A Terms of cooperation

Obtaining a credit

Each task has a **first deadline** specified in its title. A student may obtain maximum score for solution to an assignment in case he/she presents it during the laboratory class on the first deadline at the latest. Assignments are, in general, evaluated for maximum 10 points. Solutions to some specific assignments may be assessed for more points, which is discussed in the text of the particular tasks.

The **second and very last opportunity to present a solution to an assignment** is the second deadline – i.e. laboratory class next to the first deadline class. Defending a solution to an assignment during a **second deadline** – i.e. laboratory class next to the first deadline class – entitles a student to obtain 50% of the maximum original score at the most.

Evaluation of student solutions

While presenting a solution to an assignment a student should **demonstrate that he/she is aware of its internal architecture** (the applied technologies and combining them or used algorithms).

During the presentation a student should be prepared to answer some control question asked by the person who evaluates the solution. In case the person assessing the solution is not convinced of student's authorship, the **student gets 0 points for the solution and loses any further opportunity to defend the solution to the given assignment**.

The above statement implies that a student **may fail in getting a credit** in case he/she attempts to defend a solution to a mandatory task (see below) and the person evaluating the solution comes to conclusion that the student has not authored the presented solution.

Robustes of student solutions

The presented solutions should validate the input data provided by the user. <u>The undesired behaviours which entail reducing of awarded numer of points during assessment include i.a.:</u>

- no verification whether a user passed a valid file path or whether file exists;
- missing validation of the input format in case the format is known in advance (e.g. format of postal code);
- missing verification, whether value of a reference variable/field was set (i.e. avoiding of NullPointerException);
- missing verification whether value of array index does not exceed the actual size of the array/list (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException).

Evaluation

- $-3.0 25 \div 35$ points
- $-3.5 36 \div 55$ points
- $-4.0 56 \div 85$ points
- $-4.5 86 \div 120$ points
- 5.0 121+ points

Minimum requirements for getting credit (mandatory tasks)

To get a credit you need to receive at least 5 points for each of the assignments concerning the following topics:

- 1. Non-blocking I/O (assignment 1)
- 2. Client/Server based on NIO channels (assignment 2)
- 3. Web Applications introduction (assignment 3)
- 4. either (1) Remote Method Invocation (assignment 8) or alternatively (2) Java Messaging Service (assignment 9)
- 5. Web Services introduction (assignment 10)

1 Non-blocking I/O - shared mapped file

Deadlines

Wednesday 11th March Thursday 12th March Friday 13th March

Write simple two applications (it may be one application which operates in two modes) which communicate with each other by saving and reading data from a shared file mapped with into memory.

One of the application should save some data - e.g. two integer values. The other application should retrieve the data and perform some operation - e.g. adding the values read - and then print out the result to the console.

NOTE: Your solution should be based on non-blocking I/O implementation.

2 Client/Server – custom protocol for echoing messages and adding values

Deadlines

Wednesday 18th March Thursday 19th March Friday 20th March

Write a client/server solution which implements a simple (human-readable) protocol which supports two basic operations:

- echoing messages the server echoes the message sent by the client;
- adding values of two operands and returning the result to the requestor (client).

NOTE: Your solution should be based on non-blocking I/O implementation.

3 Web Applications - Introduction

Deadlines

Wednesday 25th March Thursday 26th March Friday 27th March

Develop a simple JavaTM servlet which adds two integer values passed by a user as parameters to a web form and prints the result below the mentioned form. The user of your application should be capable to pass parameters to the servlet either with GET or POST method – i.e. you could for instance put two different submit buttons for each of the HTTP method.

<u>NOTE:</u> make your servlet robust to invalid input – a user may provide parameter values which may not be parsed into integer.

4 Web Applications - Model-View-Controller

Deadlines

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Wednesday & 1^{st} April \\ Thursday & 2^{nd} April \\ Friday & 3^{rd} April \\ \end{tabular}$

Modify the architecture of the solution for assignment 3 so that it complies with the Model-View-Controller concept implementation for web application as discussed during lecture.

5 Web Applications – database access

Deadlines

Wednesday 8th April
Thursday 9th April
Friday 10th April

Develop a simple web application which allows particular users to display the resources available to them.

The application would hold user directory in a database table 'Users'. A 'Users' entry contains: technical (so called surrogate) identifier, login, first name, surname and the password.

The resources are stored in 'Resources' database table. Each resource has: surrogate identifier, name and content – i.e. a 2048-byte long string.

A resource may be accessible to multiple users, as well as each user may access multiple resources, which implies that in the relational model there should be a junction table between the two above entity types.

Your web application should allow a user to establish a session after successful authentication. Within a session a user can browse the resources he/she has access to. This means that your application should provide 3 different user screens:

- (1) entry login screen for user authentication;
- (2) a screen listing resources available to the user each resource entry presents only name of a resource the resource details page (see below) is displayed when a user follows a corresponding link or presses a 'Details' button besides the name of the resource;
- (3) a screen presenting details of particular resource displaying both the name and the content.

NOTE: Screens (2) and (3) should contain a 'logout' button which invalidates the session. Screen (3) should have a button/link to navigate back to the list of the available resources.

NOTE: Your solution should utilize DataSource mechanism which supports database connection pooling.

6 Web Applications – AJAX

Deadlines

Wednesday 22nd April
Thursday 23rd April
Friday 17th April

Modify the solution for assignment 3 or 4 so that the result of the addition operation will be evaluated right after entering valid input without explicitly submitting the parameters by pressing <Enter> or clicking the button.

The evaluation should be based on AJAX - i.e. it should be started by JavaScript right after one of the input text field loses focus.

7 Web Applications – Filters and Events

Deadlines

Wednesday 29th April Thursday 30th April Friday 24th April

Modify your web application developed as the solution to assignments 3, 4, 5 or 6 so that it complements the generated web page with (1) a header, and (2) a footer added by filters.

The footer will print out the current date which will be updated each second.

Add handlers to the following events:

- (1) servlet context initialization and destruction;
- (2) request construction and destruction.

Your handler will print out some notification to web-container log that the particular event has been raised.

Request construction event will print out the request content.

8 RMI – echoing messages and adding values

Deadlines

Wednesday 6th May Thursday 7th May Friday 8th May

Write a client/server solution based on RMI technology which implements the operations discussed in task 2:

- echoing messages;
- adding values of two number operands.

For both features create separate classes representing requests and responses (e.g. EchoRequest/EchoResponse and AddRequest/AddResponse).

NOTE: Passing or getting results as values of 'simple' types (i.e. primitive types or strings) is not satisfactory.

9 Java Messaging Service – asynchronous message processing

Deadlines

Wednesday 13th May Thursday 14th May Friday 15th May

Write a solution based on JMS technology composed of two types of parties:

- 10 requestor threads run in a pool sending requests and
- 5 service threads run in a pool responsible for processing the received requests.

Your solution should support the following scenario:

- 1. Requestor prepares the body of request message.
- 2. Requestor puts a request message into a JMS destination and awaits result of processing.
- 3. An idle service retrieves the request message from the JMS destination.
- 4. Service processes the request processing should take a random amount of time between 3 and 5 seconds.
- 5. Service puts the response message into a JMS destination.
- 6. Requestor retrieves the message from JMS destination and consumes the result. Please note that requestor should consume only the response of the request it has put in step (2).

All the above steps should be logged with standard JavaTM logger – each log entry should be a single line of the following format: 'hh:mm:ss.SSS <participant>: <log-message>'.

A sample log message could look as follows:

12:31:34.678 REQUESTOR-1: request put into destination

Your application should support two different types of requests:

- 1. Generating random number;
- 2. Performing a simple two-argument arithmetic operation: addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.

Both types of requests/responses should be your custom types:

- RandomRequest/RandomResponse;
- ArithmeticRequest/ArithmeticResponse.

Please note that ArithmeticRequest should specify the type of operation to be performed.

The requestors and services should be started from one entry point (i.e. method *main*).

During a session each requestor should put 3 different requests and consume the processing results.

SAMPLE Apache ActiveMQ configuration

```
java.naming.factory.initial
org.apache.activemq.jndi.ActiveMQInitialContextFactory
# use the following property to configure the default connector
#java.naming.provider.url = vm://localhost
java.naming.provider.url = tcp://localhost:61616
# use the following property to specify the JNDI name the connection factory
# should appear as.
#connectionFactoryNames
                          = connectionFactory,
                                                      queueConnectionFactory,
topicConnectionFactry
# register some queues in JNDI using the form
# queue.[jndiName] = [physicalName]
queue.Queue = pl.edu.pjwstk.tpr.jms.Queue
# register some topics in JNDI using the form
# topic.[jndiName] = [physicalName]
topic.Topic = pl.edu.pjwstk.tpr.jms.Topic
```

```
# SAMPLE log4j configuration required by Apache ActiveMQ
#log4j.rootLogger=INFO, A1, A2
log4j.rootLogger=INFO, A2
#log4j.rootLogger=DEBUG, A1, A2
#log4j.rootLogger=INFO, A2
#log4j.appender.A1=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender
#log4j.appender.Al.layout=org.apache.log4j.SimpleLayout
#log4j.appender.A1.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
#log4j.appender.Al.layout.ConversionPattern=%d %5p [%t] (%F:%L) - %m%n
#log4j.appender.A1.layout.ConversionPattern=%d{HH:mm:ss,SSS} %5p [%t] %C{1}.%M
- %m%n
log4j.appender.A2=org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender
log4j.appender.A2.MaxFileSize=1MB
log4j.appender.A2.File=C:/Temp/edek-jms.html
log4j.appender.A2.Append=false
log4j.appender.A2.layout=org.apache.log4j.HTMLLayout
```

10 XML Web Services - Introduction

Deadlines

Wednesday 20th May Thursday 21st May Friday 22nd May

Based on the samples for JAX-WS implementation provided for the lecture create your own SOAP web service which will hold information about people (e.g. in a map). Each person has the following attributes:

- First name;
- Surname;
- Birth date.

Your web service will respond to a query which will filter the stored entries based on:

- Surname;
- Birth date.

Based on the provided samples create a JUnit test for verifying whether your SOAP web service works as expected.

11 XML Web Services - MTOM transport

Deadlines

Wednesday 27th May Thursday 28th May Friday 29th May

Based on samples provided for JAX-WS create a SOAP web service enabling uploading and downloading files. Each file uploaded to your web service should be stored along with its metadata:

- File name;
- File size;
- Keywords describing file content.

Your web service should support three types of requests:

- File upload used for file uploading. Some of the aforementioned properties, such as file name or file size, could be retrieved from the file itself. Keywords should be provided as separate set of values in the request.
- File query used for filtering files of the given keywords.
- File download for downloading file based on file name.

Based on the provided samples create a JUnit test for verifying whether your SOAP web service works as expected.

12 Web Services – MTOM transport and JPA data access

Deadlines

Wednesday 3rd June Thursday 4th June Friday 5th June

Based on the samples on JPA discussed during the UTP course extend your web service developed as the solution to assignment 10 so that information about the people is stored in a relational database.

Access to the database should be based on JavaTM Persistence API.

Extend the data model of your application so that information about each person is enriched with his/her picture.

Create a simple GUI application which enables browsing information about the people – i.e. presents his/her personal data along with the picture of him/hers.

HINT: Store person picture as a BLOB object in the database.

13 WebAPI - Introduction

Deadlines

Wednesday 17th June Thursday 18th June Friday 19th June

Based on the samples for JAX-RS implementation provided for the lecture create your own WebAPI aka. REST web service which will hold information about people (e.g. in a map). Each person has the following attributes:

- First name;
- Surname;
- Birth date.

Your web service will respond to a query which will filter the stored entries based on:

- Surname;
- Birth date.

Based on the provided samples create a JUnit test for verifying whether your REST web service works as expected.

14 CORBA – echoing messages and adding values

Deadlines

Wednesday 24th June Thursday 25th June Friday 26th June

Write a client/server solution based on CORBA technology which implements the operations discussed in task 8 (i.e. echoing messages and adding values of two operands).