

Joseph Dowling.

Exercise 1

Want to show for fixed $A \in \mathbb{U}$, $\forall E \in \mathbb{U}$, $\lambda(E) = \mu(A \cap E)$ is a measure.

I) $\lambda(\emptyset) = \mu(A \cap \emptyset) = \mu(\emptyset) = 0$

II) Let $E \in \mathbb{U}$. $\lambda(E) = \mu(E \cup A) \geq 0$ as μ is a measure and $E \cup A \subseteq A \in \mathbb{U}$.

III) Let E_1, E_2, \dots be disjoint subsets of \mathbb{U} such that $\cup_i E_i = E \in \mathbb{U}$.

$$\begin{aligned}\lambda(\cup_{n=1}^{\infty} E_n) &= \lambda(E) \\ &= \mu(A \cap E) = \mu(\cup_{n=1}^{\infty} (A \cap E_n)) \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mu(A \cap E_n) \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \lambda(E_n)\end{aligned}$$

Hence we have that λ is a measure on \mathbb{U} .

Exercise 8

Let X be a set of at least two elements. Set $\mathbb{X} = \{\emptyset, X\}$. Then trivially (X, \mathbb{X}) is a measure space. Define $\mu : \mathbb{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ by $\mu(X) = \mu(\emptyset) = 0$. Then (X, \mathbb{X}, μ) is not complete as $\exists A \subset X$ with $A \notin \mathbb{X}$ but $\mu(X) = 0$.

Exercise 12

a) Want to show $f_n \rightarrow f$ uniform.

Let $\epsilon > 0, N > \frac{1}{\epsilon}$. Then for $n \geq N$ there are two cases. Case 1 for $x \in [0, n]$

$$|f_n(x) - f(x)| = |\frac{1}{n} - 0| = \frac{1}{n} \leq \frac{1}{N} < \epsilon$$

Case 2 for $x \notin [0, n]$

$$|f_n(x) - f(x)| = 0 < \epsilon$$

Now want to show $\int f dm \neq \lim \int f_n dm$

We know trivially that $\int f dm = 0$ as f is the zero function.

This does not contradict the Monotone Convergence Theorem as (f_n) is not monotone non-decreasing.

b)