

NHB REGIONAL BEE B VARSITY

1. This council encouraged greater lay participation in *Sacrosanctum Concilium* and it affirmed the right to religious liberty in *Dignitatis Humanae*. It allowed the use of the vernacular in Mass, and absolved Jews of guilt for killing Jesus. For the point, name this ecumenical council convened by Pope John XXIII in 1962, the second of its name.

ANSWER: <u>Second Vatican</u> Council [or <u>Vatican II</u>; or <u>Second</u> Ecumenical Council of the <u>Vatican</u>; prompt on "Vatican"]

133-11-43-03101

2. In this play, one character rejects George Murchison for his adoption of white culture and becomes engaged to Joseph Asagai. Karl Linder of the Clybourne Park Improvement Association offers Lena money not to move her family into the neighborhood, which she rejects even after Willy Harris steals Walter's liquor store investment. For the point, name this play by Lorraine Hansberry about a black family in Chicago.

ANSWER: A Raisin in the Sun

147-11-43-03102

3. In 2006, the Supreme Court ruled in effect in *Rumsfeld v. FAIR* that universities could not protest this policy by restricting access to their campuses. In 2010, Jeh Johnson and Carter Ham's Pentagon study advocated for its repeal. For the point, name this repealed 1993 policy that did not allow open homosexuals to serve in the military.

ANSWER: "**Don't Ask, Don't Tell**" [or **DADT**]

023-11-43-03103

4. In 2001, the government of this country blew up its two statues of the Buddha in Bamiyan. In the 1990s, this country had a civil war between the Northern Alliance and a group led by Mullah Omar. Recent battles in this country have occurred near the caves of Tora Bora and the airport of Kandahar. For the point, name this Taliban-led country invaded in 2001.

ANSWER: Islamic Republic of Afghanistan [or Jomhuri-ye Eslami-ye Afghanestan]

015-11-43-03104

5. Military aircraft crashed in this country during Operation Eagle Claw. The Tower Commission investigated men who plotted to sell arms to this country to fund a rebel force in Nicaragua. After Shah Pahlavi was ousted from this country, 52 Americans were held for 444 days in an embassy here. For the point, name this country where a "hostage crisis" occurred.

ANSWER: Islamic Republic of <u>Iran</u> [or Jomhuri-ye Eslami-ye <u>Iran</u>]

6. At the beginning of this period of time, two of the countries involved signed a twelve point "Basic Principle of Relations." This period saw thirty-five countries agree to the borders set after World War II in the Helsinki Accords, as well as talks on the SALT treaties. For the point, name this period in the 1970s when tensions eased during the Cold War.

ANSWER: détente [or razryadka]

023-11-43-03106

7. This conflict came after Nasser expelled UNEF troops stationed from the Suez Crisis. A surprise attack on the Egyptian Air Force called Operation Focus was critical to one side's success despite having fewer troops. The losing side included Jordan, Syria, and Egypt, which lost the Gaza Strip and Sinai Peninsula. For the point, name this short 1967 conflict.

ANSWER: <u>Six Day</u> War [or <u>1967 Arab-Israeli</u> War before "1967"; or <u>An-Nakash</u>; or <u>The Setback</u>; or <u>June</u> War; or <u>Third Arab-Israeli</u> War]

147-11-43-03107

8. Hastings Ismay was the first secretary general of this organization. It conducted an air campaign in the Bosnian War called Operation Deliberate Force. West Germany's addition to this organization led to the creation of an opposing alliance. For the point, name this group that opposed the Warsaw Pact, originally made of countries around the namesake ocean.

ANSWER: NATO [or North Atlantic Treaty Organization]

132-11-43-03108

9. With the Irish government, this leader signed the Good Friday Agreement. This leader saw his country attacked in the 7/7 suicide bombings. This longest-serving Labour Party Prime Minister was criticized for allying his country with the American invasion of Iraq. For the point, name this British Prime Minister from 1997 to 2007.

ANSWER: Tony **Blair** [or Anthony Charles Lynton **Blair**]

052-11-43-03109

10. This president described a "fundamental threat to American democracy" in the form of a "crisis of confidence" within the American people in his "Malaise" speech. This President created the Department of Energy due to the energy crisis of the late 1970s. For the point, name this former governor of Georgia who preceded Ronald Reagan as President.

ANSWER: Jimmy <u>Carter</u> [or James Earl <u>Carter</u>, Jr.]

040-11-43-03110

11. This man played second base for the Montreal Royals when they won the International League in 1946, a year after he played for the Kansas City Monarchs. April 15th is this player's day in the MLB, on which everyone wears his retired number 42. Branch Rickey signed, for the point, which Brooklyn Dodgers player who broke the baseball color barrier?

ANSWER: Jackie **Robinson** [or Jack Roosevelt **Robinson**]

023-11-43-03111

12. This artist was photographed jumping by Philippe Halsman. He painted a naked Spartan queen with a swan in one work and animals whose necks resemble trunks in another. In addition to *Leda Atomica* and *Swans Reflecting Elephants*, one of his paintings shows ants crawling on one of several melting clocks. For the point, name this surrealist painter of *The Persistence of Memory*.

ANSWER: Salvador Dali

13. This composer alluded to a legendary figure's speech impediment by giving him a speaking role in the opera *Moses and Aron*. His early works include the string sextet *Transfigured Night*. In another chamber work by this man, the singer uses a vocal style called *Sprechstimme*. For the point, name this composer of *Pierrot Lunaire*, who wrote atonal music with the twelve-tone technique.

ANSWER: Arnold **Schoenberg**

142-11-43-03113

14. At the Democratic convention for this election, Fannie Lou Hamer argued for her delegation's right to be seated. This campaign saw George Wallace contest primaries with a man who ran an ad featuring a little girl picking daisies before a nuclear attack. For the point, name this election in which only six states voted for Barry Goldwater over Lyndon Johnson.

ANSWER: Election of 1964

105-11-43-03114

15. Eleven years after the end of World War I, Alexander I's kingdom's name was changed to this. One of this defunct country's leaders broke with Stalin in 1948 and was named Josip Tito. Slobadan Milosevic led this country until its 1992 breakup. For the point, name this former country that now covers six Baltic states, including Serbia and Croatia.

ANSWER: Yugoslavia

079-11-43-03115

16. Albert Speer's "cathedral of light" was built in this city. Leni Riefenstahl showed rallies here in *Triumph of the Will*. Laws named for this city banned marriage between Jews and non-Jews. After World War II, Hermann Goering and ten others were sentenced to death in this city. For the point, name this German city home to trials of Nazi leaders.

ANSWER: **Nuremberg** [or **Nuernberg**]

121-11-43-03116

17. This plan's implementation was tested at Chayashan. This campaign promoted questionable planting techniques as well as the use of backyard furnaces to produce steel, in which many agricultural tools were melted down. For the point, name this campaign begun in 1958 that was intended to jumpstart China's industry, a failed economic policy of Mao Zedong.

ANSWER: Great Leap Forward

105-11-43-03117

18. This country won the Battle of Tali-Ihantala during its Continuation War against the USSR. Earlier, this country agreed to lease the Hanko Peninsula in return for the USSR evacuating Petsamo at the end of the Winter War. This country's leaders have included C.G.E. Mannerheim. For the point, name this Nordic country whose current president is Tarja Halonen.

ANSWER: Republic of Finland [or Republiken Finland; or Suomi; or Suomen Tasavalta]

142-11-43-03118

19. This effort was given an intentionally misleading name by James Marshall for counter-espionage reasons and then put under the command of Leslie Groves. Klaus Fuchs spied on this initiative, which tested Trinity at White Sands, inspiring the quote "I have become death" by Robert Oppenheimer. For the point, Fat Man and Little Boy were developed by what World War II project to design nuclear weapons? ANSWER: the **Manhattan Project** [or the **Manhattan Engineer District**; or **MED**]

20. This country's ruling Democratic Party is led by Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono, who is commonly known by the initials SBY. Its Aceh region is rife with secessionist conflict. In 2002, this country's island of Bali was rocked by suicide bombs, and it split from East Timor in 1999. For the point, name this island nation which has its capital at Jakarta.

ANSWER: **Indonesia**

015-11-43-03120

21. This case was argued twice by Sarah Weddington, who went up against Jay Floyd the first time and Robert Flowers the second time. William Rehnquist and Byron White dissented in this case, for which Harry Blackmun wrote the majority opinion that gave women control during the first trimester. For the point, name this 1973 case that legalized abortions.

ANSWER: *Roe* v. Wade [or Wade v. *Roe*]

124-11-43-03121

22. One man won this position by defeating David Dinkins in 1993. Other holders of this position include its current occupant, who founded Innovative Market Systems. People in this post have a residence called Gracie Mansion. For the point, identify this position recently held by Rudy Giuliani and Michael Bloomberg.

ANSWER: Mayor of New York City

052-11-43-03122

23. After losing a California gubernatorial election, this man proclaimed that the press would not have him to kick around anymore. During one election, he defended a slush fund by mentioning a dog he had received in his "Checkers" speech. For the point, name this Vice President under Eisenhower, who, as President, resigned in the Watergate scandal.

ANSWER: Richard Milhous Nixon

052-11-43-03123

24. This battle was presaged by the sending of the Hull Note. A memorial to this battle highlights oil rising from the sunken USS *Arizona*. It occurred on "a date which will live in infamy" according to FDR. For the point, name this attack that occurred on December 7, 1941, and which directly caused American entry into World War II.

ANSWER: attack on **Pearl Harbor**

015-11-43-03124

25. This war saw the attempted construction and subsequent abandonment of the McNamara Line. This war saw the National Liberation Front conduct a number of surprise attacks in the Tet Offensive. A "trail" used extensively in this war ran through Laos and Cambodia and was named for Ho Chi Minh. For the point, name this war that ended with the Fall of Saigon.

ANSWER: **Vietnam** War

066-11-43-03125

26. This President was in power during the so called "do nothing Congress," which passed a bill regarding labor unions called the Taft-Hartley Act. This man names a doctrine regarding aid to Turkey and Greece. He removed General MacArthur from duty during the Korean War. For the point, name this U.S. president who ordered the dropping of the atomic bombs.

ANSWER: Harry S. Truman

27. A 1948 blockade of this city was resisted with "Operation Vittles" as part of this city's airlift. The last Olympics before World War II were held in this city, where four track and field gold medals were won by Jesse Owens. That Olympics in this capital city was used to promote the ideology of Adolf Hitler. For the point, name this capital city of Germany.

ANSWER: Berlin

142-11-43-03127

28. This figure's corpse was stolen and secretly held in Italy for 16 years until 1971. This woman owned a radio company and gained fame as an actress while surnamed "Duarte." This woman's 1952 death from cancer was mourned by the "descamisados." For the point, name this Argentinian first lady, the charismatic wife of Juan.

ANSWER: Eva Duarte de Peron [or Evita; or Maria Eva Duarte before read; prompt on Peron]

080-11-43-03128

29. One user of this language analyzed Epicurus and Dostoyevsky in *The Rebel* and argued against suicide in *The Myth of Sisyphus*. Another called the self-limitation of freedom "bad faith" and said that existence precedes essence in *Existentialism is a Humanism*. For the point, name this native language of Albert Camus and the author of *Being and Nothingness*, Jean-Paul Sartre.

ANSWER: **French** [or **Francais**]

104-11-43-03129

30. This body of water once contained Rebirth Island. The Great Plan for the Transformation of Nature caused the high salinity of this endorheic body of water, which borders Karakalpakstan to the south. The Amu Darya formerly emptied into this body of water, and it has no outflows. For the point, name this lake in central Asia that has shrunk to a tenth of its original size.

ANSWER: Aral Sea



31. After World War II, this nation's eastern border was marked at the Curzon Line. Members of this nation were killed in the Katyn Massacre. In 1980, a trade union started in this country following a strike at a Gdansk shipyard. For the point, name this Eastern European nation that in the 1980s saw the rise of the Solidarity Movement led by Lech Walesa.

ANSWER: Republic of **Poland** [or Rzeczpospolita **Polska**]

064-11-43-03131

32. This battle saw one side attempt the Sinyavino Offensive, which threw off the timing of their enemies, who were at the time planning Operation Nordlicht. This battle saw a "Road of Life" of supplies ferried across Lake Ladoga. For the point, name this World War II battle that was a lengthy siege of a Russian city now known as St. Petersburg.

ANSWER: Battle of **Leningrad** [or Siege of **Leningrad**]