

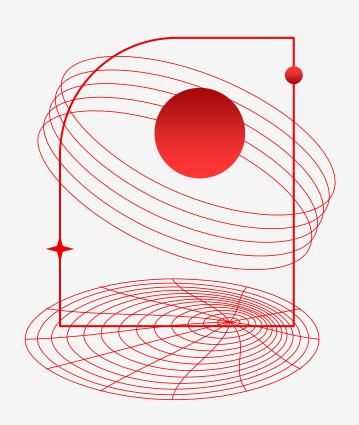
Rappi
Experimentation &
Analitics Senior
Case



# +

# Whoa!

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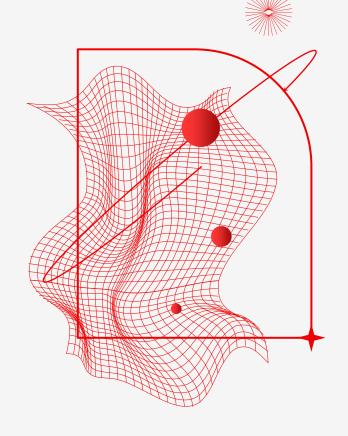




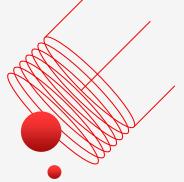
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# **Bussiness Case**

What are we looking for?





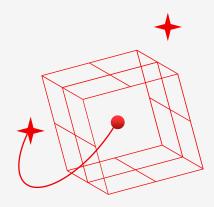




# Introduction

Rappi's Operations team is interested in decreasing the number of orders that are not taken by any courier, due to the fact that they are not attractive enough for couriers.







# Scope



Medition

Date time data, measured in one month. September 2017.



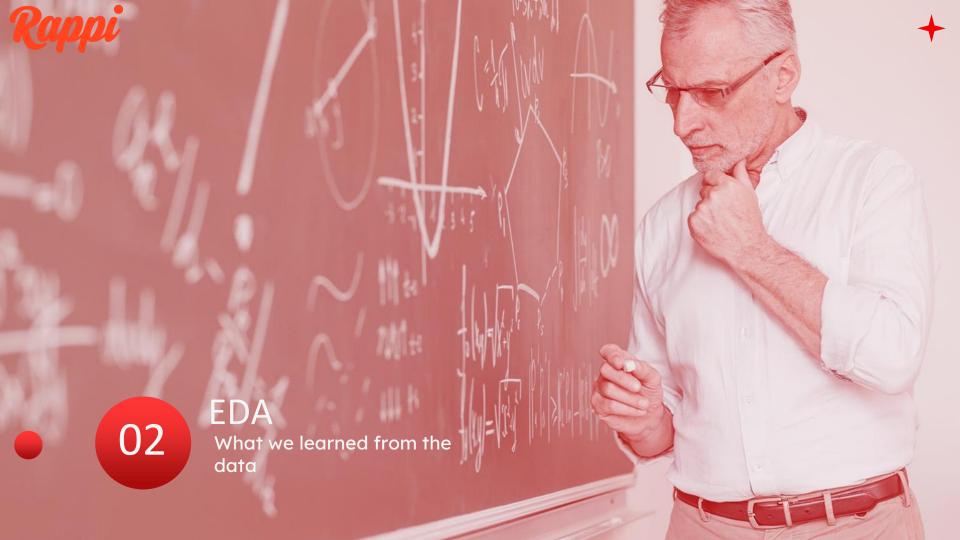
#### Variables

Distance from user to store (km), difference in meters between the store and user altitude, total earning, taken as a binary variable: 1 if taken, 0 otherwise.



#### Objective

Identify key drivers that might predict if a given order is taken or not.

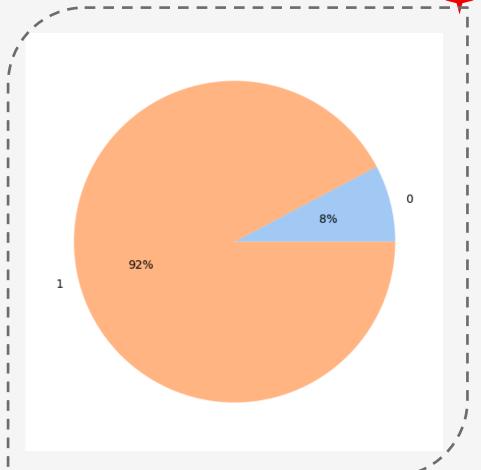




# Percentage of non taken orders

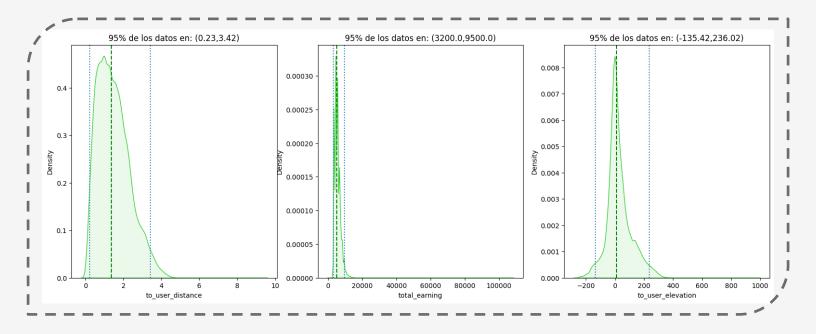
92% of the orders were taken by any Courier, 8% were not taken by any Courier.

Taken (1)	Not taken (0)
115860	9689





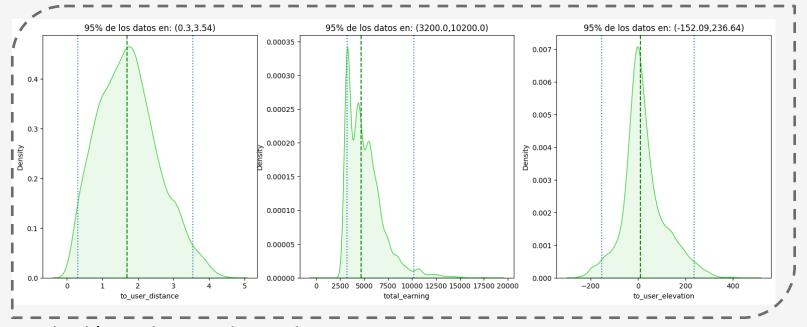




95% of the clients are between 0.23km and 3.42km away from the store. 95% of total earnings of a Courier is between \$3200 and \$9500 95% of user elevation to the store is between -135.42m and 236.02m







Checking only non taken orders:

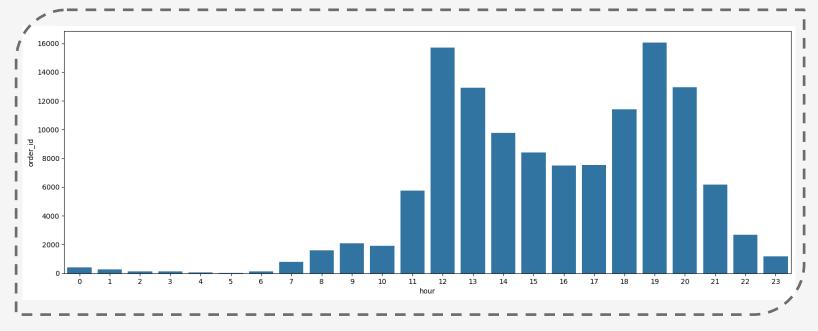
95% of the clients are between 0.3km and 3.54km away from the store.

95% of total earnings of a Courier is between \$3200 and \$10500

95% of user elevation to the store is between -152.09m and 236.64m



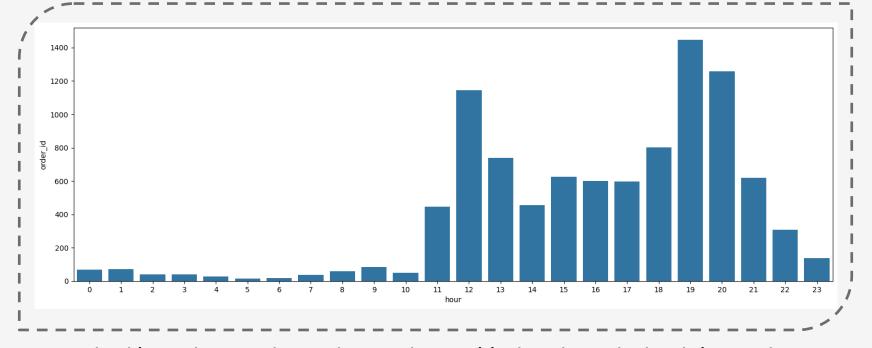




The peak hours in terms of orders created usually matches the lunch time and the dinner time, with steady levels in the afternoon and the early night (around 20 to 21 hours).







Checking only non taken orders, we have critical peaks at the lunchtime and most of the non taken order are concentrated in the late-afternoon – night hours.





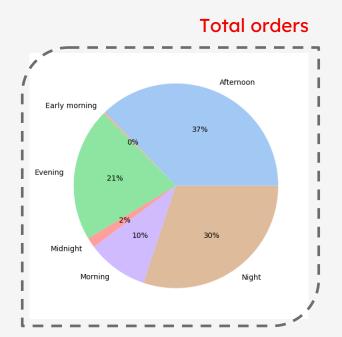
# Categorizing the data by hour

If we categorize the hour of the day when the order was originally created, we can gain some general insights among taken and non taken orders.

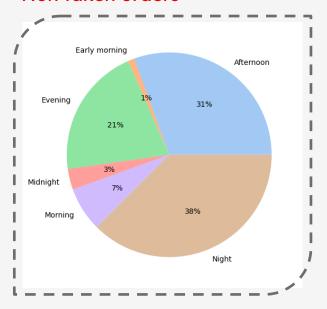
Category	Hours
Early Morning	3 - 6
Morning	7 – 11
Afternoon	12 - 15
Evening	16 - 18
Night	19 - 22
Midnight	23 - 2







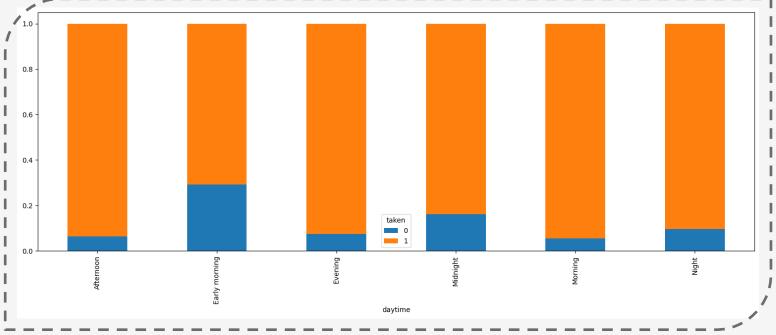
#### Non taken orders



The highest percentage of non taken orders are in the night



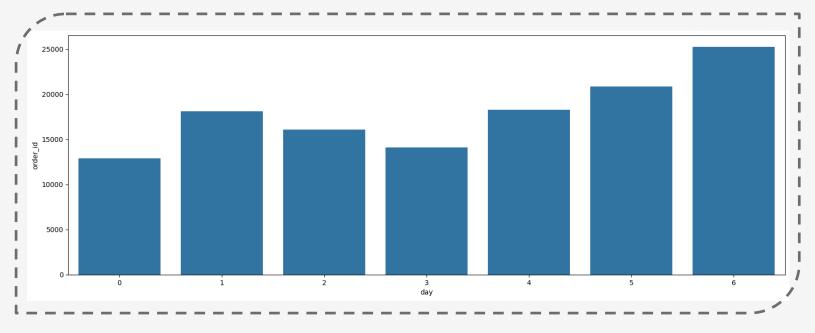




But relatively, in the early morning and in the midnight is more probable that an order may not be accepted by any Courier.



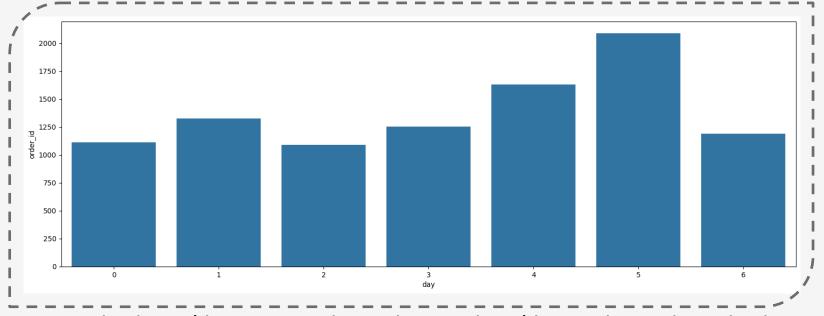




The days that have most orders are on the weekends (Friday, Saturday and Sunday) and the Tuesday.







But the days with more non taken orders are the Fridays and Saturdays. The day with less non taken orders is Sunday.





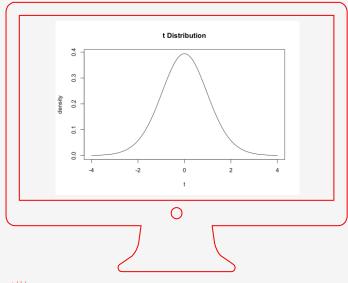


## T-test



We test for mean differences with the null hypothesis that the taken orders have lesser values that the non taken orders.

We assume different variances for each group for robustness.









#### T-test for difference of means



The total earnings is higher in the 'taken' group.

P-value = 2.3e-55



The total distance is lower in the 'taken' group.

P-value = 1



The difference in altitude is positive and higher in the 'taken' group

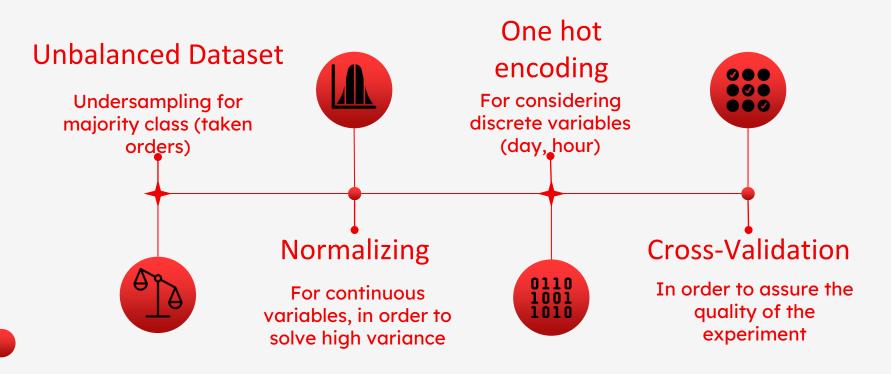
P-value = 1.1e-5



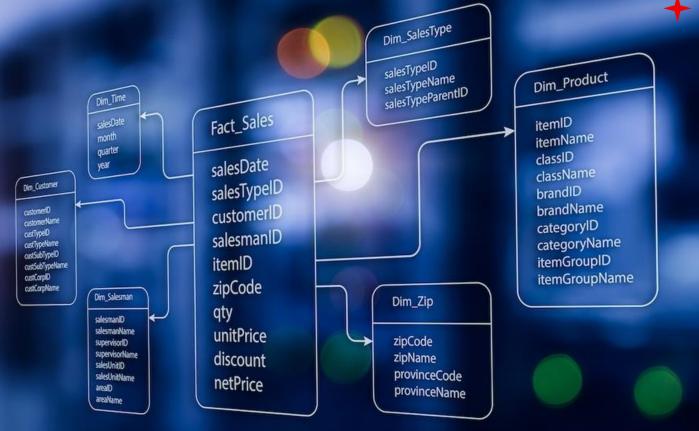




# Solving problems







05 Modelling

Techniques and results





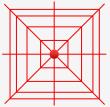
# **Modelling Results**

- Types of classification models tested: 3 of them ensembles, logistic regression, Naïve Bayes, SVC.
- Different configurations of parameters, with 3 validation folds.

Different metrics of classification: accuracy, f1, precision, recall and ROC - AUC

B Highly relevant variables capable of giving valuable insights







# XGBoost

Got the highest score! 0.66 average in the train and test split across all metrics!

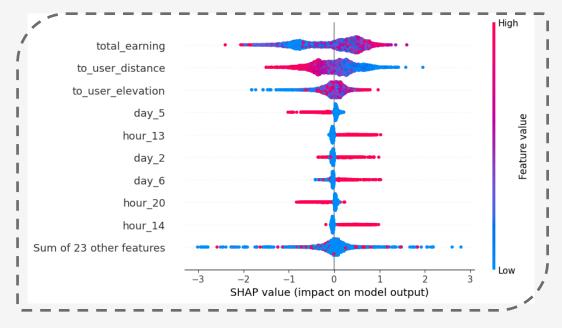








## Variable Interpretation



SHAP values strongly suggest that the 20 hour and the Saturday are strong predictors whenever an order is not accepted. Higher total earning and lower user distance are strong predictors of higher acceptance.





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## **Conclusions**



#### **Key Hours**

Offer higher rates at night to the couriers



#### Rates for distance

Offer higher rates if the distance is higher than 2.8km



#### Happy Weekdays

Offer incentives to pick more orders on saturdays



#### **Lunch hours**

Encourage the user to order before peak hours to avoid saturation in the lunch and dinner hour



## Weather checking

For an upcoming challenge, take into account the weather information



# Thank you!

