- Revisiting the Biological Value Index (Sanders, 1960); Contribution to its calculation and visualization
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Abstract: No more than approx. 500 words (or 3,000 characters).

## 12 Introduction

- Indices in ecology
- Usualy people describe a site by the species that inhabit it, but do not pay much attention
- to how some species are incharged of the simmilarities.
- History of the index
- When it was proposed
- How it worked
- Modifications by Loya Salinas
- How it works now
- Usage of the index

22

- Works that have used it
- Stating the problem
- Lack of comparison
- computability

## <sub>26</sub> Materials and Methods

- How the index works, step by step (possibly citing Loya-Salinas)
- Flow diagram depfun(ivb)
- $\bullet$  Adding the % BVI

$$\%BVI_i = \frac{(100 \times BVI_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n BVI_i} \tag{1}$$

- Compare N and Ni vs rBVI to test its usefulness
  - Propose ways to visualize rBVI
  - Recreating Loya-Salinas

31

32

33

Spp	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6
Synchelidium spp.	2398	1626	811	1275	1343	7079
Tridentella spp.	2048	1125	528	1990	1098	1274
Nerine cirratulus	37	165	1141	1540	118	53
Nephtys californiensis	544	875	404	170	58	90
Glycera tenuis	265	566	106	646	133	118
Donax gouldii	914	75	42	5	5	15
Orchestoidea benedicti	11	251	133	79	162	245
$Archaeomysis\ spp.$	958	90	160	37	522	111
$Arm a dillium\ spp.$	59	155	91	16	208	283
$Megalopus\ spp.$	149	266	48	30	0	0
Emerita analoga	101	16	96	27	0	10
Pontharpinia spp.	69	96	11	16	0	0
Euzonus mucronata	0	0	37	341	0	0
Lepidopa californica	5	69	16	0	16	0
Magelona californica	0	5	5	0	42	10
$Hanstorina\ spp.$	0	16	5	0	0	0
Glycera dibranchiata	0	0	0	0	5	0
Archaeomysis maculata	0	0	0	5	0	0

<sup>•</sup> Mention using SIMPER as a comparative

<sup>•</sup> Propose a graph to visualize data

## 36 Results

- Results from Loya-Salinas
- Graph
- Comparing %BVI with SIMPER
- $_{40}$   $\,$   $\,$   $\,$  Table with abundances, BVI, %BVI and SIMPER

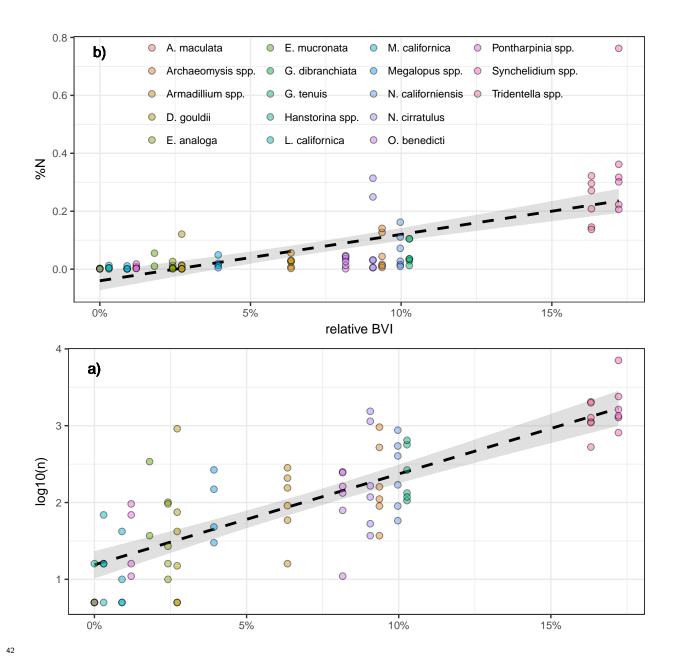
	Species	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	BVI	%BVI
	Synchelidium spp.	10	10	9	8	10	10	57	17.22
	$Tridentella\ spp.$	9	9	8	10	9	9	54	16.31
	Glycera tenuis	5	7	4	7	5	6	34	10.27
	Nephtys californiensis	6	8	7	5	3	4	33	9.97
	$Archaeomysis\ spp.$	8	1	6	3	8	5	31	9.37
41	Nerine cirratulus	0	4	10	9	4	3	30	9.06
	Orchestoidea benedicti	0	5	5	4	6	7	27	8.16
	$Arm a dillium\ spp.$	1	3	2	0	7	8	21	6.34
	Megalopus spp.	4	6	1	2	0	0	13	3.93
	Donax gouldii	7	0	0	0	0	2	9	2.72
	Others	5	2	3	7	3	2	22	0.07
	Total								100.00

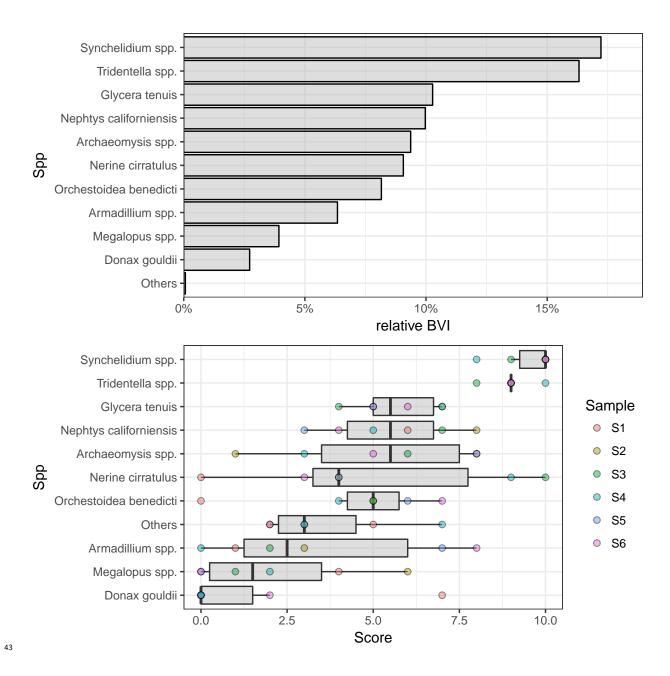
Table 1:

	Dependent variable:			
	(1)	(2)		
rBVI	0.016*** (0.002)	0.118*** (0.010)		
Constant	-0.040**(0.016)	1.189*** (0.090)		
Observations	81	81		
$\mathbb{R}^2$	0.489	0.636		
Residual Std. Error $(df = 79)$	0.088	0.482		
F Statistic ( $df = 1; 79$ )	75.486***	138.264***		
Note:	*n<0.1·**r	n<0.05: ***n<0.01		

*Note:* 

\*p<0.1; \*\*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.01





- 44 Discussion and Conclusions
- <sup>45</sup> References
- Figures and Tables