Physics 253. Stars and Galaxies

Exercise Celestial Sphere

- 1. Draw a celestial sphere with all of the following labelled:
 - (a) a horizon (orient it horizontally)
 - (b) the North Celestial Pole (NCP) for a person at about 40° latitude
 - (c) the celestial equator (CE) (again for lat= 40°)
 - (d) the SCP
 - (e) a stick figure representing the person
 - (f) a star with an arrow showing its motion in an hour.
 - (g) the zenith (Z) and nadir (N)
 - (h) the celestial meridian (CM)
 - (i) the cardinal points (N,S,E,W)
- 2. Describe how the celestial coordinate systems work.
 - (a) How many coordinates are needed to describe a star's position?
 - (b) What are the names of these coordinates for the equatorial coordinate system? For the altazimuth coordinate system?
 - (c) What are the units of these coordinates?
 - (d) Draw another Cel. Sphere and label where each coordinate is zero. Show the CE, NCP, and the ecliptic.