System Test Plan

For

Facial Analyzer for Rhinoplasty Operation

Team members: Priscilla Carbo, Marvin Cazeau, Jared Curtis, Maree Kelly, Alessandra Oo

Version/Author	Date
Version 1 / A.O, P.C, M.K, J.C	27 February 2022

Table of Contents

1.	Introduction			
	1.1	Purpose	2	
	1.2	Objectives	2	
2.	Func	2		
3.	Over	rall Strategy and Approach	2	
	3.1	Testing Strategy	2	
	3.2	System Testing Entrance Criteria	2 2 2	
	3.3	Testing Types	2	
	3.4	Suspension Criteria and Resumption Requirements	3	
4.	Exec	oution Plan	3	
	4.1	Execution Plan	3	
5.	Traceability Matrix & Defect Tracking		3	
	5.1	Traceability Matrix	3	
	5.2	Defect Severity Definitions	3	
6.	Environment			
	6.1	Environment	4	
7.	Assumptions			
8.	Risks and Contingencies			

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This document is a test plan for Facial Analyzer for Rhinoplasty Surgery System Testing, produced by the System Testing team. It describes the testing strategy and approach to testing the team will use to verify that the application meets the established requirements of the business prior to release.

1.2 Objectives

- Meets the requirements, specifications and the Business rules.
- Supports the intended business functions and achieves the required standards.
- Satisfies the Entrance Criteria for User Acceptance Testing.

2. Functional Scope

The Modules in the scope of testing for the Facial Analyzer for Rhinoplasty Surgery System Testing are mentioned in the document attached in the following path:

- The System Requirement Specification Documents: https://docs.google.com/document/d/1By6d6mRB4j_fJBMGeEJjDnlBKS7ZbIJNQxqU2LrMRk4/edit?usp=sharing
- 2. User Manuals: https://github.com/jcurtis664/FacialAnalyzer/tree/main/Deliverables/CS491-Deliverables
- 3. Section 3.1: Testing Strategy

3. Overall Strategy and Approach

3.1 Testing Strategy

Facial Analyzer for Rhinoplasty Surgery System Testing will include testing of all functionalities that are in scope (Section 2) identified. System testing activities will include the testing of new functionalities, modified functionalities, functionality access, testing of internal & external interfaces.

3.1.1 Function Testing

Test Objective: Confirm the functionality of clustering algorithms and GAN model.

Technique: Execute multiple use cases to confirm that the provided output matches the expected output and run the GAN model through an evaluation program.

Completion Criteria: All cases for clustering algorithm match expected output and The GAN model can pass evaluation.

Special Consideration: Access to the digitized rhinoplasty database and System Requirement Specifications are necessary.

3.1.2 Database Testing

Test Objective: Confirm the functionality of the database for generating face clusters with the new GAN generated faces.

Technique: Upload multiple new models and test their functionality with the machine learning algorithms.

Completion Criteria: The database functions properly when utilized by all the face clustering algorithms.

Special Consideration: Access to the digitized rhinoplasty database and System Requirement Specifications are necessary.

3.1.3 Performance Testing

Test Objective: Compare accuracies of various face clustering methods to determine the optimal algorithm.

Technique: Execute testing code for each clustering algorithm to generate graphs comparing average accuracies.

Completion Criteria: Graphs have been generated comparing the accuracies.

Special Consideration: Access to the digitized rhinoplasty database and System Requirement Specifications are necessary.

3.2 System Testing Entrance Criteria

In order to start system testing, certain requirements must be met for testing readiness. The readiness can be classified by: access to file structure from GitHub (https://github.com/jcurtis664/FacialAnalyzer), access to the internet, access to digitized rhinoplasty web application, and access to a computer with Windows 10 or Mac OSX, and Python 3.0 or later.

3.3 Testing Types

3.3.1 Usability Testing

User interface attributes, cosmetic presentation and content will be tested for accuracy and general usability. The goal of Usability Testing is to ensure that the

User Interface is comfortable to use and provides the user with consistent and appropriate access and navigation through the functions of the application (e.g., access keys, consistent tab order, readable fonts etc.)

3.3.2 Functional Testing

The objective of this test is to ensure that each element of the component meets the functional requirements of the business as outlined in the:

- Business / Functional Requirements
- Business rules or conditions
- Other functional documents produced during the course of the project i.e. resolution to issues/change requests/feedback

3.4 Suspension Criteria and Resumption Requirements

This section will specify the criteria that will be used to suspend all or a portion of the testing activities on the items associated with this test plan.

3.4.1 Suspension Criteria

If the user uploads the wrong format of files, the program will suspend.

3.4.2 Resumption Requirements

The program will continue once the user has uploaded the correct files

4. Execution Plan

4.1 Execution Plan

The execution plan will detail the test cases to be executed. The Execution plan will be put together to ensure that all the requirements are covered. The execution plan will be designed to accommodate some changes if necessary, if testing is incomplete on any day. All the test cases of the projects under test in this release are arranged in a logical order depending upon their inter dependency.

The test plan for the system is as follows:

- 4.1.1 Database Testing (See 3.1.2)
- 4.1.2 Function Testing (See 3.1.1)
- 4.1.3 Performance Testing (See 3.1.3)

5. Traceability Matrix & Defect Tracking

5.1 Traceability Matrix

List of requirement, corresponding test cases

Requirement (From SRS)	Test Case Identifier	Input	Expected Behavior	Pass/Fail

5.2 Defect Severity Definitions

Critical: A critical severity defect can be classified as a defect that severely or significantly impairs the overall functionality of the software. This class of defect is fixed with a significant amount of effort in the functionality of the system.

Medium: A medium severity defect can be classified as a defect that does not impair the overall functionality of the software, but impairs certain aspects. This class of defect can be fixed with a medium amount of effort.

Low: A low severity defect can be classified as a defect that does not impair the functionality of the software. This class of defect can be fixed with a low amount of effort.

6. Environment

6.1 Environment

- The System Testing Environment will be used for System Testing. In order to conduct the testing the tester needs to have the following installed into their computer:
 - Python v3.6 or later
 - Access to database of faces
 - Access to database of facial ratios

7. Assumptions

This section lists the assumptions for this project.

- User is on a machine with the necessary software
- User is on a machine that has access to internet
- All files are in the correct file format
- Clients will submit pictures with no facial expressions to render a 3D image
- GAN dataset creation is able to generate faces realistic enough to fool the discriminator AI

8. Risks and Contingencies

Risk#	Risk	Impact	Contingency Plan
1	Unsuitable Suggestion	High	Making sure different scenarios are tested rigorously to insure this happens as infrequently as possible
2	Machine Learning Incompatibility	High	Testing deployment in many scenarios to ensure the ML AI can consistently produce results in the suitable environments
3	Dataset Creation Errors	High	To ensure our Dataset has accurate and realistic faces our GAN/Face gen software will be tweaked to make faces that AI cannot tell if it is real or fake.