### **Kaprekar's Constant**

6174 is known as one of Kaprekar's constants, after the Indian mathematician D. R. Kaprekar. Number 6174 is notable for the following rule:

- 1. Take any four-digit number, using at least two different digits (leading zeros are allowed).
- 2. Arrange the digits in descending and then in ascending order to get two four-digit numbers, adding leading zeros if necessary.
- 3. Subtract the smaller number from the bigger number.
- 4. Go back to step 2 and repeat.

The above process, known as Kaprekar's routine, will always reach its fixed point, 6174, in at most 7 iterations. Once 6174 is reached, the process will continue yielding 7641 – 1467 = 6174. For example, choose 3524:

```
5432 - 2345 = 3087
8730 - 0378 = 8352
8532 - 2358 = 6174
7641 - 1467 = 6174
```

Your task is to write a function that will return the number of times it will take to get from a number to 6174 (the above example would equal 3).

```
(1)5432 - 2345 = 3087,
(2)8730 - 0378 = 8352,
(3)8532 - 2358 = 6174
```

495 would produce the following: 4950 to 9540 - 459, 9081 to 9810 - 189, 9621 to 9621 - 1269, 8352 to 8532 - 2358 answer: 4

For a 2 digit number, the following would be produced (stating with number 10 -> 100): 100 to 100 - 1, 990 to 990 - 99, 8910 to 9810 - 189, 9621 to 9621 - 1269, 8352 to 8532 - 2358 answer: 5

#### **Notes**

If the subtracted number is less than 1000, add an extra zero to that number. The number 1111 will equal 0000, so this number (1111) is invalid.

#### Input

The first line of input contains a number.

### Output

The first line contains the number of times it will take to get from a number to 6174.

# Sample input

# Sample output

6621	5
6554	4
1234	3