$$= \frac{h^2 4^n + 3h^3 + 2h 4^n + 6h^2 + 4^n + 3h}{h^2 4^{n+1} + 3h^3 + 3h^2} =$$

$$= \frac{1 + \frac{3n}{4^{n}} + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{6}{4^{n}} + \frac{1}{h^{2}} + \frac{3}{h4^{n}}}{4^{n} + \frac{3}{4^{n}} + \frac{3}{4^{n}}} \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{1}$$

el radio de convergencia es R=4. La serie converge absoluta.

$$\frac{d}{d} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^3}{(3n)!} \ Z^n$$

Sea
$$a_n = \frac{(n!)^3}{(3n)!} \implies \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{((n+1)!)^3}{(3(n+1))!}$$

$$\frac{(n+1)^3}{(3n)!} = \frac{(3(n+1))!}{(3n)!}$$

$$= \frac{((n+1)n!)^{3} \cdot (3n)!}{(3n+3)! \cdot (n!)^{3}} = \frac{(n!)^{3} \cdot (n!)^{3} \cdot (n$$

=>
$$\lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{G_{n+1}}{G_n} = \lim_{h\to\infty} \frac{(h+1)^3}{(3h+3)(3h+2)(3h+1)} = \frac{1}{27}$$

Por tento
$$\limsup \sqrt{|a_n|} = \frac{1}{27}$$
 y el radio de convergencia es $R=27$