|  |
| --- |
| # This is the default ansible 'hosts' file. |
|  | # |
|  | # It should live in /etc/ansible/hosts |
|  | # |
|  | # - Comments begin with the '#' character |
|  | # - Blank lines are ignored |
|  | # - Groups of hosts are delimited by [header] elements |
|  | # - You can enter hostnames or ip addresses |
|  | # - A hostname/ip can be a member of multiple groups |
|  |  |
|  | # Ex 1: Ungrouped hosts, specify before any group headers. |
|  |  |
|  | ## green.example.com |
|  | ## blue.example.com |
|  | ## 192.168.100.1 |
|  | ## 192.168.100.10 |
|  |  |
|  | # Ex 2: A collection of hosts belonging to the 'webservers' group |
|  |  |
|  | [webservers] |
|  | 10.0.0.5 ansible\_python\_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3 |
|  | 10.0.0.6 ansible\_python\_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3 |
|  |  |
|  | [elk] |
|  | 10.1.0.4 ansible\_python\_interpreter=/usr/bin/python3 remote\_user=ELKuser |
|  | ## alpha.example.org |
|  | ## beta.example.org |
|  | ## 192.168.1.100 |
|  | ## 192.168.1.110 |
|  |  |
|  | # If you have multiple hosts following a pattern you can specify |
|  | # them like this: |
|  |  |
|  | ## www[001:006].example.com |
|  |  |
|  | # Ex 3: A collection of database servers in the 'dbservers' group |
|  |  |
|  | ## [dbservers] |
|  | ## |
|  | ## db01.intranet.mydomain.net |
|  | ## db02.intranet.mydomain.net |
|  | ## 10.25.1.56 |
|  | ## 10.25.1.57 |
|  |  |
|  | # Here's another example of host ranges, this time there are no |
|  | # leading 0s: |
|  |  |
|  | ## db-[99:101]-node.example.com |