| Name: Hermitano, Johnny C. | Date Performed: 12/10/22 |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Course/Section: CPE31S23 | Date Submitted: 12/10/22 |
| Instructor: Engr. Jonathan Taylar | Semester and SY: 1st sem sy 2022 |
| Activity 14: OpenStack Installation (Keystone, Glance, Nova) | |

1. Objectives

Create a workflow to install OpenStack using Ansible as your Infrastructure as Code (laC).

2. Intended Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of cloud services
- 2. Evaluate different Cloud deployment and service models
- 3. Create a workflow to install and configure OpenStack base services using Ansible as documentation and execution.

3. Resources

Oracle VirtualBox (Hypervisor)

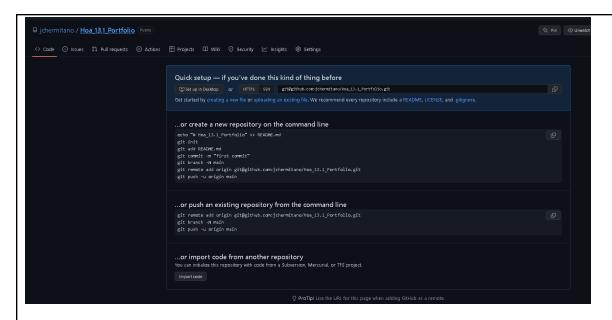
1x Ubuntu VM or Centos VM

4. Tasks

- 1. Create a new repository for this activity.
- 2. Create a playbook that converts the steps in the following items in https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/
 - a. Keystone (Identity Service)
 - b. Glance (Imaging Service)
 - c. Nova (Compute Service)
 - d. Create different plays in installing per server type (controller, compute etc.) and identify it as a group in the Inventory file.
 - e. Add, commit and push it to your GitHub repo.

5. Output (screenshots and explanations)

Step 1. Create your own github repository to clone.



Step 2. Clone your repository and start creating your inventory and ansible.cfg

jhermitano@Workstation:~/Hoa_13.1_Portfolio\$ sudo nano ansible.cfg
jhermitano@Workstation:~/Hoa_13.1_Portfolio\$ sudo nano inventory
[sudo] passured for ibesmitano.

GNU nano 6.2
[all]
192.168.56.115

[centos]
192.168.56.115

```
jhermitano@Workstation: ~,
GNU nano 6.2
ansi

inventory = inventory
Host_key_checking = False

depracation_warnings = False

remote_user = jhermitano
private_key_file = ~/.ssh/
```

Step 3. Create your playbook with this code to install the activities requirements.

```
GNU nano 6.2
- hosts: all
become: true
tasks:
   - name: update repository index
    apt:
      update_cache: yes
    when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
   - name: Install Glance
    apt:
      name:
        - glance
       state: latest
    when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
   - name: Install Keystone
     apt:
      name:

    keystone

      state: latest
     when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
   - name: Install Nova
     apt:
      name:
        - nova-compute
      state: latest
     when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

Step 4. Run your playbook with this command: ansible-playbook —ask-become-pass yourPlaybook

Step 5. Verify the installation.

```
jhermitano@Server1:~$ nova-compute --version
Modules with known eventlet monkey patching issues were imported prior to event
let monkey patching: urllib3. This warning can usually be ignored if the caller
is only importing and not executing nova code.
25.0.1
jhermitano@Server1:~$ keystone-manage --version
21.0.0
jhermitano@Server1:~$ glance --version
3.6.0
jhermitano@Server1:~$
```

Step 6. Git add your files. You can use git status to check the status of your file.

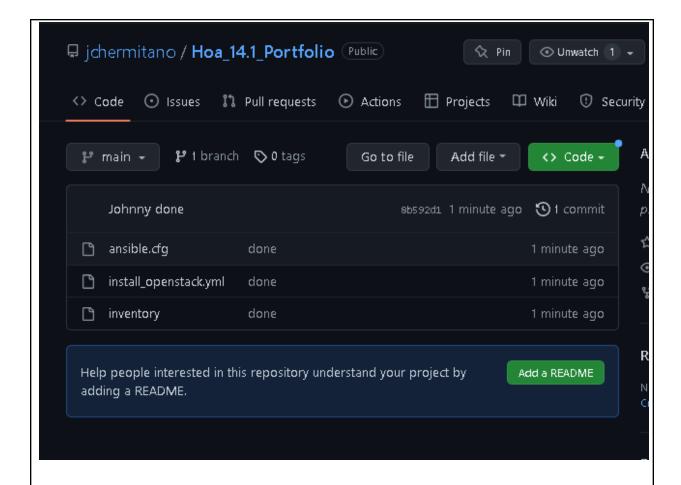
```
ihermitano@Workstation:~/Hoa_13.1_Portfolio$ ls
ansible.cfg install_openstack.yml inventory
jhermitano@Workstation:~/Hoa_13.1_Portfolio$ git add ansible.cfg inventory install_openstack.yml
jhermitano@Workstation:~/Hoa_13.1_Portfolio$ git status
On branch main

No commits yet

Changes to be committed:
   (use "git rm --cached <file>..." to unstage)
        new file: ansible.cfg
        new file: install_openstack.yml
        new file: inventory
```

Step 7. Git commit and then git push.

Step 8. You verify your files if successfully pushed through your github repository.



Github Repository: https://github.com/jchermitano/Hoa_14.1_Portfolio.git

virtual machines, many procedures work together.

Reflections:

Answer the following:

1. Describe Keystone, Glance and Nova services Glance hosts a metadefs catalog, whereas Keystone implements OpenStack's Identity API to offer distributed multi-tenant authorization, service discovery, and API client authentication. This gives the OpenStack community a method for calculating the names of various metadata key variables and acceptable values that can be used with OpenStack resources. The most intricate and dispersed part of OpenStack is Nova. In order to convert end user API requests into operational

Conclusions: