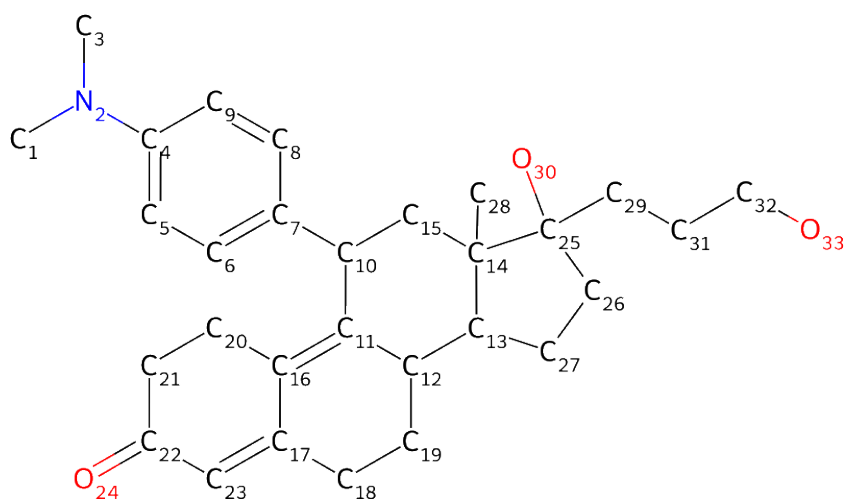


# C-oxidation BDE Energy Report for: 219\_onapristone-out

This report covers the results for bond dissociation enthalpies (BDE) and solvent accessible surface area (SASA) calculations performed for 219\_onapristone-out. Oxidation propensity is established using C-H BDE. The lower the C-H BDE values the higher the propensity for C-oxidation. Details for the density functional theory (DFT) calculations and overall workflow are explained at the end of this document.

## BDE and SASA



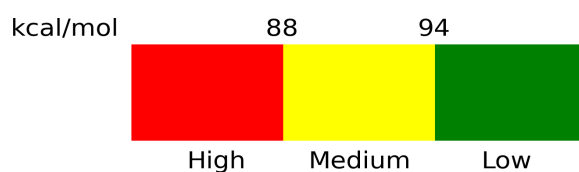
Atom	BDE (kcal/mol)	Propensity	SASA (Å <sup>2</sup> )
C1	90.11	Moderate	7.63
C3	90.11	Moderate	7.62
C5	110.28	Low	7.83
C6	111.27	Low	4.36
C8	110.07	Low	4.40
C9	110.24	Low	7.88
C10	72.03	High	0.00
C12	66.56	High	0.00
C13	82.51	High	0.00
C15	94.81	Low	0.08
C18	83.34	High	0.67
C19	98.37	Low	0.48
C20	81.89	High	0.45

C21	88.04	Moderate	1.14
C23	111.45	Low	11.56
C26	94.76	Low	1.29
C27	95.55	Low	1.55
C28	100.35	Low	4.13
C29	96.37	Low	0.04
C31	96.4	Low	0.24
C32	94.44	Low	1.75

### **Missing Sites:**

None

### **Risk Scale:**



### **Calculation Details**

Conformational search calculations were performed only for the base ground state molecule. The lowest energy conformer was selected to generate radicals and run optimization DFT calculations. DFT calculations were performed using Gaussian with B3LYP level of theory and 6-31G(d,p) basis set. The BDE protocol was adapted from: *Lienard, P., Gavartin, J., Boccardi, G., & Meunier, M. (2015). Predicting drug substances autoxidation. Pharmaceutical research, 32, 300-310.*