

Homework rules

- Only accept C
- Filename : [student ID]_[hw2]-[question number]
- E.g. 4110012345_hw2-1.c
- Zip all your files and hand in on the iLearning
- Deadline 2021/11/16 23:59
- Please add comments in your code
- If any question, you can contact TA.
- nchuds110@gmail.com
- Do not copy! 0 points for plagiarism!

Question I. (35%)

Please use the following structure to implement a singly linked list.

```
typedef struct listNode *listPointer;
typedef struct listNode {
    int data;
    listPointer link;
}
```

The singly linked list must have the following functions:

- 1. add i: add the new node whose data field is i to the end of the list. (5%)
- **2.** del i : delete the i-th node. (5%)
- **3. ins i j :** insert the new node whose data field is j after the *i*-th node. (5%)
- **4. mul** i j : the data field of the *i*-th to last node multiplies by j. (5%)
- 5. rev k: treat K data as a group and reverse them. (15%)
- 6. show: print out the data in the singly linked list.

- Initial list : empty
- add 5
- add 7
- add 9
- show
- 5 7 9

- Initial list: 5 7 9 7 9
- del 2
- show
- 5979
- Initial list: 57979
- del 0 / del 6 ...
- show
- 57979
- (No change!)

- Initial list: 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9
 - (index: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8)
- ins 5 6
- show
- 123456789

- Initial list: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
- mul 3 2
- show
- 1234561489

- Initial list: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
- rev 3
- show
- 3 2 1 6 5 4 8 7
- (最後一組數量雖不足3,但視為一組反轉)

Input & output

- Read the file (input_1.txt)
- The first line presents the initial list.
- The **second line** contains an integer **n** indicates how many commands there are.
- The next **n** rows are the **commands**.
- Implement the functions in next slice, and write the result of "show" to the file (output_1.txt).

(Input)

- 1 2 3 4 5 6
- 5
- add 9
- add 8
- rev 3
- del 1
- show

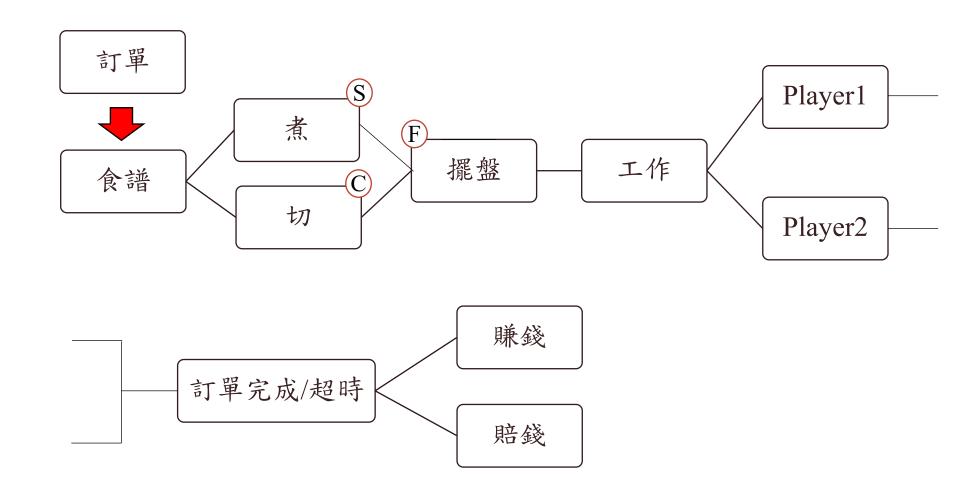
(Output)

• 2 1 6 5 4 8 9

Question 2. (65%)

- Overcooked is a well-known multiplayer cooperative game. Now you and your friends decided to play this game.
- Today, our goal is to make as much money as possible.
- In this scene, there is no need to wash the dishes.
- There is a stove and a cutting table and **only one** meat/vegetables/fruits available on the stove/cutting table **at the same time**. (*Please note this rule*)
- After all the ingredients are ready, the plate can be arranged. Then deliver meals to the guests and collect money from the guests.

Flow chart



Recipe

- Read the file (recipes.txt) to let your program know how to cook.
- For each dish, all the ingredients must be prepared and then arranging/decorating the food on the plate.
- It takes time to cook meat, cut vegetables and fruits, and food presentation(擺盤).
- Cooking time:
 - (1) 5 minutes for cooking something on the stove (fixed)
 - (2) 3 minutes for cutting something (fixed)
- (3) The different recipe has the different time for food presentation: (1+other)

Recipe

- [recipe_name] [s] [c] [others]
- s: The ingredients that need to be cooked first on the stove.
- c: The ingredients that need to be processed first on the cutting board.
- others: The ingredients that do not require pre-processing.
- The process of preparing each ingredient does not affect each other, only one ingredient can be processed at a time.
- Food presentation must be done at one time and cannot be interrupted.

Recipe

• [recipe_name] [s] [c] [others]

Example:

擺盤時間:5*1+3*2+(1+1)

(1) hamburger beef lettuce, tomato bread

(2) fruit_platter x peach, orange, grape x

(Use "x" to indicate that there is no such kind of ingredient.)

Input

- Read the file (orders.txt)
- In the **first line**, an integer **n** indicates how many orders there are.
- The next **n** rows are the **order data**.
- [order_ID] [recipe_name] [arrival] [deadline] [money] [punishment]
- (1) The "order_ID" is used to distinguish the meals of different guests.

(The range of order ID is 0000~9999)

Input

- (2) The "recipe_name" field indicates which meals your guests ordered.
- (3) The "arrival" field indicates the time when the order arrived.
- (4) The "deadline" field indicates how long the meal can be waited for. $(arrival \leq deadline)$
- (5) The "money" field indicates how much money you will earn from this order.
- (6) The "punishment" field indicates how much you should pay for the guest if you didn't serve the meal before the deadline.

Input

- [order_ID] [recipe_name] [arrival] [deadline] [money] [punishment]
- Example:
- 1001 hamburger 30 100 50 -100
- 1002 hamburger 0 20 40 -80
- 1003 fruit_platter 5 85 150 -300

Output

- Output the work schedule of two players to players.txt in the order of time.
- The first line uses an integer to indicate how many commands there are.
- One line contains only one schedule.
- Then use the scoring program to calculate the money earned by each classmates.
- The scoring program will detect whether your sequence is legal. (whether the order completion time exceeds the deadline, orders added by yourself, etc.)

Output

- [player_ID] [t] [order_ID] [command] [object]
- [player_ID] indicates the player who executes this command.
- [t] indicates the time when the player start to do this command.
- order_ID indicates the order you are preparing for.
- Three kind of commands:
- (1) s + object: cooking "object" on the stove.
- (2) c + object: cutting "object" on cutting board.
- (3) **f**: food presentation.

Output

In players.txt

- 12
- 1 0 1002 s beef
- 2 0 1002 c lettuce
- 2 3 1002 c tomato
- 1 6 1003 c peach
- 2 6 1002 **f**

- 2 9 1003 c grape
- 1 12 1003 c orange
- 1 15 1003 **f**
- 1 30 1001 s beef
- 2 30 1001 c lettuce
- 2 33 1001 c tomato
- 1 36 1001 **f**

Scoring method

- Write a program to schedule the cooking process of two players.
- If TA's algorithm earns X dollars.
- You will get **different scores** if the money you earn are Y dollars:

0%: you didn't earn any money. ($Y \le 0$ dollars)

1%~60%: Score = Y/X * 60%

65%: You earn more than TA's program and your schedule is legal. (Y > X)