98-252 Wordplay: Fundamentals of Scrabble Strategy



Lesson 4: Board control

March 17, 2016 Jemmin Chang

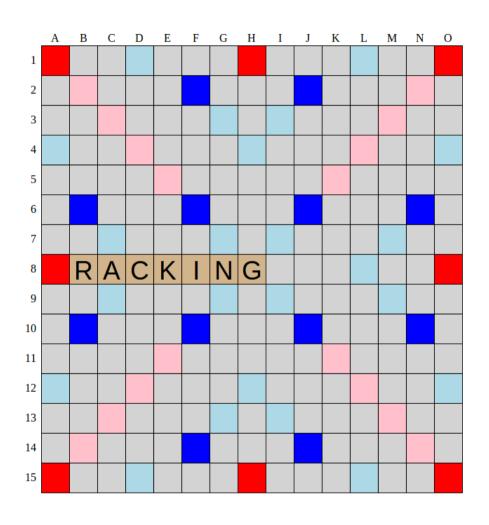
Definitions

- Open
- Closed
- Variability
- Board control

Board Control

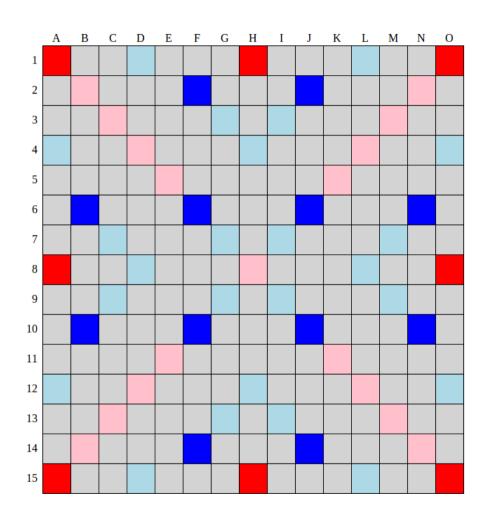
- When to play open/closed:
 - Playing style preference (your/opps)
 - Relative skill levels/vocabulary
 - Current score
 - Expected value vs. win probability

Example 1a: Too open to exchange

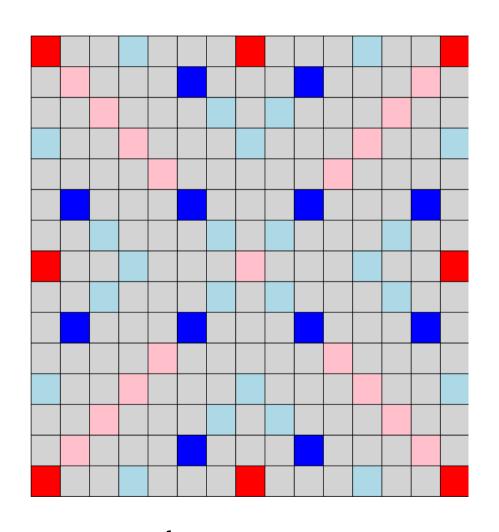


Rack: ACEIIRU

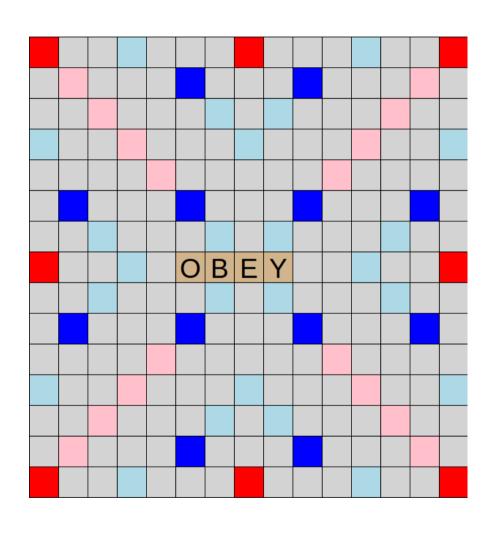
Example 1b: Closed!



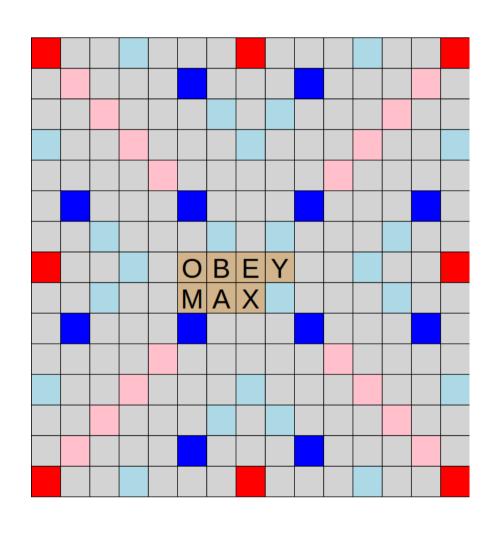
Rack: ACEIIRU



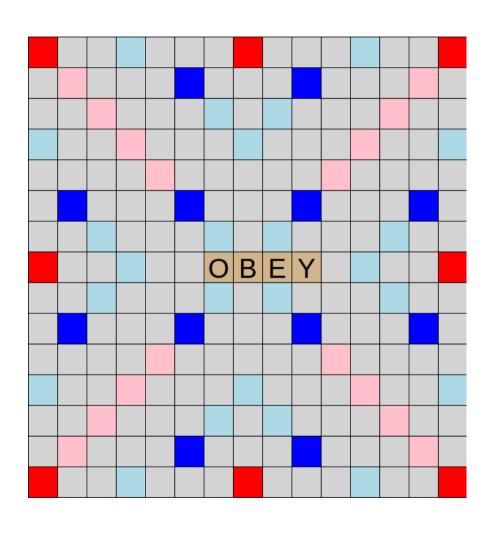
Rack: BEEEOWY



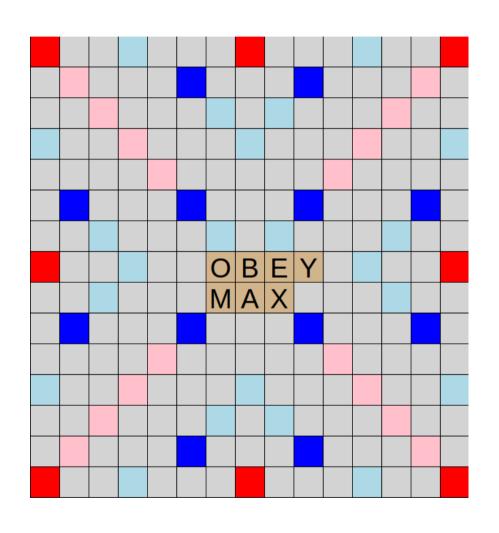
8F OBEY 18



9F MAX 31



8G OBEY 18



9G MAX 51

Bluffing (playing phonies)

- Good conditions:
 - Your word knowledge > opp's
 - Opp has left other phonies on
 - Opp has just challenged and lost
 - Fake bluff (waiting for bingo place)
- Bad conditions:
 - The last turn (NEVER play a phony!)
- Remember: playing a phony and getting challenged reveals your tiles!

Challenging

- HOLD first! (20 seconds)
- Good conditions:
 - Your word knowledge > opp's
 - Opp has played other phonies
 - Opp's play makes it impossible for you to win
 - Fake challenge (waiting for bingo place)
 - The last play (ALWAYS challenge!)
- Bad conditions:
 - Phony improves board for you

Challenging Bingos

- Bingos often:
 - "Seal the deal" (guarantee a win)
 - Open up the board
- People play phonies more when losing
- We have a natural desire to "catch" phonies
- Estimate the probability; calculate the average result in either case – be rational!

Anagram challenge!

- BEEORWY
- AEELNVS
- EILPRST
- AEPRTY?
- EHINSU?