Physics 2311. Homework 3 on Chs. 2-4

Ch. 2 P. 37,40,43,45, Ch. 3 P. 75, 70, Ch. 4 P. 18, 21, 26, 29, 31, 33, 38, 39

2.37 Write vectors in component form.

- $\vec{A} = 8.66\hat{i} + 5.00\hat{j}$
- $\vec{B} = 3.0\hat{i} + 4.0\hat{j}$
- $\vec{C} = 6.00\hat{i} 10.39\hat{j}$
- $\vec{D} = -16.0\hat{i} + 12.0\hat{j}$
- $\vec{F} = -17.3\hat{i} 10.0\hat{j}$

2.40 Sledge pulled by horses on flat terrain.

- Express $\vec{F} = -2980.0\hat{i} + 8200.0\hat{j}$ N in polar form.
- (R,θ) has $R = \sqrt{2980^2 + 8200^2}$ N = 8724.7 N
- $\theta = \arctan \frac{8200}{-2980} + 180 = 109.97^{\circ}$.
- $(R,\theta) = (8724.7m, 109.97^{\circ} \text{ or } 19.97^{\circ} \text{W of N}).$

2.43 Points $P_1(2.500m, \pi/6)$ and $P_2(3.800m, 2\pi/3)$ have cartesian coordinates ...

- $\pi/6(180/\pi) = 30^{\circ}, 2\pi/3\frac{180}{\pi} = 120^{\circ}$
- $P_{1x} = 2.5\cos 30 = 2.165, P_{1y} = 2.5\sin 30 = 1.250$
- $P_{2x} = 3.8 \cos 120 = -1.90, P_{2y} = 3.8 \sin 120 = 3.291$
- So $P_1 = (2.165, 1.250)$ and $P_2 = (-1.900, 3.291)$
- Find Distance between P_1 and P_2 :
- $\sqrt{(P_{2x} P_{1x})^2 + (P_{2y} P_{1y})^2} = 4.549 \text{ m}$
- NOTE: textbook sol'n manual wrong.

 $2.45~\mathrm{Find}$ distance between A (2.00m, -4.00m) and B (-3.00m, 3.00m).

- $D = \sqrt{(-3-2)^2 + (3-4)^2} = 8.60 \text{ m}$
- Convert to polar form:
- $R_A = \sqrt{2^2 + 4^2}$, and $\theta_A = \arctan(\frac{-4}{2})$, etc.
- $(R_A, \theta_A) = (4.47m, -63.43^{\circ}) \text{ or } (4.47m, -0.352\pi)$
- $(R_B, \theta_B) = (4.243m, 135^{\circ}) \text{ or } (3\sqrt{2}, 0.75\pi)$
- ullet NOTE: textbook sol'n for vector A wrong.

3.75 Kangaroo can jump 2.5 m high.

a Find vertical component of velocity when leaving ground.

- Use $v_f^2 v_i^2 = 2a_y(y_f y_i)$
- $0 v_i^2 = 2(-9.8)(2.5 0.0)$
- $v_i = 7.0 \text{ m/s}$

b How long is it in the air?

- This is $2t_{max}$, where t_{max} is time to reach max height, or time when $v_y = 0$.
- $v_f = v_i + at$ so
- $0 = 7.0 9.8t_{max}$ gives $t_{max} = \frac{-7.0}{-9.8} = 0.714$ sec
- So $2t_{max} = 1.43$ sec.
- 3.79 Rocket's acceleration is $a(t) = A Bt^{1/2}$
 - a What are the units of A and B given that $[a(t)] = L/T^2$?
 - $[A] = L/T^2$, so units are m/s²
 - $[B][t^{(1/2)}] = L/T^2$, so $[B] = LT^{-2.5}$ and units are m/s².5

b If $v(t=0) = v_i = 0$, "how does the velocity vary between t=0 and $t=t_0$?

- NOTE: usually t_0 is the initial time. They should have used t_f .
- $\Delta v = \int a(t)dt = \int (A Bt^{1/2})dt$
- $\Delta v = (At \frac{2B}{3}t_f^{3/2} + C)|_0^{t_f}$

c If x(0) = 0, what is $x(t_f)$?

- $\Delta x = x(t_f) x(0) = \int v(t)dt$
- $\Delta x = x(t_f) = \frac{A}{2}t^2 \frac{2B}{3}t_f^{3/2} + C$
- $x(t_f) = \frac{A}{2}t_f^2 \frac{4B}{15}t_f^{5/2}$
- 4.18 Particle's position changes from $\vec{r_1}$ to $\vec{r_2}$, find it's displacement
 - $\Delta \vec{r} = \vec{r_2} \vec{r_1} = (-4.0 2.0)\hat{i} + (3 3)\hat{j} = -6\hat{i} + 0\hat{j}$ cm
- 4.21 Cyclist's path has three legs: $\vec{A}=5$ km E, $\vec{B}=10$ km 20°W of N, $\vec{C}=8$ km W. Find displacement.
 - Sol'n: let East be $+\hat{i}$, W be $-\hat{i}$, N be $+\hat{j}$, etc.
 - $\vec{A} = 5\hat{i}, \vec{B} = -3.42\hat{i} + 9.40\hat{j} \text{ km}, \vec{C} = -8\hat{i}$
 - Displacement is $\Delta \vec{r} = -6.42\hat{i} + 9.4\hat{j}$ km or 11.38 km
- $4.26 \ \vec{r}(t) = 3t^2\hat{i} + 5.0\hat{j} 6.0t\hat{k} \ \text{m}$
 - a Find $\vec{v}(t) = \frac{d}{dt}\vec{r}$ and $\vec{a}(t) = \frac{d}{dt}\vec{v}$
 - $\vec{v}(t) = 6t\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} 6.0\hat{k} \text{ m/s}$
 - $\vec{a}(t) = 6\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} \text{ m/s}^2$
 - b Find $\vec{v}(0)$ and $\vec{a}(0)$.

•
$$\vec{v}(0) = 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} - 6.0\hat{k} \text{ m/s}$$

•
$$\vec{a}(0) = 6.0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} + 0\hat{k} \text{ m/s}^2$$

4.29 For
$$t > 0$$
, $\vec{r}(t) = 3.0t^2\hat{i} - 7.0t^3\hat{j} - 5.0t^{-2}\hat{k}$

a Find
$$\vec{v}(t) = \frac{d}{dt}\vec{r}$$

•
$$\vec{v}(t) = 6t\hat{i} - 21.0t^2\hat{j} + 10.0t^{-3}\hat{k} \text{ m/s}$$

b Find
$$\vec{a}(t) = \frac{d}{dt}\vec{v}$$

•
$$\vec{a}(t) = 6\hat{i} - 42.0\hat{j} - 30.0t^{-4}\hat{k} \text{ m/s}^2$$

c Find
$$\vec{v}(2.0) = \frac{d}{dt}\vec{v}$$

•
$$\vec{v}(2) = 12\hat{i} - 84.\hat{j} + 1.25\hat{k} \text{ m/s}^2$$

d Find v(1.0) and v(3.0)

•
$$v(1) = \sqrt{v_x^2 + v_y^2 + v_z^2} = \sqrt{6^2 + 21^2 + 10^2}$$

•
$$v(1) = 24.0 \text{ m/s}$$

•
$$v(3) = sqrt18^2 + 189^2 + (10/27)^2 = 190 \text{ m/s}$$

e Find \vec{v}_{avq} between t = 1 and 2 sec.

•
$$\vec{v}_{avg} = \frac{\Delta \vec{r}}{\Delta t}$$

•
$$\vec{v}_{avg} = \frac{\vec{r}_2 - \vec{r}_1}{2 - 1}$$

•
$$\vec{v}_{ava} = (3(2)^2 \hat{i} - 7(20)^3 \hat{j} - 5/4\hat{k}) - (3\hat{i} - 7\hat{j} - 5\hat{k})$$

•
$$\vec{v}_{ava} = 9\hat{i} - 49\hat{j} + 3.75\hat{k} \text{ m/s}$$

$$4.31 \ \vec{r}(t) = \cos(1.0t)\hat{i} + \sin(1.0t)\hat{j} + t\hat{k}$$

a Find
$$\vec{v}(t)$$
. $\vec{v}(t) = -\sin(1.0t)\hat{i} + \cos(1.0t)\hat{j} + \hat{k}$

b Find
$$\vec{a}(t)$$
. $\vec{a}(t) = -\cos(1.0t)\hat{i} - \sin(1.0t)\hat{j} + 0\hat{k}$

4.33 Bullet shot horizontally from $y_0 = 1.5$ m with speed $v_i = 200$ m/s.

a How much time elapses before bullet hits ground?

•
$$y(t_f) = y_0 + v_{0y}t_f + \frac{a_y}{2}t_f^2$$

•
$$0 = 1.5 + 0 - 4.9t_f^2$$

• Using
$$y_0 = 1.5$$
m, $v_{0y} = 0$, $a_y = -9.8$ m/s²

•
$$-1.5 = -4.9t_f^2$$
, or $t_f = \sqrt{\frac{1.5}{4.9}} = 0.55$ sec.

b How far does it go horizontally?

•
$$x(t_f) = x_0 + v_{0x}t_f + 0$$

•
$$x(t_f) = 0 + 200(0.553s) = 110 \text{ m}$$

4.35 Dart thrown horizontally at 10 m/s straight at bullseye.

a How far does the dart drop below bullseye?

- $y(t_{hit}) = y_0 + v_{oy}t_{hit} 4.9t_{hit}^2$
- Find t_{hit} : $t_{hit} = \frac{x_f}{v_{0x}} = (2.4 \text{m})/(10 \text{m/s}) = 0.24 \text{ sec}$
- drop = $y(0.24s)-y(0)=-4.9(0.24)^2=-0.28 \text{ m}$
- b What does this tell you about how professional dart players throw? Ans: they throw a little high $(v_{0y} > 0)$.
- 4.38 Pitcher throws at $v_0 = 40$ m/s horizontally
 - a How long does it take for ball to go 16.7 m?
 - Use $\Delta t = \frac{d}{v_0}$
 - $\Delta t = \frac{16.7}{40} = 0.42 \text{ sec}$
 - b How far does ball drop in this time?
 - drop = $|y_f y_i| = |v_{iy}t \frac{9.8}{2}t^2|$
 - drop = $|0 4.9(0.4175)^2| = 0.85 \text{ m}$