Round 1

1. Peru's anchovy harvest in 1982-83 was destroyed because of it, but it remains to be seen how high anchovy prices will rise this year. What is this Pacific weather phenomenon that seems to cause all the world's problems?

El Niño

2. Its state song is appropriately "Old Folks at Home." Ceded to the US in 1819 by the Adams-Onis Treaty, what is this US state first explored by Juan Ponce de León?

Florida

3. In 1912 he participated in the modern pentathlon, but didn't medal, partly because he didn't use a standard pistor in the shooting event. Who was this military man who later led the U.S. Third army in WWII?

George Patton

4. Chiefly known for his narrative verse and ballads dealing with English history, what 20th century English poet penned "Barrel Organ" and "The Highwayman?"

Alfred Noves

5. In Turkish, it's known as Karadeniz Bogazi and on either side are the strategic castles of Rumeli Hisar and Anadolu Hisar. What is this 20-mile strait separating the Black Sea and the Sea of Marmara?

The Bosporus

- 6. What German philosopher and historian argued that all cultures are subject to the cycle of growth and decay in his two-volume work published from 1918-22, *The Decline of the West?*Oswald Spengler
- 7. He led the UK's efforts to develop an atomic bomb during WWII and was knighted for his work and his more famous earlier achievements. Who was this 1935 winner of the Nobel Prize for Physics for his discovery of the neutron?

Sir James Chadwick

- 8. What is the sine of the larger acute angle of a right triangle with sides of 5 and 12 furlongs? 12/13
- 9. His effigy is customarily burned every 5th of November. Who was this conspirator arrested in 1605 in the cellar of the Houses of Parliament, later hanged, drawn, and quartered for his role in the Gunpowder Plot?

Guy Fawkes

10. Along with his brother Edouard, he was the first to use demountable pneumatic tires on motor cars. The company he founded also produces high-quality maps and guidebooks. Who was this Frenchman, who, in 1888, founded his famous tire company?

André Michelin

11. Known as "Old Bullion" because of his distrust of paper currency, he lost his seat in the Senate because of his opposition to slavery. Who was this leader of the Democratic Party in the western US and Missouri senator for 30 years?

Thomas Hart Benton

12. When he grows older he falls in love with Kitty, the daughter of Major Brydon. Also the human friend of Bagheera, Grey Brother, and Baloo, who is this boy raised by wolves, the protagonist of Kipling's *The Jungle Book*?

Mowgli

Dolle

13. Among his films are White Sheik, Ginger and Fred, and La Dulce Vita. Who was this Italian film director who died in 1993 and whose most famous film is $8\frac{1}{2}$?

Federico Fellini

14 In parts of India presence of this ion in water is 10 parts per million, which causes deformed bones and mottling teeth. A smaller presence in water can strengthen bones and teeth, however. What is this ion often combined with sodium and other elements and found in toothpaste?

Fluoride

15. In 1798 he joined the Russian navy as a rear admiral and fought against Turkey. However, he is better known for his exploits with the US navy. Who was this seaman who captured the *Serapis*?

John Paul Jones

16. This Greek hero also became King of Tiryns and slew the Kraken, which was going to devour Andromeda. Who was this son of Zeus and Danaë, who also killed the gorgon Medusa?

Perseus

17. Some of her works include the Castles of Athlia and Dunbayne and The Italian, both of which were written in the Gothic style. Who was this English writer whose most famous Gothic novel was The Mysteries of Udolfo?

Anne Radcliffe

18. To the ancient Egyptians these animals symbolized both evil and female fertility. Menes was supposedly killed by one. What is this animal that is said to be one of the most dangerous in the wild whose name comes from the Greek for "river horse?"

Hippopotamus

19. Its name is from the Latin, but it was written in Greek. What is the name of this oldest Greek translation of the Old Testament that gets its name from the group of seventy scholars traditionally given credit for it?

the Septuagint

20. In 1937 he donated his art collection to the public along with funds for constructing the National Galley of Art in Washington. Who was this American industrialist, who served under three U.S. presidents as Secretary of the Treasury?

Andrew Mellon

End of 1st Quarter

21. Aside form his plays, he is known for his screen adaptations of earlier works such as *Tom Jones* and *The Picture of Dorian Gray*. Who was this "angry" playwright of *Inadmissible Evidence* and *Look Back in Anger*?

John Osborne

22. It's the term given to the mass of one liter of hydrogen gas at standard temperature and pressure. What is this term used for weighing gases that sounds like someone with a lisp saying the first name of the star of TV's Get a Life and the movie Cabin Boy?

crith (Chris Elliot is the star)

23. Its name is derived from a Roman general who bested Hannibal by using weariness and caution rather than violence or defiance. What was this socialist group founded by British middle-class intellectuals whose most notable member was George Bernard Shaw?

Fabian Society or the Fabians (named after Quintus Fabius)

24. Portrayed in the movie *Braveheart* as a traitor who reforms after the death of Mel Gibson, what Scottish king after the death of William Wallace defeated Edward I's son, Edward II, in 1314 at Bannockburn and signed the 1328 treaty of Northampton recognizing Scotland's independence?

Robert the Bruce (Robert I)

25. Its brightest star is known as either Alphecca or Gemma, and it lies between Hercules and Boötes. Representing the headband of Ariadne cast into the sky by Dionysius, what is this constellation of the northern hemisphere also known as the Northern Crown?

Corona Borealis (accept Northern Crown on early buzz)

26. Born in Verona, Italy, he moved to Vienna at age 16 and became court composer in 1774 and Hofkapellmeister in 1778. Among his pupils were Beethoven and Schubert. He wrote mainly Italian operas, including Falstaff, based on *The Merry Wives of Windsor*. He isn't best known for his musical accomplishments, however. Who was this famous court rival of Mozart?

Antonio Salieri

27. The Cisalpine area lay south of the Alps and north of the Apennines, and it was incorporated into Italy in 42 BC. However, the Transalpine region is the more famous part. What was this land frequented by Celts and other Germanic groups, bordered by the Rhine, the Alps, and the Pyrenees, which was completely overrun by the Romans under Julius Caesar?

Gaul

28. His first novel, *Horseman*, *Pass By*, was the basis for the 1963 movie, *Hud*. Other works of his include *Cadillac Jack*, *Terms of Endearment*, and *The Last Picture Show*. Who is this winner of the 1986 Pulitzer Prize for his Western novel, *Lonesome Dove*?

Larry McMurtry

29. He favors territorial expansion as far as the nation formerly known as Zaïre and has proposed mergers with several other nations. His theories, based on Mao Zedong's, are collected in a green book instead of a red one. Who is this thorn in the side of many Western nations and Libyan dictator?

Moamar Khadaffi (Gadaffi, Quadaffi)

30. Francisco de Pisa described this artist's late medieval palace as one of the most beautiful in Toledo. Who was this Spanish mannerist, born Domenikos Theotokopoulos, who painted the stormy *View of Toledo* and *The Burial of Count Orgaz*?

El Greco

31. Founded in 1789 as the Society of Friends of the Constitution, their more popular name stemmed from the Dominican convent at Paris where they met. What was this revolutionary group quashed in 1794 when many of its members, including Maxmillian Robespierre, were executed?

the Jacobins

32. He was only known by his surname until he went back to Medieval times and the viewer learned that his first name was Angus. Who was this nemesis of the evil Murdoc and employee of the Phoenix Foundation who could short circuit a nuclear missile with a paper clip and build a blowtorch out of a bicycle?

Macgyver

33. Guy in his zamboni can smooth an ice hockey rink in 10 minutes. Henri in his souped-up variety can finish a rink in 5 minutes. How long would it take both of them working together to smooth the rink during 1st intermission?

3 minutes 20 seconds

34. Through a window he inserted into a dog's stomach, he observed and learned a great deal on the physiology of the digestive system, for which he won the 1904 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. Who was this Russian scientist who also used dogs in his research on the conditioned reflex?

Ivan Paylov

35. She had no children and her replacement was picked by the Act of Settlement. The chief event of her reign was the War of Spanish Succession, which lasted until a year before her death. Who was this daughter of James II and last Stuart monarch of Britain?

Anne | Queen Annes Wa-!

36. His Passions of the Mind is about Sigmund Freud. Sailor on Horseback is about Jack London. The Agony and the Ecstasy is about Michelangelo. Lust for Life is about Vincent Van Gogh. Name the American author of all these fictional biographies and several others.

Irving Stone

37. He was beheaded by his stepfather Shiva, who had never seen him before. Parvaati had created him out of dirt and ordered Shiva to rebuild him, but the head was lost, so he stole one from a nearby animal. Who is this elephant-headed Hindu god?

Ganesha (Ganes or Ganpati)

38. It was approved in 1956 by the Chinese government, but Beijing Palace hasn't caught on as a popular restaurant name in America. Due to this system, in 1979 Mao Tse-Tung became Mao Zedong and Canton became Guangzhou. What is this system which transforms Chinese words into the Latin alphabet?

Pinyin

39. At 16,066 feet, it's located in the Ellsworth Mountains and was first scaled in 1966 by an American expedition led by Nicholas Clinch. Although it has a French-sounding name, it was named after a Georgia politician who served in the U.S. House of Representatives for a record 50 years from 1914-64. What is this mountain, the highest peak in Antarctica?

Vinson Massif (named after Carl Vinson)

40. His father, Hjalmar, was the Prime Minister of Sweden during WWII. In 1961 because of his many peacekeeping efforts, he was given the Nobel Prize posthumously. Who was this UN Secretary General who died in a plane crash in Zambia?

Dag Hammarskjöld

41. Originally titled *The King's Arena*, it's the story of a young man condemned and put into a great arena and told to open one of two doors. Behind one is a beautiful maiden and behind the other is a ravenous beast waiting to devour him. What is this Frank Stockton story?

The Lady or the Tiger

42. It was discovered in 1742 and named Van Dieman's Land, but its name was later changed to honor its discoverer. Cook visited in 1777 and in 1803 the British took possession of it and established a penal colony at Hobart. Separated from the mainland by the Bass Strait, what is this Australian island?

Tasmania

43. This game involves a banker and two players. Face cards count nothing and the first digit is disregarded on double-digit sums. The object of the game is to hold two or three cards that count as close to nine as possible. What is this casino game, 007's favourite?

Baccarat

44. Films produced in his studio in the early 1930s included *Scarface* and *Hell's Angels*. In 1935 he broke the world's air speed record in a craft of his own design. Who was this entrepreneur and aeronautical fanatic who was the longtime owner of Trans World Airlines and builder of the Spruce Goose?

Howard Hughes

45. He championed church reform, but remained a loyal Catholic and disliked Martin Luther. He knew many of the scholars of continental Europe and his English friends included Henry VIII and Sir Thomas More. Who was this Rotterdammer, author of the satires, *The Education of a Christian Prince* and *In Praise of Folly?*

Desiderius Erasmus

A is for Worksheet

1.	Group of 1950s and 60s British authors including Kingsley Amis and
	John Osborne
2	Ship Jason sailed on to find the Golden Fleece
3	16th century Italian poet of Orlando Furioso
4	British actor famous for his role as Mr. Bean
5	1805 battle also known as the Battle of the Three Emperors
6	Greek philosopher, successor to Thales, creator of the first map of the
	world
7	Alternative name for the non-sex chromosomes
8	Nation whose capital is Baku
9	Fancy name for an area where many bee hives are kept
10	Derisive name given to school of US painters known as "The Eight"
11	His number is 6.02 * 10^23
12	2nd man on the moon
13	Medieval scientist and lover of Héloïse
14	US film director of M*A*S*H and Kansas City
15	_ 4th Islamic caliph, supported by Shi'ites, assassinated in 656
16	Roman slave who pulled a thorn out of a lion's paw, basis of a Shaw
	play
17	Only US jockey to win the Triple Crown twice, doing so in 1941 and
	1948
18	_ North Irish politician and leader of the Sinn Fein
19	_ Semitic tongue probably spoken by Jesus and his apostles
20	US jazz trumpeter famous for saying "Hello, Dolly!"
	en de la companya de

A is for answers:

- 1. Angry Young Men
- 2. Argo
- 3. Ludovico Ariosto
- 4. Rowan Atkinson
- 5. Austerlitz
- 6. Anaximander
- 7. autosomes
- 8. Azerbaijan
- 9. apiary
- 10. Ashcan School
- 11. Amadeo Avogadro
- 12. Edwin "Buzz" Aldrin
- 13. Peter Abelard
- 14. Robert Altman
- 15. <u>Ali</u>
- 16. Androcles
- 17. Eddie Arcaro
- 18. Gerry Adams
- 19. Aramaic
- 20. Louis Armstrong

Bonuses for Round 1

Bonus 1: Name the inventor or discover described.

- 1. This English chemist discovered oxygen.
- 2. This figure of the Industrial Revolution invented the seed drill
- 3. This scientist at the University of Iowa discovered the bands of radiation that circle the earth
- 4. He discovered several elements, including sodium and potassium
- 1. Joseph Priestly
- 2. Jethro Tull
- 3. James Van Allen
- 4. Sir Humphrey <u>Davy</u>

Bonus 2: Name the rock band that released the following albums:

1. Exile on Main Street

-- The Rolling Stones

2. Disraeli Gears

-- Cream

3. Physical Graffiti

-- Led Zeppelin

4. Automatic for the People

-- <u>REM</u>

Bonus 3: Given 3 cities, name the state in which they are all located.

1. Laurel, Starkville, Gulfport

-- Mississippi

2. St. Cloud, Rochester, Mankato

-- Minnesota

3. Manchester, Portsmouth, Nashua

-- New Hampshire

4. Lafayette, Kokomo, Terre Haute

-- Indiana

Bonus 4: Identify the following stadiums outside the United States.

- 1. This St. Denis stadium hosted the 1998 World Cup finals.
- 2. The finals of the 1966 World Cup and track and field events of the 1948 Olympics were held at this English site
- 3. The Toronto Blue Jays make their home in this stadium.
- 4. The largest stadium in the world is in this European capital city.
- 1. Stade de France
- 2. Wembley Stadium
- 3. SkyDome
- 4. Prague