Correlation of Latitude v Diameter v Depth

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Performing a correlation analysis of crater latitude vs. diameter and crater latitude vs. depth is where this whole class has been heading for me. My original research question was "Is there a relationship between crater location (distance from the equator) and size (diameter and depth). All I had to do was run the correlation procedure with the three required variables:

PROC CORR; VAR DIAM_CIRCLE_IMAGE DEPTH_RIMFLOOR_TOPOG LATITUDE_CIRCLE_IMAGE;

Although small, I was able to discover a statistically significant correlation between a crater's latitude and its diameter. I was also able to discover a small but statistically significant correlation between a crater's latitude and its depth. As a side-effect of the correlation I was also discovered that there is a statistically significant--and much larger--correlation between a crater's depth and its diameter.

Hypothesis 1

- H₀ There is no association between the latitude of a crater and its diameter.
- HA There is an association between the latitude of a crater and its diameter.

Corr -0.05794 p < 0.0001

Accept H_A

Among Mars craters, the correlation between crater latitude (quantitative explanatory variable) and crater diameter (quantitative response variable) was 0.05794 (p < 0.0001), suggesting that only 0.3% (i.e. -0.05794 squared) of the diameter variance can be explained by latitude.

Hypothesis 2

- H₀ There is no association between the latitude of a crater and its depth.
- HA There is an association between the latitude of a crater and its depth.

Corr -0.04288 p < 0.0001

Accept H_A

Among Mars craters, the correlation between crater latitude (quantitative explanatory variable) and crater depth (quantitative response variable) was -0.04288 (p < 0.0001), suggesting that only 0.2% (i.e. -0.04288 squared) of the depth variance can be explained by latitude.

Hypothesis 3

- H₀ There is no association between the diameter of a crater and its depth.
- HA There is an association between the diameter of a crater and its depth.

Corr 0.58671 p < 0.0001

Accept H_A

Among Mars craters, the correlation between crater diameter (quantitative explanatory variable) and crater depth (quantitative response variable) was 0.58671 (p < 0.0001), suggesting that 34.4% (i.e. 0.58671 squared) of the depth variance can be explained by diameter.

The CORR Procedure

3 Variables:

Simple Statistics							
Variable	N	Mean	Std Dev	Sum	Minimum	Maximum	
DIAM_CIRCLE_IMAGE	384343	3.55669	8.59199	1366988	1.00000	1164	
DEPTH_RIMFLOOR_TOPOG	384343	0.07584	0.22152	29148	-0.42000	4.95000	
LATITUDE_CIRCLE_IMAGE	384343	-7.19921	33.60897	-2766965	-86.70000	85.70200	

Pearson Correlation Coefficients, N = 384343 Prob > r under H0: Rho=0						
DIAM_CIRCLE_IMAGE	DEPTH_RIMFLOOR_TOPOG					
1.00000	0.58671					
3	<.0001					
0.58671	1.00000					
2 < 0001	0					
-0.05794	-0.04288					
<.0001	<.0001					
	rob > r under H0: Rho DIAM_CIRCLE_IMAGE 1.00000 3 0.58671 2 < 0001 -0.05794					

DIAM_CIRCLE_IMAGE DEPTH_RIMFLOOR_TOPOG LATITUDE_CIRCLE_IMAGE