

# VolgaCTF 2017 Quals - VC - Crypto

## Informations

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### Version

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By	Version	Comment
noraj	1.0	Creation

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### CTF

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- **Name** : VolgaCTF 2017 Quals
  - **Website** : [quals.2017.volgactf.ru](https://quals.2017.volgactf.ru)
  - **Type** : Online
  - **Format** : Jeopardy
  - **CTF Time** : [link](#)
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### Description

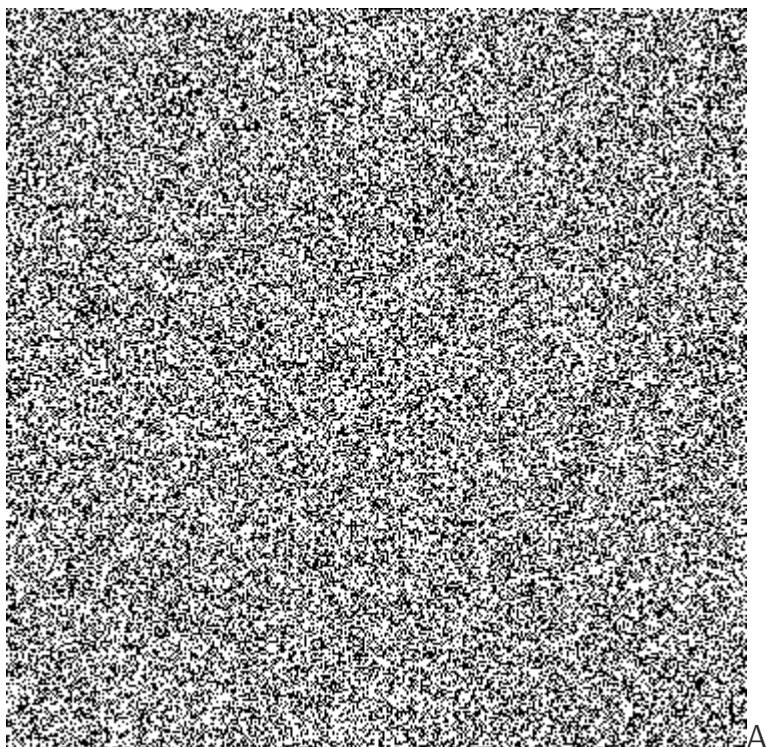
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There are files A.png and B.png. But where's the flag?

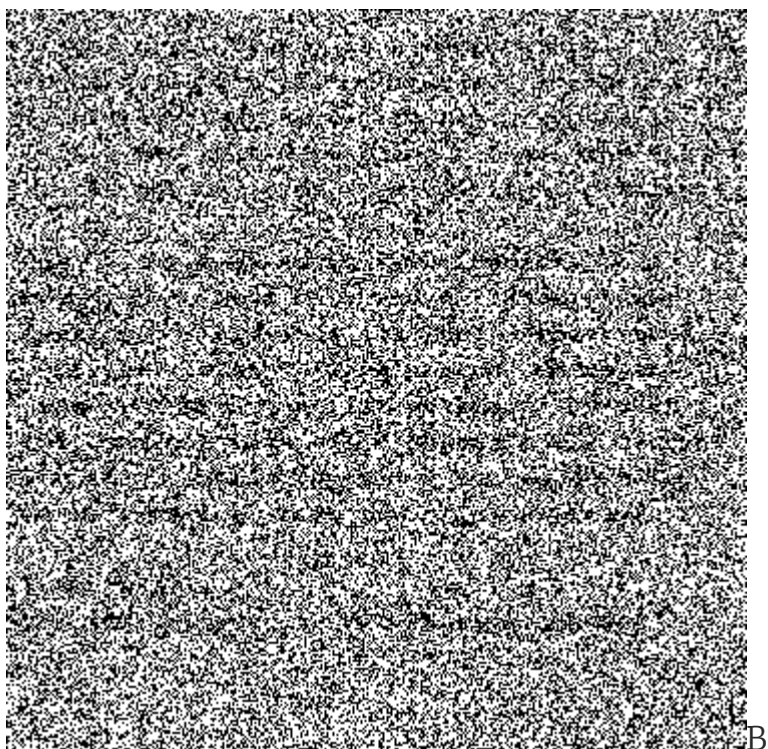
[A.png](#)

[B.png](#)

A.png:



B.png:



## Solution

If you know [OTP](#) you must know this famous attack on [pad reused](#).

You can also see some black lines on image B. Now let's XOR image A and B (with [ImageMagick](#)):

```
1 $ convert A.png B.png -fx "(((255*u)&(255*(1-v)))|((255*(1-u))&(255*v)))/255" out.png
```

And now we get the result:

Visual cryptography is a cryptographic technique which allows visual information (pictures, text, etc.) to be encrypted in such a way that decryption becomes the job of the person to decrypt via sight reading.

One of the best-known techniques has been credited to Moni Naor and Adi Shamir, who developed it in 1994.[1] They demonstrated a visual secret sharing scheme, where an image was broken up into  $n$  shares so that only someone with all  $n$  shares could decrypt the image, while any  $n - 1$  shares revealed no information about the original image.

Your flag:

VolgaCTF{Classic\_secret\_sharing\_scheme}

out

Flag is: VolgaCTF{Classic\_secret\_sharing\_scheme}.

**Note:** VC is for *Visual Cryptography*

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