CSS背景

CSS背景屬性用於定義一個元素的背景效果。

CSS屬性用於背景效果:

1.背景顏色 2.背景圖像 3.背景重複 4.背景附件 5.背景位置

背景顏色

background-color指定一個元素的背景顏色

```
body
{
background-color:#b0c4de;
}
```

十六進制值 - 如 "#FF0000" RGB值 - 如 "RGB(255,0,0)" 顏色的名字 - 如 "red"

<h1>My CSS web page!</h1>
Hello world! This is a W3Schools.com example.

My CSS web page!

Hello world! This is a W3Schools.com example.

不同的背景顏色

h1 {background-color:#6495ed;} p {background-color:#e0ffff;} div {background-color:#b0c4de;}

<h1>CSS background-color example!</h1>
<div>

This is a text inside a div element.

This paragraph has its own background color.
We are still in the div element.

</div>

CSS background-color example!

This is a text inside a div element.

This paragraph has its own background color.

We are still in the div element.

背景圖片

background-image指定一個元素為背景圖像

```
body
{
background-image:url('paper.gif');
}
```

<h1>Hello World!</h1>

Hello World!

背景圖片 - 不重複、設置位置

不重複

```
body
{
background-image:url('img_tree.png');
background-repeat:no-repeat;
}
```

<h1>Hello World!</h1>

The background image is only showing once,
but it is disturbing the reader!



設置位置

```
body
{
background-image:url('img_tree.png');
background-repeat:no-repeat;
background-position:right top;
margin-right:200px;
}
```



<h1>Hello World!</h1>

W3Schools background no-repeat, set position example.

背景圖片-垂直&水平重複

```
body
{
background-image:url('gradient2.png');
}
<h1>Hello World!</h1>
```

```
水平重複 (repeat-x)
```

```
body
{
background-image:url('gradient2.png');
background-repeat:repeat-x;
}
```

<h1>Hello World!</h1>

水平重複 (repeat-y)

```
body
{
background-image:url('paper.gif');
background-repeat:repeat-y;
}
```

repeat-y will repeat only vertically.

Hello World!

Hello World!

```
repeat-y will repeat only vertically.
```

背景 - 速記屬性

body {background:#ffffff url('img_tree.png') no-repeat right top;}

順序:背景顏色→背景圖像→背景重複→背景附件→背景位置