JUSTIN PATE

IST-652

CRIME DATA--MAP

#DEFINE WORKING DIRECTORY LINK TO GOOGLE DRIVE
import os
import plotly.express as px #plotly express for plotting
os.getcwd()
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive/', force_remount=True)
pathlocation = '/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/IST_652/PROJECT/'
os.chdir(pathlocation)
os.getcwd()

Mounted at /content/drive/
 '/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/IST_652/PROJECT'

#import crime file. File is in zip format so needs to have compression option listed
import pandas as pd
import zipfile

df = pd.read_csv('crime_open_database_core_2018.csv.gz', compression='gzip', sep=',')

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/IPython/core/interactiveshell.py:2718: DtypeWarning: Columns (9,10,12,13) have mixed types. Specify dtype option on import or set low_memory=False. interactivity=interactivity, compiler=compiler, result=result)

#show a sample of the data frame

₽	uid	city_name o	offense_code	offense_type	offense_group	offense_against	date_single	longitude	latitude	location_type	location_category	census_block	date_start	date_end
0	1187951	Austin	22U	other burglary/breaking & entering	burglary/breaking & entering	property	2018-01-01 00:00	-97.710191	30.349433	other	other	484530018043000	NaN	NaN
1	1187952	Austin	520	weapon law violations	weapon law violations	society	2018-01-01 00:00	-97.741558	30.411489	residence	residence	484530017541002	NaN	NaN
2	1187953	Austin	23H	all other larceny	larceny/theft offenses	property	2018-01-01 00:00	-97.741119	30.305911	vehicle parking	open space	484530002031007	NaN	NaN
3	1187954	Austin	290	destruction/damage/vandalism of property (exce	destruction/damage/vandalism of property (exce	property	2018-01-01 00:00	-97.672452	30.363035	residence	residence	484530018333009	NaN	NaN
4	1187955	Austin	290	destruction/damage/vandalism of property (exce	destruction/damage/vandalism of property (exce	property	2018-01-01 00:00	-97.699980	30.258932	other	other	484530009021000	NaN	NaN
1608784	18882009	Virginia Beach	35A	drug/narcotic violations	drug/narcotic offenses	society	2018-12-31 23:10	-76.065879	36.759361	NaN	NaN	518100454221000	NaN	NaN
1608785	18882010	Virginia Beach	520	weapon law violations	weapon law violations	society	2018-12-31 23:10	-76.065879	36.759361	NaN	NaN	518100454221000	NaN	NaN
1608786	18882011	Virginia Beach	35A	drug/narcotic violations	drug/narcotic offenses	society	2018-12-31 23:23	-76.159443	36.830235	NaN	NaN	518100460051035	NaN	NaN
1608787	18882012	Virginia Beach	12U	other robbery	robbery	property	2018-12-31 23:30	-75.971098	36.833776	NaN	NaN	518100440031000	NaN	NaN
1608788	18882013	Virginia Beach	23F	theft from motor vehicle (except theft of moto	larceny/theft offenses	property	2018-12-31 23:59	-76.089190	36.800369	NaN	NaN	518100454053001	NaN	NaN

1608789 rows × 14 columns

df.ftypes

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/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1: FutureWarning:

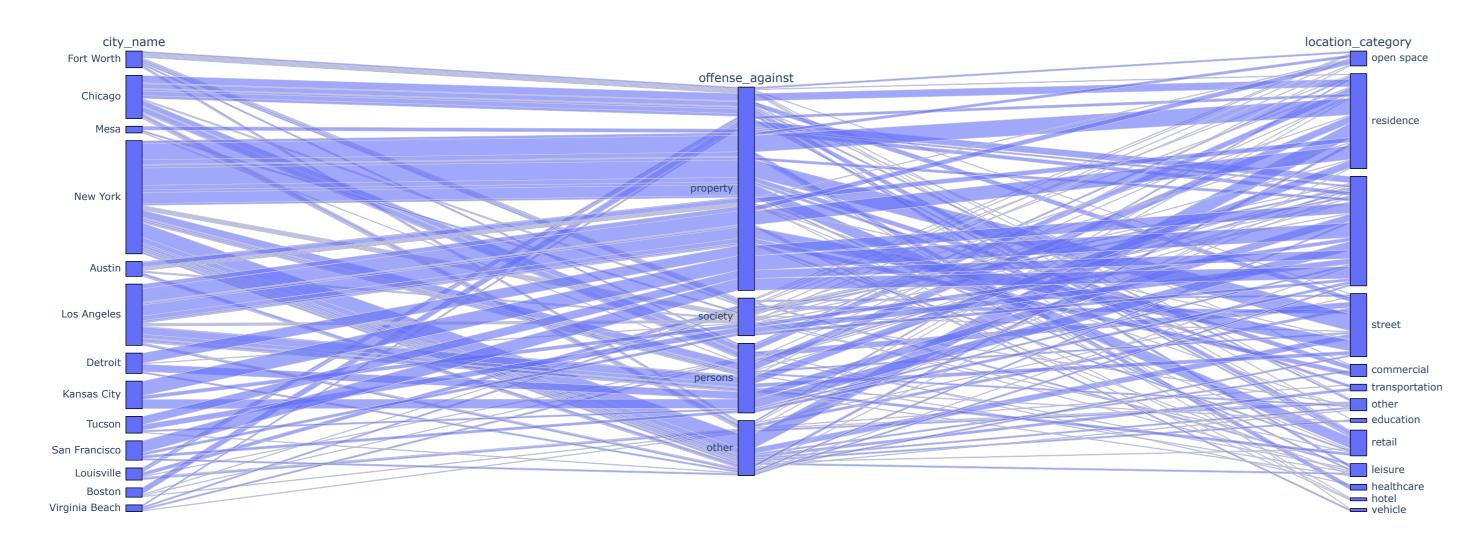
DataFrame.ftypes is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Use DataFrame.dtypes instead.

uid int64:dense city_name
offense_code object:dense object:dense offense_type offense_group object:dense object:dense offense_against object:dense object:dense date_single longitude float64:dense latitude float64:dense location_type object:dense location_category object:dense int64:dense census_block date_start object:dense date_end object:dense dtype: object

dfchart = df.sample(n=400)

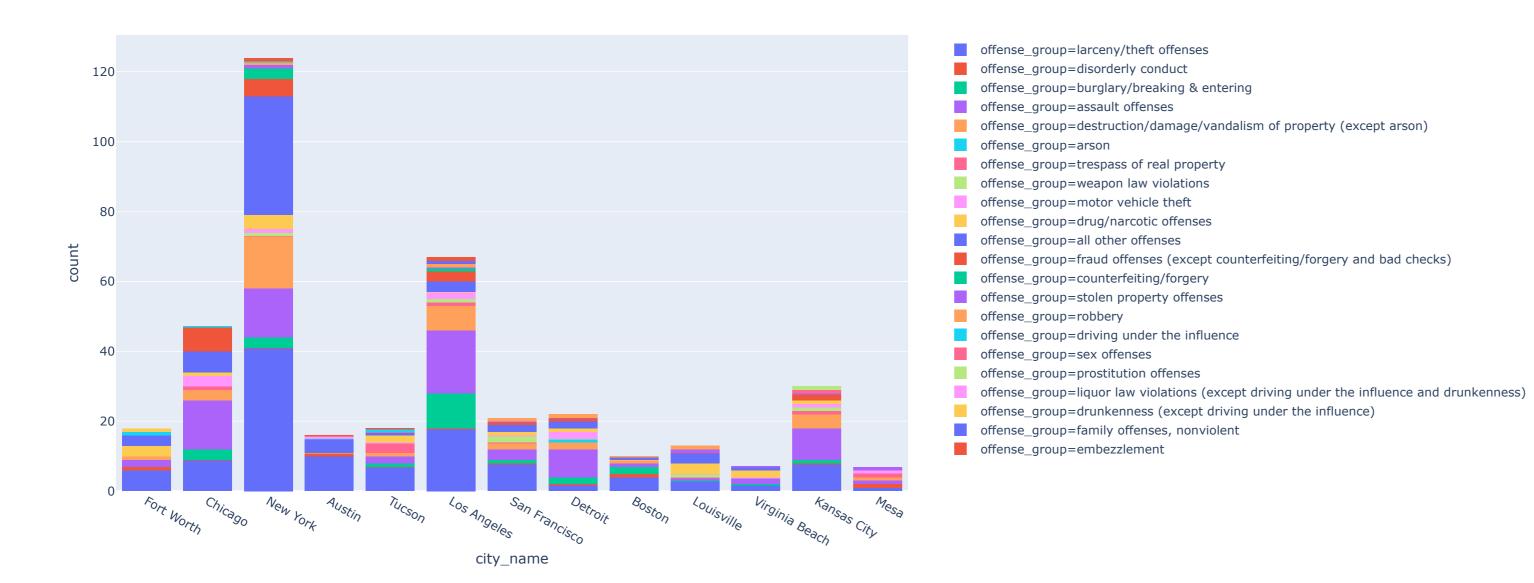
px.parallel_categories(dfchart, dimensions=[])

[->



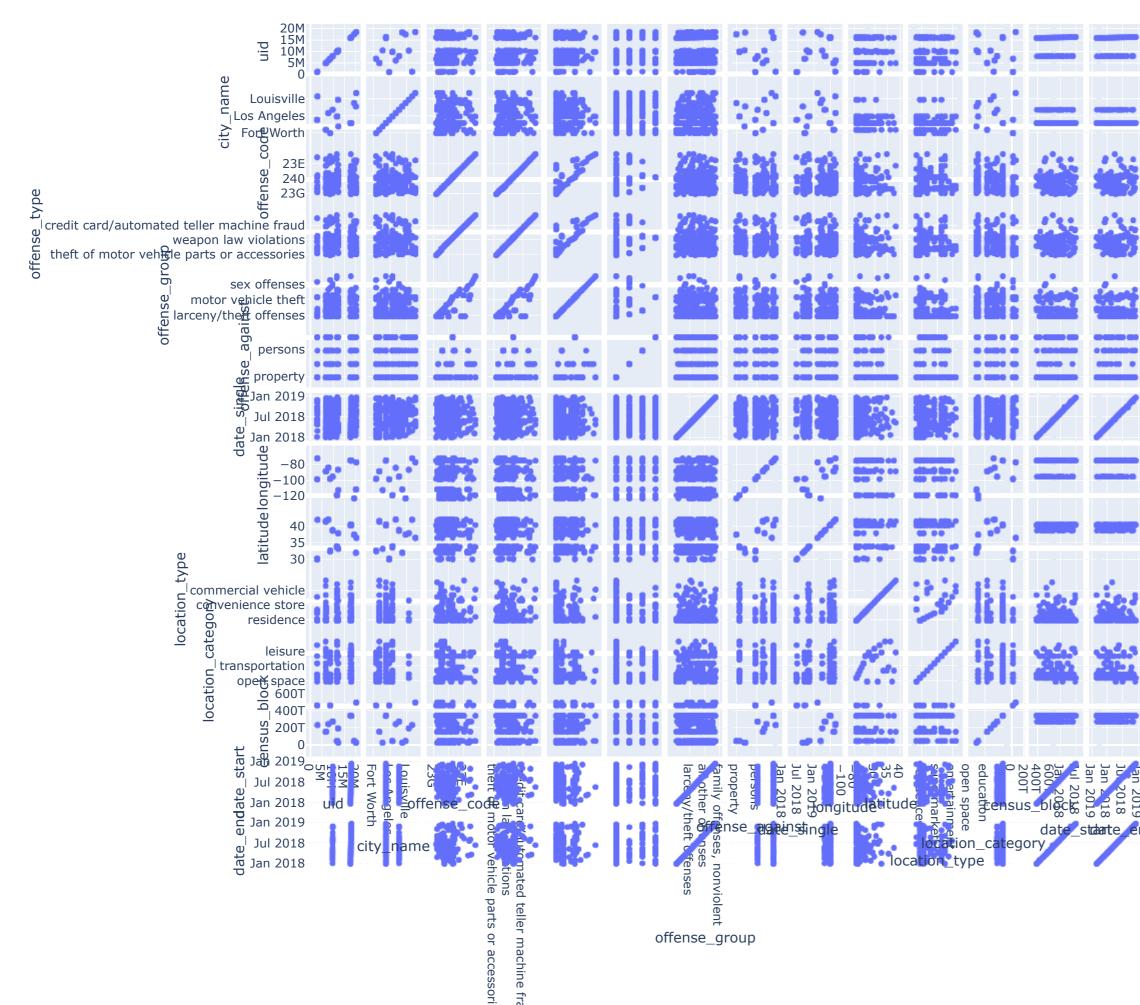
px.histogram(dfchart, x='city_name',color="offense_group")

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px.scatter_matrix(dfchart, height=1200,width=1200)

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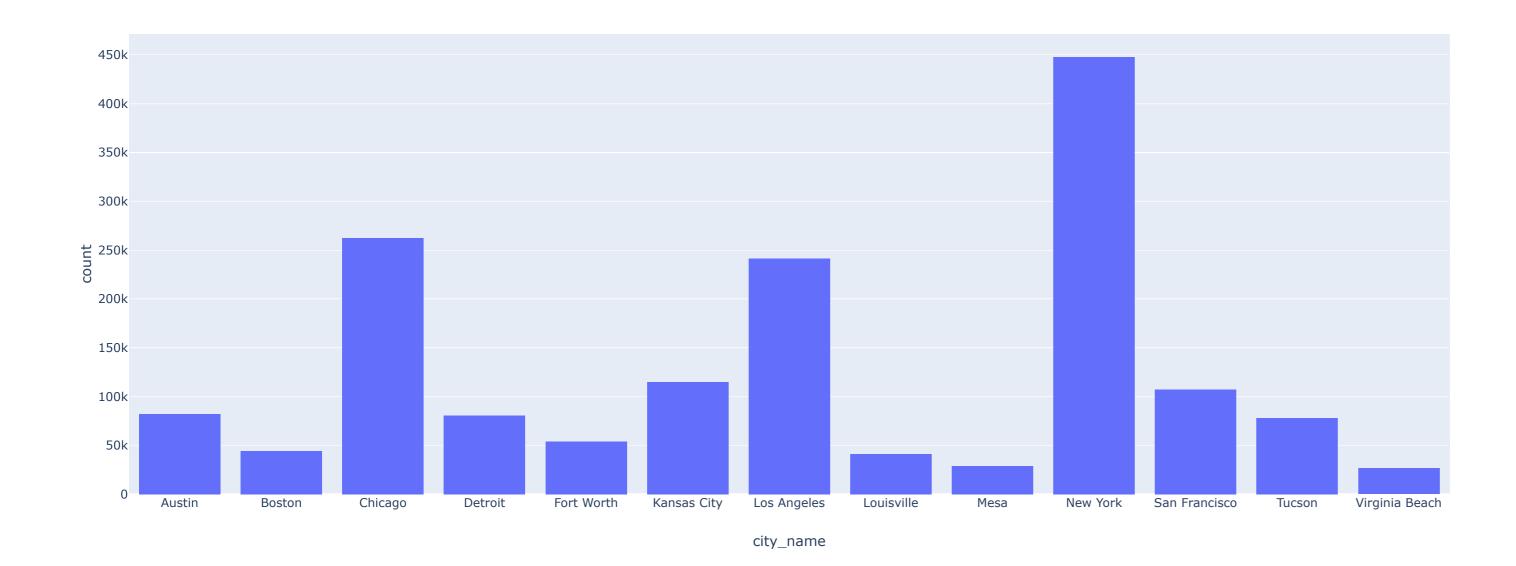


offense_type

px.histogram(df, x='city_name')

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```
#look at the city options
dfcities = df.groupby('city_name').count()
dfcities = dfcities.reset_index()
dfcities[['city_name']]
```

\Box >		city_name
	0	Austin
	1	Boston
	2	Chicago
	3	Detroit
	4	Fort Worth
	5	Kansas City
	6	Los Angeles
	7	Louisville
	8	Mesa
	9	New York
	10	San Francisco
	11	Tucson
	12	Virginia Beach

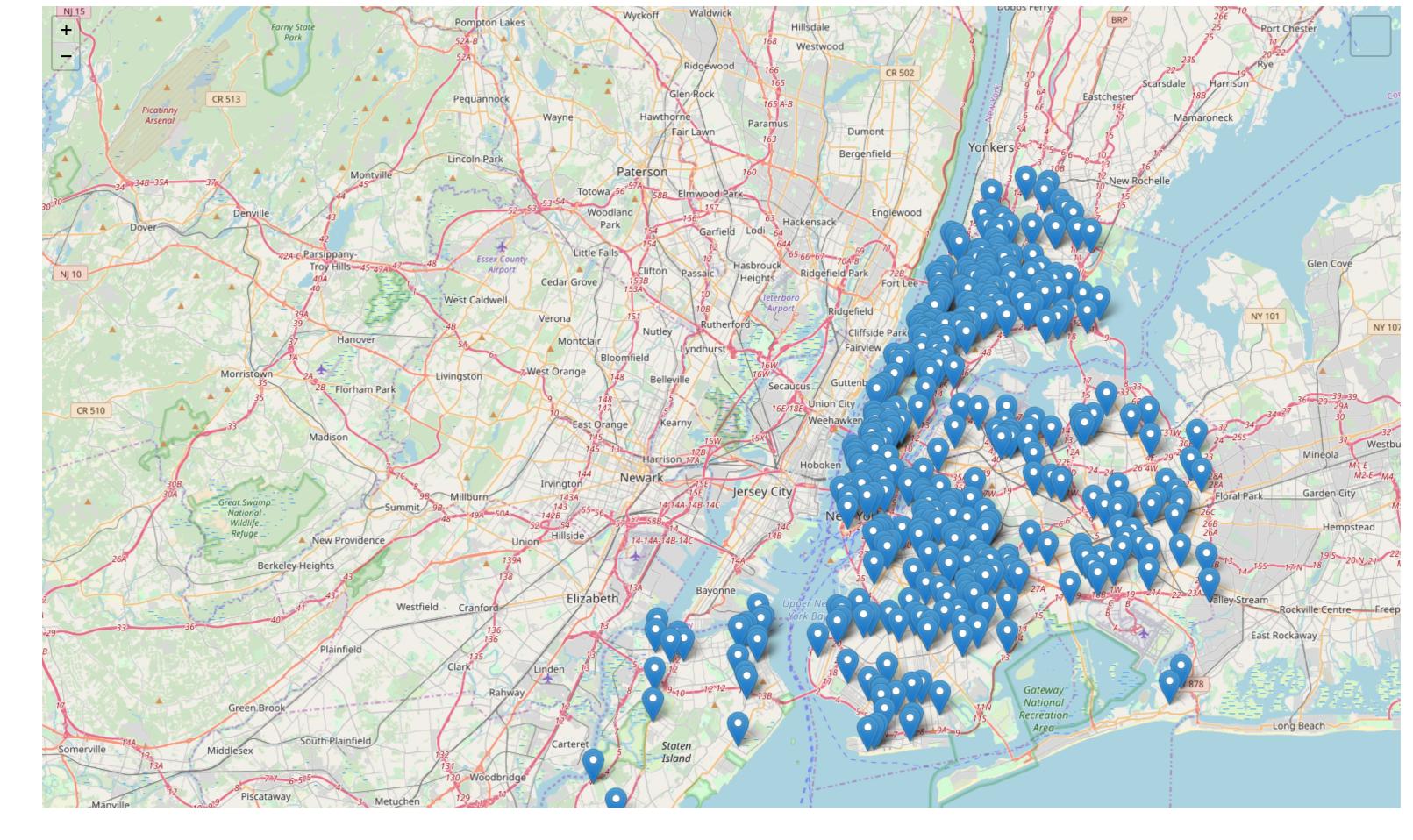
```
#define a function that will filter to the specific city
def citycrime(citystr):
   dfmap=df.loc[df['city_name'] == citystr]
   dfmap = dfmap[['latitude','longitude', 'offense_group', 'offense_code']]
   return dfmap.sample(n=400)
```

Interactive map

The below map will plot based on the city selection

```
# Import the Folium library.
def displaymap(z):
  import folium
```

```
#sample tile styles below
     #Stamen Terrain
     #Stamen Toner
     #OpenStreetMap
  \label{lem:map_sign} $$\#$https://earthengine.googleapis.com/map/"+mapID['mapid']+"/{z}/{x}/{y}?token="+mapID['token'] $$
 # Define a method for displaying Earth Engine image tiles to folium map.
 def add_ee_layer(self, eeImageObject, visParams, name):
   mapID = ee.Image(eeImageObject).getMapId(visParams)
   folium.raster_layers.TileLayer(tiles = "Stamen Terrain",
                                     attr = "Map Data © <a href='https://earthengine.google.com/'>Google Earth Engine</a>",
                                    name = name,overlay = True,control = True).add_to(self)
 # Add EE drawing method to folium.
 folium.Map.add_ee_layer = add_ee_layer
 # Set visualization parameters.
 visParams = {'min':0, 'max':500, 'height':500, 'palette':['#1B1B1B','#1B1B1B','#1B1B1B']}
 #visParams = {'min':0, 'max':500, 'height':500, 'palette':['225ea8','41b6c4','a1dab4','ffffcc']}
 # Create a folium map object.
 #also get average lat and long of dataframe
 myMap = folium.Map(location=[dfformap["latitude"].mean(), dfformap["longitude"].mean()], zoom_start=z, tiles = "OpenStreetMap")
 # Add the elevation model to the map object.
 #myMap.add_ee_layer(dem, visParams, 'DEM')
 # Add a layer control panel to the map.
 myMap.add_child(folium.LayerControl())
 #add crime data
 crimedata = dfformap
 for index, row in crimedata.iterrows():
   folium.Marker(location=[row["latitude"], row["longitude"]],tooltip=row["offense_group"]).add_to(myMap)
 # Display the map.
 display(myMap)
 #print(type(myMap))
dfformap=citycrime('New York')
#dfformap = df.sample(n=300)
displaymap(10)
```



#dfformap=citycrime('Kansas City')
dfformap = df.sample(n=300)
displaymap(4.3)



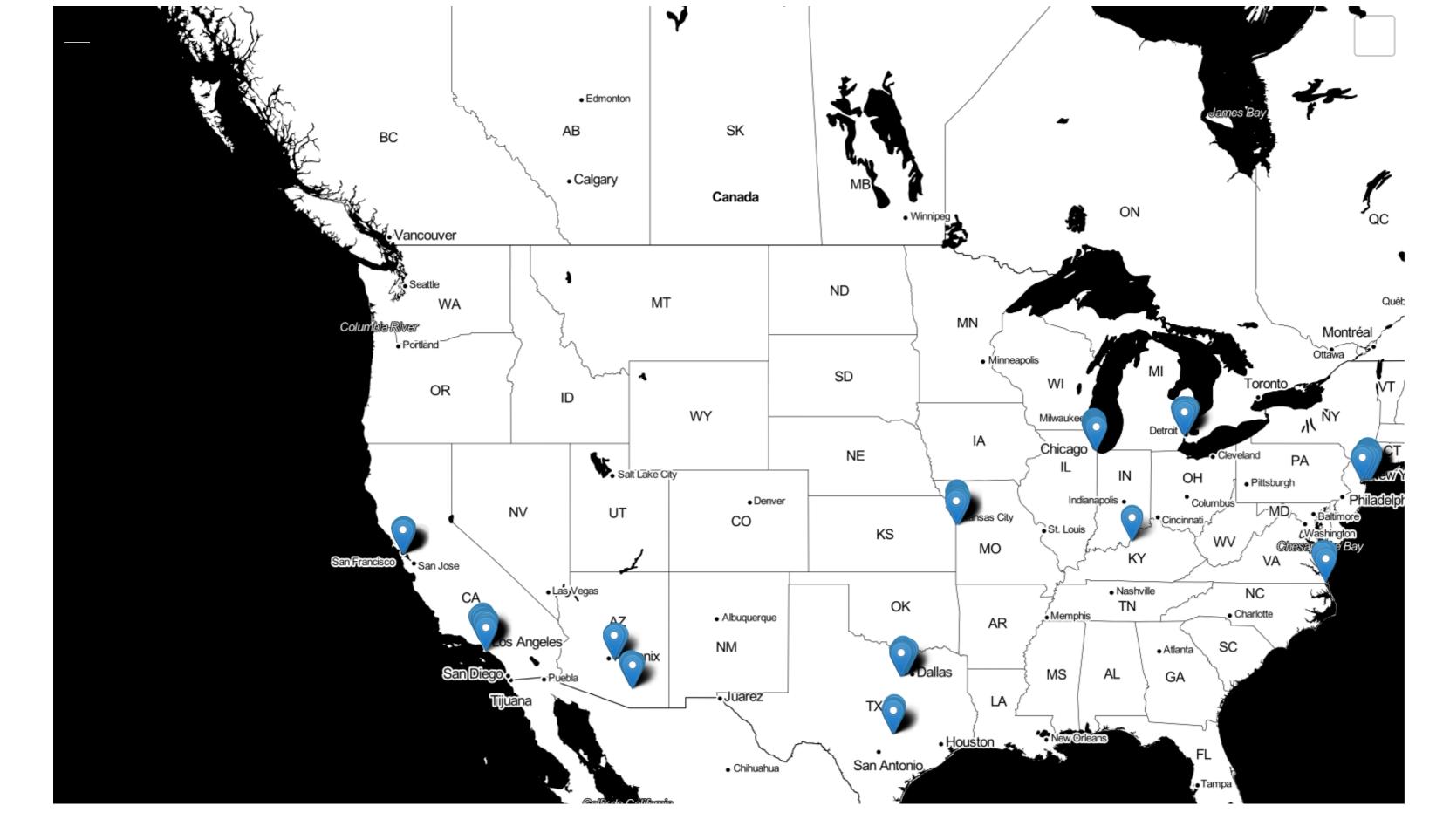


Chart visualization

Some Earth Engine functions produce tabular data that can be plotted by data visualization packages such as <code>matplotlib</code>. The following example demonstrates the display of tabular data from Earth Engine as a scatter plot. See Charting in Colaboratory for more information.

#some final aggregations by city with full dataset
df.groupby('city_name').count()

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uid offense_code offense_type offense_group offense_against date_single longitude latitude location_type location_category census_block date_start date_end

city_name													
Austin	82353	82353	82353	82353	82353	82353	82353	82353	81788	81788	82353	0	0
Boston	44165	44165	44165	44165	44165	44165	44165	44165	0	0	44165	0	0
Chicago	262258	262258	262258	262258	262258	262258	262258	262258	261601	261601	262258	0	0
Detroit	80618	80618	80618	80618	80618	80618	80618	80618	0	0	80618	0	0
Fort Worth	53819	53819	53819	53819	53819	53819	53819	53819	0	53818	53819	0	0
Kansas City	114889	114889	114889	114889	114889	114889	114889	114889	0	0	114889	114889	114889
Los Angeles	241220	241220	241220	241220	241220	241220	241220	241220	241059	241059	241220	0	0
Louisville	41008	41008	41008	41008	41008	41008	41008	41008	40974	40974	41008	0	0
Mesa	28947	28947	28947	28947	28947	28947	28947	28947	0	0	28947	0	0
New York	447766	447766	447766	447766	447766	447766	447766	447766	442802	442802	447766	447766	385601
San Francisco	107095	107095	107095	107095	107095	107095	107095	107095	0	0	107095	0	0
Tucson	78033	78033	78033	78033	78033	78033	78033	78033	0	0	78033	0	0
Virginia Beach	26618	26618	26618	26618	26618	26618	26618	26618	0	0	26618	0	0

```
dfbycity = df.loc[df['city_name'] == "New York"]
dfbycity
```

dfbycitychart = dfbycity.groupby('offense_type').count()

dfbycitychart = dfbycitychart.sort_values('uid', ascending = False)

dfbycitychart=dfbycitychart.reset_index()

dfbycitychart

px.bar(dfbycitychart, x="offense_type", y = "uid")



