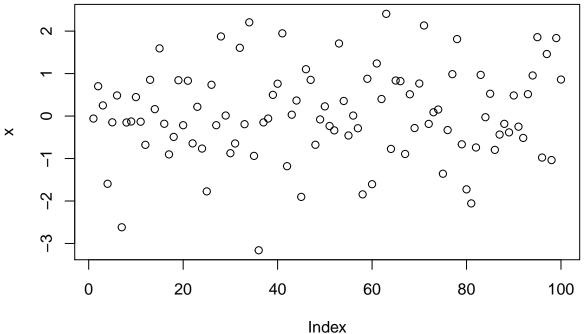
## SRT Assignment 0

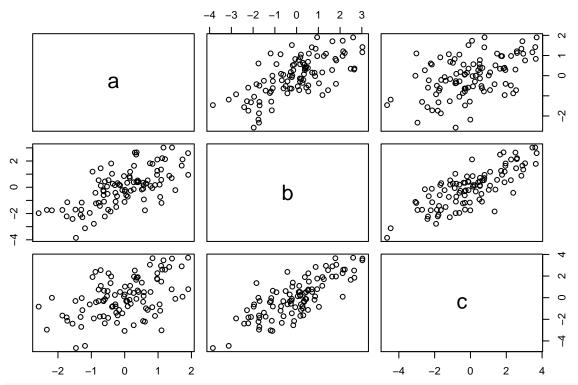
Jay Dave

```
References\ https://cran.r-project.org/doc/contrib/Torfs+Brauer-Short-R-Intro.pdf
```

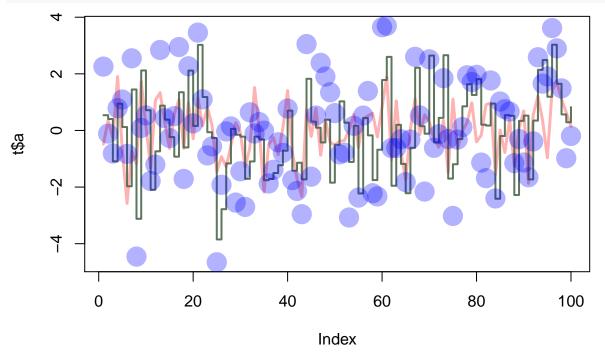
```
#3.1 Calculating life spent in College.
((2016-2014)/(2014-1996))*100
## [1] 11.11111
#3.2 Using Variables on 3.1
year_start = 2016
base_year = 2014
year_born = 1996
((year_start-base_year)/(base_year-year_born)) * 100
## [1] 11.11111
#3.4 Functions
a = c(4,5,8,11)
sum(a)
## [1] 28
#3.5 Plots
x = rnorm(100)
plot(x)
                                                        0
     3
                                               0
     \sim
                   0
                                                                                0
                                                                              0 0
                                                                      0 00
                                                                      00
                                                                    0
                                                                    0
                                                                         0
                                         0
                                                                            0
                             0
                                                                     0
                                                                             0
     က
                                    0
           0
                         20
                                       40
                                                     60
                                                                   80
                                                                                100
                                            Index
#4 Help and Documentations
help(sqrt)
#5 Scripts
source("firstscript.R")
```



```
#6.2 Matrices
P = seq(from=31, to=60, by=1)
Q = matrix(data=P,ncol=5)
Q
##
        [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
## [1,]
          31
               37
                     43
                          49
                               55
## [2,]
               38
                          50
          32
                     44
                               56
## [3,]
          33
               39
                     45
                          51
                               57
## [4,]
          34
               40
                     46
                          52
                               58
## [5,]
          35
               41
                     47
                          53
                               59
## [6,]
          36
                     48
                          54
                               60
#6.3 Data frames
x1 = rnorm(100)
x2 = rnorm(100)
x3 = rnorm(100)
t = data.frame(a = x1, b = x1+x2, c = x1+x2+x3)
plot(t)
```



#7 Graphics -- Adds custom colors to your graph.
plot(t\$a, type="1", ylim=range(t),lwd=3, col=rgb(1,0,0,0.3))
lines(t\$b, type="s", lwd=2,col=rgb(0.3,0.4,0.3,0.9))
points(t\$c, pch=20, cex=4,col=rgb(0,0,1,0.3))



```
#8 Reading and writing data files.
d2 = read.table(file="tst1.txt", header=TRUE)
change = d2[2] * 5
write.table(change,file="tst2.txt",row.names=FALSE)
```

```
#9 Not available data #[1] NaN
y = rnorm(100)
p = sqrt(y)
## Warning in sqrt(y): NaNs produced
mean(p, na.rm=TRUE)
## [1] 0.863275
#10 Classes
date1=strptime( c("20150225230000",
                  "20160226000000", "20170226010000"),
                format="%Y%m%d%H%M%S")
y = c(6,8,4)
plot(date1,y)
     \infty
                                               0
     9
            0
     2
                                                                                 0
                                       2016
                                                                          2017
                                            date1
#11.2 for loops
vector = c(seq(from=1,to=100,by=1))
for(i in vector){
  if ((i < 5) | (i > 90)){
    vector[i] = i * 10
 }else{
    vector[i] = i * 0.1
  }
}
#Final Todo without for loop
fun1 = function(vector)
{
  vector<-ifelse(vector>90 | vector<5,vector*5,vector*0.1)</pre>
```

vector

}

```
vector = c(2,5,6,94)
fun1(vector)
```

**##** [1] 10.0 0.5 0.6 470.0