Password

Recently, there has been a breach of user information from the mega-popular social network Secret Network. Among the confidential information are the passwords of all users. Mihael, a young student who has been exploring computer security lately, found the whole thing really interesting. While experimenting with the social network, he found another security breach! When you input any string of characters that contains a substring equal to the actual password, the login will be successful. For example, if the user whose password is abc inputs one of the strings abc, abcd or imaabcnema, the system will successfully log him in, whereas the login will fail for axbc. Mihael wants to know how many ordered pairs of different users exist such that the first user, using their own password, can login as the second user.

Input

The first line of input contains the positive integer N ($1 \le N \le 20~000$), the number of users. Each of the following N lines contains the user passwords. The passwords consist of at least one and at most 10 lowercase letters of the English alphabet.

Output

The first and only line of output must contains the number of ordered pairs from the task.

Sample input

Sample output

3	1
aaa	
aa abb	
abb	
3	4
X	
X	
ху	
5	6
mir	
mirta	
ta	
ir	
l t	

Clarification of the second test case

The first and only line of output must contains the number of ordered pairs from the task.