
                                                                           for (auto i: ranges::iota view(0, ssize(b)))
137
                                                                  167
                                                                               basis_change(func, a[i], b[i]);
138
                                                                  168
         wh = int(ranges::find(b, (int) lambda.size() - 2) -
139
                                                                  169
          → b.begin());
                                                                           if (!simplex(a, b, func))
                                                                  170
140
                                                                  171
                                                                               return UNBOUNDED;
         if (!eps_zero(lambda.back()))
141
                                                                  172
                                                                           for (auto i: ranges::iota view(0, ssize(a)))
142
             return NO SOLUTION;
                                                                  173
                                                                               if (b[i] < ssize(ans))</pre>
143
                                                                  174
         if (wh \neq size(b))
                                                                                    ans[b[i]] = a[i].back();
                                                                  175
144
145
                                                                  176
             if (!eps zero(a[wh].back()))
                                                                  177
146
                                                                           return BOUNDED;
147
                  return NO SOLUTION;
                                                                  178 }
148
             auto q = int(ranges::find_if(a[wh], eps_nonneg) -
149
              → a[wh].begin());
150
             if (q \neq ssize(a[wh]))
151
                                                                             OEIS
152
153
                  pivot(a, b, lambda, wh, q);
              }
154
                                                                       14.1 Числа Белла
155
              else
156
                  q = int(ranges::max_element(a[wh], cmp_abs) -
157
                  \rightarrow a[wh].begin());
158
                  if (!eps zero(a[wh][q]))
159
```

pivot(a, b, lambda, wh, q);

160

1, 1, 2, 5, 15, 52, 203, 877, 4140, 21147, 115975, 678570, 4213597, 27644437, 190899322, 1382958545, 10480142147, 82864869804, 682076806159, 5832742205057, 51724158235372, 474869816156751, 4506715738447323, 44152005855084346, 445958869294805289, 4638590332229999353, 49631246523618756274

#### 14.2 Числа Каталана

 $1, \quad 1, \quad 2, \quad 5, \quad 14, \quad 42, \quad 132, \quad 429, \quad 1430, \quad 4862, \quad 16796, \quad 58786, \\ 208012, \quad 742900, \quad 2674440, \quad 9694845, \quad 35357670, \quad 129644790, \quad 477638700, \\ \end{array}$ 

 $1767263190,\ 6564120420,\ 24466267020,\ 91482563640,\ 343059613650,\\ 1289904147324,\ 4861946401452,\ 18367353072152,\ 69533550916004,\\ 263747951750360,\ 1002242216651368,\ 3814986502092304$