# Significant Metabolites Analysis

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1 Training Set								
		; = ls()) <- read.SDFse	t("common_tes	st_training_molecu	ıle-v2.sdf")			
<pre># test for significance with only compounds that have chemical structures f1 &lt;- read.delim(file = "sample_factors_training.txt", header = T, row.names = 1) f2 &lt;- read.csv(file = "sample_metabolites_training_excol_fix.csv", header = T, row.names = 1</pre>								
<pre># removing the observations with no factor levels f1 &lt;- na.omit(f1) rownames(f1) &lt;- f1\$Sample.name</pre>								
<pre># create patient identifier column f1\$Subject_name &lt;- gsub(" Plasma  Serum", "", f1\$Subject_name, perl = T)</pre>								
СО			atient","Orga	an", "Health_State	e", "Smoking_Statu	ıs", "Gender")		
## ## ##	: 1307 : 1307 : 1307 : 1307	P. 729dlvsa13_1 729dlvsa17_1 729dlvsa28_1 729dlvsa46_3 729dlvsa48_2 730dlvsa28_1	7 Plasma 9 Plasma 15 Plasma 24 Plasma 25 Plasma	Health_State Sa Adenocarcinoma Adenocarcinoma Adenocarcinoma Adenocarcinoma Adenocarcinoma Adenocarcinoma Adenocarcinoma Adenocarcinoma	Smoking_Status Ger Current Current Current Current Current Current	nder F F F F F		
f2 <- t(f2) # save this processed data frame so you can try different processing before.process <- f2								

```
# save.image("training_set.rda")
# two metabolites with missing values, use imputation, take half the minimum
# of that metabolite's value
# also, perform log base 2 transformation. I cannot for the life of me
# figure out how they did their normalization
# lactic acid had some zero values? impute those too
f2 <- apply(f2, 2, function(x) {
  x[is.na(x)] \leftarrow .5*min(na.omit(x))
 x[x == 0] \leftarrow .5*min(na.omit(x[x != 0]))
})
# # not necessary to do total quantity normalization
# # pvalues dont change see below
for(i in 1:nrow(f2)){
  f2[i, ] <- f2[i, ]/sum(f2[i, ])
# log transformation
f2 \leftarrow log(f2, base = 2)
summary(f2[, 1:6])
## 1,5-anhydroglucitol 1-monopalmitin 1-monostearin
## Min. :-13.520
                       Min. :-16.80 Min.
                                               :-16.92
## 1st Qu.: -7.594
                       1st Qu.:-14.22 1st Qu.:-15.08
## Median : -7.167
                       Median :-13.83 Median :-14.62
## Mean : -7.446
                       Mean :-13.82
                                       Mean :-14.54
## 3rd Qu.: -6.763
                        3rd Qu.:-13.45
                                        3rd Qu.:-14.09
## Max. : -5.797
                       Max. :-10.68
                                       Max. :-11.81
## 2,3,5-trihydroxypyrazine 2,3-dihydroxybutanoic_acid 2-aminoadipic_acid
## Min. :-16.61
                            Min.
                                   :-16.04
                                                        Min.
                                                             :-17.70
## 1st Qu.:-15.02
                             1st Qu.:-14.18
                                                        1st Qu.:-14.68
## Median :-14.63
                            Median :-13.64
                                                        Median :-14.26
         :-14.64
## Mean
                             Mean :-13.70
                                                        Mean :-14.32
## 3rd Qu.:-14.22
                                                        3rd Qu.:-13.85
                             3rd Qu.:-13.23
## Max. :-13.14
                            Max. :-12.41
                                                        Max. :-12.66
# fix compound names so that they are the same
# format as the file provided by Melaine
ids <- sdfid(sdfset)</pre>
ids.new <- gsub(" |,","_",ids, perl = T)
colnames(f2) <- gsub(" |,","_", colnames(f2), perl = T)</pre>
# 130 compounds provided
sum(ids.new %in% colnames(f2))
## [1] 130
dim(f2)
## [1] 180 176
f2 <- f2[, colnames(f2) %in% ids.new]
orig.mets <- colnames(f2)[colnames(f2) %in% ids.new]
```

```
rownames(f2) <- sub("X", "", row.names(f2))
d <- merge(f1, f2, by.x= "row.names", by.y = "row.names")

d$Organ <- factor(d$Organ)

#replacing mispelled adenocarcinoma and "Adenosquamous" with Adenocarcinoma
d$Health_State <- gsub("Adenocarcnoma|Adenosquamous", "Adenocarcinoma", d$Health_State)
row.names(d) <- d$Row.names
d$Row.names <- NULL
save.image("training_set_tq_nonormalize.rda")</pre>
```

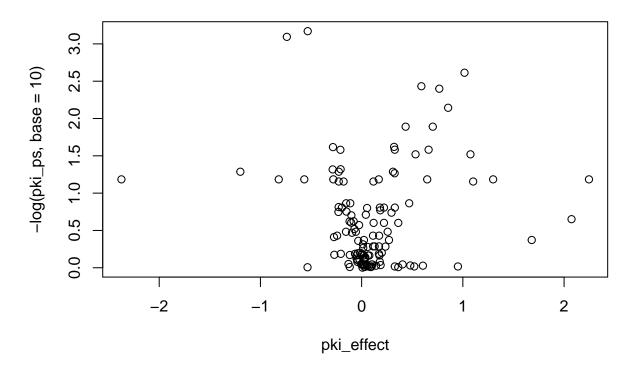
#### 1.1 Patient characteristic table

```
table(d$Organ, d$Health_State)
##
##
            Adenocarcinoma Healthy
##
    Plasma
                        51
##
     Serum
                         49
                                 31
table(d$Organ, d$Smoking_Status)
##
##
            Current Former
                 24
##
    Plasma
                        58
                 24
                         56
     Serum
table(d$Organ, d$Smoking_Status, d$Health_State)
  , , = Adenocarcinoma
##
##
##
            Current Former
##
    Plasma
                 14
                 14
                         35
##
    Serum
##
##
  , , = Healthy
##
##
##
            Current Former
##
     Plasma
                 10
                         21
     Serum
##
                 10
                         21
table(d$Organ, d$Gender)
##
##
             F M
     Plasma 52 30
     Serum 51 29
table(d$Organ, d$Gender, d$Health_State)
\#\# , , = Adenocarcinoma
##
##
```

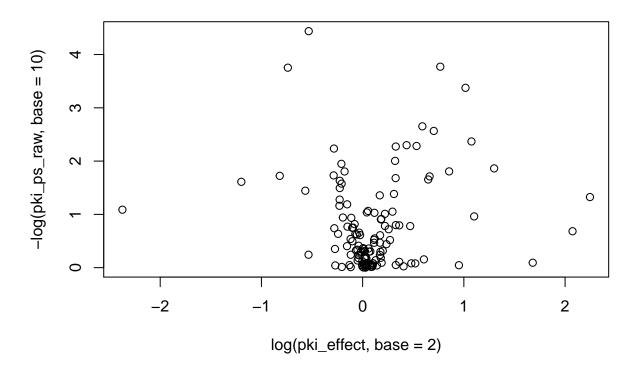
```
##
            F M
##
    Plasma 34 17
    Serum 31 18
##
##
##
  , , = Healthy
##
##
##
            F M
##
    Plasma 18 13
##
    Serum 20 11
```

#### 1.2 T-Tests for Significant differences

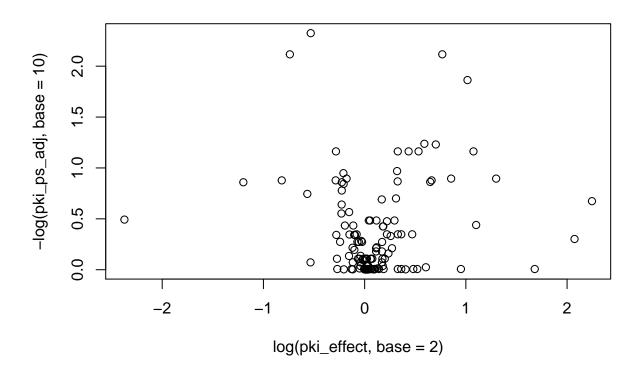
```
vars = colnames(d)[6:ncol(d)]
varNum <- length(vars)</pre>
pkimodels <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
pkimodelspvals <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
pkimodelseffect <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
pkimodelsmean <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
#---controling for all factors, including organ
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d[,i+5]~ Organ + Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d)</pre>
 pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
  #pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50
 pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>F)`[3]
 # mins[[i]] <- min(d[,220])
pki_ps = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
pki_ps <- p.adjust(pki_ps, method = "BH")</pre>
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
plot(pki_effect, -log(pki_ps, base = 10))
```



```
log2FoldChange <- pki_effect</pre>
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps, log2FoldChange = log2FoldChange
univariate_res_control$significance <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
sig_no_block <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05</pre>
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training.txt", row.names = F)
#----Using patient as blocking factor
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
 lmfit <- lmer(d[,i+5]~ Organ + Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender + (1|Patient), data = d)</pre>
 pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
 *pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50
 pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>Chisq)`[3]
 # mins[[i]] <- min(d[,220])
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
log2FoldChange <- pki_effect</pre>
pki_ps_raw = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_raw, base = 10))
```

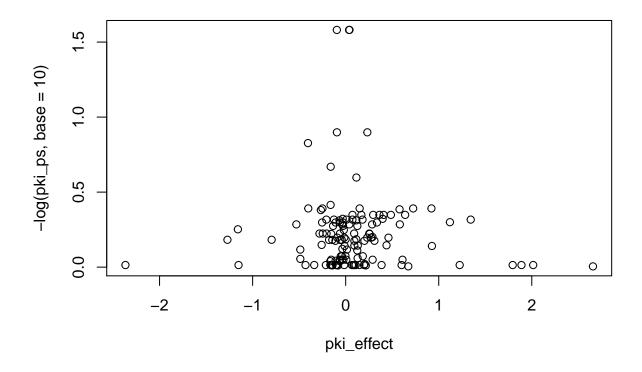


```
pki_ps_adj <- p.adjust(pki_ps_raw, method = "BH")
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_adj, base = 10))</pre>
```

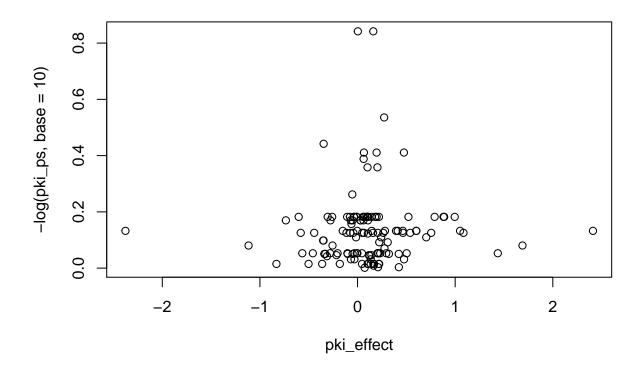


```
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps_raw,
                                      adj_pvalues = pki_ps_adj,
                                      FoldChange = log2FoldChange)
univariate_res_control$significance_raw <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
univariate_res_control$significance_adj <- univariate_res_control$adj_pvalues < .05
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training_block.txt", row.names = F)
#---only analyze the samples collected from Serum
d_serum <- d[d$Organ == "Serum", ]</pre>
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d_serum[,i+5]~ Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_serum)</pre>
  pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
  {\it \#pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50}
  pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>F)`[3]
  pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-</pre>
    log(mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5]))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_state))
  pkimodelsmean[[i]] <- mean(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5])</pre>
pki_ps = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
pki_ps <- p.adjust(pki_ps, method = "BH")</pre>
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
```

```
plot(pki_effect, -log(pki_ps, base = 10))
```



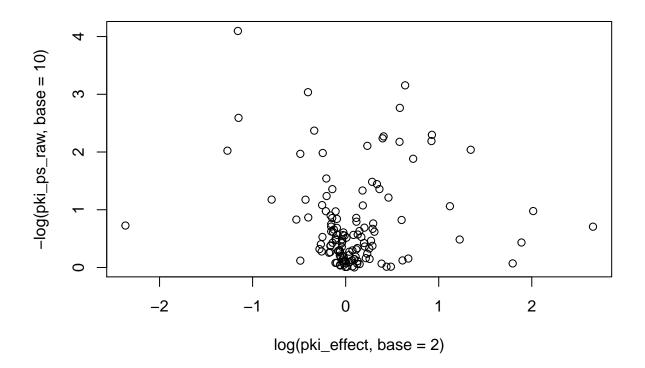
```
log2FoldChange <- pki_effect</pre>
pkimodelsmean <- unlist(pkimodelsmean)</pre>
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps,
                                      log2FoldChange = log2FoldChange,
                                      pkimodelsmean = pkimodelsmean)
univariate_res_control$significance <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
sum(univariate_res_control$significance)
## [1] 3
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training_serum.txt", row.names = F)
#----only analyze the samples collected from plasma
d_plasma <- d[d$Organ == "Plasma", ]</pre>
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
 lmfit <- lm(d_plasma[,i+5]~ Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_plasma)</pre>
  pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
  {\it \#pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50}
  pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>F)`[3]
  pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-</pre>
```



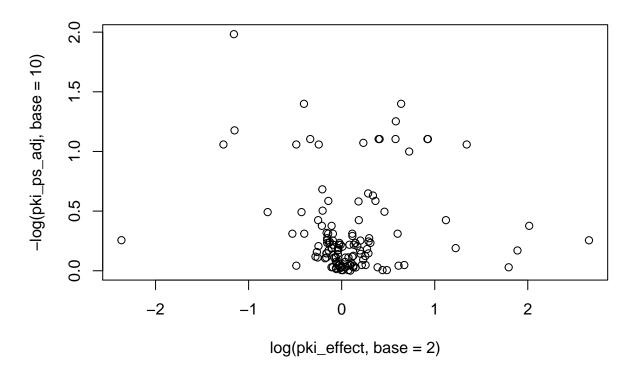
## [1] 0
write.csv(univariate\_res\_control, "healthstate\_anova\_wsig\_control\_training\_plasma.txt", row.names = F)

#### 1.3 Non-parameteric approach

```
#---only analyze the samples collected from Serum
d_serum <- d[d$Organ == "Serum", ]</pre>
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d_serum[,i+5]~ Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_serum)</pre>
  pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- permTS(lmfit$residuals ~ Health_State, data = d_serum,</pre>
                                   alternative="two.sided", method="exact.mc",
                                   control=permControl(nmc=10^5))$p.value
  # Switched to reporting FC instead of logFC here so that can get right input for volcano plot
  # on metabolomics workbench
  pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-</pre>
    mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5]))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_Stat
  pkimodelsmean[[i]] <- mean(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5])</pre>
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
FoldChange <- pki_effect
pkimodelsmean <- unlist(pkimodelsmean)</pre>
pki_ps_raw = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_raw, base = 10))
```



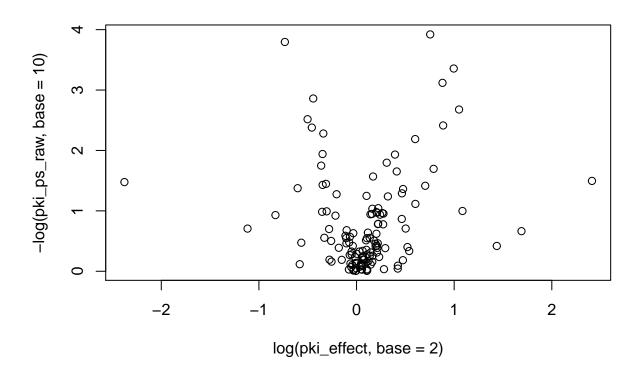
```
pki_ps_adj <- p.adjust(pki_ps_raw, method = "BH")
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_adj, base = 10))</pre>
```



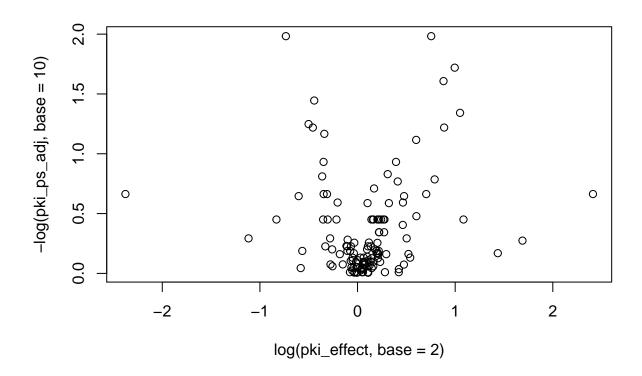
```
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps_raw,
                                     adj_pvalues = pki_ps_adj,
                                     FoldChange = FoldChange,
                                     pkimodelsmean = pkimodelsmean)
univariate_res_control$significance_raw <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
univariate_res_control\significance_adj <- univariate_res_control\adj_pvalues < .05
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training_serum_nonpara.txt", row.name
#---only analyze the samples collected from Plasma
d_plasma <- d[d$Organ == "Plasma", ]</pre>
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d_plasma[,i+5]~ Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_plasma)</pre>
  pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- permTS(lmfit$residuals ~ Health_State, data = d_plasma,</pre>
                                   alternative="two.sided", method="exact.mc",
                                   control=permControl(nmc=10^5))$p.value
  pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-</pre>
    mean(2^(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5]))/
          mean(2^(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Healthy",i+5]))
  pkimodelsmean[[i]] <- mean(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5])</pre>
}
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
```

```
FoldChange <- pki_effect
pkimodelsmean <- unlist(pkimodelsmean)

pki_ps_raw = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_raw, base = 10))</pre>
```

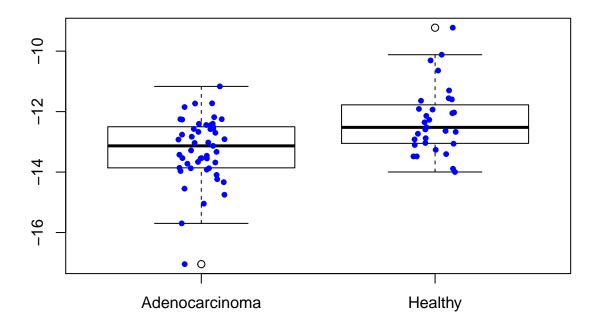


```
pki_ps_adj <- p.adjust(pki_ps_raw, method = "BH")
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_adj, base = 10))</pre>
```

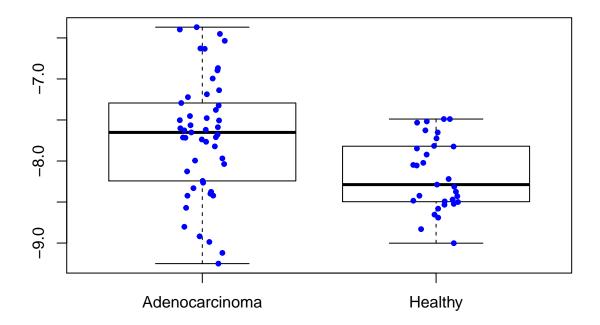


```
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps_raw,
                                     adj_pvalues = pki_ps_adj,
                                     FoldChange = FoldChange,
                                     pkimodelsmean = pkimodelsmean)
univariate_res_control\significance_raw <- univariate_res_control\speciates < .05
univariate_res_control\significance_adj <- univariate_res_control\adj_pvalues < .05
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training_plasma_nonpara.txt", row.nam
sigs <- read.csv("healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training_serum_nonpara.txt")</pre>
sum(sigs$significance_raw)
## [1] 23
sigs_training <- sigs$variables[(sigs$pvalues < .05) == T]</pre>
sigs <- read.csv("healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training_plasma_nonpara.txt")</pre>
sum(sigs$significance_raw)
## [1] 25
sigs_training <- sigs$variables[(sigs$pvalues < .05) == T]</pre>
sigs <- read.csv("healthstate_anova_wsig_control_training_block.txt")</pre>
sum(sigs$significance_raw)
```

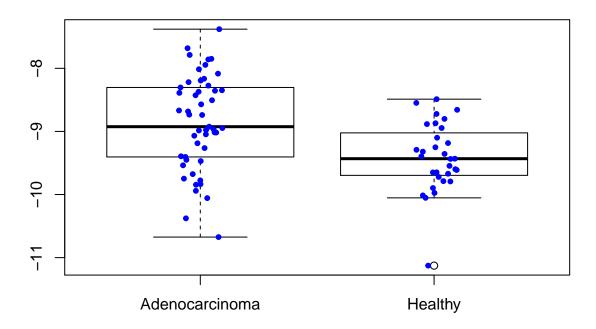
### xylose



# glutamate



#### aspartate



#### 2 Test Set

```
rm(list = ls())
sdfset <- read.SDFset("common_test_training_molecule-v2.sdf")

# test for significance with only compounds that have chemical structures

f1 <- read.delim(file = "sample_factors_test.txt", header = T, row.names = 1)
f2 <- read.table(file = "sample_metabolites_test.txt", header = T, row.names = 1)
f1 <- na.omit(f1)
rownames(f1) <- f1$Sample_name
f1$Subject_name <- gsub("P_|S_", "", f1$Subject_name, perl = T)

f1 <- f1[, -2]
colnames(f1) <- c("Patient","Organ", "Health_State", "Smoking_Status", "Gender")
head(f1)

## Patient Organ Health_State Smoking_Status Gender</pre>
```

```
f2 \leftarrow t(f2)
# save this processed data frame so you can try different processing
before.process <- f2
# two metabolites with missing values, use imputation, take half the minimum
# of that metabolite's value
# also, perform log base 2 transformation. I cannot for the life of me
# figure out how they did their normalization
# lactic acid had some zero values? impute those too
f2 <- apply(f2, 2, function(x) {</pre>
  x[is.na(x)] \leftarrow .5*min(na.omit(x))
  x[x == 0] <- .5*min(na.omit(x[x != 0]))
})
# # not necessary to do total quantity normalization
# # pvalues dont change see below
for(i in 1:nrow(f2)){
  f2[i, ] <- f2[i, ]/sum(f2[i, ])
# log transformation
f2 \leftarrow log(f2, base = 2)
summary(f2[, 1:6])
## 1_5-anhydroglucitol 1-monoolein
                                        1-monopalmitin
                                                          1-monostearin
                        Min. :-14.72 Min. :-17.35
## Min. :-12.073
                                                          Min. :-16.12
## 1st Qu.: -8.378
                        1st Qu.:-13.19 1st Qu.:-14.91
                                                          1st Qu.:-14.71
## Median : -7.885
                        Median :-12.48 Median :-14.45
                                                          Median :-14.24
## Mean
         : -7.871
                        Mean :-12.28 Mean :-14.38
                                                               :-14.25
                                                          Mean
## 3rd Qu.: -7.166
                        3rd Qu.:-11.62
                                       3rd Qu.:-13.83
                                                          3rd Qu.:-13.81
## Max. : -5.653
                       Max. : -9.22
                                       Max.
                                              :-12.61
                                                          Max. :-11.74
## 2_3_5-trihydroxypyrazine 2_3-dihydroxybutanoic_acid
## Min. :-18.61
                            Min. :-16.84
## 1st Qu.:-15.77
                            1st Qu.:-15.02
## Median :-15.41
                           Median :-14.55
## Mean :-15.47
                            Mean :-14.48
                             3rd Qu.:-13.99
## 3rd Qu.:-15.07
## Max.
          :-14.18
                             Max.
                                   :-11.24
# fix compound names so that they are the same
# format as the file provided by Melaine
ids <- sdfid(sdfset)</pre>
ids.new <- gsub(" |,","_",ids, perl = T)</pre>
colnames(f2) \leftarrow gsub(" |,","_", colnames(f2), perl = T)
# 130 compounds provided
sum(ids.new %in% colnames(f2))
```

```
dim(f2)
## [1] 192 152

f2 <- f2[, colnames(f2) %in% ids.new]
orig.mets <- colnames(f2) [colnames(f2) %in% ids.new]

rownames(f2) <- sub("X", "", row.names(f2))
d <- merge(f1, f2, by.x= "row.names", by.y = "row.names")

d$Organ <- factor(d$Organ)

#replacing mispelled adenocarcinoma and "Adenosquamous" with Adenocarcinoma
d$Health_State <- gsub("Adenocarcnoma|Adenosquamous", "Adenocarcinoma", d$Health_State)
row.names(d) <- d$Row.names
d$Row.names <- NULL
save.image("test_set_tq_nonormalize.rda")</pre>
```

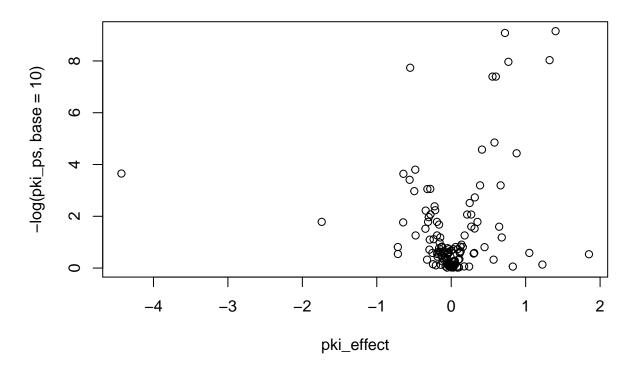
#### 2.1 Patient characteristic table

```
table(d$Organ, d$Health_State)
##
##
            Adenocarcinoma Healthy
##
     Plasma
                         43
                                 43
                         43
                                 43
##
     Serum
table(d$Organ, d$Smoking_Status)
##
##
            Current Former
##
                 31
     Plasma
     Serum
                 31
                         55
table(d$Organ, d$Smoking_Status, d$Health_State)
   , , = Adenocarcinoma
##
##
##
##
            Current Former
##
     Plasma
                 15
                 15
                         28
##
     Serum
##
##
   , , = Healthy
##
##
##
            Current Former
##
     Plasma
                 16
                         27
##
     Serum
                 16
                         27
table(d$Organ, d$Gender)
##
##
             F M
     Plasma 46 40
```

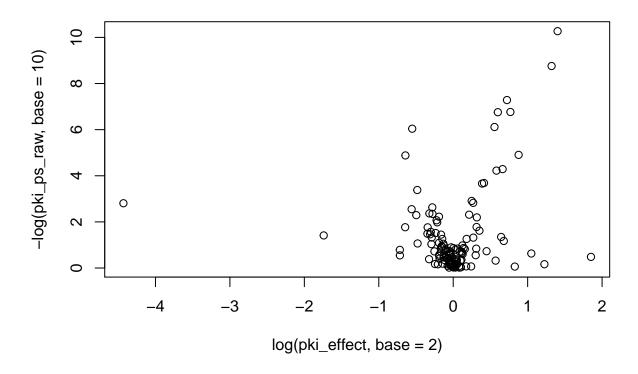
```
Serum 46 40
table(d$Organ, d$Gender, d$Health_State)
  , , = Adenocarcinoma
##
##
##
            F M
    Plasma 24 19
##
##
    Serum 24 19
##
##
  , , = Healthy
##
##
##
             F M
    Plasma 22 21
##
##
     Serum 22 21
```

#### 2.2 T-Tests for Significant differences

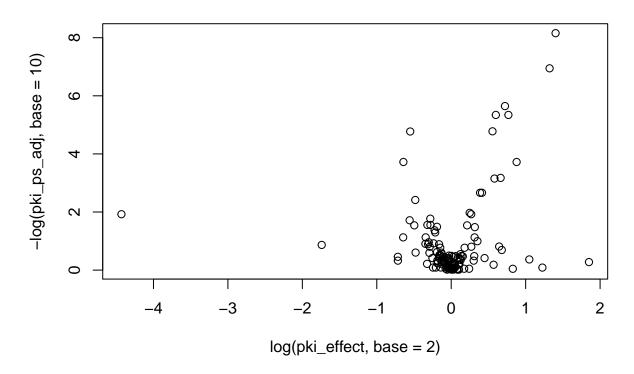
```
vars = colnames(d)[6:ncol(d)]
varNum <- length(vars)</pre>
pkimodels <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
pkimodelspvals <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
pkimodelseffect <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
pkimodelsmean <- vector("list", (varNum))</pre>
#---controling for all factors, including organ
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d[,i+5]~ Organ + Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d)</pre>
 pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
  #pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50
 pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>F)`[3]
 # mins[[i]] <- min(d[,220])
pki_ps = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
pki_ps <- p.adjust(pki_ps, method = "BH")</pre>
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
plot(pki_effect, -log(pki_ps, base = 10))
```



```
log2FoldChange <- pki_effect</pre>
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps, log2FoldChange = log2FoldChange
univariate_res_control$significance <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
sig_no_block <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05</pre>
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test.txt", row.names = F)
#----Using patient as blocking factor
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
 lmfit <- lmer(d[,i+5]~ Organ + Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender + (1|Patient), data = d)</pre>
 pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
 *pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50
 pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>Chisq)`[3]
 # mins[[i]] <- min(d[,220])
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
log2FoldChange <- pki_effect</pre>
pki_ps_raw = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_raw, base = 10))
```

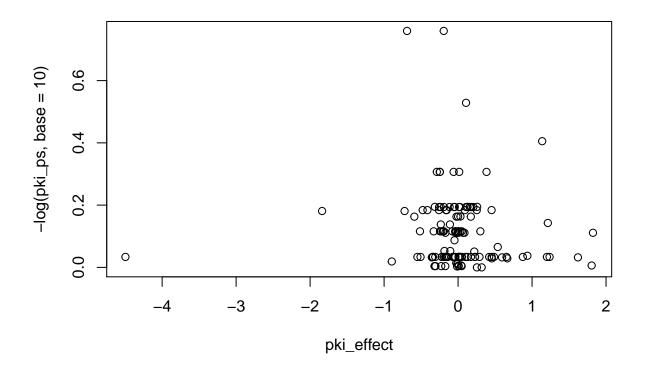


```
pki_ps_adj <- p.adjust(pki_ps_raw, method = "BH")
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_adj, base = 10))</pre>
```



```
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps_raw,
                                     adj_pvalues = pki_ps_adj,
                                     FoldChange = log2FoldChange)
univariate_res_control$significance_raw <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
univariate_res_control$significance_adj <- univariate_res_control$adj_pvalues < .05
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test_block.txt", row.names = F)
#---only analyze the samples collected from Serum
d_serum <- d[d$Organ == "Serum", ]</pre>
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d_serum[,i+5]~ Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_serum)</pre>
  pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
  {\it \#pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50}
  pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>F)`[3]
  pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-</pre>
    log(mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5]))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_
  pkimodelsmean[[i]] <- mean(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5])</pre>
pki_ps = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
pki_ps <- p.adjust(pki_ps, method = "BH")</pre>
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
```

```
plot(pki_effect, -log(pki_ps, base = 10))
```



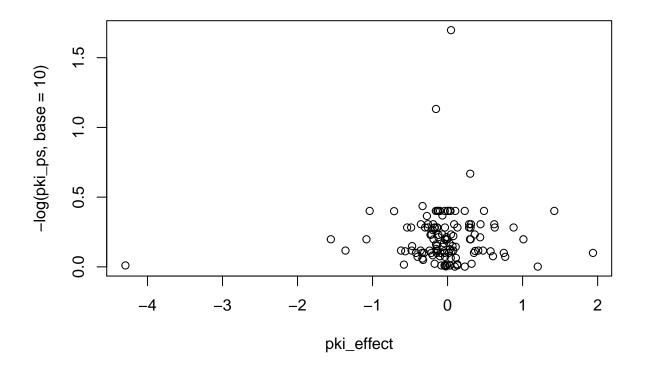
```
log2FoldChange <- pki_effect</pre>
pkimodelsmean <- unlist(pkimodelsmean)</pre>
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps,
                                     log2FoldChange = log2FoldChange,
                                     pkimodelsmean = pkimodelsmean)
univariate_res_control$significance <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
# # use FDR of .2 instead
# pki_ps[which(univariate_res_control$pvalues < .2)]</pre>
# univariate_res_control$significance <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .2
sum(univariate_res_control$significance)
## [1] 0
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test_serum.txt", row.names = F)
#---only analyze the samples collected from plasma
d_plasma <- d[d$Organ == "Plasma", ]</pre>
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d_plasma[,i+5]~ Health_State + Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_plasma)</pre>
  pkimodels[[i]] <- lmfit</pre>
  {\it \#pvalue for regressing each variable in df on AC50}
```

```
pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- Anova(lmfit, type = "III")$`Pr(>F)`[3]

pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-
    log(mean(2^(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5]))/
        mean(2^(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Healthy",i+5])), base=2)
    pkimodelsmean[[i]] <- mean(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5])

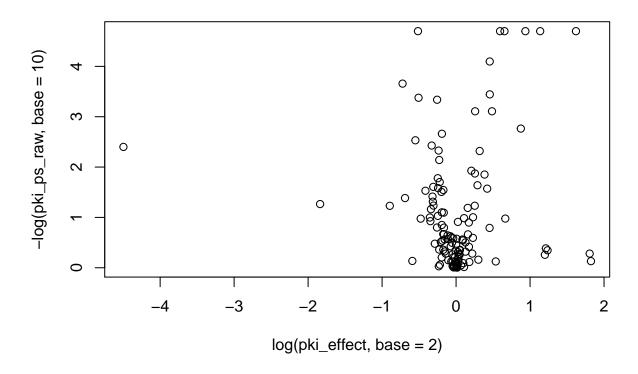
pki_ps = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
    pki_ps <- p.adjust(pki_ps, method = "BH")

pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
    plot(pki_effect, -log(pki_ps, base = 10))</pre>
```

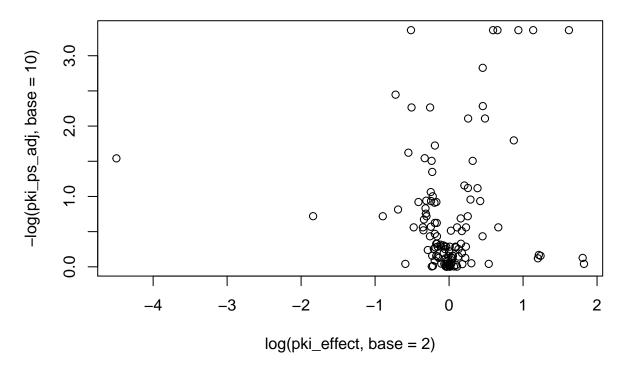


#### 2.3 Non-parameteric approach

```
#---only analyze the samples collected from Serum
d serum <- d[d$Organ == "Serum", ]
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
      lmfit <- lm(d_serum[,i+5]~ Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_serum)</pre>
      pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- permTS(lmfit$residuals ~ Health_State, data = d_serum,</pre>
                                                                                                             alternative="two.sided", method="exact.mc",
                                                                                                             control=permControl(nmc=10^5))$p.value
      # Switched to reporting FC instead of logFC here so that can get right input for volcano plot
      # on metabolomics workbench
      pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-</pre>
            mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5]))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum$Health_State"))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum[d_serum]))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum]))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum]))/mean(2^(d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[d_serum[
      pkimodelsmean[[i]] <- mean(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5])</pre>
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
FoldChange <- pki_effect
pkimodelsmean <- unlist(pkimodelsmean)</pre>
pki_ps_raw = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_raw, base = 10))
```



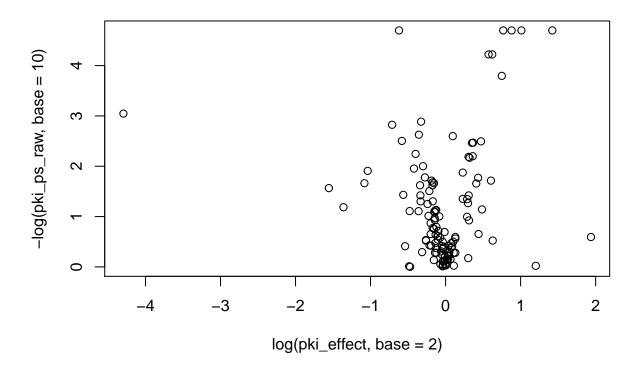
```
pki_ps_adj <- p.adjust(pki_ps_raw, method = "BH")
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_adj, base = 10))</pre>
```



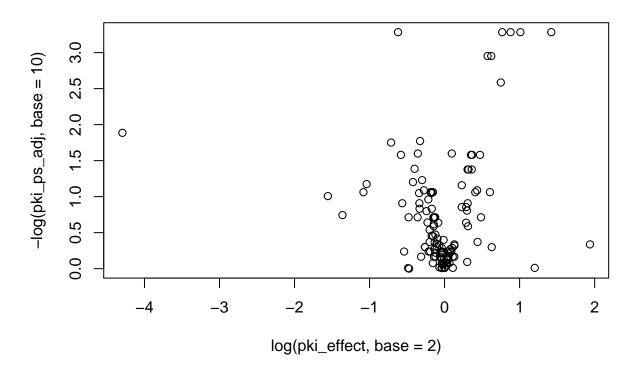
```
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps_raw,
                                     adj_pvalues = pki_ps_adj,
                                     FoldChange = FoldChange,
                                     pkimodelsmean = pkimodelsmean)
univariate_res_control$significance_raw <- univariate_res_control$pvalues < .05
univariate_res_control\significance_adj <- univariate_res_control\adj_pvalues < .05
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test_serum_nonpara.txt", row.names = 1
#---only analyze the samples collected from Plasma
d_plasma <- d[d$Organ == "Plasma", ]</pre>
#---controling for all factors
for (i in 1:(varNum)){
  lmfit <- lm(d_plasma[,i+5]~ Smoking_Status + Gender, data = d_plasma)</pre>
  pkimodelspvals[[i]] <- permTS(lmfit$residuals ~ Health_State, data = d_plasma,</pre>
                                   alternative="two.sided", method="exact.mc",
                                   control=permControl(nmc=10^5))$p.value
  pkimodelseffect[[i]] <-</pre>
    mean(2^(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5]))/
          mean(2^(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Healthy",i+5]))
  pkimodelsmean[[i]] <- mean(d_plasma[d_plasma$Health_State == "Adenocarcinoma",i+5])</pre>
}
pki_effect = unlist(pkimodelseffect)
```

```
FoldChange <- pki_effect
pkimodelsmean <- unlist(pkimodelsmean)

pki_ps_raw = unlist(pkimodelspvals)
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_raw, base = 10))</pre>
```

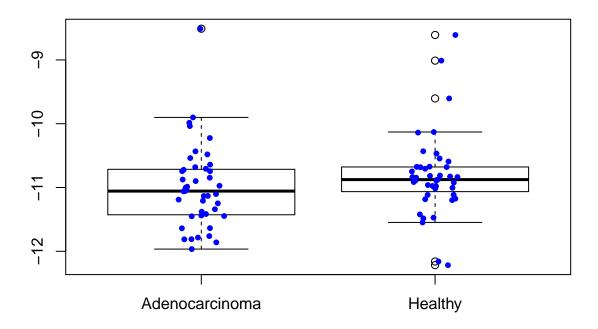


```
pki_ps_adj <- p.adjust(pki_ps_raw, method = "BH")
plot(log(pki_effect, base = 2), -log(pki_ps_adj, base = 10))</pre>
```

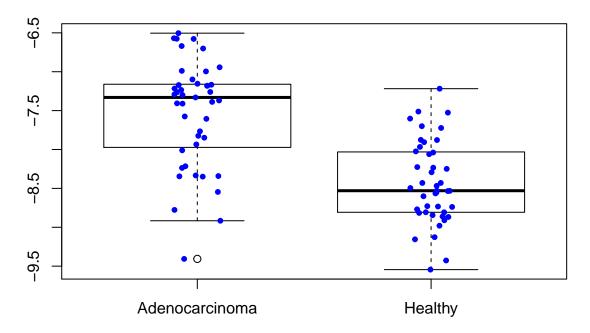


```
univariate_res_control = data.frame(variables = vars, pvalues = pki_ps_raw,
                                     adj_pvalues = pki_ps_adj,
                                     FoldChange = FoldChange,
                                     pkimodelsmean = pkimodelsmean)
univariate_res_control\significance_raw <- univariate_res_control\speciates < .05
univariate_res_control$significance_adj <- univariate_res_control$adj_pvalues < .05
write.csv(univariate_res_control, "healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test_plasma_nonpara.txt", row.names =
sigs <- read.csv("healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test_serum_nonpara.txt")</pre>
sum(sigs$significance_raw)
## [1] 36
sigs_test <- sigs$variables[(sigs$pvalues < .05) == T]</pre>
sigs <- read.csv("healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test_plasma_nonpara.txt")</pre>
sum(sigs$significance_raw)
## [1] 44
sigs_test <- sigs$variables[(sigs$pvalues < .05) == T]</pre>
sigs <- read.csv("healthstate_anova_wsig_control_test_block.txt")</pre>
sum(sigs$significance_raw)
```

### xylose



# glutamate



# aspartate

