f) first og (1+e-5) cte. del. principal.

$$f(z) = \log(1+e^{-5z})$$
 $f(0) = \log 2 = \log 2$
 $f'(z) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-5z}} \cdot e^{-5z} \cdot (-5)$ $f'(0) = -5/2$

$$f''(z) = -5 \cdot \frac{e^{-5z} (-5)(11e^{-5z}) - e^{-5z} \cdot e^{-5z}}{(1 + e^{-5z})^2} = -5 \cdot \frac{-5e^{-5z} - 5e^{-5z}}{(1 + e^{-5z})^2}$$

$$= 25 \cdot \frac{e^{-5z}}{(1 + e^{-5z})^2} ; f'''(0) = 25/2$$

$$f(z) = \log(1 + e^{-5z}) \quad 25 \cdot \frac{-5 \cdot 2^2 + 10 \cdot 2}{24} = 0$$

$$f''(z) = \frac{-\cos z(11\cos z) + \sin z(-\sin z)}{(1 + \cos z)^2} = \frac{-\cos z - \cos^2 z - \sin^2 z}{(1 + \cos z)^2} = \frac{1 + \cos z}{(1 + \cos z)^2} = \frac{1 + \cos z}{(1 + \cos z)^2}$$

$$= -(1+\cos z)^{-1}$$
 $f''(0) = -\frac{1}{2}$