

I. E. S. " SAN ISIDRO

Calificación

Asignatura Fecha Curso Nº

pellidos Nor

1. Estudia la convergencia de las series

a)
$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{n}} \frac{e^{\pi a}}{\sqrt{n}}$$

Sea : Zn = Cm el término general.

Consideramos la serie \$\frac{1}{2} |Zul

 $|Z_n| = \frac{1e^{\frac{\pi n}{n}}}{|Z_n|} = \frac{1}{|Z_n|}$. La serie $\sum_{h=1}^{\infty} |Z_n|$ no converge porque

la senie $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^n}$ converge si y solo si p>1.

Además $Z_n = \frac{1}{V_n} \left(\cos(R/n) + c \operatorname{sen}(R/n) \right)$ y sabemos que

la senie $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z_n$ converge si y solo si la senie $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Re(z_n)$ converge

y [Im(zn) converge.

En este caso

 $Re(Z_n) = \frac{\cos(N_n)}{V_n}$ que si la comparamos con $\frac{1}{V_n}$ por el

criterio del cociente para n > 2 (todos los términos de Re(zn) son positivos)

 $\frac{\cos(\Pi/n)}{\Gamma} = \cos(\frac{\pi}{n}) \xrightarrow{n \to \infty} 1$

Portanto ERe(zn) converge siy solo si converge

Seu
$$\overline{z}_n = \frac{n \operatorname{senin}}{3^n} = \frac{n}{3^n} \cdot \frac{e^{i\hat{z}_n} - e^{i\hat{z}_n}}{2i} = \frac{n}{3^n} \cdot \frac{e^n - e^n}{2i}$$

Ahora
$$|z_n| = \frac{n}{3^n} \cdot \frac{|e^n - e^n|}{|z_i|} = \frac{n(e^n - e^n)}{2 \cdot 3^n} < \frac{n}{2 \cdot 3^n} e^n = \frac{n(e^n - e^n)}{2 \cdot 3^n}$$

Por el criterio del cociente

$$\frac{\frac{n+1}{2}\left(\frac{e}{3}\right)^{n+1}}{\frac{n}{2}\left(\frac{e}{3}\right)^n} = \frac{n+1}{n}\left(\frac{e}{3}\right), \xrightarrow{n\to\infty} \frac{e}{3} < 1$$

la sense $\frac{2}{2} \frac{n}{2} \left(\frac{e}{3}\right)^n$ converge y por el criterio de comparación la serie Ezn converge absolutamente.

c)
$$\sum_{h=1}^{\infty} \frac{\operatorname{senh}(fhi)}{\operatorname{sen}(ih)}$$

$$e^{fhi} - e^{-fhi}$$

Sea
$$Z_n = \frac{\text{Senh}(f_n i)}{\text{Sen}(in)} = \frac{e^{f_n i} - e^{f_n i}}{\frac{2}{e^{in} - e^{in}}} = i \cdot \frac{e^{f_n i} - e^{f_n i}}{e^{in} - e^{in}}$$



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$$|Z_{n}| = |\dot{c} \cdot \frac{e^{ini} - e^{ini}}{e^{in} - e^{in}}| = |\dot{c}| \cdot \frac{|e^{ini} - e^{ini}|}{|e^{in} - e^{in}|} = \frac{|e^{ini} - e^{ini}|}{|e^{in} - e^{in}|} = \frac{|e^{ini} - e^{ini}|}{|e^{in} - e^{ini}|} = \frac{2}{|e^{in} - e^{ini}|}$$

Por el criterio de comparación con el dimite

$$\frac{2}{e^{h}-e^{-h}} = 2 \frac{e^{h}}{e^{h}-e^{h}} = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{1-e^{h}} = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{1-e^{-2h}} = 2$$

se tiene que $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{e^n - e^n}$ convenge siysolo si $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{e^n}$

converge y como esta última sabemos que lo bace entonces concluimos que Ézu converge absolutamente

$$\frac{d}{d} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{t_g(cTIn)}$$

Sea
$$\Xi_n = \frac{n}{\lg(i\pi n)} = n \cdot cotg(i\pi n) = n \cdot c \cdot \frac{e^{i^2\pi n} + e^{-i^2\pi n}}{e^{i^2\pi n} - e^{i^2\pi n}} =$$

$$= n \cdot c \cdot \frac{e^{-\pi n} + e^{\pi n}}{e^{-\pi n} - e^{\pi n}},$$

$$|Z_n| = n \cdot \frac{e^{-\pi n} + e^{\pi n}}{|e^{-\pi n} - e^{\pi n}|} = n \cdot \frac{e^{-\pi n} + e^{-\pi n}}{e^{\pi n} - e^{-\pi n}} = n \cdot \frac{1 + \frac{e^{\pi n}}{e^{\pi n}}}{1 - e^{\pi n}}$$

$$= n \cdot \frac{1 + e^{-2\pi n}}{1 - e^{-2\pi n}} \xrightarrow{n \to \infty} \infty$$

$$Z_n = -i \cdot |Z_n|$$
 \Rightarrow $Re(Z_n) = 0$ y

$$J_m(Z_n) = -|Z_n|. \quad (omo \mid \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Z_n \text{ converge})$$
 $S_n^2 = -i \cdot |Z_n|. \quad (omo \mid \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Z_n \text{ converge})$
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 $S_n^2 = -i \cdot |Z_n|.$

Resumen	Converge Ezn	Converge [IZn1
a)	No	No
b)	Si	5,
c)	5,	Si
d)	No	No