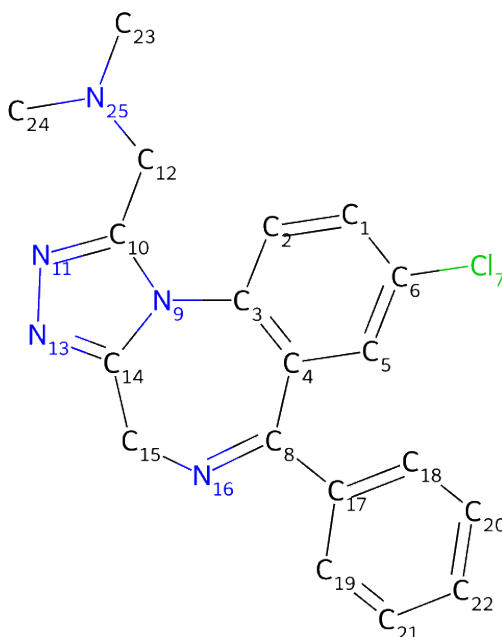


C-oxidation BDE Energy Report for: 039_adinazolam-out

This report covers the results for bond dissociation enthalpies (BDE) and solvent accessible surface area (SASA) calculations performed for 039_adinazolam-out. Oxidation propensity is established using C-H BDE. The lower the C-H BDE values the higher the propensity for C-oxidation. Details for the density functional theory (DFT) calculations and overall workflow are explained at the end of this document.

BDE and SASA



Atom	BDE (kcal/mol)	Propensity	SASA (Å ²)
C1	113.83	Low	12.29
C2	111.49	Low	5.96
C5	113.02	Low	5.11
C12	80.06	High	0.46
C15	76.08	High	3.38
C18	110.9	Low	5.22
C19	113.6	Low	9.77
C20	112.43	Low	15.15
C21	112.3	Low	16.47
C22	112.54	Low	16.64

C23	94.55	Low	6.25
C24	93.66	Moderate	6.21

Missing Sites:

None

Risk Scale:



Calculation Details

Conformational search calculations were performed only for the base ground state molecule. The lowest energy conformer was selected to generate radicals and run optimization DFT calculations. DFT calculations were performed using Gaussian with B3LYP level of theory and 6-31G(d,p) basis set. The BDE protocol was adapted from: *Lienard, P., Gavartin, J., Boccardi, G., & Meunier, M. (2015). Predicting drug substances autoxidation. Pharmaceutical research, 32, 300-310.*