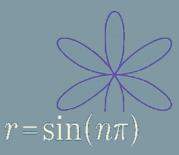
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



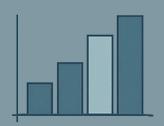
$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta = 1$



$$y = 2^x$$

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$$



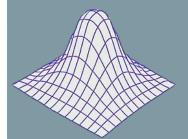
ADD A MATH MINOR!

- Sharpen your analytical skills
- Boost your grad school application
- Gain the competitive edge

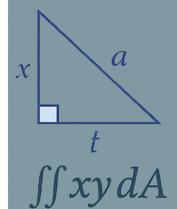
You may only need a few extra courses!



$$\frac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$$



$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$



$$P(A \cup B) =$$

$$P(A) + P(B)$$

$$-P(A \cap B)$$

Speak to your advisor or contact:
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or
Prof. Kim kimm@oldwestbury.edu