GI Stromal Tumors of the Stomach

GI Stromal Tumors

- · Arise from the wall of the stomach
- Grow slowly over time

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- Lymph nodes rarely involved
- Not conventional stomach cancer

GIST vs Adenocarcinoma

GIST

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Adenocarcinoma

- Starts from wall of stomach
- Slow growing
- Rarely spreads to lymph nodes
- Conventional "stomach cancer"
- Starts from lining of stomach
- Can spread to lymph nodes
- More aggressive

Benign or Malignant?

GIST tumors have a range of behavior:

- Small tumors tend to behave in a benign manner but can grow over time
- Larger tumors tend to behave in a malignant (cancerous) manner

GIST Treatment

- · Initial treatment usually surgery
- Gleevec pills after surgery for patients at high risk of recurrence
 - 1 to 3 years depending upon risk
- Large tumors treated with Gleevec before surgery

Patial Gastrectomy

GI Stromal Tumor can come in a variety of sizes

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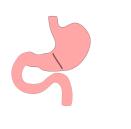
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Partial Gastrectomy

- Tumor removed from
- Stomach wall closed
- · Lymph nodes not removed

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Partial Gastrectomy

Risks of Partial Gastrectomy

- Leakage from closure of wall
- Bleeding requiring return to surgery
- Delayed stomach emptying



Distal Gastrectomy

Subtotal Gastrectomy

- Removes bottom half of the stomach
- Rarely required for GI **Stromal Tumors**



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Distal Gastrectomy



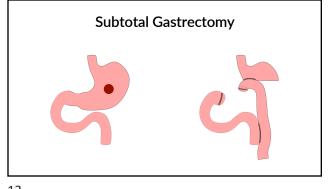


• Removes bottom 2/3 of stomach

• Rarely required for GI **Stromal Tumors**



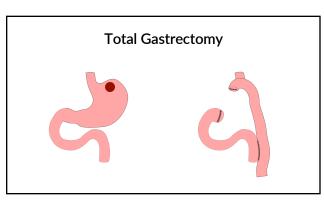
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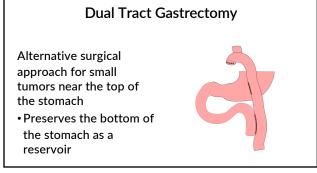
Proximal Tumors • Located near the top of the stomach • Challenging area for surgery

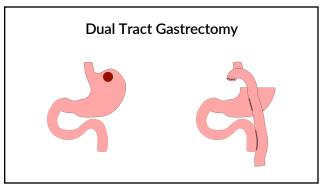
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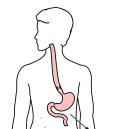
Risks of Surgery

- Leak where bowel is joined together (anastomosis)
- Bleeding requiring reoperation
- Delayed stomach function
- · Infection in the abdomen

Laparoscopy

- Some stomach cancers can spread inside the abdomen
- Areas of spread can be very small (grain of rice)
- Laparoscopy can detect spread inside the abdomen

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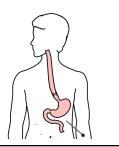


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Laparoscopy

A laparoscopy is performed under a general anesthetic.

- Several incisions 1/4" long
- A telescope is inserted to look inside the abdominal cavity.



Primary Care Practitioner (PCP)

Critical to coordinate care between specialists. We will update your PCP after each visit PCP Referral Line (844) 235-6998

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My Atrium Patient Portal

- Critical to good communication with your care team
- Available for desktop or laptop or phone
- · Sign up at my.atriumhealth.org

Exercise

- Reduces risk of complications from treatment
- Goal is 30min/day of vigorous exercise 6 days/week
 - Working hard enough that you can't converse
 - Start slowly and build up
 - Every day counts! (Aim for daily activity)

Smoking Cessation

- Smoking makes cancer treatment more difficult
 - Increases risk of complications after surgery
- Options for help with smoking cessation:
 - NC Quit Line 1-800-QUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669)
 - American Lung Assn www.freddomfromsmoking.org
 - Smoking Cessation Counseling (Metro Charlotte)