Optimizing FrED Run Conditions

Using run condition models to select optimal run conditions.

Uses auto porcessed run condition data - "Run Condition Data Summary.csv" and pickled regression models in "./Models/"

J. Cuiffi, - Penn State New Kensington

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
import seaborn as sn
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
import pickle
from joblib import dump, load
from scipy.optimize import fsolve
```

```
In [104]: # Load run condition data into dataframe
# current file - 050820 11:06pm
path_local = 'C:/Users/cuiff/Dropbox/Python Common Library/python-fred/data/Reports/'
data = pd.read_csv(path_local + 'Run Condition Data Summary.csv')
data.head()
```

Out[104]:

| 90.009313 0.213487 0.016746 29.041052 1.000198 | 17 ⁻ |
|--|-----------------|
| 90.068162 0.228383 0.044286 30.064674 1.123981 | 19: |
| 90.080434 0.172805 0.012332 29.126951 1.001411 | 18 ₁ |
| 89.850642 0.302968 0.022932 28.685025 1.093912 | 18: |
| 90.043857 0.217002 0.014405 28.366543 0.931641 | 17 |
| • | 90.068162 |

```
In [105]: | # Load pickled models
          model_path = './Models/'
          # linear regression for fiber diameter - model2
          # inputs ['Sqrt Feed/Spool', 'Heater Temp Ave (C)']
          dia_mod = load(model_path + 'dia_mod_1.p')
          # polynomial regression (order 2) for fiber standard deviation - model5
          # inputs ['Feed Rate Ave (RPS)', 'Spool Rate Ave (RPS)', 'Heater Temp Ave (C)']
          dia std mod = load(model path + 'dia std mod 1.p')
          # polynomial regression (order 2) for system power - model6
          # inputs ['Feed Rate Ave (RPS)', 'Spool Rate Ave (RPS)', 'Heater Temp Ave (C)']
          sys_pow_mod = load(model_path + 'sys_pow_mod_1.p')
```

Using the Models

Examples on how to use the models, and solve for unknown paramters.

```
In [106]:
          # calculate a fiber diameter - single input conditions
          # note the input to the model should be a 2D array with different paramters as the columns
          print('Single Condition:')
          feed = .001 \# RPS
          spool = 1.0 \# RPS
          temp = 80.0 # C
          X = np.array([[np.sqrt(feed/spool),temp]])
          print(X)
          dia = dia_mod.predict(X)
          print('diameter (mm) = ', dia[0])
          # calculate fiber diameter - multiple input conditions
          print('Multiple Conditions:')
          feeds = np.array([.0005,.001,.002,.003]) # RPS
          spool = 1.0 \# RPS
          temps = np.ones(4) * 80.0 # C
          X = np.array([np.sqrt(feeds/spool),temps]).T
          print(X)
          dias = dia_mod.predict(X)
          print('diameters (mm) = ', dias)
          Single Condition:
          [[3.16227766e-02 8.00000000e+01]]
          diameter (mm) = 0.21282563470444538
          Multiple Conditions:
```

```
[[2.23606798e-02 8.00000000e+01]
[3.16227766e-02 8.00000000e+01]
[4.47213595e-02 8.00000000e+01]
[5.47722558e-02 8.00000000e+01]]
diameters (mm) = [0.15881684 0.21282563 0.28920561 0.34781402]
```

```
In [107]:
          # solve for a condition given a desired diameter
          # uses the fsolve fucntion - single input conditions
          # define wrapper function to solve for diamter and subtract from desired diamter
          def calc_dia_zero(spool, *params):
              dia_des, feed, temp = params
              X = np.array([[np.sqrt(feed/spool),temp]])
              dia_calc = dia_mod.predict(X)[0]
              return dia des - dia calc
          # define the function arguments - constants/parameters
          # (desired diamter, feed rate, temperature)
          inputs = (.213,.001,80.0)
          print('Desired diameter (mm) = ', inputs[0])
          print('Feed rate (RPS) = ', inputs[1])
          print('Temperature (C) = ', inputs[2])
          # solve for spool speed, .75 is inital guess
          spool = fsolve(calc_dia_zero, .75, args=inputs)[0]
          print('Calculated spool speed (RPS) = ', spool)
```

```
Desired diameter (mm) = 0.213

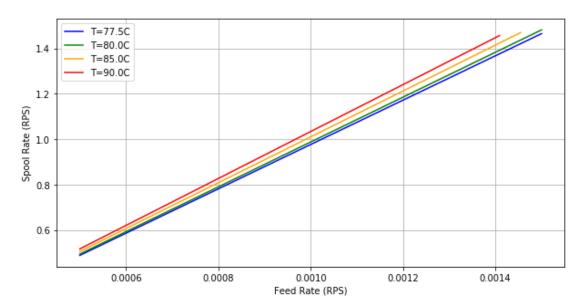
Feed rate (RPS) = 0.001

Temperature (C) = 80.0

Calculated spool speed (RPS) = 0.9981114903219982
```

```
In [108]:
           # Vizualize the options for feed and spool rate for a desired diameter at given temps
           dia = .214 # mm - desired diamter
           feeds = np.linspace(.0005,.005,num=100)
           spools = np.zeros(feeds.size)
           # when plotting -impose spool rate limitations
           fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
           fig.set size inches(10,5)
           temp = 77.5 # C - run temperature
           for i, spool in enumerate(spools):
               spools[i] = fsolve(calc_dia_zero, .75, args=(dia,feeds[i],temp))[0]
           ax1.plot(feeds[spools<=1.5],spools[spools<1.5],c='blue')</pre>
           temp = 80.0 # C - run temperature
           for i, spool in enumerate(spools):
               spools[i] = fsolve(calc_dia_zero, .75, args=(dia,feeds[i],temp))[0]
           ax1.plot(feeds[spools<=1.5],spools[spools<1.5],c='green')
           temp = 85.0 # C - run temperature
           for i, spool in enumerate(spools):
               spools[i] = fsolve(calc_dia_zero, .75, args=(dia,feeds[i],temp))[0]
           ax1.plot(feeds[spools<=1.5], spools[spools<1.5], c='orange')</pre>
           temp = 90.0 # C - run temperature
           for i, spool in enumerate(spools):
               spools[i] = fsolve(calc_dia_zero, .75, args=(dia,feeds[i],temp))[0]
           ax1.plot(feeds[spools<=1.5],spools[spools<1.5],c='red')</pre>
           ax1.legend(('T=77.5C','T=80.0C','T=85.0C','T=90.0C'))
           ax1.set xlabel('Feed Rate (RPS)')
           #ax1.set_ylim(0,1.5)
           ax1.set_ylabel('Spool Rate (RPS)')
           ax1.grid()
           print('Feed and Spool Rate Combinations for a Fiber Diameter of ' + str(dia) + 'mm')
```

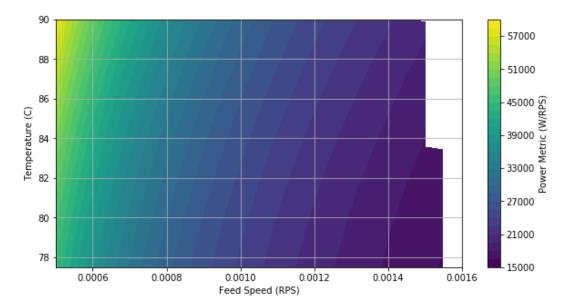
Feed and Spool Rate Combinations for a Fiber Diameter of 0.214mm



```
In [109]:
          # Calculate the feed, spool and temp options for Power Metric (Power/feed rate)
          dia = .214
                      # mm - desired diamter
          feeds = np.linspace(.0005,.005,num=100)
          temps = np.linspace(77.5,90,num=100)
          # create meshgrid of the conditions
          xx, yy = np.meshgrid(feeds, temps)
          spools = np.zeros(xx.flatten().size)
          # calculate spool rates for the given diameter
          for i, spool in enumerate(spools):
              spools[i] = fsolve(calc_dia_zero, .75, args=(dia,xx.flatten()[i],yy.flatten()[i]))[0]
          # calculate power using model
          pows = sys_pow_mod.predict(np.array([xx.flatten(),spools,yy.flatten()]).T)
          #print(pows/feeds)
          # power metric grid
          zz = np.divide(pows,xx.flatten()).reshape(xx.shape)
          spools = spools.reshape(xx.shape)
```

```
In [110]: # Vizualize the feed, spool and temp options for Power Metric (Power/feed rate)
# include only results for valid spool speeds - use masked array
zzma = np.ma.masked_array(zz, (spools > 1.55))
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(10,5)
CS = ax1.contourf(xx,yy,zzma, levels=30, alpha=1.0)#, vmin=0.15, vmax=.7)
ax1.set_ylabel('Temperature (C)')
ax1.set_xlabel('Feed Speed (RPS)')
ax1.set_xlim(.0005,.0016)
CB = fig.colorbar(CS)
CB.ax.set_ylabel('Power Metric (W/RPS)')
ax1.grid()
print('Power Metric versus Feed Speed and Temperature')
```

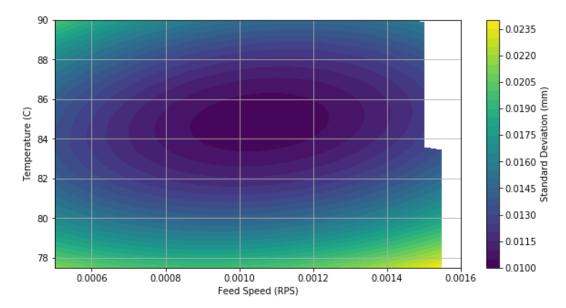
Power Metric versus Feed Speed and Temperature



```
In [129]:
          # Calculate the feed, spool and temp options for Fiber Diameter Standard Deviation
          dia = .214
                      # mm - desired diamter
          feeds = np.linspace(.0005,.005,num=100)
          temps = np.linspace(77.5,90,num=100)
          # create meshgrid of the conditions
          xx2, yy2 = np.meshgrid(feeds, temps)
          spools = np.zeros(xx2.flatten().size)
          # calculate spool rates for the given diameter
          for i, spool in enumerate(spools):
              spools[i] = fsolve(calc_dia_zero, .75, args=(dia,xx2.flatten()[i],yy2.flatten()[i]))[0]
          # calculate power using model
          stds = dia_std_mod.predict(np.array([xx2.flatten(),spools,yy2.flatten()]).T)
          # power metric grid
          zz2 = stds.reshape(xx2.shape)
          spools = spools.reshape(xx2.shape)
```

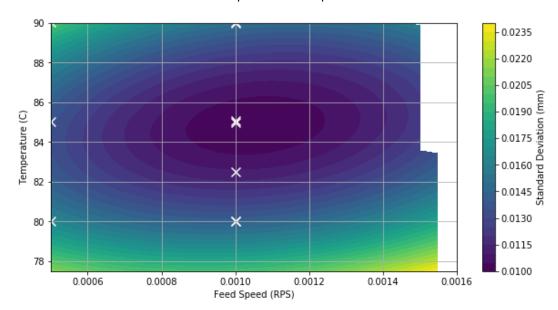
```
In [130]: # Vizualize the feed, spool and temp options for Standard Deviation
# include only results for valid spool speeds - use masked array
zzma2 = np.ma.masked_array(zz2, (spools > 1.55))
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
fig.set_size_inches(10,5)
CS = ax1.contourf(xx2,yy2,zzma2, levels=30, alpha=1.0)
ax1.set_ylabel('Temperature (C)')
ax1.set_xlabel('Feed Speed (RPS)')
ax1.set_xlim(.0005,.0016)
CB = fig.colorbar(CS)
CB.ax.set_ylabel('Standard Deviation (mm)')
ax1.grid()
print('Standard Deviation versus Feed Speed and Temperature')
```

Standard Deviation versus Feed Speed and Temperature



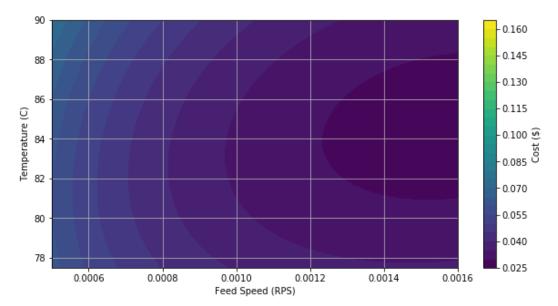
```
In [131]:
          # Vizualize the feed, spool and temp options for Standard Deviation
          # Add in historic run conditions - pull out ones close to dia
          dia data = data[data['Filament Diamter Ave (mm)'] < .22]</pre>
          dia_data = dia_data[dia_data['Filament Diamter Ave (mm)'] > .21]
          fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
          fig.set_size_inches(10,5)
          CS = ax1.contourf(xx2,yy2,zzma2, levels=30, alpha=1.0)#, vmin=0.15, vmax=.7)
          ax1.scatter(dia data['Feed Rate Ave (RPS)'], dia data['Heater Temp Ave (C)'], marker='x',c='white',s
          ax1.set_ylabel('Temperature (C)')
          ax1.set_xlabel('Feed Speed (RPS)')
          ax1.set_xlim(.0005,.0016)
          ax1.set_ylim(77.5,90.0)
          CB = fig.colorbar(CS)
          CB.ax.set_ylabel('Standard Deviation (mm)')
          print('Standard Deviation versus Feed Speed and Temperature')
```

Standard Deviation versus Feed Speed and Temperature



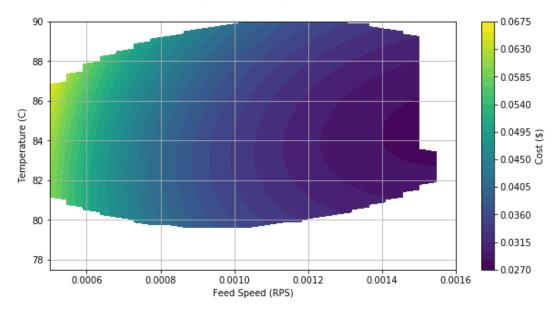
```
In [142]:
          # optimize run conditions with multiple constraints -mulit-objective optimization
           # define a constraint on standard deviation
           std max = .015
           # assign a cost factor that converts W/RPS to $ (essentially $ per length based on power use)
           pow_fac = .000001
           # assign a cost factor for standard deviation (essentially $ per length cost having less quality)
          std_fac = .8
           # get total cost matrix
           zz3 = (zz * pow_fac) + (zz2 * std_fac)
           # Vizualize cost versus run conditions
          fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
           fig.set_size_inches(10,5)
           CS = ax1.contourf(xx2,yy2,zz3, levels=30, alpha=1.0)#, vmin=0.15, vmax=.7)
           ax1.set_ylabel('Temperature (C)')
           ax1.set xlabel('Feed Speed (RPS)')
          ax1.set_xlim(.0005,.0016)
           ax1.set ylim(77.5,90.0)
           CB = fig.colorbar(CS)
          CB.ax.set_ylabel('Cost ($)')
           ax1.grid()
          print('Cost Function versus Feed Speed and Temperature')
```

Cost Function versus Feed Speed and Temperature



```
In [143]: # Vizualize cost versus run conditions with masking
    zzma3 = np.ma.masked_array(zz3, ((spools > 1.55) | (zz2 > std_max)))
    fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
    fig.set_size_inches(10,5)
    CS = ax1.contourf(xx2,yy2,zzma3, levels=30, alpha=1.0)#, vmin=0.15, vmax=.7)
    ax1.set_ylabel('Temperature (C)')
    ax1.set_xlabel('Feed Speed (RPS)')
    ax1.set_xlim(.0005,.0016)
    ax1.set_ylim(77.5,90.0)
    CB = fig.colorbar(CS)
    CB.ax.set_ylabel('Cost ($)')
    ax1.grid()
    print('Cost Function versus Feed Speed and Temperature')
```

Cost Function versus Feed Speed and Temperature



In []:

/