- 1.
- (a) The most important difference between class and structure is security. A Structure is not secure and cannot hide its implementation details from the end user while a class is secure and can hide its programming and designing details.
- (b) A data member belongs to an object of a class whereas local variable belongs to its current scope. A local variable is declared within the body of a function and can be used only from the point at which it is declared to the immediately following closing brace. Data members are accessible to all member function of the class. Local variable are not accessible in any another function or class.
- 2. A default constructor is the constructor that is called when a programmer creates an object without specifying any arguments to a constructor. The programmer can write a default constructor that initializes data members any way the programmer chooses. The compiler provides a default constructor with no parameters in any class that does not explicitly include a constructor. The default constructor provided by the compiler creates an object without assigning any initial values to the object's data member and thus data members must be initialized using the object's member functions. Every constructor implicitly calls the constructors of any data member objects before the body of the class's constructor executes.
- 3. In C++, compiler by default creates default constructor for every class. But, if we define our own constructor, compiler doesn't create the default constructor.

```
4.
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Message
       string from;
       string to;
       string text;
       int time_stamp;
public:
       Message(string sender, string recepient, int tim);
       void add(string body);
       void print();
};
Message::Message(string sender, string recepient, int tim)
{
       from = sender:
       to = recepient;
       time_stamp = tim;
}
void Message::add(string body)
{
       text.append(body);
```

```
}
void Message::print()
       cout << "From: " << from << "\n";
       cout << "To: " << to << "\n";
       cout << "Time: " << time_stamp/100 << ":" << time_stamp%100 << "\n";
       cout << text << "\n";
int main()
{
       time_t now = time(0);
       tm *ltm = localtime(&now);
       int tim = ((ltm->tm_hour)*100)+1 + ltm->tm_min;
       string recepient, sender, body;
       cout << "Send Message to: ";</pre>
       getline(cin,recepient);
       cout << "Message from: ";</pre>
       getline(cin,sender);
       Message m(sender, recepient, tim);
       cout << "Message : ";</pre>
       getline(cin,body);
       m.add(body);
       m.print();
       return 0;
}
```

```
5.
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class student
        public:
        string name;
        int rollno;
        int sem;
        student();
       student(string init, int initroll, int initsem);
        student(student &s);
};
student::student()
{
        sem = 1;
}
student::student(string init, int initroll, int initsem)
        name.append(init);
        rollno = initroll;
        sem = initsem;
}
student::student(student &s)
{
        name.append(s.name);
        rollno = s.rollno;
        sem = s.sem;
}
void compare(student &s1, student &s3)
        if((s1.name == s3.name)&&(s1.rollno == s3.rollno)&&(s1.sem == s3.sem))
               cout << "Objects are same\n";</pre>
       else cout << "Objects are different\n";</pre>
}
int main()
        student s1("abc", 221, 3);
        int initsem, initroll, n;
        string init;
        s1.sem = 4;
  cout << "Enter the name: ";</pre>
```

```
getline(cin, init);
cout << "Enter the roll number: ";</pre>
cin >> initroll;
cout << "Enter the semester: ";</pre>
cin >> initsem;
student s2(init, initroll, initsem);
student s3(s1);
           cout << "Enter value of n for array: ";</pre>
           cin >> n;
           student st[n];
           for(int i=0; i<n; ++i)
                            cout << "Student " << i + 1 << "\n";
                            cin.ignore();
                            cout << "Enter name" << "\n";</pre>
                            getline(cin, init);
                            cout << "Enter roll number" << "\n";</pre>
                            cin >> initroll;
                            cout << "Enter sem" << "\n";
                            cin >> initsem;
                            st[i].name = init;
                            st[i].rollno = initroll;
                            st[i].sem = initsem;
           compare(s1, s3);
           return 0;
   /oid compare(student &s1, student &s3)
       if((s1.name == s3.name)&&(s1.rollno == s3.rollno)&&(s1.sem == s3.sem))
   cout << "Objects are same\n";
else cout << "Objects are different\n";</pre>
                                                                                                                                           shadow3049-Inspiron-5575: ~/Desktop 🔍 😑 💷 🗵
      main()
student sl("abc", 221, 3);
Int initsem, initroll, n;
string init;
sin > initroll;
sin > initroll;
cout < "Enter the name: ";
cin >> initroll;
cout < "Enter the semester: ";
cin >> initsem;
student s2(init, initroll, initsem);
student s3(s1);
cout < "Enter value of n for array: ";
cin >> n;
student st[n];
for(int i=0; i<n; ++i)
{</pre>
            cout < "Student " <i 1 1 << "\n";
cln.ignore();
cout < "Enter name" << "\n";
getline(cin, init);
cout < "Enter roll number" << "\n";
cln > initroll;
cout < "Enter sem" << "\n";
cln > initsem;
st[i].name = init;
st[i].sem = initroll;
st[i].sem = initsem;
         ompare(s1, s3);
```

```
6.
       76
7.
       Constructor Called
       Constructor Called
8.
9.
       A::a=10 B::b=0
10.
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class employee
       int salary;
public:
       employee(int);
       employee(employee&);
       void display();
};
employee::employee(int val)
{
  salary=val;
employee::employee(employee &e)
  salary=e.salary;
}
void employee::display()
  cout<<salary<<endl;
int main()
       employee e1(450000);
       employee e2(e1);
       employee e3=e2;
  cout<<"Salary of employee1:";e1.display();</pre>
  cout<<"Salary of employee2 :";e2.display();</pre>
  cout<<"Salary of employee3:";e3.display();</pre>
  return(0);
}
```

- 11. (i) Seminar s1, s2(60); //s1 executes function 1 and s2 executes function 2;
  - (ii) Function 4 is a destructor.

A destructor function is called automatically when the object goes out of scope:

- (1) the function ends
- (2) the program ends
- (3) a block containing local variables ends
- (4) a delete operator is called
- (iii) Function 1 and Function 3 illustrate constructor overloading in C++ programming, which is same as function overloading. When we create more that one constructors in a class with different number of parameters or different types of parameters or different order of parameters, it is called as constructor overloading.

```
### April 12319M

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```

```
13.
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

class cashRegister
{
    private:
        int cashOnHand;
    public:
        cashRegister();
        cashRegister(int cashIn);
        int getCurrentBalance();
```

```
void acceptAmount(int amountIn);
};
cashRegister::cashRegister()
       cashOnHand = 500;
}
cashRegister::cashRegister(int cashIn)
       cashOnHand = cashIn;
}
int cashRegister::getCurrentBalance()
       return cashOnHand;
}
void cashRegister::acceptAmount(int amountIn)
       cashOnHand = cashOnHand + amountIn;
class dispenserType
 private:
       int numberOfItems;
       int cost;
 public:
       dispenserType();
       dispenserType(int setNoOfItems, int setCost);
       int getNoOfItems();
       int getCost();
       void makeSale();
};
dispenserType::dispenserType()
       numberOfItems = 50;
       cost = 50;
}
dispenserType::dispenserType(int setNoOfItems, int setCost)
       numberOfItems = setNoOfItems;
       cost = setCost;
}
int dispenserType::getNoOfItems()
```

```
{
       return numberOfItems;
}
int dispenserType::getCost()
{
       return cost;
}
void dispenserType::makeSale()
       numberOfItems--;
}
void sellProduct(dispenserType& product, cashRegister& pCounter)
       int amount;
       int amount2;
       if (product.getNoOfItems() > 0)
               cout << "Please deposit " << product.getCost() << " rupees" << "\n";</pre>
               cin >> amount;
              if (amount < product.getCost())</pre>
               {
                      cout<<"Please deposit another "<<pre>product.getCost()-amount<< " rupees"<< "\n";</pre>
                      cin >> amount2;
                      amount = amount + amount2;
               }
               else if (amount == product.getCost())
                      pCounter.acceptAmount(amount);
                      product.makeSale();
                      cout << "Collect your item at the bottom and enjoy." << "\n\n\n";
               }
              else if (amount > product.getCost())
                      cout<<"here's your change: "<<amount - product.getCost() << " rupees" << "\n";</pre>
                      pCounter.acceptAmount(amount);
                      product.makeSale();
                      cout << "Collect your item at the bottom and enjoy." << "\n\n\n";</pre>
               }
               else
                      cout<<"The amount is not enough. "<<"Collect what you deposited."<< "\n\n\n";
       }
       else
               cout << "Sorry, this item is sold out." << "\n";</pre>
```

```
}
void showSelection()
       cout << "To select an item, enter " << "\n";</pre>
       cout << "1 for Candy" << "\n";
       cout << "2 for Chips" << "\n";
       cout << "3 for Gum" << "\n";
       cout << "4 for Cookies" << "\n";</pre>
       cout << "0 to exit" << "\n";
}
int main()
       cashRegister counter;
       dispenserType candy(10, 5);
       dispenserType chips(10, 20);
       dispenserType gum(15, 10);
       dispenserType cookies(1, 30);
       int choice;
       showSelection();
       cin >> choice;
       while (choice)
               switch (choice)
                       case 1:
                              sellProduct(candy, counter);
                              break;
                       case 2:
                              sellProduct(chips, counter);
                              break;
                       case 3:
                              sellProduct(gum, counter);
                              break;
                       case 4:
                              sellProduct(cookies, counter);
                              break;
                       default:
                              cout << "Invalid selection." << "\n";</pre>
               showSelection();
               cin >> choice;
       return 0;
}
```

14. a: 10 a: 10