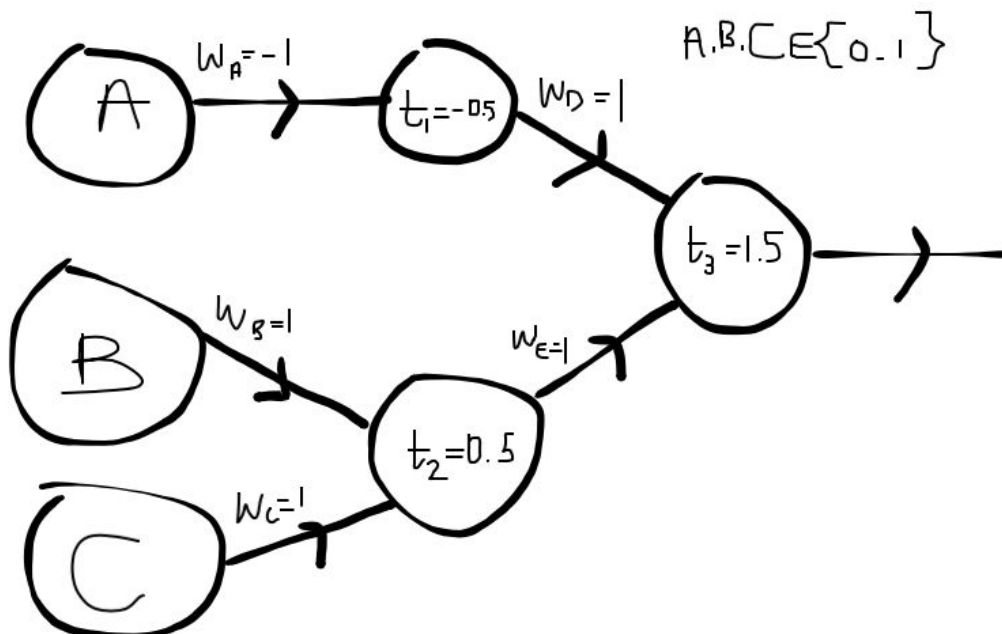


Q2)



Output coming out of perceptron with threshold value t_1 (we'll call it D) is 1 if $A * w_A \geq -0.5$, and 0 otherwise.

Output coming out of perceptron with threshold value t_2 (we'll call it E) is 1 if

$B * w_B + C * w_C \geq 0.5$, and 0 otherwise.

Output coming out of perceptron with threshold value t_3 is 1 if $D * w_D + E * w_E \geq 1.5$, and 0 otherwise.

Q3)

Apply backpropagation by labeling each edge (as it contains a value in green) with an intermediate variable name from A to H.

Now, we calculate the derivative of $f(w, x)$ wrt each of these intermediate variables:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{df(w, x)}{dA} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{df(w, x)} = 1 \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dB} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dA} * \frac{dA}{dB} = 1 * \frac{d(1/B)}{dB} = -1/B^2 \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dC} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dB} * \frac{dB}{dC} = -1/B^2 * \frac{d(C+1)}{dC} = -1/B^2 \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dD} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dC} * \frac{dC}{dD} = -1/B^2 * \frac{d(e^D)}{dD} = \frac{-e^D}{B^2} \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dE} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dD} * \frac{dD}{dE} = \frac{-e^D}{B^2} * \frac{d(-E)}{dE} = \frac{e^D}{B^2} \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dF} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dE} * \frac{dE}{dF} = \frac{e^D}{B^2} * \frac{d(F+w_2)}{dF} = \frac{e^D}{B^2} \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dG} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dF} * \left(\frac{\delta F}{\delta G} \right) = \frac{e^D}{B^2} * \left(\frac{\delta(G+H)}{\delta G} \right) = \frac{e^D}{B^2} * 1 = \frac{e^D}{B^2} \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dH} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dF} * \left(\frac{\delta F}{\delta H} \right) = \frac{e^D}{B^2} * \left(\frac{\delta(G+H)}{\delta H} \right) = \frac{e^D}{B^2} * 1 = \frac{e^D}{B^2}\end{aligned}$$

Then we calculate the gradients of f wrt x_0 and x_1 :

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{df(w, x)}{dx_0} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dG} * \left(\frac{\delta G}{\delta x_0} \right) = \frac{e^D}{B^2} * w_0 \\ \frac{df(w, x)}{dx_1} &= \frac{df(w, x)}{dH} * \left(\frac{\delta H}{\delta x_1} \right) = \frac{e^D}{B^2} * w_1\end{aligned}$$

Plug in the values for B, D, w_0 and w_1 and put them into the diagram. Also, the gradient for w_2 is:

$$\frac{df(w, x)}{dw_2} = \frac{df(w, x)}{dE} = \frac{e^D}{B^2} = 0.196$$

